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1. 3.

w³

E. W. Bullinger

	30. 27. I. SAMUEL -	-II. SAMUEL. 1. 3.
960	27 To them which were in Beth-el, and to them which were in south Ramoth, and to them which were in Jattir, 28 And to them which were in Aroer, and to them which were in Siphmoth, and to them which were in Eshtemoa, 29 And to them which were in Rachal, and to them which were in the cities of the Jerah- meelites, and to them which were in the cities of the Kenites, 30 And to them which were in Hormah, and to them which were in Chor-ashan, and to them which were in Athach, 31 And to them which were in ° Hebron, and to all the places where David himself and his ¹ men were wont to ° haunt.	31 Hebron. Caleb's lot : the Negeb. Cp. 27. 10. haunt=frequent. 1 Sam. 31. 1-2 Sam. 1. 27 (D, p. 404). SAUL'S DEATH. (Division.) D K ¹ 1 Sam. 31. 1-13. The battle. K ² 2 Sam. 1. 1-27. Report of the battle. 31. 1-13 (K ¹ , above). THE BATTLE. (Repeated Alternation.) K ¹ w ¹ 1-3. Israel. Defeat. x 4-6. Saul's death. w ² 7. Israel. Flight. x 8-10. Saul. Indignities. w ³ 11-13. Israel. Rescue of bodies. 1 men. Heb. 'énösh. Ap. 14. III. 2 Abinadab. Called Ishui (14. 49). 3 sore wounded = in sore anguish. 4 abuse = insult. 6 So Saul died. Cp. 1 Chron. 10. 13, 14. Here,
D K ⁱ w ¹	31 Now the Philistines fought against Is- rael: and the ° men of Israel fled from before the Philistines, and fell down slain in mount Gilboa. 2 And the Philistines followed hard upon Saul and upon his sons; and the Philistines slew Jonathan, and ° Abinadab, and Melchi- shua, Saul's sons. 3 And the battle went sore against Saul, and the archers hit him; and he was ° sore wounded of the archers.	history from human standpoint; in Chronicles, God's standpoint, and reasons of the history. See notes on 1 Chron. 10. 13, and Ap. 55. If Saul was thirty years of age when anointed, he would now be seventy; and Jonathan fifty-three or fifty-four. See note on 13. 1. and. Some codices, with two early printed editions, Syr., and Vulg., read "yea, and". 10 his body. This is additional to 1 Chron. 10. 10; and "his head", there, is additional to 1 Sam. 31. 10. The two books and accounts are independent, supple- mentary, and complementary by Fig. Hysterēsis(Ap. 6). See Ap. 55. Beth-shan. It had remained Canaanite, and there-
x	4 Then said Saul unto his armourbearer, "Draw thy sword, and thrust me through therewith; lest these uncircumcised come and thrust me through, and °abuse me." But his armourbearer would not; for he was sore afraid. Therefore Saul took a sword, and fell upon it. 5 And when his armourbearer saw that Saul was dead, he fell likewise upon his sword, and died with him. 6 °So Saul died, and his three sons, and his armourbearer, °and all his ¹ men, that same day together.	fore friendly to Philistines (Judg. 1. 27). 11 to = about. 12 men. Heb. ' <i>ish.</i> Ap. 14, II. they found Saul and his three sons fallen in mount Gilboa. 9 And they cut off his head, and stripped off his armour, and sent into the land of the Philistines round about, to publish <i>it in</i> the house of their idols, and among the people. 10 And they put his armour in the house of Ashtaroth: and they fastened ° his body to the wall of ° Beth-shan.
Ŵ ²	7 And when the ¹ men of Israel that were on the other side of the valley, and <i>they</i> that were on the other side Jordan, saw that the ¹ men of Israel fled, and that Saul and his sons were dead, they forsook the cities, and fled; and the Philistines came and dwelt in them.	11 And when the inhabitants of Jabesh-gilead heard of that which the Philistines had done °to Saul; 12 All the valiant °men arose, and went all night, and took the body of Saul and the bodies of his sons from the wall of ¹⁰ Beth-shan, and came to Jabesh, and burnt them there.
x		13 And they took their bones, and buried <i>them</i> under a tree at Jabesh, and fasted seven days.
. 9		SOR OF SAMUEL,
	THE SECOND BOO	K OF THE KINGS.
K ⁹ y	▲ Saul, when David was returned from ° the slaughter of the Amalekites, and David had abode two days in °Ziklag; 2 It came even to pass on ° the third day, that, ° behold, a ° man came out of the camp from Saul with his clothes rent, and earth upon his head : and so it was, when he came to David, that he fell to the earth, and did obeisance. 8 And David said unto him, "From whence comest thou?" And he said unto him, "Out of the camp of Israel am I escaped."	 TITLE, Second Book. See note on First Book, p. 366. 2 Sam. 1. 1-27 (K², above). REPORT OF BATTLE. (Alternation.) K² y 1-10. Amalekite's report. z 11, 12. The lamentation of David. y 13-16. Amalekite's execution. z 17-27. The lamentation of "the Bow". 1 the slaughter. Cp. 1 Sam. 30. 17. Ziklag. Cp. 1 Sam. 27. 6. 2 the third day. See note on 1 Sam. 30. 12. behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. man. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II.
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	a reader to be a second s	1	
960	4 And David said unto him, "How went the matter? I pray thee, tell me." And °he answered, "That the People are fled from the battle, and many of the People also are fallen and dead; and Saul and Jonathan his son are dead also." 5 And David said unto the young man that told him, "How knowest thou that Saul and Jonathan his son be dead?" 6 And the young man that told him said, "As I happened by chance upon mount Gilboa, °behold, Saul leaned upon his spear; and, °lo, the chariots and horsemen followed hard after him. 7 And when he looked behind him, he saw me, and called unto me. And I answered, 'Here am I.' 8 And he said unto me, 'Who art theu?' And Lapswared him (% are an % Amelekite '	 4 he answered. He thought he brought news which would be welcomed. 6 behold lo. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. 8 Amalekite. Thus Saul was dishonoured by one whom his disobedience spared. Cp. 1 Sam. 15. 3 and Ex. 17. 16. 9 He said. His whole story was a fabrication. See the facts in 1 Sam. 31. 4, 5. life = soul. Heb. nephesh. Ap. 13. 10 fallen: i. e. upon his own sword (1 Sam. 31. 4). 11 men. Heb. 'ēnösh. Ap. 14. III. 12 the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II. 16 Thy blood. Cp. v. 10. thy head = thyself. Fig. Synecdoche (of Part). Ap. 6. 1. 17-27 (z, p. 408). THE LAMENTATION OF "THE BOW". (Repeated Alternation.) Title L¹ 17. The Lament. L² 18. The Lamentation. z a¹ 19 Apostrophe (sing.). Saul. 	
	I answered him, ' \Im am an 'Amalekite.' 9 'He said unto me again, 'Stand, I pray thee, upon me, and slay me: for anguish is come upon me, because my 'life <i>is</i> yet whole in me.' IO So I stood upon him, and slew him, be- cause I was sure that he could not live after that he was 'fallen: and I took the crown that was upon his head, and the bracelet that was on his arm, and have brought them hither unto my lord.''	 b¹ -19. Lamentation (pl.). Saul and Jonathan. a² 20, 21. Apostrophe (sing.). Saul. b² 22, 23. Celebration (pl.). Saul and Jonathan. a³ 24. Apostrophe (sing.). Saul. b³ 25 Lamentation (pl.). Saul and Jonathan. a⁴ -25, 26. Apostrophe (sing.). Jonathan. b⁴ 27. Lamentation (pl.). Saul and Jonathan. 18 children = sons. the use of. The Ellipsis is wrongly supplied. The word "Lamentation" should be repeated from v. 17; "The Bow" being the subject of the Lamentation (v. 22). 	
z (p. 408)	11 Then David took hold on his clothes, and rent them; and likewise all the °men that were with him: 12 And they mourned, and wept, and fasted until even, for Saul, and for Jonathan his son, and for the People of °the LORD, and for the house of Israel; because they were fallen by the sword.	the bow. This is the name of the Lamentation, be- cause it is mentioned in v. 22; and it is what the tribe of Saul and Jonathan (Benjamin) was noted for (cp. ¹ Chron. 8. 40; 12. 2. 2 Chron. 14. 8; 17. 17). For a similar reason the scripture (Ex. 3) about "The Bush" is so called in Mark 12. 26. Luke 20. 37. behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. written, &c. In the Book of Jasher (or The Upright One)="Thy hart, Israel, lies slain", &c.	
У	13 And David said unto the young man that told him, "Whence art thou?" And he an- swered, "3 am the son of a stranger, an ⁶ Amalekite." 14 And David said unto him, "How wast thou not afraid to stretch forth thine hand to destroy ¹² the LORD'S anointed?" 15 And David called one of the young men,	 19 beauty = gazelle. Symbolic of beauty and grace. 21 The shield of Saul. Omit the italics that follow, and supply instead "the weapon of one anointed with oil", the Heb. k^clī "weapons" being read instead of b^clī in the first edition of the Hebrew Bible, 1488, and the Syr. and Arabic Versions and Chaldee paraphrase. 23 swifter stronger. Fig. Hyperbolē. Ap. 6. 	
	and said, "Go near, and fall upon him." And he smote him that he died. 16 And David said unto him, "" Thy blood be upon °thy head; for thy mouth hath testified against thee, saying, 'J have slain ¹² the LORD'S anointed."	 For there the shield of the mighty is vilely cast away, ^o The shield of Saul, as though he had not been anointed with oil. 22 From the blood of the slain, From the fat of the mighty. 	b²
L ¹ (p. 409)	17 And David lamented with this lamentation over Saul and over Jonathan his son:	From the fat of the mighty, The bow of Jonathan turned not back, And the sword of Saul returned not	
L ²	18 (Also he bade them teach the °children of Judah °the use of °the bow: °behold, it is °written in the book of Jasher.)	empty. 23 Saul and Jonathan were lovely and plea- sant in their lives, And in their death they were not divided:	
2 a'	19 "The ^o beauty of Israel is slain upon thy high places:	They were °swifter than eagles, They were °stronger than lions.	
\mathbf{b}^1	How are the mighty fallen!	24 Ye daughters of Israel, weep over Saul,	ئى ^ع
a^2	20 Tell <i>it</i> not in Gath, Publish <i>it</i> not in the streets of Askelon; Lest the daughters of the Philistines re- joice, Lest the daughters of the uncircumcised	Who clothed you in scarlet, with other delights, Who put on ornaments of gold upon your apparel.	
	triumph. 21 Ye mountains of Gilboa, let there be no	25 How are the mighty fallen in the midst of the battle!	ր ₃
	dew, Neither <i>let there be</i> rain, upon you, Nor fields of offerings :	O Jonathan, <i>thou wast</i> slain in thine high places.	a4

	1 . 26. II. SA	MUEL. 2. 21	1.
960	26 I am distressed for thee, my brother Jonathan:	27 How, &c. Render : "How [is it that] might ones have fallen, and weapons of war have perished?	
	Very pleasant hast thou been unto me : Thy love to me was wonderful, Passing the love of women.	2 Sam. 2. 1-24. 25 (B ² , p. 366). KING DAVID (Division.)).
b ⁴ (p. 409)	27 ° How are the mighty fallen, And the weapons of war perished!"	B ² $\begin{vmatrix} C^1 \\ C^2 \end{vmatrix}$ 2. 1-4. 12. The Kingdom. Divided. C ² 5. 1-24. 25. The Kingdom. United.	
27 <u>27</u> 27	• And it came to more often this that Devid	2. 1-4. 12 (C ¹ , above). KINGDOM DIVIDED. (Alternation.)	
A c (p. 410)	2 And it came to pass after this, that David °enquired of °the LORD, saying, "Shall I go up into any of the cities of Judah?" And °the LORD said unto him, "Go up." And David said, "Whither shall I go up?" And He said, "Unto Hebron." 2 So David went up thither, and his two wives also, Ahinoam the Jezreelitess, and Abigail °Nabal's wife the Carmelite. 3 And his °men that were with him did David bring up, every °man with his household : and they dwelt in the cities of Hebron.	 C¹ A 2. 1-11. Followers. Accessions. B 2. 12-32. Conflicts. Military. A 3. 1-39. Followers. Defections. B 4. 1-12. Conflicts. Personal. 2. 1-11 (A, above). FOLLOWERS. ACCESSIONS (Introversion and Alternation.) A c 1-3. David goes to Hebron. d e 4 David anointed over house of Judah. f -4-7. Those who followed David. d e 8-10 Ish-bosheth anointed over Israel. f -10. Those who followed David. c 11. David reigns in Hebron. 	
d e	they °anointed David king over the house of Judah.	1 enquired. Probably by Urim and Thummin, is the breastplate of Abiathar the High Priest, who we with David (1 Sam. 22. 20). the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.	as
ſ	And they told David, saying, That "the ³ men of Jabesh-gilead were they that buried Saul." 5 And David sent messengers unto the ³ men of Jabesh-gilead, and said unto them, "Blessed be p_{ℓ} of ¹ the LORD, that ye have shewed this kindness unto your lord, even unto Saul, and have buried him. 6 And now ¹ the LORD shew kindness and	 3 men. Heb. 'enösh. Ap. 14. III. man. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II. 4 anointed David. Aged thirty years. See note (1 Sam. 16. 13. 6 The 20th Seder ends here. See note on p. 366. 7 valiant=sons of valour. 8 Ish-bosheth = man of shame: i. e. the idol "Baal In 1 Chron. 8. 33 = Esh-baal. 9 and. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton (Ap. 6) in v. 9. 	
	truth unto you: and 3 also will requite you this kindness, because ye have done this thing. 7 Therefore now let your hands be strength- ened, and be ye °valiant: for your master Saul is dead, and also the house of Judah have anointed me king over them."	12-32 (B, above). CONFLICTS. MILITARY. (Extended Alternation.)	
d e	8 But Abner the son of Ner, captain of Saul's host, took °Ish-bosheth the son of Saul, and brought him over to Mahanaim; 9 And made him king over Gilead, °and over the Ashurites, and over Jezreel, and over Ephraim, and over Benjamin, and over all Israel.	 h 28. Conflict ended. i 29-32. Return. Asahel's burial. 13 Gibeon. Abner's city, in Benjamin (1 Chron. 8, 2 30; 9. 35, 36). 14 young men = common soldiers. play = make sport. 15 which pertained. Sept. and Syr. read "pertain" 	
960 to 958	10 Ish-bosheth Saul's son was forty years old when he began to reign over Israel, and reigned two years.	ing". 18 as a wild roe = as one of the gazelles which an in the field.	re
ſ	But the house of Judah followed David.	16 And they caught every one his fellow b the head, and <i>thrust</i> his sword in his fellow	
с	11 And the time that David was king in Hebron over the house of Judah was seven years and six months.	side; so they fell down together: wherefor that place was called Helkath-hazzurin which <i>is</i> in Gibeon.	re n,
Bg	12 And Abner the son of Ner, and the servants of Ish-bosheth the son of Saul, went out from Mahanaim to Gibeon. 13 And Joab the son of Zeruiah, and the serv- ants of David, went out, and met together by the pool of °Gibeon : and they sat down, the one on the one side of the pool, and the other on the other side of the pool. 14 And Abner said to Joab, "Let the °young men now arise, and °play before us." And Joab said, "Let them arise."	 17 And there was a very sore battle that day and Abner was beaten, and the ³men of Israe before the servants of David. 18 And there were three sons of Zeruiah there Joab, and Abishai, and Asahel : and Asahe was as light of foot ^o as a wild roe. 19 And Asahel pursued after Abner; and is going he turned not to the right hand nor the left from following Abner. 20 Then Abner looked behind him, and said "Art thou Asahel?" And he answered 	el, e, el in to d,
h	ber twelve of Benjamin, $^{\circ}$ which <i>pertained</i> to Ish-bosheth the son of Saul, and twelve of the servants of David.	hold on one of the young men, and take the	ee
	4	10	

i

2. 21.

3. 12.

960 his armour." But Asahel would not turn aside from following of him.

22 And Abner said again to Asahel, "Turn thee aside from following me: wherefore should I smite thee to the ground? how then should I hold up my face to Joab thy brother?'

23 Howbeit he refused to turn aside : wherefore Abner with the hinder end of the spear smote him under the fifth *rib*, that the spear came out behind him; and he fell down there, and died in the same place: and it came to pass, that as many as came to the place where Asahel fell down and died ° stood still.

24 Joab also and Abishai pursued after Abner: and the sun went down when they were come to the hill of Amman, that lieth before Giah by the way of the wilderness of Gibeon.

25 And the °children of Benjamin gathered themselves together after Abner, and became one troop, and stood on the top of an hill.

(p. 410)

26 Then Abner called to Joab, and said, "Shall the sword devour for ever? knowest thou not that it will be bitterness in the latter end? how long shall it be then, ere thou bid the People return from following their brethren?'

27 And Joab said, "As God liveth, unless thou hadst ° spoken, surely then in the morning the People had gone up every one from following his brother."

- 28 So Joab blew a trumpet, and all the people h stood still, and pursued after Israel no more, neither fought they any more.
- i 29 And Abner and his ³ men walked all that night through the plain, and passed over Jordan, and went through all $^\circ$ Bithron, and they came to Mahanaim.

30 And Joab returned from following Abner: and when he had gathered all the People together, there lacked of David's servants nineteen ³ men and Asahel.

31 But the servants of David had smitten of Benjamin, and of Abner's ³ men, so that three hundred and threescore ° men died.

32 And they took up Asahel, and buried him in the sepulchre of his father, which was in Beth-lehem. And Joab and his ³ men went all bosheth said to Abner, "Wherefore hast thou night, and they came to Hebron at break of day.

A i (p. 411)

k m

Now there was long war between the B house of °Saul and the house of David: but David waxed stronger and stronger,

- k and the house of Saul waxed weaker and weaker.
- 2 And unto David were sons born in Hebron: 1 and his firstborn was Amnon, of Ahinoam the Jezreelitess;

3 And his second, Chileab, of Abigail the ° wife of Nabal the Carmelite; and the third, ° Absalom the son of Maacah the daughter of Talmai king of Geshur;

4 And the fourth, Adonijah the son of Haggith; and the fifth, Shephatiah the son of Abital;

5 And the sixth, Ithream, by Eglah ° David's again, because he feared him. These were born to David in Hebron. wife.

25 children = sons.

23 stood still: i.e. with horror at the sight.

27 God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I (with Art.). spoken. Supply the *Ellipsis* (Ap. 6) thus: "spoken [the words which caused the provocation], surely". Cp. v. 14.

29 Bithron = the ravine.

31 men. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II.

3. 1-39 (A, p. 410). FOLLOWERS. DEFECTIONS. (Introversion.)

j | 1-. House of David. A

- k | -1. House of Saul. 1 | 2-5. Sons of David. k | 6-11. House of Saul.
- $j \mid 12-39$. House of David.

1 Saul. Note the Fig. Antimetabole (Ap. 6) in this verse, and the Introversion of the subjects of this chapter. 3 wife of Nabal. Figs. Epitheton and Ampliatio

(Ap. 6), by which Abigail is still so called by way of explanation. See note on 1 Sam. 30, 5.

Absalom. Born in the Jubilee year, 958-957. Hence his name

5 David's wife. Probably added, parenthetically, to indicate his first wife.

6-11 (k, above). HOUSE OF SAUL.

(Alternation.)

 $k \mid m \mid 6.$ Abner Strong. n | 7. Ish-bosheth. Wrath with Abner.

 $m \mid s-10$. Abner. Wrath. $n \mid 11$. Ish-bosheth. Fear of Abner.

7 Ish-bosheth. Ellipsis. But some codices, with

three early printed editions, read "the name"

8 fault. Heb. '*āven*, iniquity. See Ap. 44. iii. 9 God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I.

as = according as. the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.

12-39 (j, above). HOUSE OF DAVID. (Alternation.)

o | 12. Abner's overtures to David. j

p | 13-16. Return of Michal to David.

 $o \mid 17-19$. Abner's overtures to Israel.

 $p \mid 20-39$. Return of Abner to David.

between the house of Saul 1 and the house of David, that Abner made himself strong for the house of Saul.

7 And Saul had a concubine, whose name n was Rizpah, the daughter of Aiah: and ° Ishgone in unto my father's concubine?'

8 Then was Abner very wroth for the words m of Ish-bosheth, and said, " $Am\Im$ a dog's head, which against Judah do shew kindness this day unto the house of Saul thy father, to his brethren, and to his friends, and have not delivered thee into the hand of David, that thou chargest me to day with a ° fault concerning this woman?

9 So do 'God to Abner, and more also, except, $^{\circ}$ as $^{\circ}$ the LORD hath sworn to David, even so I do to him;

10 To translate the kingdom from the house of Saul, and to set up the throne of David over Israel and over Judah, from Dan even to Beersheba.'

11 And he could not answer Abner a word |n|

12 And Abner sent messengers to David on |j| o 6 And it came to pass, while there was war his behalf, saying, "Whose is the land?"

	3 . 12. II. SAMUEL .		. 32.
960 to 953	saying <i>also</i> , "Make thy °league with me, and, °behold, my °hand <i>shall be</i> with thee, to bring about all Israel unto thee."	12 league = covenant. behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. hand. Fig. Metonymy (of Cause), Ap. 6. Hand p help given by it.	utfor
p (p. 411)	13 And he said, "Well; \Im will make a ¹² league with thee: but one thing \Im require of thee, that is, Thou shalt not see my face, except thou first bring Michal Saul's daughter, when thou comest to see my face."	 13 Well=Good! 15 her. Aram., Sept., Syr., and Vulg. read "he the text. Phaltiel. Same as Phalti (1 Sam. 25. 44). 16 along weeping = weeping as he went. 18 do it = act. 	er" in
	14 And David sent messengers to Ish-bosheth Saul's son, saying, "Deliver me my wife Michal, which I espoused to me for an hundred foreskins of the Philistines." 15 And Ish-bosheth sent, and took her from "her husband, even from "Phaltiel the son of Laish. 16 And her husband went with her "along weeping behind her to Bahurim. Then said Abner unto him, "Go, return." And he re- turned.	 20-39 (p, p. 411). RETURN OF ABNER TO DA (Extended Alternation.) p q 20. Feasting. r 21-26. Treatment of Abner. s 27-34. Death of Abner. Joab guilty. q 35, 36. Fasting. r 37. Treatment of Abner. s 38, 39. Death of Abner. David innoces 20 men. Heb. 'enosh. Ap. 14. III. 	nt.
0	 17 And Abner had communication with the elders of Israel, saying, "Ye sought for David in times past to be king over you: 18 Now then °do it : for °the LORD hath spoken of David, saying, 'By the hand of My servant David I will save My people Israel out of the hand of the Philistines, and out of the hand of all their enemies.'" 19 And Abner also spake in the ears of Benjamin: and Abner went also to speak in the ears of David in Hebron all that seemed good to Israel, and that seemed good to the whole house of Benjamin. 	w 28, 29. David's imprecation.	. 13.
pq (p. 412)	20 So Abner came to David to Hebron, and twenty "men with him. And David made Abner and the "men that were with him a feast.	 v 30. Retaliation of Joab. w 31-34. David's lamentation. 28 blood. Heb. = bloods. Fig. Heterösis (of Nu = much or noble blood. (Ap. 6). 29 rest = recoil. or. See note on Judg. 11 	. 31.
rt	21 And Abner said unto David, "I will arise and go, and will gather all Israel unto my lord the king, that they may make a ¹² league with thee, and that thou mayest reign over all that °thine heart desireth." And David °sent Abner away; and he went in peace.	guilt of some kind is involved.	where
u	22 And, ¹² behold, the servants of David and Joab came from ^o <i>pursuing</i> a troop, and brought in a great spoil with them : but Abner was not with David in Hohman for he had ²¹ sort him	fifth <i>rib</i> , that he died, for the blood of A his brother.	sahel
	with David in Hebron; for he had ²¹ sent him away, and he was gone in peace. 23 When Joab and all the host that was with him were come, they told Joab, saying, "Abner the son of Ner came to the king, and he hath sent him away, and he is gone in peace."	28 And afterward when David heard said, "3 and my kingdom are guiltless b "the LORD for ever from the "blood of A the son of Ner: 29 Let it "rest on the head of Joab, and o his father's house; and let there not fail	on all
ł	24 Then Joab came to the king, and said, °"What hast thou done? ¹² behold, Abner came unto thee; °why <i>is</i> it <i>that</i> thou hast ²¹ sent him away, and he is quite gone? 25 Thou knowest Abner the son of Ner, that	the house of Joab one that hath an issue that is a leper, °or that leaneth on a stat that ° falleth on the sword, °or that law bread."	f, °or
	he came to deceive thee, and to know thy going out and thy coming in, and to know all that thou doest."	30 So Joab and Abishai his brother Abner, because he had slain their br Asahel at °Gibeon in the battle.	
u	26 And when Joab was come out from David, he sent messengers after Abner, which brought him again from the well of Sirah: but David knew <i>it</i> not.	31 And David said to Joab, and to al People that were with him, "Rend your clo and gird you with sackcloth, and mourn b Abner." And king David himself followe "bier.	othes, efore
SV	27 And when Abner was returned to Hebron, Joab took him aside in the gate to speak with him quietly, and smote him there under the	32 And they buried Abner in Hebron: an king lifted up his voice, and wept at the g of Abner; and all the People wept.	

3, 33,

II. SAMUEL.

5. 1.

1		
50 53	 33 And the king lamented over Abner, and said, °" Died Abner as ° a fool dieth ? 34 Thy hands were ° not bound, nor thy feet put into ° fetters : As a man falleth before ° wicked men, so 	 33 Died? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6. a fool dieth: i.e. running into needless danger. 34 not bound: i.e. as a malefactor. Cp. 1 Sam. 25, 26. fetters. Heb. = brass, put by Fig. Metonymy (of Cause) for fetters made of it. Ap. 6.
	fellest thou." And all the People wept again over him.	wicked men = "sons of 'avlāh". Ap. 44. vi. 35 meat. Put by Fig. Synecdoche (of Species) for food in general.
q	35 And when all the People came to cause David to eat °meat while it was yet day, David sware, saying, "So do °God to me, and more also, if I taste bread, or ought else, till the sun be down." 36 And all the People took notice of <i>it</i> , and it °pleased them: as whatsoever the king did pleased all the People.	 36 pleased them = was good in their eyes. 38 Know ye? Fig. Erotesis. Ap. 6. 39 shall reward. Cp. 1 Kings 2. 5, 6. evil. Heb. rāʿaʿ. Ap. 44. viii. wickedness. Heb. rāʿaʿ. Ap. 44. viii. 4. 1-12 (B, p. 410). CONFLICTS. PERSONAL. (Introversion and Alternation.)
2	37 For all the People and all Israel under- stood that day that it was not of the king to slay Abner the son of Ner.	$B \mid C \mid x \mid 1$ 1 Ish-bosheth's weakness. $y \mid 2, 3.$ His two captains. $D \mid 4.$ Mephibosheth. $C \mid x \mid 5-8.$ Ish-bosheth's murder. $y \mid 9-12.$ His two captains.Execution.
S	38 And the king said unto his servants, • "Know ye not that there is a prince and a great man fallen this day in Israel? 39 And \Im <i>am</i> this day weak, though anointed king; and these ²⁰ men the sons of Zeruiah <i>be</i> too hard for me: ⁹ the LORD °shall reward the doer of °evil according to his ° wickedness."	2 men. Heb. ' <i>čnösh.</i> Ap. 14. III. Beerothite. Near Gibeon (Josh. 18. 25), now El Birch, 6 miles north of Jerusalem, one of the Hivite towns possessed by Benjamin. children = sons. for. Note Fig. Parenthesis. Ap. 6. 4 lame of his feet. Cp. state of sinner by nature. of Saul: i.e. of the death of Saul, &c.: $v.4$ is introduced here to explain the ease with which David's accession
x	4 And when Saul's son heard that Abner was dead in Hebron, his hands were feeble, and all the Israelites were troubled.	was accomplished, Mephibosheth being unable to succeed his father or avenge the death of Ish-bosheth. 6 And they came thither. Or, "Thither, into the interior of the house, came wheat-fetchers, and they
У	2 And Saul's son had two °men <i>that were</i> captains of bands: the name of the one <i>was</i> Baanah, and the name of the other Rechab, the sons of Rimmon a °Beerothite, of the °children of Benjamin: (° for Beeroth also was reckoned to Benjamin: 3 And the Beerothites fled to Gittaim, and were sojourners there until this day.)	 smote", &c. 7 bed. Cp. 3. 31. 8 life=soul. Heb. nephesh. Ap. 13. the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II. 9 soul. Heb. nephesh. Ap. 13. 10 Behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. 11 person. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II. require = exact the penalty for. earth = land.
D	4 And Jonathan, Saul's son, had a son <i>that</i> was° lame of <i>his</i> feet. He was five years old when the tidings came ° of Saul and Jonathan out of Jezreel, and his nurse took him up, and fled: and it came to pass, as she made haste to flee, that he fell, and became lame. And his name was Mephibosheth.	 12 sepulchre. Cp. 3. 32, 5. 1-24. 25 [For Structures see next page]. 1 Behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. and said unto them, "As ⁸ the LORD liveth,
' x	 5 And the sons of Rimmon the Beerothite, Rechab and Baanah, went, and came about the heat of the day to the house of Ish-bosheth, who lay on a bed at noon. 6 °And then came thither into the midst of the house, as though they would have fetched wheat; and they smote him under the fifth rib: and Rechab and Baanah his brother escaped. 7 For when they came into the house, he lay on his °bed in his bedchamber, and they smote him, and slew him, and beheaded him, and took his head, and gat them away through the plain all night. 8 And they brought the head of Ish-bosheth unto David to Hebron, and said to the king, "Behold the head of Ish-bosheth the son of Saul thine enemy, which sought thy °life; and °the LORD hath avenged my lord the king this 	Who hath redeemed my ° soul out of all adversity, 10 When one told me, saying, ° · Behold, Saul is dead,' thinking to have brought good tidings, I took hold of him, and slew him in Ziklag, who thought that I would have given him a reward for his tidings: 11 How much more, when wicked ² men have slain a righteous ° person in his own house upon his bed ? shall I not therefore now ° require his blood of your hand, and take gou away from the ° earth?" 12 And David commanded his young men, and they slew them, and cut off their hands and their feet, and hanged them up over the pool in Hebron. But they took the head of Ish-bosheth, and buried <i>it</i> in the ° sepulchre of Abner in Hebron.
y	day of Saul, and of his seed." 9 And David answered Rechab and Baanah his brother, the sons of Rimmon the Beerothite,	5 Then came all the tribes of Israel to David unto Hebron, and spake, saying, °"Behold, we are thy bone and thy flesh.

	5. 2. II. SAI	MUEL. 5. 18.
	2 Also in time past, when Saul was king over us, thou wast he that leddest out and broughtest in Israel: and °the LORD said to thee, ' \mathfrak{H} ou shalt °feed My people Israel, and thou shalt be a captain over Israel.'" 3 So all the elders of Israel came to the king to Hebron; and king David ° made a league with them in Hebron before ² the LORD: and they °anointed David king over Israel.	5. 1-24. 25 (\mathbb{C}^2 , p. 410). KINGDOM UNITED. (Introversion with Alternations.) $\mathbb{C}^2 \mid \mathbb{E} \mid 5. 1-25$. David's accession over Israel. F \mid H \mid 6. 1-7. 29. Worship. J \mid 8. 1-14. David's mighty acts. G \mid K \mid 8. 15-18. David's officers. L \mid 9.1-10. 5. David's kindness. M \mid 10. 6-20. 22. Wars and events. G \mid K \mid 20. 23-26. David's officers.
b 960	4 David was thirty years old when he began to reign, and he reigned forty years.	L 21. 1-14. David's zeal. M 21. 15-22. Warsand events.
to	5 In Hebron he reigned over Judah seven years and six months: and in Jerusalem he	F H 22. 1—23. 7. Worship. J 23. 8–39. David's mighty men.
920	reigned thirty and three years over all Israel and Judah.	E 24. 1-25. David's sin. Numbering Israel. 5. 1-25 (E, above). DAVID'S ACCESSION.
с	6 And the king and his ° men went to Jerusa- lem unto the Jebusites, the inhabitants of the land: which spake unto David, ° saying, "Ex- cept thou take away the blind and the lame, thou shalt not come in hither:" thinking, David cannot come in hither. 7 Nevertheless David took ° the strong hold of ° Zion: the same is ° the City of David. 8 And David said on that day, "Whosoever getteth up ° to the gutter, and smiteth the Jebusites, and the lame and the blind, that are hated of David's °soul, ° he shall be chief and captain." °Wherefore they said, "The blind and the lame shall not come into the house."	 (Extended and Simple Alternations.) E N a 1-3. King anointed. b 4, 5. Hebron. Reign. c 6-8. Jebusites expelled. O d 9. City of David. e 10. Greatness of king. O d 11. House of David. e 12 Establishment of king. N a -12. Kingdom exalted. b 13-16. Hebron. Family. c 17-25. Philistines vanquished. 2 the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II. feed = feed as a shepherd. 3 made a league = solemnised a covenant. anointed David. See note on 1 Sam. 16. 13. 6 men. Heb. 'ěnōsh. Ap. 14. III.
0 d	9 So David dwelt in the ° fort, and called it 7 the city of David. And David built ° round about from ° Millo and inward.	saying. What they said must be rendered thus: "Thou shalt not come in hither, for the blind and the lame shall drive thee away [by saying]' David shall not
е	10 And David [°] went on, and grew great, and [°] the LORD God of hosts <i>was</i> with him.	 come in hither.'" 7 the strong hold of Zion: i.e. the hill of Ophel, immediately south of Moriah.
0 d	11 And ° Hiram king of ° Tyre sent messen- gers to David, and cedar trees, and carpenters, and masons: and they built David an house.	Zion. First occurrence. Occurs 154 times in O.T. $(7 \times 22, \text{ Ap. 10})$; used later (especially in prophecy) of the whole city. See Ap. 68. the City of David. Which is on Jebus, therefore, and
e	12 And David perceived that 2 the LORD had established him king over Israel,	not on the west side. First occurrence. Occurs forty times in O.T. Used of Zion five times (2 Sam. 5. 7, 9. 1 Kings 8. 1. 1 Chron. 11. 5. 2 Chron. 5. 2).
Nα	and that He had exalted his kingdom for His People Israel's sake.	8 to the gutter = by (or through) the $zinn\bar{o}r$, a rock- cut passage from the lower Gîhon or En-Rogel (now the Virgin's Fount on east of Ophel), leading up into
с f 953	Cp. 2 Chron. 2. 13, 1 Kings 5. 1. Tyre, Israel ha (Judg. 1. 31). 13 out of. Perhaps this should re independent and complementary. 16 Eliada 17-25 [For Struct	the city and supplying water. Discovered by Sir Charles Warren. Cp. note on Neh. 2. 13, &c. soul. Heb. nephesh. Ap. 13. he shall be chief and captain. These words are supplied from 1 Chron. 11. 6, which tells that Joab got upthe zinnör first. Probably revealed tohim (or to David) by Araunah, who(though a Jebusite) was not slain, but is found, later on, owning property quite near (24. 16). Josephus says Araunah was a friend of David's. Wherefore = Because. 9 fort = the "strong hold" of v. 7. Citadel. round about = the wall, which was continued by Solomon (1 Kings 9. 15, 24; 11. 27), afterward by Hezekiah (2 Chron. 32. 5), and extended by Manasseh (2 Chron.
		its of the Nephilim through one "Rapha". See Ap. 23

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	5. 19. II. SA	MUEL. 6. 11.
g (p. 415) 953	19 And David enquired of °the LORD, saying "Shall I go up to the Philistines? wilt Thou deliver them into mine hand?" And °the LORD said unto David, "Go up: for I will doubtless deliver the Philistines into thine hand."	(Extended Alternation.) c f 17, 18. Positions of Philistines. g 19. Inquiry of Jehovah. h 20, 21. Defeat.
h	20 And David came to Baal-perazim, and David smote them there, and said, ² " The LORD hath ^{\circ} broken forth upon mine enemies before me, as the breach of waters." Therefore he called the name of that place Baal-perazim. 21 And there they left their images, and David and his ⁶ men burned them.	h 25. Defeat. 19 the LORD. Heb. Jehovah (Ap. 4. II). See note on 1 Chron. 14. 10. 20 broken forth. Fig. Anthropopatheia. Ap. 6. 25 as = according as. Geba. Abbreviation for "Gibeon". Cp. Sept., and
<i>j</i> 952	22 And the Philistines came up yet again, and spread themselves in the valley of ¹⁸ Re- phaim.	6. 1-7. 29 (H, p. 414). WORSHIP. (Division.)
g	23 And when David enquired of ² the LORD, he said, "Thou shalt not go up; but fetch a compass behind them, and come upon them over against the mulberry trees. 24 And let it be, when thou hearest the sound of a going in the tops of the mulberry trees, that then thou shalt bestir thyself: for them shall ² the LORD go out before thee, to smith the host of the Philistines."	 6. 1-23 (P¹, above). THE ARK OF JEHOVAH. (Extended Alternation.) P¹ i 1-4. Removal of Ark from Gibeah. k 5. Music. l 6-8. Sin of Uzzah. m 9-11 Carried aside. n -11, 12 Blessing.
h	25 And David did so, ° as ² the LORD had commanded him; and smote the Philistines from ° Geba until thou come to Gazer.	
Η Ρ ¹ i	6 Again, David gathered together all the chosen men of Israel, thirty thousand. 2 And David arose, and went with all the people that were with him from °Baale of Judah, to bring up from thence the ark of °God, °whose name is called by the name of °the LORD of hosts That dwelleth between the cherubims. 3 And they set the ark of ² God upon °a new cart, and brought it out of the house of Abina- dab that was in Gibeah: and Uzzah and Ahio the sons of Abinadab, drave the new cart. 4 And they brought it out of the house of Abinadab which was at Gibeah, accompanying the ark of ² God: and Ahio went before the ark.	 God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I. whose name is called by the name. Some codices, with Aram. and Vulg., read "whereupon is called the name", &c. the LORD of hosts. Heb. Jehovah Sebaioth. One of the Jehovah titles. Ap. 4. II. Cp. 5. 10, and see note on 1 Sam. 1. 3. 3 a new cart. This was contrary to the Divinely prescribed law (Num. 4. 15; 7. 9; 10. 21. Deut. 10. 8. Josh. 3. 14. 2 Sam. 15. 24. 1 Chron. 13. 7; 15. 2, &c.). When the Philistines did it in ignorance (1 Sam. 6. 7) no judgment fell on them, because the Law of Moses was not delivered to them. But David should have known: hence judgment came. The solemn lesson is that anything introduced into the worship of God contrary to His requirements is deserving of His
k	5 And David and all the house of Israel played before ° the LORD on all manner of ° <i>instruments made of</i> fir wood, even on harps and on psalteries, and on ° timbrels, and or cornets, and on ° cymbals.	nothing" (John 6. 63). All this is like David's "new cart" and is sin in God's sight. See note on 1 Sam. 6. 7, and cp. 1 Sam. 15. 22. 5 the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4.
1	6 And when they came to ° Nachon's thresh- ingfloor, Uzzah put forth ° his hand to the ark of 2 God, and took hold of it; for the oxer shook <i>it</i> . 7 And the anger of 5 the LORD was kindled against Uzzah; and 2 God smote him there for his ° error; and there he died by the ark of 2 God. 8 And David was displeased, because 5 the LORD had ° made a breach upon Uzzah: and he called the name of the place Perez-uzzah to this day.	 1 Chron. 13. 8. According to Heb. text "fir woods", put by Fig. Metonymy (of Material) for instruments made from it. Ap. 6. timbrels = drums. See note on Ex. 15. 20. cymbals = timbrels, or tambourines. Heb. zilzilim. See note on 1 Chron. 13. 8. 8 Nachon's. Same as Chidon (1 Chron. 13. 9). his hand. These words are contained in the Aram., Sept., Syr., and Vulg. 7 error = negligence.
m	LORD come to me?" 10 So David would not remove the ark o	but David carried it aside into the house of Obed-edom the Gittite. 11 And the ark of ⁵ the LORD continued in the house of Obed-edom the Gittite three months:
		415

n (p. 415) 952	and ⁵ the LORD blessed Obed-edom, and all his household. 12 And it was told king David, saying, ⁵ " The LORD hath blessed the house of Obed-edom, and all that [°] pertaineth unto him, because of the ark of ² God."	 12 pertaineth. A.V. (1611) reads "pertained". brought up the ark. Cp. 1 Chron. 15. 3. 13 six paces. See Ap. 51. III. 1. Cp. 1 Chron. 15. 26. 14 danced. This explains the subscription of Ps. 87 (not the title of 88, see note there), Mahalath Leannoth = dancing with shoutings. Cp. 1 Chron. 15. 25-29. See Ap. 65. 	
i	So David went and ° brought up the ark of ${}^{2}God$ from the house of Obed-edom into the city of David with gladness. 13 And it was so, that when they that bare the ark of 5 the LORD had gone ° six paces, he sacrificed oxen and fatlings.	a linen ephod. Cp. Aaron (Ex. 28. 6) and Samuel (1 Sam. 2. 18). 16 leaping and dancing. See note on v. 14. 17 tabernacle ='ohel, tent. Not the Tabernacle of Moses, which was at Gibeon, cp. 1 Chron. 16. 39 (Ap. 40), but the tent David had prepared on Zion (7. 1-3). Cp. Ps. 132. 3-5.	
k	14 And David °danced before ⁵ the LORD with all <i>his</i> might; and David <i>was</i> girded with °a linen ephod. 15 So David and all the house of Israel brought up the ark of ⁵ the LORD with shout- ing, and with the sound of the trumpet.	offered = offered up. Ap. 43. I. 6. peace offerings, which were for thanksgiving. 6. 18-23 (n, p. 415). BLESSING. (Repeated Alternation.) n 0 ¹ 18, 19 Blessing of the People. p ¹ -19. Return of the People. o ² 20 Blessing of the household.	
z	16 And as the ark of ⁵ the LORD came into the city of David, Michal Saul's daughter looked through a window, and saw king Da- vid °leaping and dancing before ⁵ the LORD; and she despised him in her heart.	 p² -20. Return of David. Reproach. o³ 21, 22. Blessing from Jehovah. p³ 23. No return to Michal. 19 menevery one. Heb.'<i>ish.</i> Ap. 14. good piece of flesh. Note, "of flesh" is in italics, following the Vulgate. Translate, "a measure [of 	
m 951 Sab. year	17 And they brought in the ark of ⁵ the LORD, and set it in his place, in the midst of the [°] tabernacle that David had pitched for it: and David [°] offered burnt offerings and [°] peace offerings before ⁵ the LORD.	 wine]". flagon of wine. Omit "flagon of wine", and render "a cake of raisins". 20 daughter of Saul. Note this. It does not say "the wife of David". uncovered = disrobed, referring to his royal robes. 21 It was. Omit these words and supply <i>Ellipsis</i> by 	
n o ¹ (p. 416)	18 And as soon as David had made an end of ¹⁷ offering burnt offerings and ¹⁷ peace offerings, he blessed the People in the name of ² the LORD of hosts. 19 And he dealt among all the People, <i>even</i> among the whole multitude of Israel, as well to the women as ° men, to ° every one a cake of bread, and a °good piece of flesh, and a °flagon of wine.	 adding, with Sept., "Before Jehovah [did I dance]". 7. 1-29 (P², p. 415). THE HOUSE OF JEHOVAH. (Introversion.) P² Q 1, 2. David before himself. ("Who I am.") R 3. Reply of Nathan. R 4-17. Reply of Jehovah. Q 18-29. David before Jehovah. ("Who am I?") 1 came to pass. This chapter takes its place with Gen. 15. It is the unconditional Covenant with David, 	
p^1	So all the People departed $^{\circ}$ every one to his house.	to give him the <i>Throne</i> ; as that was with Abraham, to give him the <i>Land</i> . the king. Thus now dignified.	
0 ²	20 Then David returned to bless his house- hold.	the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II. 2 Nathan. The first occurrence of his name. Cp. 1 Chron. 29. 29. An important figure in David's	
p²	And Michal the °daughter of Saul came out to meet David, and said, "How glorious was the king of Israel to day, who °uncovered himself to day in the eyes of the handmaids of his servants, as one of the vain fellows shamelessly °uncovereth himself!"	reign, and associated with his son Solomon (vv. 12, 13; 12. 25. 1 Kings 1. 10-46). See now. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. of. Genitive of Material. Ap. 17. God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. curtains. Put by Fig. Metonymy (of Cause) for the tent formed by them. Cp. 6. 17.	0
0 ⁸	21 And David said unto Michal, "" It was before ⁵ the LORD, Which chose me before thy father, and before all his house, to appoint mt ruler over the People of ⁵ the LORD, over Israel: therefore will I play before ⁵ the LORD. 22 And I will yet be more vile than thus, and will be base in mine own sight: and of the maidservants which thou hast spoken of, of them shall I be had in honour."	 do all that, &c. This is seldom safe advice. 4-17 [For Structure see next page]. 4 that night. After these words all the MSS. have a hiatus, marking a solemn pause, and pointing back to the corresponding night of Gen. 15. 12-17, thus connecting the two great unconditional Covenants. 	
b ₃	23 Therefore Michal the ²⁰ daughter of Saul had no child unto the day of her death.	phet, "See now, J dwell in an house of cedar, but the ark of God dwelleth within curtains."	
P ² Q 950 to 948		 3 And ° Nathan said to the king, "Go, ° do all that <i>is</i> in thine heart; for ¹ the LORD <i>is</i> with thee." 4 And it came to pass ° that night, that the 	6

II. SAMUEL.

6. 11.

7. 4.

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	word of ¹ the LORD came unto Nathan, say- ing,	7. 4-17 (<i>R</i> , p. 416). REPLY OF JEHOVAH. (<i>Introversion.</i>)	
r (p. 417) 950-948		 R q 4. Word of Jehovah to Nathan for David. r 5. "Shalt thou build?" (Negative). David. s 6, 7. Jehovah's condescension. s 8-12. Jehovah's grace. 	
s	6 Whereas I have not dwelt in any house	$r \mid 13-16$. "He shall build " (Positive). Solomon, $q \mid 17$. Word of Jehovah for Nathan to David.	
	since the time that I brought up the °children of Israel out of Egypt, even to this day, but have °walked in a tent °and in a °tabernacle. 7 In all <i>the places</i> wherein I have walked	5 My servant. Note the repetition of this word throughout this chapter. See note on v. 18. 6 children = sons.	
	with all the ⁶ children of Israel spake I a word with any of the [°] tribes of Israel, whom I	walked = have been walking [habitually]. and in a tabernacle == as my habitation. Heb. mish- kan. Ap. 40.	
	commanded to feed My People Israel, saying, 'Why build ye not Me an house of cedar?'''	7 tribes, or "judges", as in 1 Chron. 17. 6. 8 the LORD of hosts. Heb. Jehovah Sebaioth. Ap. 4. II. One of the Jehovah titles. Cp. 5. 10; 6. 2,	
8	8 Now therefore so shalt thou say unto My servant David, 'Thus saith 'the LORD of hosts, 'J took thee from the sheepcote, from	and see note on 1 Sam. 1. 3. I took. Cp. 1 Sam. 16. 11, 12. Ps. 78. 70, 71. over. Some codices, with one early printed edition,	
	following the sheep, to be ruler over My People, °over Israel:	Syr., and Vulg., omit this second "over". 9 have made = I will assuredly make.	
	9 And I was with thee whithersoever thou	10 wickedness. Heb. 'āmāl. Ap. 44. v. 11 He. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.	
	wentest, and have cut off all thine enemies out of thy sight, and ° have made thee a great	house. Put by Fig. <i>Metonymy</i> (of Subject), Ap. 6, for household or family : i. e. a line of succession.	
	name, like unto the name of the great men that are in the earth.	12 sleep with thy fathers. Fig. Euphemism (Ap. 6), put for "die". See note on Deut. 31. 16.	
	10 Moreover I will appoint a place for My People Israel, and will plant them, that they	14 his Father = to him for a Father. My son = to Me for a son.	
	may dwell in a place of their own, and move no	iniquity. Heb. 'avah. Ap. 44. iv. men. Heb. 'enosh. Ap. 14. III. Ps. 89. 31, 32.	
	more; neither shall the ⁶ children of [°] wicked- ness afflict them any more, as beforetime,	men. Heb. 'ādām. Ap. 14. I. 15 mercy = lovingkindness.	
	11 And as since the time that I commanded judges to be over My People Israel, and have	as = according as. 16 thee. Some cod., with Sept. and Syr., read "Me".	
	caused thee to rest from all thine enemies. Also the LORD telleth thee that "He will make	18-29 (Q, p. 416). DAVID BEFORE JEHOVAH.	
	thee an $^{\circ}$ house. 12 And when thy days be fulfilled, and thou	(Introversion.) $Q \mid S \mid 18-22$. David. Thanksgiving for himself.	
	shalt $^{\circ}$ sleep with thy fathers, I will set up thy seed after thee, which shall proceed out of thy bowels, and I will establish his kingdom.	T 23, 24. For Israel. S 25-29. David. Prayer for his house.	
r	13 \mathfrak{H} shall build an house for My name, and I will stablish the throne of his kingdom for	18-22 (S, above). DAVID. THANKSGIVING FOR HIMSELF. (Introversion.) S t 18. Self-abasement. "Who am I?"	
	ever. 14 \Im will be °his Father, and \mathfrak{h}_{ℓ} shall be °My	u 19. Acknowledgment of benefits.	
	son. If he commit $^{\circ}$ iniquity, I will chasten him with the rod of $^{\circ}$ men, and with the stripes of the $^{\circ}$ children of $^{\circ}$ men:	v 20. Inability to praise aright. u 21. Acknowledgment of benefits. t 22. Divine exaltation. "Thou art great."	
	15 But My ° mercy shall not depart away from him, ° as I took <i>it</i> from Saul, whom I put away	18 Then. It is grace that really humbles. sat before the LORD. Very different from sitting before one's self, as in v. 1.	
	before thee. 16 And thine house and thy kingdom shall	Who am I? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6. Cp. v. 1. When David sat in his own house he sat before him-	
	be established for ever before ° thee: thy throne shall be established for ever.'''	self. See Structure, p. 416, "Q" and "Q". O Lord GOD=O Adonai Jehovah. Adonai because (1) David is the servant and He the master; (2) because	
q	17 According to all these words, and accord- ing to all this vision, so did Nathan speak unto David.	 this title has to do with lordship in the earth. Ap. VIII (2). Cp. vv. 19 (twice), 20, 28, 29, six times in this chapter. 19 manner = Torah or Law. 	
QSt	18 ° Then went king David in, and ° sat before ¹ the LORD, and he said, °" Who am \Im , °O Lord °GOD? and what is my house, that Thou hast brought me hitherto?	man. Heb. $ha.adam =$ the man. "And is this the law of the man?" i. e. the Man of Ps. 8. 6, 6, who is to have dominion over all the earth, embracing all the world in the scope of this blessing in connection with the Messiah. This is an exclamation of greatest surprise	
u	19 And this was yet a small thing in Thy sight, ¹⁸ O Lord ¹⁸ GOD; but Thou hast spoken also of Thy servant's house for a great while	and wonder of this revelation concerning David's son and David's Lord.	
	to come. And <i>is</i> this the °manner of °man, ¹⁸ O Lord ¹⁸ GOD?	21 For Thy word's sake, and according to Thing own heart hast Thou done all these	u
v	20 And what can David say more unto Thee? for Thou, ¹⁸ Lord ¹⁸ GOD, knowest Thy servant.	Thine own heart, hast Thou done all these great things, to make Thy servant know them.	

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t (p. 417) 950-948	22 °Wherefore Thou art great, °O LORD God: for <i>there is</i> none like Thee, neither <i>is</i> <i>there any</i> ² God beside Thee, according to all that we have heard with our ears.	22 Wherefore Thou art great. Fig. Metonymy (of Subject), Ap. $6 =$ wherefore I will declare and praise Thee as great. O LORD God = O Jehovah Elohim. Note the change,
т	23 And ° what one nation in the earth is like Thy People, even ° like Israel, whom ² God went to ° redeem for a People to Himself, and to make Him a name, and to do for you great things and terrible, for Thy land, before thy People, which thou ° redeemedst to Thee from Egypt, from the nations and their gods? 24 For Thou hast confirmed to Thyself Thy people Israel to be a people unto Thee for ever: and \mathfrak{Thou} , ¹ LORD, art become their ² God.	 because it is not now in connection with the earth, but what He is in Himself. 23 what? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6. like Israel. Some codices, with Sept., Syr., and Vulg., read "like Thy People Israel". redeem. Heb. pādāh. See notes on Ex. 13. 13 and 6. 6. 7. 25-29 (S, p. 417). DAVID. PRAYER FOR HIS HOUSE. (Introversion.) S w 25, 26. Prayer. Establishment. x 27. Divine revelation. x 28. Divine promise. w 29. Prayer. Continuance.
S w (p. 418)	25 And now, ²² O LORD ²² God, the word that Thou hast spoken concerning Thy servant, and concerning his house, establish <i>it</i> for ever, and do °as Thou hast said. 26 And let Thy name be magnified for ever, saying, ⁸ The LORD of hosts <i>is</i> the ² God over Israel: and let the house of Thy servant David be established before Thee.	 25 as = according as. 27 found = taken heart, become emboldened. 28 true = truth. 8. 1-14 (J, p. 414). DAVID'S MIGHTY ACTS. (Extended Alternation.) J a 1-5. Conquests. b 6 Garrisons in Syria. c -6 Subjection of Syrians.
X	27 For \mathfrak{Theu} , O ⁸ LORD of hosts, ² God of Israel, hast revealed to Thy servant, saying, 'I will build thee an house:' therefore hath Thy servant [°] found in his heart to pray this prayer unto Thee.	d -6. Preservation of David. a 7-13. Conquests. b 14 Garrisons in Syria. c -14 Subjection of Edomites. d -14. Preservation of David.
x	28 And now, ¹⁸ O Lord ¹⁸ GOD, <i>Their art that</i> ² God, and Thy words be ° true, and Thou hast promised this goodness unto Thy servant:	 subdued. While David was victorious over enemies without, he was defeated by enemies within. See chs. 11 and 12. Metheg-ammah. 1 Chron. 18.1 gives us the meaning,
w	29 Therefore now let it please Thee to bless the house of Thy servant, that it may con- tinue for ever before Thee: for \mathfrak{Then} , ¹⁸ O Lord ¹⁸ GOD, hast spoken <i>it</i> : and with Thy blessing let the house of Thy servant be blessed for ever."	 and shows that Metheg = bridle or reins, is put by Fig. Metonymy (of Cause), Ap. 6, for power or government, and Ammah = mother-city: i. e. "Gath and her daughters (i. e. towns)" (i Chron. 18. 1). 2 smote Moab. Thus fulfilling Num. 24. 17. measured = allotted, or divided by lot. See note on "line", below: i. e. David divided into two companies those who were to be spared and those who were not. them = the territory. Put by Fig. Metonymy (of
J a 948	8 And after this it came to pass, that David smote the Philistines, and ° subdued them : and David took ° Metheg-ammah out of the hand of the Philistines. 2 And he ° smote Moab, and ° measured ° them with a °line, ° casting them down to the ground; even with two °lines ° measured he ° to put to death, and with one full °line to keep alive. And so the Moabites became David's servants, and brought gifts. 3 David smote also ° Hadadezer, the son of Rehob, king of ° Zobah, as he went to ° recover his ° border at the river ° Euphrates. 4 And David took from him a thousand chariots, and °seven hundred horsemen, and twenty thousand footmen: and David houghed all the chariot horses, but reserved of them for an hundred chariots. 5 And when the Syrians of Damascus came to succour *Hadadezer king of Zobah, David slew of the Syrians two and twenty thousand °men.	 Subject), Ap. 6, for their territory. line. Line, put by Fig. Metonymy (of Cause), Ap. 6, for dividing or allotting what was measured with it. Deut. 3. 4, 13 (region); 32. 8, 9. Josh. 17. 6, 14. Ps. 19. 4. Amos 7. 17. Mic. 2. 5. 2 Cor. 10. 16. casting them = casting down the cities. See note on "them", above, and cp. 1 Chron. 18. 2 = "made them his servants", or vassals. to put to death. These were soldiers in arms, not inhabitants. 3 Hadadezer. Some codices, with four early printed editions, Sept., Syr., and Vulg., read "Hadarezer" (cp. 1 Chron. 18. 3, 5). Some divide and make it two words. Zobah. See Ps. 60 (title), and cp. 1 Sam. 14. 47. recover. Heb. cause his hand tc cover: "hand" put by Fig. Metonymy (of Cause), Ap. 6, for possessing. border = boundary. 1 Chron. 18. 2, "establish his dominion there". Euphrates. Cp. 1 Chron. 18. 3 and Gen. 15. 18. 4 seven hundred. 1 Chron. 18. 4 = 7,000; but Heb. ? = 7 and ? = 700, are easily mistaken one for the other. See note on 1 Kings 4. 26. 5 men. Heb. ?sh. Ap. 14. II. 6 gifts : i. e. tribute.
b	6 Then David put garrisons in Syria of Da- mascus:	the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II. 7 shields. Sept. reads "bracelets".
c	and the Syrians became servants to David, and brought ° gifts.	7 And David took the °shields of gold that were on the servants of ³ Hadadezer, and
d	And °the LORD preserved David whitherso- ever he went.	brought them to Jerusalem. 8 And from Betah, and from Berothai, cities

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	8. 8. II. SA	MUEL. 9. 5.
948	of ³ Hadadezer, king David took exceeding much brass. 9 When [°] Toi king of Hamath heard that David had smitten all the host of ³ Hadadezer, 10 Then ⁹ Toi sent [°] Joram his son unto king David, to salute him, and to bless him, because he had fought against ³ Hadadezer, and smitten him: for ³ Hadadezer [°] had wars with ⁹ Toi. And [°] Joram brought [°] with him vessels of silver, and vessels of gold, and vessels of brass: 11 $\mathfrak{M}hich$ also king David did dedicate unto ⁶ the LORD, with the silver and gold that he had dedicated of all nations which he sub- dued; 12 Of [°] Syria, [°] and of Moab, and of the [°] chil-	 MOEL. 9.5. 9 Toi. Sept. and Vulg. read "Tou" throughout. Cp. 1 Chron. 18. 9. He was a Hittite king. 10 Joram. Sept. reads "Hadoram". Cp. 1 Chron. 18. 10. had wars with. Heb. = "was a man ("ish, Ap. 14. II) of wars with." with him. Heb. in his hand. 12 Syria. Some codices, with Sept. and Syr., read "Edom". and. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton. Ap. 6. children = sons. Amalek. See note on Ex. 17. 16. 13 gat him = made himself. smiting = his smiting. This is David's exploit. In 1 Chron. 18. 3, 12 it is Abishai's command, while in title of Ps. 60 it is Joab's share in the campaign (1 Kings 11. 16). eighteen thousand. This is the total. Joab's share was 12,000, and took six months longer. Cp. 1 Kings 11. 15, 16.
Ŀ	dren of Ammon, and of the Philistines, and of [°] Amalek, and of the spoil of ³ Hadadezer, son of Rehob, king of ³ Zobah. 13 And David [°] gat <i>him</i> a name when he re- turned from [°] smiting of the Syrians in the valley of salt, <i>being</i> [°] eighteen thousand <i>men</i> . 14 And he put [°] garrisons in Edom ; through-	 14 garrisons, or political residents. 8. 15-18 (K, p. 414). DAVID'S OFFICERS. (Introversion.) K e 15. David. King. f 16 Chief captain. g -16. Recorder.
(p. 418) c	out all Edom put he garrisons, and all they of Edom became David's serv-	$ \begin{array}{c c} & h \mid 17 \text{ Priests.} \\ g \mid -17. \text{ Scribe.} \\ f \mid 18 \text{ Captain.} \end{array} $
d	ants.	 e -18. David's sons. 16 recorder=remembrancer. 17 Zadok. Probably served at Gibeon. Cp. 1 Chron.
K e (p. 419)	15 And David reigned over all Israel; and David executed judgment and justice unto all his People.	 18. 16. Ahimelech the son of Abiathar. Named after his grandfather (1 Sam. 21. 1; 22. 9, 16). Abiathar. Probably served at Jerusalem. the scribe. The first occurrence of this title. Heb.
f	16 And Joab the son of Zeruiah was over the host;	$s \bar{c} p h \bar{i} r$, acounter. Individual scribes held high positions as associates of the High Priests, and of the commander-
g	and Jehoshaphat the son of Ahilud was ° re- corder;	in-chief. They were amanuenses, registrars, account- ants (2 Kings 12. 10); adjutants (2 Kings 25. 19); secre- taries of state (2 Sam. 8. 17. Isa. 33. 18). First occur-
h	17 And °Zadok the son of Ahitub, and °Ahi- melech the son of °Abiathar, were the priests;	rence as a class or caste (1 Chron. 2. 55); a branch of the Levites (2 Chron. 34. 13). When Priests, who should have been teachers of the Law (Deut. 17. 11; 33. 10), be-
g f	and Seraiah was ° the scribe; 18 And ° Benaiah the son of Jehoiada was over both the ° Cherethites and the ° Peleth- ites;	came absorbed in ritual, the Scribes became custodians. Ezra was an ideal priest and scribe. 18 Benaiah. Cp. 23. 20. Cherethites Pelethites. David's body-guard. Here ends the <i>prosperous</i> part of David's reign.
е	and David's sons were chief rulers.	9. 1–10. 5 (L, p. 414). DAVID'S KINDNESS. (Division.)
M ¹ N ¹ i	9 And David said, "Is there yet any that is left of the house of Saul, that I may shew him ° kindness for Jonathan's sake?" 2 And there was of the house of Saul a serv- ant whose name was Ziba. And when they had called him unto David, the king said unto him, "Art thou Ziba?" And he said, "Thy servant is he."	
	3 And the king said, " <i>Is</i> there not yet °any of the house of Saul, that I may shew the ¹ kindness of °God unto him?"	(Alternation.) N ¹ i 1-3 Inquiry of David. "Who?"
k	And Ziba said unto the king, "Jonathan hath yet a son, which is 'alame on his feet."	 k -3. Ziba's answer. Person. Mephibosheth. i 4 Inquiry of David. "Where?" k -4. Ziba's answer. Place. Lo-debar.
i	4 And the king said unto him, "Where is \mathfrak{he} ?"	1 kindness = grace, favour, or lovingkindness. 3 any = a man. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II. God Heb Flehim An A J lame Cn A A
k	And Ziba said unto the king, ""Behold, he is in the house of Machir, the son of Ammiel, in "Lo-debar."	God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I. lame. Cp. 4. 4. 4 Behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. Lo-debar = no pasture. Where the sinner is until found by God's free grace.
N² l (p. 420)	5 Then king David [°] sent, and fetched him out of the house of Machir, the son of Ammiel, from ⁴ Lo-debar.	5-13 [For Structure see next page]. 5 sent, and fetched. This is the action of grace towards the "lost" sinner. Cp. Luke 15. 4, δ , 8, 9.

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	9. 6. II. SA	MUEL.	10. 11.
948	6 Now when ° Mephibosheth, the son of Jona- than, the son of Saul, was come unto David, he fell on his face, and did reverence. And David said, "Mephibosheth." And he an- swered, "Behold thy servant!"	 9. 5-13 (N², p. 419). MEPHIBOSHETH. (Introversion.) N² 1 5, 6. Mephibosheth comes to Jerusale m 7, 8. David's promise made. m 9-12. David's promise fulfilled. 	em.
m (p. 420)	7 And David said unto him, "Fear not: for I will surely shew thee 'kindness for Jonathan "thy father's sake, and will restore thee all the land of °Saul thy father; and thou shalt eat bread at my table continually." 8 And he bowed himself, and said, ""What is thy servant, that thou shouldest look upon such °a dead dog as \Im am?"	grace shown.	seventeen, to us; not e result of
m	9 Then the king called to Ziba, Saul's serv- ant, and said unto him, "I have given unto thy master's son all that pertained to Saul and to all his house. 10 \mathfrak{Thou} therefore, and thy sons, and thy servants, shall till the land for him, and thou shalt bring in <i>the fruits</i> , that thy master's son may have food to eat: but Mephibosheth thy master's son shall eat bread alway at my table."	 (Ap. 6) in this verse : being repeated at the better next verse. was - (e was. 10. 1-5 (M², p. 419). KINDNESS TO F (<i>Repeated Alternation.</i>) M² n¹ 1, 2 David's purpose. Formed. 	Luke 5. s. anadi plosis eginning of
	table." Now Ziba had fifteen sons and twenty servants. 11 Then said Ziba unto the king, "According to all that my lord the king hath commanded his servant, so shall thy servant do." "As for Mephibosheth," said the king, "he shall eat at my table, as one of the king's sons." 12 And Mephibosheth had a young son, whose name was Micha. And all that dwelt in the house of Ziba were servants unto "Mephibosheth.	 2 kindness = lovingkindness, or grace. C as = according as. 3 search = explore. the city. Some codices, with one ear edition, read "the land". Cp. 1 Chron. 19. 5 men. Heb enesh. Ap. 14. III. 	ly printed 3.
ł	13 So Mephibosheth dwelt in Jerusalem: for \mathfrak{he} did eat continually at the king's table; and \degree was lame on both his feet.	10. 6-20. 22 (M, p. 414). WARS AND (Division.) M 0 ¹ 10. 6-19. First and second wars. O ² 11. 1-20. 22. Third war, and events	
M ² n ¹ 948 to 942	10 And it came to pass after this, that the king of the °children of Ammon died, and Hanun his son reigned in his stead. 2 Then said David, "I will shew °kindness unto Hanun the son of Nahash, °as his father shewed kindness unto me."	$\begin{bmatrix} O^{1} & p & & 6-12. \\ q & & 13, 14 \\ r & & -14. \\ p & & 15-17 \\ \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} p & & 6-12. \\ r & & 13, 14 \\ r & & 14, 14 \\ r & & $	First with Ammon. Second
0	And David sent to comfort him by the hand of his servants for his father. And David's servants came into the land of the ¹ children of Ammon.	6 men. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II.) Syrians.
n²	3 And the princes of the ¹ children of Ammon said unto Hanun their lord, "Thinkest thou that David doth honour thy father, that he hath sent comforters unto thee? hath not David <i>rather</i> sent his servants unto thee, to °search ° the city, and to spy it out, and to overthrow it?"	7 And when David heard of <i>it</i> , he s and all the host of the mighty men. 8 And the children of Ammon came	thousand nd °men, ent Joab, out, and
o	4 Wherefore Hanun took David's servants, and shaved off the one half of their beards, and cut off their garments in the middle, even to their buttocks, and sent them away.	and ⁶ Ish-tob, and Maacah, <i>were</i> by th in the field. 9 When Joab saw that the front of t	of Rehob, emselves the battle
n ^s	5 When they told <i>it</i> unto David, he sent to meet them, because the °men were greatly ashamed: and the king said, "Tarry at Jericho until your beards be grown, and <i>then</i> return."	in array against the Syrians:	put <i>them</i> delivered , that he
O ¹ p	6 And when the ¹ children of Ammon saw that they stank before David, the ¹ children of Ammon sent and hired the Syrians of Beth-	of Ammon. 11 And he said, "If the Syrians be to	oo strong
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	10. 11. III. SA 1	MUEL. 11. 12.
948 to 942	¹ children of Ammon be too strong for thee, then I will come and help thee. 12 Be of good courage, and let us ° play the men for our People, and for the cities of our ° God: and ° the LORD do that which seemeth Him good."	 12 play the men = Be strong and let us put forth our strength. Heb. hozak. God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I. the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II. 16 river: i. e. the Euphrates. Shobach. Another name, Shophach (1 Chron. 19. 16). 18 seven hundred. 1 Chron. 19. 18=7,000. But
q p. 420)	13 And Joab drew nigh, and the People that were with him, unto the battle against the Syrians: and they fled before him. 14 And when the ¹ children of Ammon saw that the Syrians were fled, then fled they also before Abishai, and entered into the city.	 Heb. ? = 7 and ? = 7,000, probably a scribe's infirmity. Cp. 8. 4 and 1 Chron. 18. 4. 11. 1—20. 22 (O², p. 420). THIRD WAR, AND EVENTS. (Alternation.) O² P 11. 1 Rabbah. Besieged. Q 111—12. 25. David's sin. Committed.
r	So Joab returned from the ¹ children of Ammon, and came to Jerusalem.	 P 12. 26-31. Rabbah. Captured. Q 13. 1-20. 22. David's sin. Punished. 1 at the time, &c. : i. e. the next spring.
p	15 And when the Syrians saw that they were smitten before Israel, they gathered themselves together. 16 And Hadarezer sent, and brought out the Syrians that were beyond the °river: and they came to Helam; and °Shobach the captain of the host of Hadarezer went before them. 17 And when it was told David, he gathered all Israel together, and passed over Jordan, and came to Helam.	1 ab office, act is the field spring.children = sons.Rabbah. The capital of Ammon (Deut. 3. 11. Josh.13. 25). 11. -1— 12. 25 (Q, above). DAVID'S SIN. (Repeated Alternation and Introversion.)QR ¹ 111-5. David and Bath-sheba.S ¹ T11. 6-24. David and Uriah. UU11. 25. Displeasure of Joab.R ² 11. 26, 27 David and Bath-sheba. S ² U1127. Displeasure of Jehovah. TT12. 1-14. David and Nathan.
Q	And the Syrians set themselves in array against David, and fought with him. 18 And the Syrians fied before Israel; and David slew <i>the men of</i> $^{\circ}$ seven hundred chariots of the Syrians, and forty thousand horsemen, and smote Shobach the captain of their host, who died there.	 R³ 12. 15-25. David and Bath-sheba's child. But David tarried. Note contrast with "kings" going forth, above, and this word "But". 2 washing = bathing. Probably in the court below. 3 Bath-sheba. Called Bath-shua, 1 Chron. 3. 5. Eliam. Called "Ammiel", 1 Chron. 3. 5. The son of Ahithophel (23. 34). Uriah. One of David's faithful soldiers (23. 39). Mar-
r	19 And when all the kings <i>that were</i> servants to Hadarezer saw that they were smitten before Israel, they made peace with Israel, and served them. So the Syrians feared to help the ¹ children of Ammon any more.	 ried the daughter of Eliam (11. s), who was the son of Ahithophel (23. 34). This relationship probably led to Ahithophel's disloyalty (15. 12). 4 for = and when. purified. Cp. Lev. 15. 18. It is possible to be more punctilious about the ceremonial Law than the moral Law. 5 sent and told: that David might shield her from the death penalty (Lev. 20. 10).
0 ² P p. 421) 942	11 And it came to pass, after the year was expired, °at the time when kings go forth to battle, that David sent Joab, and his serv- ants with him, and all Israel; and they de- stroyed the °children of Ammon, and besieged °Rabbah.	 6-24 (T, above). DAVID AND URIAH. (Alternation.) T V [6. Message to Joab. W 7-13. Uriah's reception. V 14, 15. Letter to Joab. W 16-24. Uriah's death.
Q R ^ι S ^ι T V	° But David tarried still at Jerusalem. 2 And it came to pass in an eveningtide, that David arose from off his bed, and walked upon the roof of the king's house: and from the roof he saw a woman ° washing herself; and the woman was very beautiful to look upon. 3 And David sent and enquired after the woman. And one said, "Is not this ° Bath- sheba, the daughter of ° Eliam, the wife of ° Uriah the Hittite?" 4 And David sent messengers, and took her; and she came in unto him, and he lay with her; ° for \mathfrak{she} was ° purified from her unclean- ness: and she returned unto her house. 5 And the woman conceived, and ° sent and told David, and said, " \mathfrak{J} am with child." 6 And David sent to Joab, saying, "Send me Uriah the Hittite." And Joab sent Uriah to David.	went not down to his house. 10 And when they had told David, saying, "Uriah went not down unto his house," David said unto Uriah, "Camest them not from <i>thy</i> journey? why <i>then</i> didst thou not go down unto thine house?" 11 And Uriah said unto David, "The ark, and Israel, and Judah, abide in tents; and my lord
w	7 And when Uriah was come unto him, David demanded of him how Joab did, and how the people did, and how the war prospered.	lie with my wife? as thou livest, and as ° thy soul liveth, I will not do this thing." 12 And David said to Uriah, "Tarry here to
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942 day also, and to morrow I will let thee depart." So Uriah abode in Jerusalem that day, and the morrow. W 13 And when David had called him, he did

eat and drink before him; and he made him drunk: and at even he went out to lie on his bed with the servants of his lord, but went not down to his house.

14 And it came to pass in the morning, that V David wrote a letter to Joab, and sent it by the (p. 421) hand of Uriah.

15 And he wrote in the letter, saying, "Set ye Uriah in the forefront of the hottest battle, and retire ye from him, that he may be smitten, and die.'

 $W s^1$ 16 And it came to pass, when Joab observed the city, that he assigned Uriah unto a place (p. 422) where he knew that valiant ° men were.

17 And the °men of the city went out, and fought with Joab: and there fell some of the People of the servants of David;

- and Uriah the Hittite died also. t1
- 18 Then Joab sent and told David all the s^2 things concerning the war;

19 And charged the messenger, saying, "When thou hast made an end of telling the matters of the war unto the king,

20 And if so be that the king's wrath arise, and he say unto thee, 'Wherefore approached ye so nigh unto the city when ye did fight? knew ye not that they would shoot ° from the wall?

21 Who smote Abimelech the son of ° Jerub-besheth? did not °a woman cast a ° piece of a ° millstone upon him from the wall, that he died in Thebez? why went ye nigh the wall?' then say thou,

- 'Thy servant Uriah the Hittite is dead also.' t^2
- 22 So the messenger went, and came and s⁹ shewed David all that Joab had sent him for. 23 And the messenger said unto David, "Surely the ¹⁷ men prevailed against us, and came out unto us into the field, and we were upon them even unto the °entering of the gate.

24 And the shooters shot 20 from off the wall upon thy servants; and some of the king's servants be dead,

- t^s and thy servant Uriah the Hittite is dead also.'
- U "Thus shalt thou say unto Joab, 'Let not (p. 421) this thing °displease thee, for the sword devoureth °one as well as another: make thy battle more strong against the city, and overthrow it:' and encourage thou him.
 - 26 And when the wife of Uriah heard that the 1 man that was come to him. \mathbb{R}^{2} Uriah her husband was dead, she ° mourned for her husband.
 - 27 And when the mourning was past, David 941 °sent and fetched her to his house, and she became his wife, and bare him a son.
 - $S^2 U$

11. 16-24 (W, p. 421). URIAH'S DEATH. (Repeated Alternation.)

- s¹ | 16, 17-. Joab. Obedience. t¹ | -17. Death of Uriah.
- s² | 18-21-. Joab. Message sent.
- $t^2 \mid -21$, Death of Uriah. s³ $\mid 22-24$ -. Joab. Message delivered.
- t³ | -24. Death of Uriah.
- 16 men. Heb. *ish.* Ap. 14. II.
 17 men. Heb. *'enosh.* Ap. 14. III.
 20 from = from off, as in v. 24.

21 Jerubbesheth (Judg. 9. 1) = Jerubbaal. Baal = lord, Bosheth=shame; changed by Holy Ghost here to suit his idolatry (Judg. 8. 27), and now David's sin. a woman, one of the ten deaths caused by a woman.

See note, Judg. 4. 21. piece = upper piece.

millstone. One of the "despised" things used. See note on Judg. 3. 21; 9. 53.

23 entering = entrance.

25 displease the = be evil in thine eyes. This event put David in Joab's power, which Joab freely used. David was not tongue-tied in 3. 29; but from now he had to endure Joab's insolence, being too suspicious to trust him, and too weak to dismiss him. Cp. 14. 19; 19. 7. 1 Kings 2. 5, 32, 33.

- one as well as another = now this one, now that one.
- **26** mourned = made lamentations.
- 27 sent. Not till nine months after.

the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.

12. 1–14 (*T*, p. 421). DAVID AND NATHAN. (Repeated Alternation.)

- u¹ | 1-4. Parable. Propounded.
 - v¹ | 5, 6. David's anger.
- u² | 7-9. Parable. Applied.
- $v^2 \mid 10-12$. David's judgment. $u^3 \mid 13$ -. Parable. Effect.
- v³ | -13, 14. David's forgiveness.

1 the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II. sent. See 11. 27.

Nathan. Sept. and Syr. read "Nathan the prophet". he came. Cp. title of Ps. 51.

men. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II.

3 meat = morsel.

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- 5 shall surely die. Heb. is a son of death = liable to die. 6 fourfold. Cp. Ex. 22. 1. Sept. reads "sevenfold".

12 And "the LORD "sent "Nathan unto David. And "he came unto him, and said unto him, "There were two ° men in one city; the one rich, and the other poor.

2 The rich man had exceeding many flocks and herds:

3 But the poor man had nothing, save one little ewe lamb, which he had bought and nourished up: and it grew up together with him, and with his children; it did eat of his own ° meat, and drank of his own cup, and 25 Then David said unto the messenger, lay in his bosom, and was unto him as a daughter.

4 And there came a traveller unto the rich ¹man, and he spared to take of his own flock and of his own herd, to dress for the wayfaring 1 man that was come unto him; but took the poor 1 man's lamb, and dressed it for

5 And David's anger was greatly kindled against the 1 man; and he said to Nathan, "As ¹ the LORD liveth, the ¹man that hath done this thing ° shall surely die:

6 And he shall restore the lamb ° fourfold, But the thing that David had done ²⁵ dis- because he did this thing, and because he had no pity."

 $T u^1$

	7 And Nothon soid to David Burget	They art the man Manual training
941	7 And Nathan said to David, " \mathfrak{Thou} art the ¹ man. Thus saith ¹ the LORD "God of Israel, \mathfrak{T} anointed thee king over Israel, and \mathfrak{T} de- livered thee out of the hand of Saul; 8 And I gave thee thy master's house, and thy master's wives into thy bosom, and gave	 7 Thou art the man. Many means used to produce conviction: God's greatness (Job 42. 1-6); God's glory (Isa. 6. 5); God's power (Luke 5. s); a famine (Luke 15. 14, 18); a parable (2 Sam. 12. 1-13), &c. God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I. anointed thee. 1 Sam. 16. 13. 9 original Hob m⁴C⁴ Ap. 4A viii with Ant.
1	thee the house of Israel and of Judah; and if that had been too little, I would moreover have given unto thee such and such things.	 9 evil. Heb. rd'a'. Ap. 44. viii, with Art. thou hast killed. Not Joab, or the Ammonites. children = sons. 10 the sword. Put by Fig. Metonymy (of Adjunct),
	9 Wherefore hast thou despised the com- mandment of 'the LORD, to do 'evil in His sight? 'thou hast killed Uriah the Hittite with the sword, and hast taken his wife to be thy wife, and hast slain him with the sword of the 'children of Ammon.	 Ap. 6, for manifested hostility. never. Fig. Synecdoche (of the Whole), Ap. 6, put for a part of time: i. e. lifetime. 11 Behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. evil. Heb. rā'a'. Ap. 44. viii. See the Structure of 13. 1-20. 22 (Q, p. 424). thine own house. Disgraced by one son (13. 14),
t	10 Now therefore ° the sword shall ° never depart from thine house; because thou hast despised Me, and hast taken the wife of Uriah the Hittite to be thy wife.' 11 Thus saith ¹ the LORD, ° Behold, I will raise up ° evil against thee out of ° thine own	 banished by another (15. 19), revolted against by a third (1 Kings 2), bearded by his servant, betrayed by his friends, deserted by his People, bereaved of his children. 12 thou. See note on v. 9. 13 I have sinned. Ps. 51 is the expansion of this.
	house, and I will take thy wives before thine eyes, and give <i>them</i> unto thy neighbour, and he shall lie with thy wives in the sight of this sun.	sinnedsin. Heb. chātā'. Ap. 44. i. hath put away. Divine forgiveness instantly follows the sinner's confession (1 John 1. 9). Cp. Job 42. 6, 8, 10. Isa. 6. 5, 6, "then flew". Luke 15. 18, 20, "his father
5	12 For ° thou didst <i>it</i> secretly: but \Im will do this thing before all Israel, and before the sun."	ran", &c. thou, &c. Some codices, with two early printed editions, read " and (or therefore) thou wilt not die". 14 thou hast given great occasion, &c. This is read in the Marsant (An 20) or one of the amende
	13 And David said unto Nathan, ""I have sinned against ¹ the LORD."	noted in the <i>Massörah</i> (Ap. 30) as one of the emenda- tions of the $S \bar{o} pher \bar{i}m$ (Ap. 33), who altered the primitive text out of a mistaken reverence for David and Jehovah.
	And Nathan said unto David, 1" The LORD also ° hath put away thy ° sin; ° thou shalt not die.	The original reading was "thou hast greatly blasphemed Jehovah". 12. 15-25 (R ³ , p. 421). DAVID AND THE CHILD.
Į	14 Howbeit, because by this deed $^{\circ}$ thou hast given great occasion to the enemies of 1 the LORD to blaspheme, the child also <i>that is</i> born unto thee shall surely die."	$ \begin{array}{c c} (Repeated and Extended Alternation.) \\ \hline \mathbf{R}^3 & \mathbf{w}^1 & \mathbf{x}^1 & 15. \\ & & \mathbf{y}^1 & 15. \\ & & \mathbf{y}^1 & 16. \\ & & \mathbf{z}^1 & 17. \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{x}^1 & \mathbf{x}^1 & \mathbf{x}^1 \\ \mathbf{x}^1 & \mathbf{x}^1 & \mathbf{x}^1 \\ \mathbf{x}^1 & \mathbf{x}^1 & \mathbf{x}^1 \end{array} $
(p. 423)	15 And Nathan departed unto his house. And ¹ the LORD struck the child that Uriah's wife bare unto David, and it was very sick.	w^2 x^2 18, 19. Child's death. y^2 20 David's worship. z^2 -20 . Eating. w^3 x^3 21 . Child's death. Inquiry. y^3 22 . David's weeping.
0	16 David therefore besought 7 God for the child; $^\circ$ and David $^\circ$ fasted, and went in, and $^\circ$ lay all night upon the earth.	z ³ 23. Abstinence given up. 24, 25. Epilogue.
1	17 And the elders of his house arose, and went to him, to raise him up from the earth: but he would not, neither did he eat bread with them.	16 and. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton in this verse. Ap. 6. fasted. Heb. fasted a fast = made a strict fast. Fig. Polyptoton. Ap. 6. lay all night upon the earth: as a penitent,
t t t t t t t t	18 And it came to pass on the seventh day, that the child died. And the servants of David feared to tell him that the child was dead: for they said, ""Behold, while the child was yet alive, we spake unto him, and he would not hearken unto our voice: how will he then vex himself, if we tell him that the	with Ps. 51 for his utterance. Note his sitting before Jehovah as a worshipper, and his utterance (2 Sam. 7. 18-29); and his standing as a servant (1 Chron. 28. 2), and his utterance and service (1 Chron. 28. 3-29. 21). 22 Who can tell? Fig. Erotësis. Ap. 6. GOD = Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.
	child is dead?" 19 But when David saw that his servants whispered, David perceived that the child was dead: therefore David said unto his servants, "Is the child dead?" And they said, "He is	required, they set bread before him, and he did eat. 21 Then said his servants unto him, "What thing <i>is</i> this that thou hast done? thou didst
0	dead."	fast and weep for the child, while it was alive; but when the child was dead, thou didst rise
1	20 Then David arose from the earth, and washed, and anointed <i>himself</i> , and changed his apparel, and came into the house of 1 the LORD, and worshipped:	and eat bread." 22 And he said, "While the child was yet alive, I fasted and wept: for I said, "Who can
	then he came to his own house; and when he	tell whether ° GOD will be gracious to me, that

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12. 7.

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w^s x^s

12. 22.

12. 23.

z ⁸ (p. 423) 941	23 But now he is dead, wherefore should \Im fast? can I bring him back again? $^{\circ}\Im$ shall go to him, but he shall not return to me."	23 I shall go to him = I shall die and be buried (cp. v. 19): i. e. I shall go to the (not "a") grave (Sheõl). On the use of this Fig. Euphemy (Ap. 6) as denoting death and burial, see Gen. 15. 15 (cp. Josh. 24. 2, 14,	
Epilogue 940	24 °And David comforted Bath-sheba his wife, and went in unto her, and lay with her: and she bare a son, and °he called his name °Solo-	15, Abraham's "fathers" being <i>idolaters</i>); 25, 8, 17; 35, 29; 49, 29, 33. Num. 20. 26; 27. 13; 31. 2. Deut. 31. 16; 32, 50. Judg. 2. 10. 1 Sam. 28. 19 (note "thou and	
	mon: and ¹ the LORD loved him. 25 ²⁴ And He sent by the hand of Nathan the prophet; and [°] He called his name [°] Jedidiah,	thy sons "). 2 Kings 22. 20. 1 Chron. 17. 11. 2 Chron. 34. 28. Acts 13. 36. 24 And. Note the Fig. <i>Polysyndeton</i> in vv.24-27. Ap.6.	
DEL	^o because of ¹ the LORD.	he. Some codices, with Syr. and Vulg., read "she", in contrast with "he" in next verse.	
<i>P</i> X ¹ (p. 424)	26 And Joab fought against Rabbah of the ⁹ children of Ammon, and took the royal city. 27 And Joab sent messengers to David, and said, "I have fought against Rabbah, and	Solomon = Pacific or Peaceable. Cp. 7. 13. 25 He : i. e. Jehovah, by the hand of Nathan, in contrast with Bath-sheba. See note on $v.$ 24. Jedidiah = beloved of Jah. See note on Ps. 127. 2.	
	have taken the $^{\circ}$ city of waters. 28 Now therefore gather the rest of the Peo- ple together, and encamp against the city, and	because of the LORD = for Jehovah's sake. 12. 26-31 (P, p. 421). RABBAH. CAPTURED. (Division.)	
	take it: lest 3 take the city, and it be called after my name."	$\begin{array}{c c} P & X^1 & 26-28. \text{ Rabbah and Joab.} \\ X^2 & 29-31. \text{ Rabbah and David.} \end{array}$	
X2	29 And David gathered all the People together, and went to Rabbah, and fought against it, and	27 city of waters. Fig. <i>Hypallage</i> . Ap. 6 = waters of the city : i. e. the lower waters or town, cutting off the citadel, which David came and took.	
	30 And he took ° their king's crown from off his head, the weight whereof was a ° talent of	30 their king's crown = the crown of Milcom, with Sept. Cp. 1 Chron. 20. 2. Jer. 49. 1, 3. Amos 1. 15. Zeph. 1. 5 (Comp. Bible).	
	gold with the precious stones: and it was set on David's head. And he brought forth the	talent. See Ap. 51. II. 31 put = appointed, appointed over, set, &c. Heb.	
	spoil of the city in great abundance. 31 ²⁴ And he brought forth the people that	$s\bar{u}m$ (Gen. 2. s; 45. s, 9; 47. 6. Ex. 2. 14; 5. 14. 1 Sam. 8. 11; 2 Sam. 7. 10. 2 Kings 10. 24. Ps. 78. 5; 81. 5.	
	were therein, and ° put them ° under saws, and ° under harrows of iron, and ° under axes of	Hos. 1. 11, &c.). $under = with$, especially to work with. Heb. letter \exists (<i>Beth</i>), prefixed as prep. = in, within, with. When the prep.	
	iron, and made them ° pass through the ° brick- kiln: and ° thus did he unto all the cities of	"under" = beneath, then it is either part of a verb or one of four distinct words: $i\overline{cl}$ (2 Sam. 2 23); mattāh	
	the ⁹ children of Ammon. So David and all the people returned unto Jerusalem.	(1 Chron. 27. 23); t ^c hoth (Jer. 10. 11. Dan. 4. 12, 21; 7. 27, "under the heavens"); tahath (Dan. 4. 14, "under a tree"). Beth, when translated "under", is only in the	
Q Y ¹ A 938	13 And it came to pass ° after this, that ° Absalom the son of David had a fair	sense of <i>within</i> (as "under (or within the shelter of) the wing", or "under (or within) the earth"). Otherwise,	
200	sister, whose name was Tamar; and $^{\circ}$ Amnon the son of David loved her.	used with a tool or weapon or instrument, it always means "with". See "with an axe" (Deut. 19. 5. Jer. 10. 3); "with axes" (Jer. 46. 22. Ezek. 26. 9. Ps. 74. 6);	
	2 And Amnon was so vexed, that he fell sick for his sister Tamar; for \mathfrak{gh} was a virgin; and	"with nails and with hammers" (Jer. 10. 4); "with an ox-goad" (Judg. 3. 31); "with mattock" (Isa. 7. 25);	
	Amnon thought it hard for him to do any thing to her.	"with sword and with bow" (Gen. 48. 22. Josh. 24. 12. 2 Kings 6. 22); "with a graving tool" (Ex. 32. 4), &c. pass through = pass by or before. Heb. (<i>ābar</i> , as in	
		n. 16. 8, 9, 10, &c. brickkiln = brick-work; hence, brickkiln; no brickkilns in Palestine. All bricks there as being a strange thing (Gen. 11. 3, and marg.). Heb.	
	to be "fortified". Both out of the question, and o	, the former at "entry" of royal palace, the latter said juite incongruous for a brickkiln. The very paved area ers Petrie in 1886, where Nebuchadnezzar did exactly	
	what David did here and in ch. 8. 2 and 1 Chron. 20. 3. thus did he: i.e. as in 8. 2, with Moab, so here; he caused the captives to pass by before him, he seated on a pavement of brick-work, or paved area, where he appointed them to the various departments of labour for which they were suited. Cp. Jer. 43. 9-11. These were the "strangers" (i.e. foreigners) and the "abundance of workmen" referred to in 1 Chron.		
	22. 2, 15. Cp. Deut. 29. 11. Josh. 9. 27. See notes	on 1 Kings 5. 13; 9. 15, 21, 22.	
	13. 1–20. 22 (Q, p. 421). DAVID'S SIN, PUNISHED. (Division.) $Q Y^1 13. 1-14. 33.$ Amnon's sin. $Y^2 15. 1-19. 43.$ Absalom's rebellion. $Y^3 20. 1-22.$ Sheba's revolt.		
		SIN. (Introversion and Extended Alternation.)	
	B a 13. 5-10. Stra b 13. 11-18.	tagem.	
	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	ratagem.	
	A 14. 28-33. Absalom	's desire for father's love.	
	1 after this: i.e. 938. David, 53; Amnon, 22; A of Maacah, daughter of king of Geshur (see note on		

93 8	3 But Amnon had a friend, whose name was Jonadab, the son of °Shimeah David's brother: and Jonadab was a very °subtil °man. 4 And he said unto him, "Why art thou, being the king's son, lean from day to day? wilt thou not tell me?" And Amnon said unto him, "3 love Tamar, my brother Absalom's sister."	 3 Shimeah = Shammah (1 Sam. 16. s). subtil = wise. man. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II. 5 make = feign. meat = heart-shaped cakes. Occurs only here and in vv. 6, 7, 8, 10. 6 cakes. See note on "meat", v. 5. 8 flour = dough, or paste. 9 a pan = the pan. Occurs only here. poured = put down. men. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II. 12 force = humble. 	
B a (p. 424)	5 And Jonadab said unto him, "Lay thee down on thy bed, and ° make thyself sick: and when thy father cometh to see thee, say unto him, 'I pray thee, let my sister Tamar come, and give me meat, and dress the ° meat in my sight, that I may see <i>it</i> , and eat <i>it</i> at her hand." 6 So Amnon lay down, and ⁵ made himself sick: and when the king was come to see him, Amnon said unto the king, "I pray thee, let Tamar my sister come, and make me a couple of ° cakes in my sight, that I may eat at her hand." 7 Then David sent home to Tamar, saying, "Go now to thy brother Amnon's house, and dress him ⁵ meat." 8 So Tamar went to her brother Amnon's house; and be was laid down. And she took	 16 no cause. Heb. 'āl. "[Give] no ground for talk". evil. Heb. rā'ā'. Ap. 44. viii. 18 divers colours = a long tunic with sleeves. 13. 19-22 (c, p. 424). EMOTIONS. (Alternations.) c d 19. Grief of Tamar. e 20. Absalom's dissimulation. d 21. Anger of David. e 22. Absalom's hatred. 19 laid her hand. Fig. Metonymy (of Adjunct), Ap. 6, put for "grieved". 20 desolate. Heb. "remained and [remained] deso- late". Cp. 1 Tim. 5. 5. 24 Behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6, 25 chargeable=burdensome. 27 with him. The Sept. and Vulg. add here "and Absalom made a banquet, like the banquet of a king". Cp. 1 Sam. 25. 36. 28 valiant=sons of valour. 29 as=according as. 	
	 [°] flour, and kneaded <i>it</i>, and made ⁶ cakes in his sight, and did bake the ⁶ cakes. ⁹ And she took [°]a pan, and [°] poured <i>them</i> out before him; but he refused to eat. And Annon 	her, and ° laid her hand on her head, and went on crying.	
	said, "Have out all °men from me." And they went out every °man from him. 10 And Amnon said unto Tamar, "Bring the meat into the chamber, that I may eat of thine hand." And Tamar took the ⁶ cakes which she had made, and brought <i>them</i> into the chamber to Annon her brother.	20 And Absalom her brother said unto her, "Hath Amnon thy brother been with thee? but hold now thy peace, my sister: he is thy brother; regard not this thing." So Tamar remained ° desolate in her brother Absalom's house.	e
b	11 And when she had brought <i>them</i> unto him to eat, he took hold of her, and said unto her, "Come lie with me, my sister." 12 And she answered him, "Nay, my brother, do not ° force me; for no such thing ought to	 21 But when king David heard of all these things, he was very wroth. 22 And Absalom spake unto his brother Amnon neither good nor bad: for Absalom hated Amnon, because he had forced his sister 	
	be done in Israel: do not thou this folly. 13 And \Im , whither shall I cause my shame to go? and as for thee, thou shalt be as one of the fools in Israel. Now therefore, I pray thee, speak unto the king; for he will not withhold me from thee."	which is beside Ephraim: and Absalom invited all the king's sons.	B a (p. 424)
	14 Howbeit he would not hearken unto her voice : but, being stronger than she, forced her, and lay with her. 15 Then Annon hated her exceedingly; so that the hatred wherewith he hated her was greater	24 And Absalom came to the king, and said, ""Behold now, thy servant hath sheepshearers; let the king, I beseech thee, and his servants go with thy servant." 25 And the king said to Absalom, "Nay, my son, let us not all now go, lest we be ° charge-	
	than the love wherewith he had loved her. And Amnon said unto her, "Arise, be gone." 16 And she said unto him, " <i>There is</i> °no cause: this °evil in sending me away <i>is</i> greater than the other that thou didst unto me." But	able unto thee." And he pressed him: howbeit he would not go, but blessed him. 26 Then said Absalom, "If not, I pray thee, let my brother Amnon go with us." And the king said unto him, "Why should he go with	
	he would not hearken unto her. 17 Then he called his servant that ministered unto him, and said, "Put now this <i>woman</i> out from me, and bolt the door after her."	thee?" 27 But Absalom pressed him, that he let Amnon and all the king's sons go ° with him.	
	18 And she had a garment of ° divers colours upon her: for with such robes were the king's daughters that were virgins apparelled. Then his servant brought her out, and bolted the door after her.	28 Now Absalom had commanded his serv- ants, saying, "Mark ye now when Amnon's heart is merry with wine, and when I say unto you, 'Smite Amnon;' then kill him, fear not: have not \Im commanded you? be courageous, and be °valiant."	0
c d (p. 425)	19 And Tamar put ashes on her head, and rent her garment of divers colours that was on	29 And the servants of Absalom did unto Annon ° as Absalom had commanded.	

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c C ¹ f ¹ (p. 426) 938	Then all the king's sons arose, and every ³ man gat him up upon his [°] mule, and fled.	13. -29— 14. 27 (c, p. 424). COMMOTIONS. (Division.)
938 g ¹	30 And it came to pass, while three were in the way, that tidings came to David, saying, "Absalom hath slain all the king's sons, and	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
	there is not one of them left." 31 Then the king arose, and tare his garments, and lay on the earth; and all his servants stood	-29-39 (C ¹ , above). ABSALOM'S FLIGHT. (<i>Repeated Alternation.</i>) C ¹ f ¹ -29. Flight of king's sons.
	by ° with their clothes rent. 32 And Jonadab, the son of ³ Shimeah David's brother, answered and said, "Let not my lord	g ¹ 30-33. David. Anxiety. f ² 34 Flight of Absalom. g ² -34-36. David. Mourning.
3	suppose <i>that</i> they have slain all the young men the king's sons; for Amnon only is dead: for	f ³ 37, 38. Flight of Absalom. g ³ 39. David. Comforted.
	by the appointment of Absalom this hath been determined from the day that he forced his sister Tamar.	mule. First occurrence. Not Gen. 36. 24. See note there. 31 with their clothes rent = and rent their gar-
	33 Now therefore let not my lord the king take the thing to his heart, to think that all the king's sons are dead: for Annon only is	ments. 36 wept very sore. Fig. Polyptoton (Ap. 6) = " wept with a great weeping".
\mathbf{f}^2	dead." 34 But Absalom fled.	 37 Ammihud, or Ammihur. David. Sept. reads "David the king". 39 the soul of king David. The Aram. reads "the
g ²	And the young man that kept the watch ° lifted	soul (nephesh) of the king". Cp. the omission of nephesh in Ps. 16. 2.
g	up his eyes, and looked, and, ²⁴ behold, there came much people by the way of the hill side behind him.	14 , 1-33 (C ² , above). ABSALOM'S RECALL. (Introversion.)
	35 And Jonadab said unto the king, ²⁴ "Behold, the king's sons come: ²⁹ as thy servant said, so it is."	C ² D 1. David's heart toward Absalom. E 2, 3. Joab's stratagem planned. F 4-11. Parable. Put forth.
	36 And it came to pass, as soon as he had made an end of speaking, that, ²⁴ behold, the king's sons came, and lifted up their voice and	$F \mid 12-17$. Parable. Applied. $E \mid 18-20$. Joab's stratagem discovered. $D \mid 21-33$. David's recall of Absalom.
	wept: and the king also and all his servants "wept very sore.	2 Tekoah. On the edge of the hill country of Judah, south-east of Beth-lehem, about seven miles from Jeru- salem (cp. Jer. 6. 1). Abounding in caverns. The
f ³	37 But Absalom fled, and went to Talmai, the son of °Ammihud, king of Geshur. And °David mourned for his son every day.	abode of Amos. 4-11 (F, above). PARABLE. PUT FORTH.
938-936	38 So Absalom fled, and went to Geshur, and was there three years.	(Repeated Alternation.) $F \mid h^{1} \mid 4$. Woman's importunity. $i^{1} \mid 5$ King's response.
g³	39 And ° the soul of king David longed to go forth unto Absalom: for he was comforted concerning Amnon, seeing he was dead.	h ² -5-7. Woman's response. i ² 8. King's assurance. h ³ 9. Woman's importunity. i ³ 10. King's assurance. h ⁴ 11 Woman's grievance.
C ^a D	14 Now Joab the son of Zeruiah perceived that the king's heart was toward Absalom.	 i⁴ -11. King's assurance. 4 spake to the king. Many codices, with three early printed editions, Sept., Syr., and Vulg., read
Ε	2 And Joab sent to °Tekoah, and fetched thence a wise woman, and said unto her, "I pray thee, feign thyself to be a mourner, and put on now mourning apparel, and anoint not	"came in unto the king". 5 a widow. One of nine widows specially men- tioned. See note on Gen. 38, 19. mine husband is dead. Fig. Synonymia. Ap. 6. 7 behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. 150 cml. Heb. products. Ap. 6.
	thyself with oil, but be as a woman that had a long time mourned for the dead: 3 And come to the king, and speak on this manner unto him." So Joab put the words in	life = soul. Heb. <i>nephesh</i> . Ap. 13. 9 iniquity. Heb. <i>avāh</i> . See Ap. 44. iv.
	her mouth.	7 And, ^o behold, the whole family is risen
F h ¹	4 And when the woman of Tekoah [°] spake to the king, she fell on her face to the ground, and did obeisance, and said, "Help, O king."	against thine handmaid, and they said, 'De- liver him that smote his brother, that we may kill him, for the °life of his brother whom he slew; and we will destroy the heir also: and
iı	5 And the king said unto her, "What aileth thee?"	
h^2	And she answered, "3 <i>am</i> indeed °a widow woman, and °mine husband is dead. 6 And thy handmaid had two sons, and they two strove together in the field, and <i>there was</i>	8 And the king said unto the woman, "Go to thine house, and \Im will give charge concerning thee."
	none to part them, but the one smote the other, and slew him .	9 And the woman of Tekoah said unto the king, "My lord, O king, the ° iniquity <i>be</i> on me,

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Hr.	. Э.

936	and on my father's house : and the king and his throne be guiltless."	11 remember - recall to mind : i.e. take an oath. the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II. God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I.		
(p. 426)	10 And the king said, "Whosoever saith ought unto thee, bring him to me, and he shall not touch thee any more."	revengers = avengers, or next of kin. Heb. ga'al. See note on Ex. 6. 6, and cp. Num. 35. 19, 21, 24, 25, 27. not one hair, &c. Fig. Parcemia. Ap. 6. 14 person = soul. Heb. nephesh. Ap. 13.		
h	11 Then said she, "I pray thee, let the king "remember "the LORD thy "God, that thou wouldest not suffer the "revengers of blood to destroy any more, lest they destroy my son."	16 man. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II. 19 hand = work, or handiwork. Put by Fig. Metonymy (of Cause), Ap. 6, for what is wrought by it. soul. Heb. nephesh. Ap. 13. none = no man. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II.		
i4	And he said, "As "the LORD liveth, there shall "not one hair of thy son fall to the earth."	20 To fetch about this form of speech = To bring about this turn of affairs.		
F	12 Then the woman said, "Let thine hand- maid, I pray thee, speak one word unto my lord the king." And he said, "Say on." 13 And the woman said, "Wherefore then hast thou thought such a thing against the People of "God? for the king doth speak this thing as one which is faulty, in that the king doth not fetch home again his banished. 14 For we must needs die, and are as water spilt on the ground, which cannot be gathered up again; neither doth "God respect any "person: yet doth He devise means, that His banished be not expelled from Him. 15 Now therefore that I am come to speak of this thing unto my lord the king, it is because the People have made me afraid: and thy handmaid said, 'I will now speak unto the	 21-33 (D, p. 426). DAVID'S RECALL OF ABSALOM. (Repeated Alternation and Introversion.) D G¹ 21. David's decision to receive Absalom. H j 22. Joab's thanks. k 23. Absalom in Jerusalem. G² 24-27. David's direction and Absalom's person. H k 28. Absalom in Jerusalem. j 29-33 Joab's appeal. G³ -33. David's reception of Absalom. 21 Behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. I. Some codices read "thou". 22 thanked = blessed. 26 for. Note the Fig. Parenthesis. Ap. 6. king's weight: to distinguish it from the sacred shekel. See Ap. 51. II. 27 three sons. Did not survive him. Cp. 18. 18. 		
	king; it may be that the king will perform the request of his handmaid. 16 For the king will hear, to deliver his hand- maid out of the hand of the °man <i>that would</i> destroy mt and my son together out of the in- heritance of ¹¹ God.' 17 Then thine handmaid said, 'The word of my lord the king shall now be comfortable: for as an angel of ¹¹ God, so <i>is</i> my lord the king to discern good and bad: therefore ¹¹ the LORD thy ¹¹ God will be with thee.'"	 23 So Joab arose and went to Geshur, and brought Absalom to Jerusalem. 24 And the king said, "Let him turn to his own house, and let him not see my face." So Absalom returned to his own house, and saw not the king's face. 25 But in all Israel there was ¹⁹ none to be so much praised as Absalom for his beauty: from the sole of his foot even to the crown of his head there was no blemish in him. 26 And when he polled his head, (° for it was 	k G² 936	
E	18 Then the king answered and said unto the woman, "Hide not from me, I pray thee, the thing that \Im shall ask thee." And the woman said, "Let my lord the king now speak." 19 And the king said, "Is not the °hand of Joab with thee in all this?" And the woman answered and said, "As thy ° soul liveth, my	at every year's end that he polled <i>it</i> : because the hair was heavy on him, therefore he polled it:) he weighed the hair of his head at two hundred shekels after the ° king's weight. 27 And unto Absalom there were born ° three sons, and one daughter, whose name was Ta- mar: $\mathfrak{gh}\mathfrak{g}$ was a woman of a fair countenance.		
	lord the king, onone can turn to the right hand or to the left from ought that my lord the king hath spoken: for thy servant Joab, he bade me, and he put all these words in the mouth of thine handmaid: 20 ° To fetch about this form of speech hath thy servant Joab done this thing: and my lord <i>is</i> wise, according to the wisdom of an angel of ¹¹ God, to know all <i>things</i> that <i>are</i> in the earth."	 28 So Absalom dwelt two full years in Jerusalem, and saw not the king's face. 29 Therefore Absalom sent for Joab, to have sent him to the king; but he would not come to him : and when he sent again the second time. he would not come. 30 Therefore he said unto his servants, "See, Joab's field is near mine, and he hath barley there; go and set it on fire." And Absalom's servants set the field on fire. 31 Then Joab arose, and came to Absalom 	H k 936-935 j	
D G ¹ (p. 427) H j	 21 And the king said unto Joab, "Behold now, I have done this thing: go therefore, bring the young man Absalom again." 22 And Joab fell to the ground on his face, and bowed himself, and "thanked the king: and Joab said, "To day thy servant knoweth 	unto his house, and said unto him, "Wherefore have thy servants set my field on fire?" 32 And Absalom answered Joab. ²¹ "Behold, I sent unto thee, saying, 'Come hither, that I may send the to the king, to say, 'Wherefore		
	that I have found grace in thy sight, my lord, O king, in that the king hath fulfilled the request of his servant."	me to have been there still: now therefore let me see the king's face; and if there be any "iniquity in me, let him kill me.""		
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	14. 33. II. SAI	MUEL. 15. 18.
935	33 So Joab came to the king, and told him: and when he had called for Absalom, he came to the king, and bowed himself on his face to the ground before the king:	 15. 1—19. 43 (Y², p. 424). ABSALOM'S REBELLION. (Alternations, Simple and Extended). Y² J 15. 1-13. Rebellion made. K L 15. 14-37. David. Departure.
G ³ (p. 427)	and the king kissed Absalom.	M 16.1-14. Mephibosheth. Ziba. Shimei. N 16.15-17.23. Jerusalem. Absa- lom's entry.
Y ² J l n (p. 428) 934	15 And °it came to pass after this, that Absalom prepared him chariots and °horses, and fifty °men to °run before him. 2 And Absalom °rose up early, and stood be- side the way of the gate: and it was so, that	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
	when any ¹ man that had a controversy came to the king for judgment, then Absalom called unto him, and said, "Of what city art thou?" And he said, "Thy servant is of one of the tribes of Israel." 3 And Absalom said unto him, "See, thy °mat- ters are good and right; but there is ° no man deputed of the king to hear thee." 4 Absalom said moreover, "Oh that I were made judge in the land, that every ¹ man which hath any suit or cause might come unto me, and I would do him justice!" 5 And it was so, that when any ¹ man came nigh to him to do him obeisance, he put forth his hand, and took him, and kissed him. 6 And on this manner did Absalom to all	 I a for above side and the state of the state of
0	Israel that came to the king for judgment : so Absalom stole the °hearts of the °men of	6 hearts. Put by Fig. <i>Metonymy</i> (of Adjunct), Ap. 6, for affections and adhesion. men. Heb. ' <i>enosh</i> . Ap. 14. III.
m	Israel. 7 And it came to pass after ° forty years, that	7 forty years: i. e. from David's anointing (1 Sam. 16. 13): i. e. 974-934. my vow, which I have vowed. Fig. Polyptöton
	Absalom said unto the king, "I pray thee, let me go and pay °my vow, which I have vowed unto °the LORD, in °Hebron. 8 For thy servant ° vowed a vow while I abode at Geshur in Syria, saying, 'If ⁷ the LORD shall bring me again indeed to Jerusalem, then I will serve ⁷ the LORD.'"	 (Ap. 6)=my solemn vow. the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. Hebron. Where he was born, and had friends. 8 vowed a vow = made a solemn vow. Fig. Polyptöton. Ap. 6. 12 sent for. Sept. reads "sent and called". Ahithophel. David's counsellor. Cp. Ps. 41. 9;
*772	9 And the king said unto him, "Go in peace." So he arose, and went to Hebron.	55. 13. See note on "Uriah", 11. 3. his city. Cp. Josh. 15. 51. offered sacrifices. See Ap. 43. I. iv.
92	10 But Absalom sent spies throughout all the tribes of Israel, saying, "As soon as ye hear the sound of the trumpet, then ye shall say, 'Absa- lom reigneth in Hebron.'" 11 And with Absalom went two hundred ¹ men out of Jerusalem, <i>that were</i> called; and they went in their simplicity, and they knew not any thing. 12 And Absalom °sent for °Ahithophel the Gilonite, David's counsellor, from ° his city, <i>even</i> from Giloh, while he °offered sacrifices. And the conspiracy was strong; for the People ° increased continually with Absalom.	increased. Cp. Ps. 3. 1. 14-37 (L, above). DAVID'S DEPARTURE. (Repeated Alternation.) L $ p^1 $ 14-22. Adherents. (Ittai.) $q^1 $ 23. Weeping of country. $p^2 $ 24-29. Adherents. (Zadok and sons.) $q^2 $ 30. Weeping of David. $p^3 $ 31 Defection. (Ahithophel.) $q^3 $ -31. Prayer of David. $p_4 $ 32-37. Adherents. (Hushai.) 14 evil. Heb. $r\tilde{a}^*a^*$. Ap. 44. viii. city. Put by Fig. Metonymy (of Subject), for its in- habitants. Ap. 6. 15 Behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6.
0	13 And there came a messenger to David, saying, "The hearts of the ¹ men of Israel are after Absalom."	 appoint = choose. 17 a place that was far off. Heb. Beth-hammer- hah. Probably a proper name. 16 Gittites. From Gath, the city of Goliath, now
L p ¹	14 And David said unto all his servants that were with him at Jerusalem, "Arise, and let us flee; for we shall not <i>else</i> escape from Absa- lom: make speed to depart, lest he overtake us suddenly, and bring ° evil upon us, and smite the ° city with the edge of the sword." 15 And the king's servants said unto the king, ° "Behold, thy servants <i>are ready to do</i> what- soever my lord the king shall ° appoint." 16 And the king went forth, and all his house-	18 And all his servants passed on beside him; and all the Cherethites, and all the Pelethites,
	4	28

15.	18.

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934 q ¹ 428) P ²	came after him from Gath, passed on before the king. 19 Then said the king to Ittai the Gittite, "Wherefore goest thou also with us? return to thy place, and abide with the king: for thou art a ° stranger, and also an exile. 20 Whereas thou camest but yesterday, should I this day make thee go up and down with us? seeing 3 go whither 3 may, return thou, and take back thy brethren: ° mercy and ° truth be with thee." 21 And Ittai answered the king, and said, "As 'the LORD liveth, and as my lord the king liveth, surely in what place my lord the king shall be, whether in death or life, even there also will thy servant be." 22 And David said to Ittai, "Go and pass over." And Ittai the Gittite passed over, and all his 6 men, and all the little ones that were with him. 23 And °all the °country wept with a loud voice, and all the People passed over : the king also himself passed over, toward the way of the wilderness. 24 And ° lo Zadok also, and all the Levites	 19 stranger=foreigner. 20 mercy=lovingkindness, or grace. truth=faithfulness. Sept. and Syr. read "Jehovah will deal with thee in lovingkindness and faithfulness". 23 all: i. e. all the country round him. Fig. Synecdoche (of the Whole). Ap. 6. country. Put by Fig. Metonymy (of Subject) for the people. Fig. Prosopopæia. Ap. 6. 24 lo. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. Cod = ha-Elohim (with art.) = the [triune]God. Ap. 4. I. 25 if I shall find favour, &c. God's grace is the basis of all blessing. Cp. Num. 14. 8. Deut. 10. 15. 2 Sam. 22. 20. 1 Kings 10. 9. 2 Chron. 9. 8. Ps. 18. 19; 41. 11; 86. 2 (marg). Acts 7. 46. 26 as = according as. 28 See. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. 30 Olivet. Name due to the Vulg. Oliveti in Acts 1. 12. wept. Cp. Luke 19. 41. head covered. Symbol for self-condemnation. barefoot. Symbol of mourning. Isa. 20. 2, 4. Ezek. 24. 17. 31 told David. The news came when the trial was greatest. Cp. Ps. 41, 9 and 55. 12-14. turn, &c. Cp. Ps. 41; 55; 69; 109. 32 the top. Doubtless a high place where God was worshipped. Nob was near where the Tabernacle once stood. God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I. 	
	 were with him, bearing the ark of the covenant of °God: and they set down the ark of °God; and Abiathar went up, until all the people had done passing out of the city. 25 And the king said unto Zadok, "Carry back the ark of ²⁴ God into the city: ° if I shall find favour in the eyes of ⁷ the LORD, He will bring me again, and shew me both it, and His habitation: 26 But if He thus say, 'I have no delight in thee; ' ¹⁵ behold, here ann I, let Him do to me °as seemeth good unto Him." 27 The king said also unto Zadok the priest, "Art not then a seer? return into the city in peace, and your two sons with you, Ahimaaz thy son, and Jonathan the son of Abiathar. 28 °See, 3 will tarry in the plain of the wilderness, until there come word from you to certify me." 	 behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. Hushai. David's friend. Cp. v. 37; 16. 16. 1 Chron. 27. 33. Archite. Probably = a native of Archi, on frontier of Benjamin and Ephraim. coat = the long tunic with sleeves. 35 hast thou not? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6. 16. 1-14 (M, p. 428). MEPHIBOSHETH, ZIBA, &c. (Introversion.) M r 1, 2. Refreshment brought. s 3, 4. Slander of Ziba. s 6-13. Imprecations of Shimei. r 14. Refreshment partaken of. 1 top. Cp. 15. 32. behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. Mephibosheth. Now thirty-one. Born in 965. Cp. 4. 4. 	
	29 Zadok therefore and Abiathar carried the ark of ²⁵ God again to Jerusalem : and they tarried there.	to Absalom, \Im will be thy servant, O king; as \Im have been thy father's servant hitherto, so will \Im now also be thy servant: ' then may-	
d ₃	30 And David went up by the ascent of mount ° Olivet, and ° wept as he went up, and had his ° head covered, and \mathfrak{h}_e went ° barefoot : and all the People that was with him covered ¹ every man his head, and they went up, weeping as they went up.	est thou for me defeat the counsel of Ahitho- phel. 35 And $^{\circ}$ hast thou not there with thee Zadok and Abiathar the priests? therefore it shall be, that what thing soever thou shalt hear out of the king's house, thou shalt tell <i>it</i> to Zadok	
b3	31 And one ° told David, saying, "Ahithophel is among the conspirators with Absalom."	36 ³² Behold, <i>they have</i> there with them their	
¶³	And David said, "O ⁷ LORD, I pray thee, [°] turn the counsel of Ahithophel into foolishness."	two sons, Ahimaaz Zadok's son, and Jonathan Abiathar's son; and by them ye shall send unto me every thing that ye can hear."	
þ,	32 And it came to pass, that when David was come to ° the top of the mount, where he wor- shipped ° God, ° behold, ° Hushai the ° Archite came to meet him with his ° coat rent, and earth upon his head: 33 Unto whom David said, "If thou passest on with me, then thou shalt be a burden unto me: 34 But if thou return to the city, and say un-	37 So Hushai David's friend came into the city, and Absalom came into Jerusalem. 16 And when David was a little past the °top of the hill, ° behold, Ziba the serv-	M r (p. 429)

	16. 1. II. SA	MUEL. 16. 20
934	raisins, and an hundred of summer fruits, and a ° bottle of ° wine. 2 And the king said unto Ziba, "What mean- est thou by these?" And Ziba said, "The asses be for the king's household to ride on; and the bread and summer fruit for the young men to eat; and the wine, that such as be faint in the wilderness may drink."	 bottle = skin-bottle (Josh. 9. 4. Matt. 9. 17). wine. Heb. yayin. See Ap. 27. I. 3 he said. This was slander. See 19. 2430, and cp the two Structures. 16. 5-13 (s, p. 429). IMPRECATION OF SHIME! (Introversion.) s t 5-8. Imprecations.
s (p. 429)	3 And the king said, "And where <i>is</i> thy mas- ter's son?" And Ziba said unto the king, ¹ "Be- hold, he abideth at Jerusalem: for ^o he said, 'To day shall the house of Israel restore me the kingdom of my father." 4 Then said the king to Ziba, ¹ "Behold, thine <i>are</i> all that <i>pertained</i> unto Mephibosheth." And Ziba said, "I humbly beseech thee <i>that</i> I may find grace in thy sight, my lord, O king."	 u 9. Resentment of Abishai. u 10-12. Forbearance of David. t 13. Imprecations. 5 Bahurim. On east side of Olivet; "in tribe of Benjamin". man. Heb. <i>'ish.</i> Ap. 14. II. 7 come out. Fig. <i>Epizeuxis</i> (Ap. 6): i. e. out = Begone! or Get out! bloody man = man of bloods (pl. denoting much blood).
st [p. 430)	 5 And when king David came to °Bahurim, ¹ behold, thence came out a ° man of the family of the house of Saul, whose name was Shimei, the son of Gera: he came forth, and cursed still as he came. 6 And he cast stones at David, and at all the servants of king David: and all the People and all the mighty men were on his right hand and on his left. 7 And thus said Shimei when he cursed, "Come out, ° come out, thou ° bloody ⁵ man, and ° thou ⁵ man of Belial: 8 °The LORD hath returned upon thee all the blood of the house of Saul, in whose stead thou hast reigned; and ° the LORD hath delivered the kingdom into the hand of Absalom thy son: and, ¹ behold, thou art taken in thy mischief, because thou art a ⁷ bloody ⁵ man." 	 thou man of Belial. Cp. 1 Sam. 1. 16; 10. 27. 8 the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II. 9 dead dog. Fig. Antiprosopopæia. Ap. 6. Cp. 1 Sam. 17. 43. let me go. Cp. 1 Sam. 26. 8. 10 What have I to do? First occurrenceof thi idiom. Fig. Erotësis (Ap. 6). Cp. 19. 22. 1 Kings 17. 19. 2 Kings 3. 13. Matt. 8. 29. Mark 1. 24. Luke 4. 34. John 2. 4. sons of Zeruiah. Cp. 3. 39 and Luke 9. 55. let him curse. Uriah's murder closed David mouth (12. 9). Who shall then? Fig. Erotësis. Ap. 6. 11 Behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. life = soul. Heb. nephesh. Ap. 13. how much? Fig. Erotësis. Ap. 6. 12 look on mine affliction. This is one of the sopherim (Ap. 33). Th primitive text reads "Jehovah will behold with Hip eye". This was thought to be too anthropomorphic
u	9 Then said Abishai the son of Zeruiah unto the king, "Why should this ° dead dog curse my lord the king?° let me go over, I pray thee, and take off his head."	and so was altered, and the alteration recorded. requite. Cp. Ps. 109. 26-28. 13 men. Heb. 'čnosh. Ap. 14. III. cast dust. Heb. "dusted him with dust". Fig Polyptoton (Ap. 6): i. e. cast much dust.
u	 10 And the king said, "" What have I to do with you, ye "sons of Zeruiah? so "let him curse, because "the LORD hath said unto him, 'Curse David.' "Who shall then say, 'Wherefore hast thou done so?'" 11 And David said to Abishai, and to all his servants, "Behold, my son, which came forth of my bowels, seeketh my "life: "how much more now may this Benjamite do it? let him alone, and let him curse; for "the LORD will "look on mine affliction, and that "the LORD will "requite me good for his cursing this day." 	 14 weary. Heb. 'Ayiphim. Perhaps the name of a place, or of a caravansary with that name, "for the weary". 16. 15-17. 23 (N, p. 428). JERUSALEM. ABSALOM'S ENTRY. (Introversion.) N v 16. 15-19. Hushai's mission. Ahithophel's defeat w 16. 20-17. 4. Ahithophel. Counsel given. x 17. 5-13. Hushai. Counsel given. x 17. 14. Hushai. Counsel taken. w 17. 16-22. Ahithophel. Counsel reported. v 17. 23. Hushai's success. Ahithophel's death. 18 choose = hath chosen.
t	13 And as David and his $^{\circ}$ men went by the way, Shimei went along on the hill's side over against him, and cursed as he went, and threw stones at him, and $^{\circ}$ cast dust.	17 And Absalom said to Hushai, "Is this th kindness to thy friend? why wentest thou no with thy friend?"
r p. 429)	14 And the king, and all the People that were with him, came ° weary and refreshed them- selves there.	18 And Hushai said unto Absalom, "Nay; bu whom ⁸ the LORD, and this People, and all th ⁵ men of Israel, ^o choose, his will I be, and wit him will I abide.
N v p. 430)	15 And Absalom, and all the People the ⁵ men of Israel, came to Jerusalem, and Ahithophel with him. 16 And it came to pass, when Hushai the Archite, David's friend, was come unto Absa- lom, that Hushai said unto Absalom, "God	19 And again, whom should 3 serve? <i>should</i> not <i>serve</i> in the presence of his son? as I hav served in thy father's presence, so will I be it

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934	21 And Ahithophel ° said unto Absalom, "Go in unto thy father's concubines, which he hath	21 said. Instigated by feelings of private revenge against David for his sin with Bath-sheba; she being the daughtor of his son Fling. See 92 of the form
	left to keep the house; and all Israel shall hear that thou art abhorred of thy father: then	the daughter of his son, Eliam. See 23. 34. Cp. 11. 3. Foretold by Nathan (12. 11, 12).
	shall the hands of all that <i>are</i> with thee be strong."	 22 the top of the house. Cp. 11. 2. 23 as = according as. oracle = word. The first occurrence of "oracle" as
	22 So they spread Absalom a tent upon ° the top of the house; and Absalom went in unto	a rendering (fifteen times) of dābār, word. The holy
	his father's concubines in the sight of all Israel. 23 And the counsel of Ahithophel, which he	of holies, because there the word of Jehovah was heard. Other occurrences: see 1 Kings 6. 5, 16, 19, 20,
	counselled in those days, was ° as if a ⁵ man had	22, 23, 31; 8. 6, 8. 2 Chron. 3. 16; 4. 20; 5. 7, 9. Ps. 28. 2 Cp. N.T. usage in plural: Acts 7. 38. Rom. 3. 2. Heb.
	enquired at the °oracle of ¹⁶ God: so was all the counsel of Ahithophel both with David and	b. 12, 1 Pet. 4. 11.
	with Absalom. 1 P Moreover Ahithophel said unto Absalom,	17. 1 choose out. Sept. and Vulg. read "choose for myself". men. Heb. ' <i>ish.</i> Ap. 14. II.
1	L7 "Let me now °choose out twelve thou- sand ° men, and °I will arise and pursue after	I will. Ahithophel manifests personal vengeance. See note on 16. 21 and 17. 11.
	David ° this night :	this night. Cp. Ps. 4. 8. Ps. 4 is concerning inherit- ances. David's was in jeopardy (v. 2), but his trust
	2 And ¹ I will come upon him while he is weary and weak handed, and will make him afraid:	was in Jehovah's favour (15. 25; 22. 20, Ps. 18. 19). 4 pleased = was good in the eyes of.
	and all the People that <i>are</i> with him shall flee; and I will smite the king only:	and = and [in the eyes of] all. 5 Call now. Heb. = "Call thou" (cp. "thou",
	3 And I will bring back all the People unto thee: the ¹ man whom thou seekest is as if all	v. 6); but Sept. and Vulg. read "Call ye". 7 counselgiven. Heb. counsel counselled.
	returned: so all the People shall be in peace."	Fig. $Polyptoton$ (Ap. 6) = the good counsel (but "not good" now).
	4 And the saying °pleased Absalom well, °and all the elders of Israel.	8 men. Heb. 'ěnōsh. Ap. 14. III. mighty men. Heb. gibbōrīm. Ap. 14. IV.
x	5 Then said Absalom, ° " Call now Hushai the	chafed = bitter. minds = souls. Heb. nephesh. Ap. 13.
(p. 430)	Archite also, and let us hear likewise what $\mathfrak{h}_{\mathfrak{k}}$ saith."	9 Behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. 10 valiant men=sons of valour.
	6 And when Hushai was come to Absalom, Absalom spake unto him, saying, "Ahithophel	11 as. Fig. Parcemia. Ap. 6. thou=thou thyself. Heb. "thy face". Fig. Synce-
	hath spoken after this manner: shall we do	doche (of Part), Ap. 6, put to emphasise the whole person. to battle. Heb. kārāb, never used of battle (which
	after his saying? if not; speak theu." 7 And Hushai said unto Absalom, "The ° coun-	is milhāmāh). Bikkrab, rendered "to battle", is an abbreviation for $b^{c}kirbah =$ "in the midst of them",
	sel that Ahithophel hath ° given <i>is</i> not good at this time.	which is the reading of the Sept. and Vulg. in thine own person. By all this emphasis Hushai
	8 For," said Hushai, "thou knowest thy father and his ° men, that they be ° mighty men, and	represents Ahithophel's personal malice (which need not disturb Absalom) as being personal pride aimed
	then be ° chafed in their ° minds, as a bear robbed of her whelps in the field : and thy	against Absalom. See <i>vv.</i> 1-3, "I will arise"; "I will come"; "I will smite"; "I will bring back", &c.
	father is a 1 man of war, and will not lodge	12 as = according as. 14 the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.
	with the People. 9 ° Behold, \mathfrak{h} is hid now in some pit, or in	evil = the evil. Heb. rata. Ap. 44. viii. 17 En-rogel. Now the Virgin's Fount, on east side
	some other place: and it will come to pass, when some of them be overthrown at the first,	of Ophel, or Jebus, from which the Zinnor runs up to
	that whosoever heareth it will say, 'There is a slaughter among the people that follow Ab-	the citadel. See note on 5. s. Cp. Josh. 15. 7; 18. 16, and Ap 68, on "Zion".
	salom.' $10 \text{ And } \mathfrak{h} \mathfrak{e}$ also <i>that is</i> valiant, whose heart <i>is</i>	a wench = a maidservant. Cp.Matt. 26. 69. Mark 14. 66. Luke 22. 56. John 18. 17.
	as the heart of a lion, shall utterly melt: for	better than the counsel of Ahithophel." For
	all Israel knoweth that thy father is a ⁸ mighty man, and <i>they</i> which <i>be</i> with him <i>are</i> ^o valiant	°the LORD had appointed to defeat the good
	men. 11 Therefore I counsel that all Israel be gener-	counsel of Ahithophel, to the intent that °the LORD might bring °evil upon Absalom.
	ally gathered unto thee, from Dan even to Beer- sheba, $^{\circ}$ as the sand that <i>is</i> by the sea for	15 Then said Hushai unto Zadok and to
	multitude; and that °thou go 'to battle °in thine own person.	Abiathar the priests, "Thus and thus did Ahi- thophel counsel Absalom and the elders of
	12 So shall we come upon him in some place	Israel; and thus and thus have \Im counselled. 16 Now therefore send quickly, and tell David,
	where he shall be found, and me will light upon him °as the dew falleth on the ground:	saying, 'Lodge not this night in the plains of the wilderness, but speedily pass over; lest the
	and of him and of all the ⁸ men that <i>are</i> with him there shall not be left so much as one.	king be swallowed up, and all the People that
	13 Moreover, if he be gotten into a city, then shall all Israel bring ropes to that city, and we	are with him.'" 17 Now Jonathan and Ahimaaz stayed by
	will draw it into the river, until there be not	^o En-rogel; for they might not be seen to come into the city: and ^o a wench went and told
~	one small stone found there." 14 And Absalom and all the ¹ men of Israel	them; and they went and told king David. 18 Nevertheless a lad saw them, and told Ab-
x		salom: but they went both of them away

E. W. Bullinger

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934	quickly, and came to a ¹ man's house in Ba- hurim, which had a well in his court; whither they ° went down. 19 And the woman took and spread a cover- ing over the well's mouth, and spread ground corn thereon; and the thing was not known. 20 And when Absalom's servants came to the woman to the house, they said, "Where <i>is</i> Ahimaaz and Jonathan?" And the woman °said unto them, "They be gone over the brook of water." And when they had sought and could not find <i>them</i> , they returned to Jeru- salem. 21 And it came to pass, after they were de- parted, that they came up out of the well, and went and toldking David, and said unto David, "Arise, and pass quickly over the water: for thus hath Ahithophel counselled against you." 22 Then David arose, and all the People that <i>were</i> with him, and they passed over ° Jordan: by the morning light there lacked not one of	 18 went down. Wells mostly dry in summer. 20 said. Probably misdirecting them. 22 Jordan. Cp. Pss. 42. 6 and 43; both Pss. referring to this period. 23 put his household in order = gave charge unto his household. hanged himself. Not so much because his counsel was not taken, but because his revenge was not taken on David (see note on 11. 3; 16.21, and 17. 1), and that the conspiracy must fail. Same word in Matt. 27. 5 as in Sept. here (apēgxatō), as though to invite the comparison of Judas with Ahithophel. 17. 24—18. 5 (J, p. 428). REBELLION QUELLED. (Introversion) J O¹ 17. 24—18. 5. Mahanaim. David. Preparation. P 18. 6-18. The battle. O² 18. 19—19. s. Mahanaim. David. Report to. 17. 24 —18. 5 (O¹, above). MAHANAIM, &c. (Alternation.) O¹ y 17. 24 Mahanaim. Arrival. z 1724-26. Camp of Absalom.
v (p. 430)	them that was not gone over Jordan. 23 And when Ahithophel saw that his counsel	 y 17. 27-29. Mahanaim. Refreshments. z 18. 1-5. Camp of David. 24 all. Fig. Synecdoche (of Genus). Ap. 6. The whole put for the greater part 25 made=set, or appointed. captain of=captain over. Ithra an Israelite = Jetheran Ishmeelite. See 1 Chron. 2. 17. Went in to Probably meaning seduced. If so, it
J O ¹ y (p. 432) z	24 Then David came to Mahanaim. And Absalom passed over Jordan, he and °all the ¹ men of Israel with him. 25 And Absalom °made Amasa °captain of the host instead of Joab which Amasa was a ¹ man's son, whose name was °Ithra an Is- raelite, that ° went in to °Abigail the daughter of Nahash, °sister to Zeruiah Joab's mother. 26 So Israel and Absalom pitched in the land of Gilead.	 went in to. Probably meaning seduced. If so, it would be during David's stay in Moab (1 Sam. 22. 3, 4). A bigail. David was probably half-brother to Abigail and Zeruiah, having the same mother; he having Jesse for his father, they having Nahash. sister to Zeruiah. Implying that she was not sister to David. 27 Nahash. Cp. 10. 2. Machir. He had brought up Mephibosheth. Cp. 9. 5. 28 and. Note the Fig. <i>Polysyndeton</i> (Ap. 6) in tv. 28 and 29, emphasising the items. 29 butter. Scarcein Lo-debar. Cp. 9. 4. The word
у	27 And it came to pass, when David was come to Mahanaim, that Shobi the son of °Nahash of Rabbah of the children of Ammon, and °Machir the son of Ammiel of Lo-debar, and Barzillai the Gileadite of Rogelim, 28 Brought beds, °and basons, and earthen vessels, and wheat, and barley, and flour, and parched corn, and beans, and lentiles, and parched <i>corn</i> , and beans, and lentiles, and parched <i>pulse</i> , 29 And honey, and ° butter, and sheep, and cheese of kine, for David, and for the People that were with him, to eat: for they said, "The People <i>is</i> hungry, and weary, and thirsty, in the wilderness."	 means place of "no pasture". 18. 1 numbered=mustered, or inspected. David was now fifty-six. 3 succour us out of the city = come to us out of the city with succour by prayer and counsel. 5 heard. This explains v. 12. 6-18 (P, above). THE BATTLE. (Alternation.) P a 6-8. The battle. Fought. b 9-15. Absalom. Death. a 16. The battle. Return from. b 17, 18. Absalom. Burial. 6 wood of Ephraim. Cp. Josh. 17. 15-18.
2	18 And David ° numbered the People that were with him, and set captains of thou- sands and captains of hundreds over them. 2 And David sent forth a third part of the People under the hand of Joab, and a third part under the hand of Abishai the son of Zeru- iah, Joab's brother, and a third part under the hand of Ittai the Gittite. And the king said unto the People, "3 will surely go forth with you myself also." 3 But the People answered, "Thou shalt not go forth : for if we flee away, they will not care for us; neither if half of us die, will they care for us: but now thou art worth ten thousand of us: therefore now it is better that thou ° suc- cour us out of the city."	with the young man, even with Absalom." And all the People ° heard when the king gave all the captains charge concerning Absalom. 6 So the People went out into the field against Israel: and the battle was in the °wood of Ephraim; 7 Where the People of Israel were slain before the servants of David, and there was there a great slaughter that day of twenty thousand men.
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933	8 For the battle was there scattered over °the face of all the country: and the wood °de- voured more people that day than the sword devoured.	devoured. Heb. "multiplied to devour", to empha-	
b (p. 432)	9 And Absalom met the servants of David. And Absalom rode upon a mule, and the mule went under the thick boughs of a great oak, and his head caught hold of the oak, and he was ° taken up between the heaven and the	 10 man. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II. Behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. 11 girdle. A common present, made of silk, linen, or leather, and worked sometimes in gold. Used for fastening up loose garments. 12 our hosping. Some for the second sec	
	 earth; and the mule that was under him went away. 10 And a certain ° man saw <i>it</i>, and told Joab, and said, ° "Behold, I saw Absalom hanged in an oak." 11 And Joab said unto the ¹⁰man that told him, "And, ¹⁰ behold, thou sawest <i>him</i>, and why didst thou not smite him there to the ground? and I would have given thee ten <i>shekels</i> of silver, and a ° girdle." 12 And the ¹⁰man said unto Joab, "Though 3 	 Beware that none touch = watch any one who [would touch] the, &c. After "Watch", Sept., Aram., Syr., and Vulg. add "for my sake", as in v. 5. 13 life = soul. Heb. nephesh. Ap. 13. 14 darts = clubs. Heb. shebet, a club with a long spike at the end. Still used in Palestine. 15 armour = weapons. slew him. David being fifty-seven years old; Absa- 	
	should receive a thousand shekels of silver in mine hand, yet would I not put forth mine hand against the king's son : for in °our hearing the king charged the and Abishai and Ittai, say- ing, ° Beware that none touch the young man Absalom.'	18 pillar. Marks ambition's aim, while the heap of stones (n. 17) marks ambition's and	
	13 Otherwise I should have wrought false- hood against mine own °life: for there is no matter hid from the king, and thou thyself wouldest have set thyself against <i>me</i> ." 14 Then said Joab, "I may not tarry thus with thee." And he took three °darts in his	18. 19–19. 8 (0 ² , p. 432). MAHANAIM. REPORT. (<i>Division.</i>) 0 ² Q ¹ 18. 19-33. Sorrow indulged. Q ² 19. 1-8. Sorrow restrained. 19. 22 (01 above) SOPROW INDULCED	
	hand, and thrust them through the heart of Absalom, while he was yet alive in the midst of the oak. 15 And ten young men that bare Joab's °armour compassed about and smote Absalom,	S 24David's seat. R -24-32.Tidings delivered. S 33.David's lamentation.	
933 a	and °slew him. 16 And Joab blew the trumpet, and the Peo- ple returned from pursuing after Israel: for Joab held back the People.	 24 between the two gates. The outer and inner gates of the city wall. 19-23 (R, above). TIDINGS BORNE (Extended Alternation.) 	
Ъ	17 And they took Absalom, and cast him into a great pit in the wood, and laid a very great "heap of stones upon him: and all Israel fied every one to his tent. 18 (Now Absalom in his lifetime had taken and reared up for himself a "pillar, which <i>is</i> in the king's dale: for he said, "I have "no son to keep my name in remembrance:" and he called the "pillar after his own name: and it is called unto this day, Absalom's "place.)	Rc19. Request (Cushi).d20. Refusal.e21. Permission.c22 Request (Ahimaaz).d-22. Reluctance.e23. Permission24-39 (R, above). TIDINGS DELIVERED.(Alternation.)Rf-24, 25. The first runner.g26. The second runner.f27-30. Name of first, Ahimaaz.	
Q ¹ R c (p. 433)	19 Then said Ahimaaz the son of Zadok, "Let me now run, and bear the king tidings, how that °the LORD hath avenged him of his ene- mies."	 g 31, 32. Name of second, Cushi. 25 If he be alone. Otherwise it would be flight. 23 "But howsoever," said he, "let me run." 	6
đ	20 And Joab said unto him, "Ibou shalt not bear tidings this day, but thou shalt bear tidings another day: but this day thou shalt bear no tidings, because the king's son is dead."	And he said unto him, "Run." Then Ahimaaz ran by the way of the plain, and overran Cushi. 24 And David sat ° between the two gates:	s
C	21 Then said Joab to Cushi, "Go tell the king what thou hast seen." And Cushi bowed him- self unto Joab, and ran.	and the watchman went up to the roof over the gate unto the wall, and lifted up his eyes, and looked, and 10 behold a 10 man running alone. 25 And the watchman cried, and told the	Rf
¢	22 Then said Ahimaaz the son of Zadok yet again to Joab, "But howsoever, let me, I pray thee, also run after Cushi."	king. And the king said, $^{\circ}$ "If he be alone,	
d	And Joab said, "Wherefore wilt then run, my son, seeing that thou hast no tidings ready?"	26 And the watchman saw another ¹⁰ man running: and the watchman called unto the	g

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^o porter, and said, ²⁴ "Behold <i>another</i> ¹⁰ man running alone." And the king said, "He also bringeth tidings."	26 porter = gatekeeper. No gates without the "Bawab" or gatekeeper. Cp. 2 Kings 7. 17. 1 Chron. 9. 21.	
27 And the watchman said, "Me thinketh the running of the foremost is like the running of Ahimaaz the son of Zadok." And the king said, "He <i>is</i> a ° good ¹⁰ man, and cometh with °good tidings." 28 And Ahimaaz called, and said unto the king, "All is well." And he fell down to the earth upon his face before the king, and said, "Blessed <i>be</i> ¹⁹ the LORD thy °God, Which hath delivered up the °men that lifted up their hand against my lord the king." 29 And the king said, " <i>Is</i> the young man Absalom safe?" And Ahimaaz answered, "When Joab sent the king's servant, ° and <i>me</i> thy servant, I saw a great tumult, but I knew not °what <i>it was.</i> " 30 And the king said <i>unto him</i> , "Turn aside, <i>and</i> stand here." And he turned aside, and stood still.	 28 Blessed be the LORD thy God. Some codices, with three early printed editions, reverse the order, thus changing the emphasis, and read : "Jehovah thy God be blessed". God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I. men. Heb. 'čnish. Ap. 14. III. 29 and = even. what it was = what [it meant]. 32 be as that young man. Fig. Euphemism. Ap. 6. 33 my son my son. Fig. Epizeuxis. Ap. 6. for = instead of. 19. 1-8 (Q², p 433). SORROW RESTRAINED. (Repeated Alternation.) Q² h¹ 1. Mourning of David. i¹ 2, 3. People. Sympathy with the king. h² 4. Mourning of David. i² 5-7. Joab. Remonstrance with the king. h³ 8. Mourning of David and People. 	
31 And, ¹⁰ behold, Cushi came; and Cushi said, "Tidings, my lord the king: for ¹⁰ the LORD hath avenged thee this day of all them that rose up against thee." 32 And the king said unto Cushi, "Is the young man Absalom safe?" And Cushi an- swered, "The enemies of my lord the king, and all that rise against thee to do <i>thee</i> hurt, ° be as <i>that</i> young man <i>is</i> ."	 3 as = according as. 4 covered his face. Symbol of mourning. Occurs only here. my son my son. Fig. Epizeuxis. Ap. 6. Cp. 18. 33. 5 life lives = soul souls. Heb. nephesh. Ap. 13. and. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton. Ap. 6. 6 declared=made clear. 7 Now. Note the Fig. Epanadiplosis (Ap. 6), to emphasise the completeness of Joab's reasoning. 	
33 And the king was much moved, and went up to the chamber over the gate, and wept: and as he went, thus he said, "O °my son Absalom, my son, °my son Absalom! would ²⁸ God 3 had died °for thee, O Absalom, °my son, °my son!"	comfortably. Heb. 'al-lēb, to the heart. Cp. Isa. 40. 2. the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II. 8 Israel. Note this name for Absalom's forces (17. 24, 26; 18. 6, 7). man. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II.	
19 And it was told Joab, ""Behold, the king weepeth and mourneth for Absa- lom." 2 And the victory that day was <i>turned</i> into mourning unto all the People : for the People heard say that day how the king was grieved for his son	9-15 (L, p. 428). DAVID. REFERN. (Introversion.) $L \mid j \mid 9, 10.$ King's return. Desired. $k \mid 11, 12.$ Message to Judah. $k \mid 13.$ Message to Amasa. $ j \mid 14, 15.$ King's return. Accomplished. 10 the king. Note the Fig. Anadiplosis (Ap. 6), "bringing back the king. And the king".	
3 And the People gat them by stealth that day into the city, °as people being ashamed steal away when they flee in battle.	be worse unto thee than all the evil that befell thee from thy youth until ° now."	
4 But the king ° covered his face, and the king cried with a loud voice, "O ° my son Ab- salom, O Absalom, ° my son, ° my son !"	8 Then the king arose, and sat in the gate. And they told unto all the People, saying, "Behold, the king doth sit in the gate." And	h ^s
5 And Joab came into the house to the king, and said, "Thou hast shamed this day the faces of all thy servants, which this day have saved thy °life, ° and the °lives of thy sons and of thy daughters, and the °lives of thy wives, and the °lives of thy concubines; 6 In that thou lovest thine enemies, and hatest thy friends. For thou hast °declared this day, that thou regardest neither princes nor servants: for this day I perceive, that if Absalom had lived, and all we had died this day, then it had pleased thee well. 7 °Now therefore arise, go forth, and speak °comfortably unto thy servants : for I swear by °the LORD, if thou go not forth, there will not	all the People came before the king: for °Israel had fled every °man to his tent. 9 And all the People were at strife through- out all the tribes of Israel, saying, "The king saved us out of the hand of our enemies, and be delivered us out of the hand of the Philis- tines; and now he is fled out of the land for Absalom. 10 And Absalom, whom we anointed over us, is dead in battle. Now therefore why speak be not a word of bringing °the king back?" 11 And king David sent to Zadok and to Abiathar the priests, saying, "Speak unto the	
	rünning alone." And the king said, "He also bringeth tidings." 27 And the watchman said, "Me thinketh the running of the foremost is like the running of Ahimaaz the son of Zadok." And the king said, "He is a ° good ¹⁰ man, and cometh with °good tidings." 28 And Ahimaaz called, and said unto the king, "All is well." And he fell down to the earth upon his face before the king, and said, °"Blessed be ¹⁹ the LORD thy °God, Which hath delivered up the ° men that lifted up their hand against my lord the king." 29 And the king said, "Is the young man Absalom safe?" And Ahimaaz answered, "When Joab sent the king's servant, ° and me thy servant, I saw a great tumult, but I knew not °what <i>it was.</i> " 30 And the king said <i>unto him</i> , "Turn aside, <i>and</i> stand here." And he turned aside, and stood still. 31 And, ¹⁰ behold, Cushi came; and Cushi said, "Tidings, my lord the king: for ¹⁹ the LORD hath avenged thee this day of all them that rose up against thee." 32 And the king said unto Cushi, "Is the young man Absalom safe?" And Cushi an swered, "The enemies of my lord the king, and all that rise against thee to do <i>thee</i> hurt, 'be as <i>that</i> young man <i>is.</i> " 33 And the king was much moved, and went up to the chamber over the gate, and wept : and as he went, thus he said, "O ° my son Absalom, my son, ° my son Absalom.' would 'B God 3 had died ° for thee, O Absalom, ° my son, ° my son !" 19 And it was told Joab, °." Behold, the king weepeth and mourneth for Absa- lom." 3 And the victory that day was <i>turned</i> into mourning unto all the People: for the People heard say that day how the king was grieved for his son. 3 And the victory that day was <i>turned</i> into mourning unto all the People in battle. 4 But the king ° covered his face, and the king cried with a loud voice, "O ° my son Ab- salom, O Absalom, ° my son, 'my son !" 5 And Joab came into the house to the king, and said, " Thou hast shamed this day thee faces of all thy servants, which this day have saved thy ° life, ° and the ° lives of thy sons and of thy daught	 running alone." And the king said, "He also "Branch Mittings." 37 And the watchman said, "Me thinketh and althar is a "good "man, and cometh with signed the running of the formerods is like the running of the formerods is like the running state. "And the king said, "I a "good "man, and cometh with debessed be "the LORD thy "God, Which hath Sessed be "the LORD the King." And the king servart, I saw a great tumuli, but I knew "Sessed be "the LORD the king." And the was." said and bere." And he turned aside, and the set." And the turned aside, and stand Bere." And he turned aside, and stand Bere." And he turned aside, "for "the sessed be" the Lord the king. "I the sessed be" the comment for Absalom as "I the sessed the s

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933	the speech of all Israel is come to the king, even to his house. 12 $\mathfrak{Y}_{\mathfrak{e}}$ are my brethren, $\mathfrak{p}_{\mathfrak{e}}$ are my bones and my flesh: wherefore then are ye the last to bring back the king?'	 13 Art? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6. my bone, &c.: i. e. my near relation = my nephew (17. 26). Son of David's sister Abigail (1 Chron. 2. 17.) God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I. 15 Gilgal. Here Samuel renewed the kingdom. 1 Sam. 11. 14. Cp. Josh. 5. 9; 9. 6; 10. 6. 1 Sam. 7. 16;
k 434)	13 And say ye to Amasa, "Art thou not of "my bone, and of my flesh? God do so to me, and more also, if thou be not captain of the host before me continually in the room of Joab."	 15. 33. to go. Some codices, with one early printed edition, read "to go down". Cp. v. 20. 19. 16-30 (M, p. 428). SHIMEI, ZIBA, AND ME-PHIBOSHETH. (Alternation.)
j	14 And he bowed the heart of all the ⁸ men of Judah, even as <i>the heart of</i> one ⁸ man; so that they sent <i>this word</i> unto the king, "Return thou, and all thy servants." 15 So the king returned, and came to Jordan. And Judah came to [°] Gilgal, [°] to go to meet the king, to conduct the king over Jordan.	$M \mid 1 \mid 18.$ Shimei. Reception. $m \mid 17, 18$ Ziba. Deception. $l \mid -18-23.$ Shimei. Forgiveness. $m \mid 24-30.$ Ziba. Discovery. 16 Shimei. Cp. 16. 5. a = the. Evidently a prominent Benjamite. $-18-23 \ (l, above).$ SHIMEI. FORGIVEN.
<i>M</i> 1 435)	16 And °Shimei the son of Gera, °a Benja- mite, which was of Bahurim, hasted and came down with the 8 men of Judah to meet king David.	(Introversion.) $l \mid n \mid -18$ 20. Shimei. Confession. $o \mid 21$. Abishai. Resentment. $o \mid 22$. Abishai. Resented. $n \mid 23$. Shimei. Forgiveness.
m	17 And there were a thousand ⁸ men of Ben- jamin with him, and Ziba the servant of the house of Saul, and his fifteen sons and his twenty servants with him; and they went over Jordan before the king. 18 And there went over a ferry boat to carry over the king's household, and to do what he thought good.	 19 iniquity. Heb. 'avit. Ap. 44. iv. 20 Joseph. Put by Fig. Metonymy (of Adjunct) for the two tribes (Ephraim and Manasseh), or for the ten tribes, Israel (Amos 5. 6, 15; 6. 6. Obad. 18. Zech. 10. 6). Cp. v. 43. In Ps. 80. 1 and 81. 5, Joseph is put for the twelve tribes. 21 Abishai. Always impetuous. 1 Sam. 26. 8; 2 Sam. 16. 9. 22 What have I to do? See note on 16, 10.
i n	And Shimei the son of Gera fell down before the king, as he was come over Jordan; 19 And said unto the king, "Let not my lord impute °iniquity unto me, neither do thou re- member that which thy servant did perversely the day that my lord the king went out of Jerusalem, that the king should take it to his heart. 20 For thy servant doth know that 3 have sinned: therefore, ¹ behold, I am come the first this day of all the house of ° Joseph ¹⁵ to go down to meet my lord the king."	adversaries. Heb. Satan. shall? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6. for do not I? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6. 24-30 (m, above). ZIBA. DISCOVERY. (Introversion.) m p 24. Mephibosheth. Mourning. q 25. David. Reproach. r 26. Ziba. Deception. r 27, 28. Ziba. Slander. q 29. David. Reparation. p 30. Mephibosheth. Comfort. 24. son = grandson.
0	21 But °Abishai the son of Zeruiah answered and said, "Shall not Shimei be put to death for this, because he cursed ⁷ the LORD's anointed?"	neither dressed, &c. A symbol and proof of great grief. 26 I will saddle . Sept. reads "Saddle for me the ass". A command which Ziba disobeyed, and went off himself instead. But was there only <i>one</i> ass in Jeru-
0	22 And David said, ""What have I to do with you, ye sons of Zeruiah, that ye should this day be "adversaries unto me?" shall there any "man be put to death this day in Israel? "for do not I know that \Im am this day king over Israel?"	 salem? See note on v. 29 to = with. 28 For all, &c. Some codices, with one early printed edition, read "When in all the house of my father were none other than dead men". dead men. Heb. men of death: i. e. doomed men. Heb. 'ënösh. Ap. 14. III. What a size the si
п	23 Therefore the king said unto Shimei, "Thou shalt not die." And the king sware unto him.	What right? Fig. Erotēsis (Ap. 6), to emphasise the free grace of David.
m p	24 And Mephibosheth the °son of Saul came down to meet the king, and had °neither dressed his feet, nor trimmed his beard, nor washed his clothes, from the day the king departed until the day he came <i>again</i> in peace.	and go ° to the king;' because thy servant is lame. 27 And he hath slandered thy servant unto
q	25 And it came to pass, when he was come to Jerusalem to meet the king, that the king said unto him, "Wherefore wentest not thou with me, Mephibosheth?"	my lord the king; but my lord the king <i>is</i> as an angel of ¹³ God: do therefore <i>what is</i> good in thine eyes. 28 °For all <i>of</i> my father's house were but °dead men before my lord the king: yet didst
r	servant deceived me : for thy servant said, ° \mathfrak{G} will saddle me an ass that I may ride thereon,	thou set thy servant among them that did eat at thine own table. [°] What right therefore have I yet to cry any more unto the king?"
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9 (p. 435) 933	29 And the king said unto him, ""Why speakest thou any more of thy matters? "I have said, " Thou and Ziba divide "the land.""	29 Why speakest? Fig. <i>Erotësis</i> (Ap. 6), to show dissatisfaction with Mephibosheth's defence. Hence his division of Saul's estate. See note on v. 26. I have said. Cp. 9. 10. David revokes 16. 4, and	
p	30 And Mephibosheth said unto the king, "Yea, let him take all, ° forasmuch as my lord the king is come again in peace unto his own house."	falls back on 9. 10. Thou and Ziba. Cp. 16. 4. the land: i. e. Saul's estate. 30 forasmuch = now that.	
<i>N</i> s (p. 436)	31 And Barzillai the Gileadite came down from Rogelim, and went over Jordan with the king, to conduct him over Jordan. 32 Now Barzillai was a very aged man, even fourscore years old: and he had provided the king of sustenance while he lay at Mahanaim; for the was a very great ⁸ man. 33 And the king said unto Barzillai, "Come theu over with me, and I will feed the with me	 19. 31-43 (N, p. 428). JERUSALEM. DAVID'S RE-ENTRY. (Alternation.) N s 31-38, Barzillai. t 39 The People. s -39, 40 Barzillai. t -40-43. The People. 34 How long ? Fig. Erotêsis. Ap. 6. 35 can ? can ? Fig. Anaphora. Ap. 6. evil. Heb. rā'a'. Ap. 44. viii. 	
	in Jerusalem." 34 And Barzillai said unto the king, "How long have I to live, that I should go up with the king unto Jerusalem? 35 \Im am this day fourscore years old: and "can I discern between good and "evil?" can thy servant taste what I eat or what I drink? "can I hear any more the voice of singing men and singing women? wherefore then choudd the grouper the work of wherefore then	 -40-43 (t, above). THE PEOPLE. (Repeated Alternation.) t u¹ -40. Judah and Israel. Escort of king. v¹ 41. Israel. Complaint. u² 42. Judah. Answer. v² 43. Israel. Complaint. u³ -43. Judah and Israel. Prevalence. 40 all half. A whole-hearted act on the part of Judah: and a half-hearted act on the part of Israel. This emploine what follows: 	
	should thy servant be yet a burden unto my lord the king? 36 Thy servant will go a little way over Jordan with the king: and why should the king recompense it me with such a reward? 37 Let thy servant, I pray thee, turn back again, that I may die in mine own city, and be buried by the grave of my father and of my mother. But ¹ behold thy servant Chimham; let him go over with my lord the king; and do to him what shall seem good unto thee."	This explains what follows. 41 Why? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6. 20. 1-22 (Y ³ , p. 424). SHEBA'S REVOLT. (Introversion.) Y ³ w 1, 2 Sheba. Revolt made. x -2. Judah's loyalty. y 3. David's concubines. x 4-13. Judah's loyalty. w 14-22. Sheba. Revolt quelled. 1 man. Heb. $7sh$. Ap. 14. II. son of Bichri = a descendant of Becher (Gen. 46, 21).	
	38 And the king answered, "Chimham shall go over with me, and \Im will do to him that which shall seem good unto thee: and what- soever thou shalt require of me, <i>that</i> will I do for thee."	tents. One of the emendations of the Sopherim (Ap. 33), by which they transposed the middle two letters of the primitive text and made it read "tents" instead of "gods". The same was done in 1 Kings 12. 16, and 2 Chron. 10. 16. See notes there.	
t	39 And all the people went over Jordan.	4-13 (x, above). JUDAH'S LOYALTY. (Repeated Alternation.)	
\$	And when the king was come over, the king kissed Barzillai, and blessed him; and he re- turned unto his own place. 40 Then the king went on to Gilgal, and Chimham went on with him:	$x \mid z^1 \mid 4, 5.$ Amasa. Disloyalty. $a^1 \mid 6, 7.$ Joab and Abishai. Pursuit. $z^2 \mid 8-10-$. Amasa. Murder. $a^2 \mid -10, 11.$ Joab and Abishai. Proclamation. $z^3 \mid 12, 13-$. Amasa. Dead.	
<i>t</i> u ¹	and °all the People of Judah conducted the king, and also ° half the People of Israel.	a ³ -13. Joab. Pursuit.	
v ¹	to the king, and said unto the king, ""Why have our brethren the "men of Judah stolen thee away, and have brought the king, and his household, and all David's ²⁸ men with him, over Jordan?"	20 And there happened to be there a °man of Belial, whose name was Sheba, the °son of Bichri, a Benjamite: and he blew a trumpet, and said, "We have no part in David, neither have we inheritance in the son of Jesse: every °man to his °tents, O Israel."	Y ³ w
u²	42 And all the ⁸ men of Judah answered the men of Israel, "Because the king <i>is</i> near of kin to us: wherefore then be ye angry for this matter? have we eaten at all of the king's cost? or hath he given us any gift?"	2 So every ¹ man of Israel went up from after David, and followed Sheba the son of Bichri: but the ¹ men of Judah clave unto their king, from Jordan even to Jerusalem. 3 And David came to his house at Jerusalem;	x y
v ²	43 And the ⁸ men of Israel answered the ⁸ men of Judah, and said, "Be have ten parts in the king, and we have also more <i>right</i> in David than ye: why then did ye despise us, that our advice should not be first had in	and the king took the ten women <i>his</i> concu- bines, whom he had left to keep the house, and put them in ward, and fed them, but went not in unto them. So they were shut up unto the day of their death, living in widowhood.	
ս³	bringing back our king?" And the words of the ⁴¹ men of Judah were fiercer than the words of the ⁴¹ men of Israel.	4 Then said the king to Amasa, "Assemble me the ¹ men of Judah within three days, and be thou here present."	x z ¹

2	0	5
2	J.	J .

¥

9 33	5 So Amasa went to assemble <i>the men of</i> Judah: but he tarried longer than the set time which he had appointed him.	6 thou. Some codices, with two early printed editions, read "now", and others, with Sept., read "now therefore".	
a ¹ (p. 436)	Sheba the son of Bichri do us more harm than did Absalom: take ° thou thy lord's servants, and pursue after him, lest he get him fenced cities, and escape us."	 7 men. Heb. 'ēnösh. Ap. 14. 111. 8 as he went forth it fell out = and it (the sword) dropped out, and fell. 9 Art thou? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6. 13 he was removed, or, thrust. people. Heb. 'īsh. Ap. 14. II. 	
	7 And there went out after him Joab's °men, and the Cherethites, and the Pelethites, and all the mighty men : and they went out of Jeru- salem, to pursue after Sheba the son of Bichri.	20. 14 22 (w, p. 436). SHEBA. REVOLT QUELLED. (Alternation.) w b 14. Abel. Flight to.	
z²	8 When then were at the great stone which is in Gibeon, Amasa went before them. And Joab's garment that he had put on was girded unto him, and upon it a girdle with a sword fastened upon his loins in the sheath thereof; and °as he went forth it fell out. 9 And Joab said to Amasa, ° "Art thou in health, my brother?" And Joab took Amasa by the beard with the right hand to kiss him. 10 But Amasa took no heed to the sword that was in Joab's hand: so he smote him therewith in the fifth rib, and shed out his bowels to the ground, and struck him not again; and he died.	 c 15. Siege laid. b 16-22 Abel. Parley at. c -22. Siege raised. 14 he = Joab. Berites = Bichrites (v. 1). him = Sheba. 15 bank = mound. trench = rampart. 16 hear. Repeated by Fig. Epizeuxis. Ap. 6. 18 They shall, &c. Fig. Paræmia. Ap. 6. 19 a city and a mother = a city, a mother city, too. Fig. Hendiadys (Ap. 6) : i. e. a metropolitan city. the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II. 20 far be it. Repeated by Fig. Epizeuxis. Ap. 6. 21 mount=hill country. Behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. 	
a²	So Joab and Abishai his brother pursued after Sheba the son of Bichri. 11 And one of Joab's ¹ men stood by him, and said, "He that favoureth Joab, and he that <i>is</i> for David, <i>let him go</i> after Joab."	 22 all. Some codices, with three early printed editions, omit "all". her wisdom. Cp. Ecc. 9, 14, 15. tent. Cp. 19. s. 23-26 (K, p. 414). DAVID'S OFFICERS. 	
z ³	12 And Amasa wallowed in blood in the midst of the highway. And when the ¹ man saw that all the People stood still, he removed Amasa out of the highway into the field, and cast a cloth upon him, when he saw that every one that came by him stood still. 13 When °he was removed out of the high- way,	 (Alternation.) K d 23, Military. e 24. Civil. d 25. Ecclesiastical. e 26. Civil. 23 Benaiah. Cp. 8. 18; 23. 20. 1 Kings 1. 8; 2. 34. 24 Adoram. Same name as Adoniram (1 Kings 4. 6). 25 scribe, or secretary. Cp. 8. 17. 26 chief ruler. Cp. 8. 18; 23. 38. 	
a ^s	all the [°] People went on after Joab, to pursue after Sheba the son of Bichri.	20 And Joab answered and said, "Far be it,	
w b (p. 437)	14 And °he went through all the tribes of Israel unto Abel, and to Beth-maachah, and all the °Berites: and they were gathered to- gether, and went also after °him.	 ° far be it from me, that I should swallow up or destroy. 21 The matter <i>is</i> not so : but a ¹man of °mount Ephraim, Sheba the son of Bichri by name, hath lifted up his hand against the king, <i>even</i> 	
с	15 And they came and besieged him in Abel of Beth-maachah, and they cast up a °bank against the city, and it stood in the °trench: and all the People that <i>were</i> with Joab battered the wall, to throw it down.	against David: deliver him only, and I will depart from the city." And the woman said unto Joab, ""Behold, his head shall be thrown	
Ъ	16 Then cried a wise woman out of the city, "Hear, °hear; say, I pray you, unto Joab, 'Come near hither, that I may speak with thee.'"		
	17 And when he was come near unto her, the woman said, "Art thou Joab?" And he an-	And he blew a trumpet, and they retired from the city, every ¹ man to his [°] tent. And Joab returned to Jerusalem unto the king.	C
	swered, "J am he." Then she said unto him, "Hear the words of thine handmaid." And he answered, "J do hear."	23 Now Joab was over all the host of Israel: and $^{\circ}$ Benaiah the son of Jehoiada was over the Cherethites and over the Pelethites:	K d
	18 Then she spake, saying, "They were wont to speak in old time, saying, "They shall surely ask <i>counsel</i> at Abel:' and so they ended	24 And °Adoram was over the tribute: and Jehoshaphat the son of Ahilud was recorder:	е
	the matter. 19 3 am one of them that are peaceable and faithful in Israel: theu seekest to destroy °a	25 And Sheva was ° scribe: and Zadok and Abiathar were the priests:	d
	city and a mother in Israel: why wilt thou swallow up the inheritance of ° the LORD?"	26 And Ira also the Jairite was a $^{\circ}$ chief ruler about David.	e

21. 1.

II. SAMUEL.

Ϊf (p. 438) 932

to 930

g

21 Then there was a ° famine in the days of David three years, ° year after year; and David enquired of ° the LORD. And ° the LORD answered, "It is for Saul, and for his bloody house, because he slew the Gibeonites.

2 And the king called the °Gibeonites, and said unto them; °(now the Gibeonites °were not of the ° children of Israel, but of the remnant of the Amorites; and the ° children of Israel had sworn unto them: and Saul sought to slay them in his zeal to the °children of Israel and Judah.)

3 Wherefore David said unto the Gibeonites, "What shall I do for you? and wherewith shall I make the atonement, that ye may bless the inheritance of 1 the LORD?"

4 And the Gibeonites said unto him, "We will have no silver nor gold of Saul, nor of his house; neither for us shalt thou kill ° any man in Israel." And he said, "What ye shall say, that will I do for you."

5 And they answered the king, "The 4 man that consumed us, and that devised against us that we should be destroyed from remaining in any of the ° coasts of Israel,

6 Let seven ° men of his sons be delivered unto us, and we will hang them up unto ¹ the LORD in Gibeah of Saul, whom 1 the LORD did choose. And the king said, "3 will give them.'

7 But the king spared Mephibosheth, the son of Jonathan the son of Saul, because of ¹ the LORD'S oath that was between them, between David and Jonathan the son of Saul.

8 But the king took the two sons of Rizpah the daughter of Aiah, whom she bare unto Saul, Armoni and Mephibosheth; and the five sons of "Michal the daughter of Saul, whom she brought up for Adriel the son of Barzillai the Meholathite:

9 And he delivered them into the hands of the Gibeonites, and they hanged them in the hill before 1 the LORD: and they fell all seven together, and ² were put to death in the days of harvest, in the first days, in the beginning of barley harvest.

10 And Rizpah the daughter of Aiah took h sackcloth, and spread it for her upon the rock, from the beginning of harvest until water dropped upon them out of heaven, and suffered neither the birds of the air to rest on them by day, nor the beasts of the field by night.

11 And it was told David what Rizpah the daughter of Aiah, the concubine of Saul, had done.

12 And David went and took the bones of g Saul and the bones of Jonathan his son from the "men of Jabesh-gilead, which had stolen them from the "street of Beth-shan, where the Philistines had hanged them, ° when the Philistines had slain Saul in Gilboa:

13 And he brought up from thence the bones of Saul and the bones of Jonathan his son; to battle, that thou quench not the 'light of and they gathered the bones of them that were Israel." hanged.

14 And the bones of Saul ° and Jonathan his son buried they in the country of Benjamin in Zelah, in the sepulchre of Kish his father: and they performed °all that the king commanded.

21. 1-14 (*L*, p. 414). DAVID'S ZEAL. (Introversion.)

 $L \mid f \mid 1$. The land. God's judgment on it.

g | 2-9. Saul's sons. Reparation. h | 10, 11. Rizpah. Mourning.

g | 12-14-. Saul's sons. Recovery of bones.

|f| - 14. The land. God intreated for it.

1 famine. One of the thirteen mentioned. See

note on Gen. 12. 10. year after year = the year after that year: i.e. 932.

David being now fifty-eight.

the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II.

2 Gibeonites. Cp. Josh. 9. 3, 16, 17.

now. Note the Fig. Parenthesis. Ap. 6.

were =then [were]. children = sons. 4 any man. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14, II.

5 coasts = borders.

6 men. Heb. 'enosh. Ap. 14. III.

8 Michal. Some codices, cited in the Massorah, with

Sept. and Syr., read "Merab", as in 1 Sam. 18. 19. **12** men = lords, or masters (Heb. baalim).

1 Sam. 31. 10. 13.

street. The open space by the gate (2 Chron. 32. 6. Neh. 8. 1, 3, 16). when = in the day.

14 and Jonathan. Some codices, with two early printed editions, and Sept., read "the bones of Jonathan ".

all. Some codices, with one early printed edition, read " according to all ".

God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I.

15-22 (M, p. 414). WARS AND EVENTS. (Repeated Alternation).

i¹ | 15. War with Philistines.

М ls¹ | 16, 17. Giant (Ishbi-benob). Slain by Abishai. i² | 18-. Battle at Gob.

k² | -18. Giant (Saph). Slain by Sibbechai. | 19-. Battle at Gob.

- k^{3} = 19. Giant (brother of Goliath). Slain by Elbanan.

i⁴ | 20-. Battle at Gath.

- kⁱ | -20, 21. Giant. Slain by Jonathan.
- i⁵ | 22. End of war.

15 war again. 930-923 B.C. waxed faint. David was now sixty.

16 giant = Rapha. See Ap. 23 and 25.

thought to have slain, or, said he would slay.

17 light=lamp. Cp. Gen. 15. 17. 1 Kings 15. 4. Prov. 13. 9; 20. 20, though not the same word in Gen. 15. 17. 18 Gob. Some codices, with two early printed editions, read "Nob".

And after that ° God was intreated for the land.

15 Moreover the Philistines had yet ° war again with Israel; and David went down, and his servants with him, and fought against the Philistines: and David °waxed faint.

930 to

16 And Ishbi-benob, which was of the sons of the °giant, the weight of whose spear weighed three hundred shekels of brass in weight, he being girded with a new sword, thought to have slain David.

17 But Abishai the son of Zeruiah succoured him, and smote the Philistine, and killed him. Then the ⁶men of David sware unto him, saying, "Thou shalt go no more out with us

18 And it came to pass after this, that there was again a battle with the Philistines at Gob:

then Sibbechai the Hushathite slew Saph, \mathbf{k}^2 which was of the sons of the ¹⁶ giant.

Mi

923 k۱

	21 . 19.	II. SA	MUEL.	22. 16.
i ³ (p. 438)	19 And there was again a the Philistines,	battle in ¹⁸ Gob with	19 the brother of Goliath . Omit the in understand another giant of the same na Goliath of 1 Sam. 17.	,
930-923 k ³	where Elhanan the son Beth-lehemite, slew ° <i>the</i> the Gittite, the ° staff of w a weaver's beam.	brother of °Goliath	staff. Heb. "wood", put by Fig. Metonymy for what was made from it. Ap. 6. 21 defied = reproached.	1
i‡	20 And there was yet a t	oattle in Gath,	22. 1–23. 7 (<i>H</i> , p. 414). WORSH (<i>Division.</i>)	IP.
k*	where was a ⁴ man of gree on every hand six fingers six toes, four and twenty also was born to the ¹⁶ gi 21 And when he ° defied son of Shimeah the brothe	s, and on every foot in number; and he iant. Israel, Jonathan the	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	ID.
i ⁵	22 These four were bor Gath, and fell by the har the hand of his servants.		$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c } & m & \$-16. \\ \hline m & \$-16. \\ \hline V & l & 17-28. \\ \hline m & 29-49. \\ \hline V & t & 17-28. \\ \hline m & 29-49. \\ \hline V & t & 17-28. \\ \hline \end{array} $	s. Arms.
НТ ¹ (р. 439)	22 And °David spake words of °this song LORD had delivered him of his enemies, and out of the	g in the day <i>that</i> ° the ut of the hand of all	1 David spake. At this point in his hist 1018 g. c.). This song was written and edit later as Ps. 18, with the full liberty of all oth of their own work. the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. this song. Cp. Ex. 15. Deut. 32.	ed by him
U	2 And he said, ¹ "The LORD <i>is</i> my °rc and my deliverer; 3 °The °God of my °r		 2 rock. Heb. sel^ta = a shadow, or shelter. F rence. 3 The God of my rock. Sept. and Syr. God was my rock "=immovable defence (De 	read "My
	trust: <i>He is</i> my shield, and t tion, My high tower, and m	he horn of my salva-	God. Heb. Elohim. Ap. 4. I. rock. Heb. $z \overline{u}r = a$ cliff, in situ. See 31. 3; 42. 9; 71. 3. 4-7 (l, above). PRAYER MADE	Ps. 18. 2;
	My saviour; Thou s lence.		(Introversion.) 1 A 4. Call for deliverance.	- .
VIA	4 I will call on ¹ the Lo to be praised : So shall I be saved fro	-	B 5. Compassed by pangs. B 6. Compassed by sorrows. A 7. Call for deliverance. 5 When, or, For. ungodly men	Poliol
В	5° When the waves of o The floods of °ungo afraid;	death compassed me, odly men made me	6 sorrows of hell = meshes of Sheol. See 8-16 (m, above). OVERTHROW OF EX	Ap. 35.
В	6 The °sorrows of hell o The snares of death p		$\begin{array}{c c} TEMPEST. & (Introversion.) \\ m & C & s & On earth. & Wonders. \\ D & -s-10 & In heaven. & Fire. \end{array}$	
A	7 In my distress I called And cried to my ³ God And He did hear m temple, And my cry did enter	y voice out of His	E -10, Darkness. F 11, Speedy succour. E 12, Darkness. D 13-15. In heaven. Fire. C 16, On earth. Wonders. B The. Some codices, with Sept. and	Svr., read
m C	8 Then the earth shook	and trembled;	"and the". 11 fly. Fig. Anthropopatheia. Ap. 6.	
D	° The foundations of h And shook, because H 9 There went up a smok And fire out of His mo Coals were kindled by 10 He bowed the heav down;	Ie was wroth. te out of His nostrils, outh devoured : 7 it. ens also, and came	 was seen. Some codices, with two ear editions, read "and darted". wind. Heb. rūach. Ap. 9. 12 Dark = gathering of. 14 the Most HIGH. Heb. Elyōn. Ap. 4. 16 channels. Heb. 'ăphiķim, a waterco strained by rocks or pipes or rocky chann occurrence. See Job 6. 15; 12. 21; 40. 18; 41. 15 	VI ourse, con- els. First 5. Ps. 18. 16;
Ε	And darkness was un	der His feet.	42. 1; 126. 4. Song 5. 12. Isa. 8. 7. Ezek. 6 32. 6; 34. 13; 35. 8; 36. 4, 6. Joel 1. 20; 3. 18.	
F	11 And He rode upon a c And He °was seen up °wind.		on these eighteen passages for the various re	enderings.
E	12 And He made darkn about Him, [°] Dark waters, and skies.	-	 14 ¹The LORD thundered from heave And ° the MOST HIGH uttered Hi 15 And He sent out arrows, and them; Lightning, and discomfited them. 	s voice. scattered
D	13 Through the brightn coals of fire kindl		16 And the ° channels of the sea app	
		4	139	

C

22.	16.

II. SAMUEL.

930 to 923	The foundations of the world were ° dis- covered, At the rebuking of 'the LORD,	discovered = laid bare. blast = n ^e shāmāh. Ap. 16. breath. Heb. <i>vūacļu.</i> Ap. 9.	
	At the °blast of the °breath of His nostrils.	22. 17-28 (<i>l</i> , p. 439). PRAYER ANSWERED.	
l G (p. 440)	 17 He sent from above, He took me; He drew me out of many waters; 18 He delivered me from my strong enemy, And ° from them that hated me: 	(Introversion.) l G 17, 18 Deliverance. H -18. Enemies. H 19 Enemies. G -19-28. Deliverance.	
н	For they were too strong for me.	18 from. Some codices, with Syr. and Vulg., read "and from". Cp. Ps. 18. 17.	
H	19 They ° prevented me in the day of my calamity:	 19 prevented = got before. 23 judgments. Cp. Deut. 4. 1, note. 24 upright = blameless. Heb. tāmīm. 	
G	But ¹ the LORD was my stay. 20 He brought me forth also into a large place: He delivered me, because He delighted in me.	iniquity. Heb. ' $dvdh$. Ap. 44. iv. 26 merciful = gracious. And. Some codices, with two early printed editions, Sept., Syr., and Vulg., read this "And" in text.	
	21 ¹ The LORD rewarded me according to my righteousness: According to the cleanness of my hands	man. Heb. gibbor. Ap. 14. IV. 27 shew Thyself unsavoury = show Thyself ready to contend. unsavoury = a wrestler. Cp. Ps. 18, 26.	
	hath He recompensed me. 22 For I have kept the ways of ¹ the LORD, And have not wickedly departed from my	29-49 (m, p. 439). OVERTHROW OF ENEMIES. ARMS. (Extended Alternation.)	
	³ God. 23 For all His ^o judgments were before me: And as for His statutes, I did not depart from them.	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	
	 24 I was also ° upright before Him, And have kept myself from mine ° iniquity. 25 Therefore ¹ the LORD hath recompensed 	J 47. Jehovah my life. K 48. God my avenger. L 49 God my exalter.	
	me according to my righteousness ; According to my cleanness in His eye sight. 26 With the ° merciful Thou wilt shew Thy- self ° merciful,	 M -49. Deliverance. 29 lamp=light. 30 By. Some codices, with two early printed editions, Sept., Aram., and Syr., read "And by". 31 GOD. Heb. 'El. Ap. 4. IV. 	
	 ^oAnd with the ²⁴ upright ^oman Thou wilt shew Thyself ²⁴ upright. 27 With the pure Thou wilt shew Thyself 	word = statements. Heb. ' <i>imrah</i> , what is said. See Ap. 73. v. is tried = hath been proved.	
1	pure; And with the froward Thou wilt °shew Thyself °unsavoury.	32 who? Fig. Erotēsis. Ap. 6. 33 strength = fortress. power = strength.	
0	28 And the afflicted people Thou wilt save: But Thine eyes are upon the haughty, That Thou mayest bring them down.	maketh my way perfect: or, showeth to the blameless His way. Some codices, with two early printed editions, read "my way", as in Ps. 18. 32. 34 setteth = maketh me to stand firm.	
т Ј	29 For Thom art my ° lamp, ¹ O LORD: And ¹ the LORD will lighten my darkness.	my high places. Contrast the "high places" so fatal to Jonathan and Saul (1. 25). 42 looked = looked about. But Aram., Sept., Syr.,	
K	30 For by Thee I have run through a troop: ° By my ³ God have I leaped over a wall. 31 As for ° GOD, His way is perfect;	and Vulg. read "cried out". Cp. Ps. 18. 41. 44 strivings=contentions.	
	The ° word of ¹ the LORD ° <i>is</i> tried:	 39 And I have consumed them, and wounded them, that they could not arise : Yea, they are fallen under my feet. 40 For Thou hast girded me with strength to 	
L	33 ³¹ GOD <i>is</i> my ° strength <i>and</i> ° power : And He ° maketh my way perfect.	battle : Them that rose up against me hast Thou	
	 34 He maketh my feet like hinds' feet: And ° setteth me upon ° my high places. 35 He teacheth my hands to war; So that a bow of steel is broken by mine 	subdued under me. 41 Thou hast also given me the necks of mine enemies,	
	arms. 36 Thou hast also given me the shield of Thy salvation :	Even unto ¹ the LORD, but He answered	
	And Thy gentleness hath made me great. 37 Thou hast enlarged my steps under me; So that my feet did not slip.	43 Then did I beat them as small as the dust of the earth,	
	38 I have pursued mine enemies, and destroyed them;	And did spread them abroad.	
	And turned not again until I had consumed them.	44 Thou also hast delivered me from the ° strivings of my People,	

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	22 . 44. II. S	AMUEL. 23. 5.
930 to	Thou hast kept me to be head of th °heathen:	45 Strangers = foreigners.
923	A people <i>which</i> I knew not shall serve m 45 ° Strangers ° shall submit themselves un me:	
	As soon as they hear, they shall be ob dient unto me.	 48 People = Peoples. 49 violent man : i. e. Saul.
	46 ⁴⁵ Strangers shall fade away, And they ° shall be afraid out of their close places.	se man. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II. 51 tower. Fig. Prosopopæia. Ap. 6.
J (p. 440)	47 ¹ The LORD liveth; and blessed <i>be</i> my rocl And exalted be the ³ God of the rock of m salvation.	
ĸ	48 It <i>is</i> ³¹ GOD That avengeth me, And That bringeth down the [°] People unde me,	1-3- (W ¹ , above), THE SPEAKER. (Division.)
L	49 And That bringeth me forth from min	
	enemies: Thou also hast lifted me up on high abov them that rose up against me :	his "song" under his "worship", and make the corre- spondence shown in the Structure. See p. 414. 1 last words. Hence their importance.
М	Thou hast delivered me from the °violer °man.	dabar. Ap. 73. x.
U	50 Therefore I will give thanks unto Thee, ¹ LORD, among the ⁴⁴ heathen, And I will sing praises unto Thy name.	God. Heb. 'Elohim. Ap. 4. I. God of Jacob: i. e. the God Who met Jacob when he
	51 He is the ° tower of salvation for His king And sheweth mercy to His anointed, Unto David, and to his seed for evermore	promised him all = therefore "the God of all grace". Cp. Ps. 146. 5 and 1 Pet. 5. 10, referring to the grace which had called David
T ² W ¹ X ¹ (p. 441)	23 Now these be the °last ° words of Davi David the son of Jesse ° said, And the °man who was raised up on hig The anointed of the °God of Jacob, And the sweet psalmist of Israel, ° said,	 2 Spirit = rūach. Ap. 9. the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II. spake: referring to the substance of the Divine revelation. Heb. dabar = to utter. See Ap. 73. x. word. Heb. milläh. Used of a royal or divine decree
X²	 "The ° Spirit of ° the LORD ° spake by m And His ° word was in my tongue. The 'God of ° Israel ° said, The Rock of ° Israel ° spake to me, 	 (Ps. 19. 14. Dan. B. 22, 28, &c.). 3 Israel. The higher title (not Jacob), because human instrumentality not in question here. said. Here Heb. '<i>āmar</i>, referring to the <i>matter</i> of the Divine revelation. See Ap. 73. v.
W ² n	'He that ruleth over ° men must be just,	spake. See note on "spake", v. 2. men. Heb. 'ādām. Ap. 14. I.
0	Ruling in the fear of ¹ God.	-3-7 (W ² , above). THE WORDS. (Introversion.)
o p	4 °And he shall be as the light of the morning, when the °sun riseth,	$ \begin{array}{c c} \mathbf{M}^2 & \mathbf{n} & & -3 \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c c} \mathbf{M}^2 & \mathbf{n} & & -3 \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c c} \mathbf{n} & & -3 \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c c} \mathbf{n} & & \mathbf{n} \\ \mathbf{n} & & -3 \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c c} \mathbf{n} & & \mathbf{n} \\ $
$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{q} \\ p \end{array}$	<i>Even</i> a morning without clouds; As the tender grass <i>springing</i> out of the	$n \mid 5-7$. The ruler. Actual.
F	earth	4 (0, above). THE IDEAL RULE. (Introversion.)
<i>q</i>	By clear shining after rain.'	q -4 Its clearness. the order
n r ¹ s t	 S "Although my house be not so with "GOD" Yet He hath made with me an everlastin covenant, 	$v \mid v \mid -4$. The light. Effect on earth. $f \mid m \mid n \in \mathcal{S}$.
	Ordered in all things, and sure:	sun. Cp. Ps. 72. 6, 7, 16. Jer. 23. 5, 6. Mal. 4. 2.
2	° For <i>this is</i> all my salvation, and all <i>m</i> desire,	Y 5-7 (n, above). THE RULER. ACTUAL. (Division.)
s	°Although He make ° <i>it</i> not to grow.	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c } n & r^1 & 5. & \text{The ruler.} \\ r^2 & \varsigma, 7. & \text{The ruled.} \end{array}$
	5 (r ¹ , above). THE r ¹ s 5 David's house. t -5 God's cover t -5 God's cover s -5. David's house.	
	5 Although = For (Heb. $k\bar{\imath}$). GOD. Heb. El. tuate and translate :	Ap. 4. IV. $\mathbf{Yet} = \text{for}(\text{Heb}, ki)$, $\mathbf{F}' \text{or}(\text{Heb}, ki)$, Punc-
	r ¹ s For is not my hou t For He hath made	de a covenant sure (2 Sam. 7). } The Covenant. nt) is all my desire. \int

it = i. e. my house.

2	3	6
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II. SAMUEL.

r² u (p. 442)	6 But the sons of Belial shall be all of them as thorns °thrust away,	23. 6, 7 (r ² , p. 441). THE RULED. (Introversion.) r ² u 6 The sons of Belial. Put to flight.
930-923	Because they cannot be °taken with hands:	v -6. How they cannot be ruled.
v v	7 But the °man <i>that</i> shall touch them must be °fenced with iron and the staff of a spear;	 v 7 How they can be ruled. u -7. The sons of Belial. Consumed. 6 thrust away = put to flight, chased away. taken = handled.
u	And they shall be utterly burned with fire ° in the same place."	7 man. Heb. 'ish. Ap. 14. II. fonced = furnished. in the same place = on the spot.
JΥ	8 These be the names of °the mighty men whom David had:	8-39 (J, p. 414). DAVID'S MIGHTY MEN. (Introversion.) J Y 8 Names.
ZAw ¹	[°] The Tachmonite that sat in the seat, chief among the captains; the same was Adino the Eznite:	Z -8-24 Principal. Z -24-39 Subordinate. Y -39. Number. -8-24- (Z, above). THE PRINCIPAL.
x ¹	he lift up his spear against eight hundred, whom he slew at one time.	$(Introversion and Repeated Alternation.)$ $Z \mid A \mid w^{1} \mid -8 Adino.$
w ²	9 And after him was Eleazar the son of Dodo the Ahohite, one of the three ⁸ mighty men with David, when they defied the Philistines <i>that</i> were there gathered together to battle, and ° the men of Israel were gone away:	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
Z3	\cdot 10 be arose, and smote the Philistines until his hand was weary, and his hand clave unto the sword: and ° the LORD wrought a great victory that day; and the people returned after him only to spoil.	A w^4 18 Abishai. x^4 x^4 -18 , 19. Achievement and rank. w^5 Second three. w^5 20 Benaiah. x^5 -20 -23. Achievement and rank. w^6 Second three. w^6 24 Asahel. 24 Asahel.8 the mighty men.Heb. gibbor.Ap. 14. IV. This
W ³	11 And after him was ° Shammah the son of Agee the Hararite. And the Philistines were gathered together ° into a troop, where was a piece of ground full of ° lentiles: and the people ° fled from the Philistines.	rehearsal comes at the end of David's reign, immediately before the setting up of the kingdom under Solomon. Even so will it be, at the time of the end, with the true David. The Tachmonite that sat in the seat. A.V. marg. and R.V. text = "Josheb-bassebet the Tachmonite".
X ³	12 But he stood in the midst of the ground, and defended it, and slew the Philistines: and ¹⁰ the LORD wrought a great victory.	Really = Ish-bosheth, put for Ish-baal = "man of Baal, son of a Hachmonite" (cp. 1 Chron. 11.11), altered later to Adino. Cp. St. Peter's exploit (Acts 2), and Stephen's (Acts 6. 7).
B 4 w'	 13 And °three of the °thirty chief went down, and came to David in the harvest time unto the cave of Adullam: and the troop of the Philistines pitched in the valley of °Rephaim. 14 And David was then in °an hold, and the garrison of the Philistines was then in Bethlehem. 15 And David longed, and said, "Oh that one would give me drink of the water of the well of Beth-lehem, which is by the gate!" 16 And °the three *mighty men brake through the host of the Philistines, and drew water out of the well of Beth-lehem, that was by the gate, and took <i>it</i>, and brought <i>it</i> to David : nevertheless he would not drink thereof, but poured it out unto ²the LORD. 17 And he said, "Be it far from me, O ²LORD, that I should do this: °is not this the blood of the °men that went °in jeopardy of their °lives?" therefore he would not drink it. These things did these three mighty men. 18 And °Abishai, the brother of Joab, the son 	1. 15; 4. 16, 17. 10 the LORD (Heb. Jehovah, Ap. 4. II) wrought. Cp. v. 12, and see Acts 14. 27; 15. 4, 12; 21. 19. 11 Shammah. Like Acts 14. 3. into a troop. Probably=the place, Lehi. lentiles. See note on 1 Chron. 11. 13. fled. See note on v. 9, "gone away". 13 threethirty. See note on 1 Chron. 27. 1. Rephaim = Rapha. A noted descendant of the Nephilim. See Ap. 23 and 25. 14 an hold = a fort, or garrison. 16 the three. The three referred to in v. 13. 17 is not this? Supply instead "shall I drink?" men. Heb. 'ënösk. Ap. 14. III. in jeopardy of their lives = with their lives [in their hands]. lives = souls. Heb. nephesh. Ap. 13. "Soul" put by Fig. Metonymy (of Adjunct), Ap. 6, for "blood", which is another name for it. Cp. Gen. 9. 4. Lev. 17. 11. Deut. 12. 23. Ap. 13. 18 Abishai. Mentioned in 10. 10, 14; 16. 9; 18. 2; 19. 21. 1 Sam. 26. 6-9. was = be [was].
X ⁴	of Zeruiah, ° was chief ° among ¹³ three.	of three $=$ of [the second] three. See the Structure above, and note on v. 13.
	dred, and slew them, and had the name among ¹³ three. 19 °Was he not most honourable ° of three?	occurs only here and twice in Isa. 29. 1, 2.
	attained not unto the <i>first</i> ¹³ three.	of a valiant ⁷ man, of Kabzeel, who had done many acts,

w⁵ 20 And Benaiah the son of Jehoiada, the son $\mathfrak{h}\mathfrak{e}$ slew two °lionlike men of Moab: $\mathfrak{h}\mathfrak{e}$ went x^5 442

	23. 20. II. SA	MUEL. 24. 6.	
930 to 923	down also and slew $^{\circ}$ a lion in the midst of $^{\circ}$ a pit in time of $^{\circ}$ snow: 21 And h_{ℓ} slew an Egyptian, a $^{\circ}$ goodly 7 man: and the Egyptian had a spear in his hand;	aasnow. All these have the Art., as being a well-known exploit. 21 goodly of appearance. Heb. = a sight to see. 1 Chron. 11. 23 = stature. with his own spear. Often done now spiritually by	
	but he went down to him with a staff, and plucked the spear out of the Egyptian's hand, and slew him ° with his own spear. 22 These <i>things</i> did Benaiah the son of	the servants of the true David. 24 Asahel. The third of the second three. brother of Joab, but not Joab. His <i>name</i> here but not <i>himself</i> , because when the time of the end comes,	
	Jehoiada, and had the name among three ⁸ mighty men. 23 He was more honourable than the thirty, but he attained not to the <i>first</i> ¹³ three. And	with its "last words", <i>loyalty</i> will be the one test. Joab remained true in Absalom's rebellion, but fell away in Adonijah's. Hence in 1 Cor. 16. 22 " <i>love</i> " is the test, in the light of "Maran-atha", <i>not</i> the "strifes"	
w ⁶ (p. 442)	David set him over his guard. 24 °Asahel the ° brother of Joab was one of the ¹³ thirty;	of ch. 3, or the wrong judgments of ch. 4, or the un- cleanness of ch. 5, or going to law of ch. 6; not the fornication of ch. 7, not a wrong conscience of chs. 9, 10, not ecclesiastical disorders of ch. 11, not the misuse of	
Z	Elhanan the son of Dodo of Beth-lehem, 25 Shammah the Harodite, Elika the Harodite, 26 Helog the Baltite	special gifts (chs. 12, 13, 14), not orthodoxy(ch. 15), but "love" and loyalty to the Person of Christ, the true David, David's son and David's Lord. 34 the. Probably "Hanan", the son, &c. (1 Chron.	
	 26 Helez the Paltite, Ira the son of Ikkesh the Tekoite, 27 Abiezer the Anethothite, Mebunnai the Hushathite, 	 11. 43), making three named in this verse. son of Ahithophel. But not Ahithophel himself, on account of his disloyalty. See note on v. 24, above. 37 armourbearer. Joab's armourbearer named, but not Joab himself. See note on v. 24, above. 	1
	 28 Zalmon the Ahohite, Maharai the Netophathite, 29 Heleb the son of Baanah, a Netophathite, Ittai the son of Ribai out of Gibeah of the 	39 Uriah. Is doubly honoured, being named with his son; but Joab or Ahithophel are not named. Read Jer. 9. 23, 24. thirty and seven in all: i.e. first three + second	
	children of Benjamin, 30 Benaiah the Pirathonite, Hiddai of the brooks of Gaash, 31 Abi-albon the Arbathite,	 three + thirty-one of vv. 24-39. 24. 1-25 (E, p. 414). DAVID'S SIN IN NUM-BERING. (Alternation.) 	
	Azmaveth the Barhumite, 32 Eliahba the Shaalbonite, Of the sons of Jashen, Jonathan,	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	
	 33 Shammah the Hararite, Ahiam the son of Sharar the Hararite, 34 Eliphelet the son of Ahasbai, °the son of the Maachathite, 	b 3, 4. Joab's objection.	
	Eliam the °son of Ahithophel the Gilonite, 35 Hezrai the Carmelite, Paarai the Arbite, 36 Igal the son of Nathan of Zobah,	 b 5-9. Joab's obedience. a 10. David. Confession. 1 And again. The history in this chapter precedes ch. 23, by Fig. Hysterologia (Ap. 6). See note on 23. 1. 	
	Bani the Gadite, 37 Zelek the Ammonite, Nahari the Beerothite, °armourbearer to	the LORD. Heb. Jehovah. Ap. 4. II. He moved = He suffered him to be moved. By He- brew idiom (and also by modern usage) a person is said to do that which he <i>permits</i> to be done. Here we have	
	Joab the son of Zeruiah, 38 Ira an Ithrite, Gareb an Ithrite, 39 ° Uriah the Hittite :	the historical fact. In 1 Chron. 21. 1 we have the real fact from the Divine standpoint. Here the <i>exoteric</i> , in 1 Chron. 21. 1 the <i>esoteric</i> . For examples, see Ex. 4. 21; 5. 22. Jer. 4. 10. Ezek. 14. 9; 20. 25. Matt. 11. 25; 13. 11.	
Y	° thirty and seven in all.	Rom. 9. 18; 11. 7, 8. 2 Thess. 2. 11. God's permission, but Satan's suggestion (Jas. 1. 13, 14); or, yāṣath, may be taken impersonally, "David was moved".	
EA (p. 443) Ba	24 °And again the anger of °the LORD was kindled against Israel, and °He moved David against them to say, "Go, number Israel and Judah."	 5 right side: i.e. the south side, facing east. river of Gad = the river valley belonging to Gad, which was the Jabbok. 6 Tahtim-hodshi. Site unknown. If translated = the 	
	2 For the king said to Joab the captain of the host, which was with him, "Go now through all the tribes of Israel, from Dan even to Beer- sheba, and number ye the People, that I may know the number of the People."	lower parts of the country where the new moon was worshipped. Like Beth-shemesh = House of the Sun. Dan-jaan = Dan in the wood, perhaps Laish-Dan (Josh. 19. 47. Judg. 18, 29). about = passed round.	5
b	3 And Joab said unto the king, "Now ¹ the LORD thy [°] God add unto the People, how	went out from the presence of the king, to number the People of Israel.	
	many soever they be, an hundredfold, and that the eyes of my lord the king may see <i>it</i> : but why doth my lord the king delight in this thing?"	5 And they passed over Jordan, and pitched in Aroer, on the °right side of the city that <i>lieth</i> in the midst of the °river of Gad, and to- ward Jazer: 6 Then they came to Gilead, and to the land	
	against Joab, and against the captains of the host. And Joab and the captains of the host	of °Tahtim-hodshi; and they came to °Dan-	·

24	7
21 .	

930 to 923	7 And came to the °strong hold of Tyre, and to all the cities of the Hivites, and of the Ca- naanites : and they °went out to the °south of Judah, even to Beer-sheba. 8 So when they had gone through all the land, they came to Jerusalem at the end of °nine months and twenty days. 9 And Joab gave up the sum of the number of the People unto the king : and there were in °Israel eight hundred thousand valiant °men that drew the sword; and the °men of °Judah were five hundred thousand °men.	 7 strong hold. Cp. Josh. 19. 29. went out. Some codices read "came [in]". south = the Negeb. Some codices read "land". See note on Gen. 13. 1. 8 nine months, &c. The long time implies a period of great peace. 9 Israel = 800,000 "valiant men". Heb. <i>ish.</i> Ap. 14. II. Judah = 500,000 "men". Heb. <i>ish.</i> Ap. 14. II. [Cp. 1 Chron. 21. 5, a different classification. Israel = 1,100,000, "all they of Israel that drew sword": i. e. all adults, not necessarily "valiant". Judah = 470,000 "men that drew sword"; not all the "men" by 30,000.] 10 I have sinned. Probably conviction of pride or other sinful motive. Heb. hātāh. Ap. 44. i.
(p. 443)	10 And David's heart smote fim after that he had numbered the People. And David said unto 'the LORD, ""I have 'sinned greatly in that I have done: and now, I beseech thee, O 'LORD, 'take away the 'iniquity of Thy servant; for I have done very foolishly."	 take away = cause to pass over. See 12. 13, iniquity. See Ap. 44. iv. 24. 11-16- (A, p. 443). JEHOVAH. JUDGMENT. (Introversion.) A c 11-13. Divine offers. d 14. David's decision made.
Ас (р. 444)	11 °For when David °was up in the morning, the word of 'the LORD came unto the prophet °Gad, David's seer, saying, 12 "Go and say unto David, 'Thus saith 'the LORD, °' 3 offer thee three things; choose thee one of them, that I may do it unto thee.'" 13 So ''Gad came to David, and told him, and said unto him, "Shall °seven years of famine come unto thee in thy land? or wilt thou flee three months before thine enemies, while thry pursue thee? or that there be three days' pesti- lence in thy land? now °advise, and see what answer I shall return to Him That sent me."	 d 15. David's decision carried out. c 16-, Divine forbearance. 11 For = And. was = rose. Gad. Cp. 1 Sam. 9. 9. Gad last mentioned, 1 Sam. 22. 5. Probably inspired to write this history. 12 I offer thee = I impose on thee (Heb. natal). A choice out of God's four sore judgments (Ezek. 14, 21). 13 seven years. 1 Chron. 21. 12 = three years; also Sept. The Heb. numeral letters for three and seven were probably very much alike. Hence perhaps mistaken by an ancient scribe. Both may be right = "seven, or even three." advise = consider, or know. 14 mercies = compassions, great = manifold. man. Heb. 'ädäm. Ap. 14. I.
d	14 And David said unto ¹¹ Gad, "I am in a great strait: let us fall now into the hand of the LORD; for His °mercies <i>are</i> °great: and let me not fall into the hand of °man."	 15 time appointed. Sept. and Syr. say the plague lasted only till noon. So this "time" may mean for the evening sacrifice, 3 p.m. (cp. v. 18). 16 repented. Fig. Anthropopatheia. Ap. 6. evil. Heb. rā'a'. Ap. 44. viii.
đ	15 So ¹ the LORD sent a pestilence upon Israel from the morning even to the $^{\circ}$ time appointed: and there died of the People from Dan even to Beer-sheba seventy thousand 9 men.	 -16-25 (B, p. 443). EXPLATION OF THE SIN. (Introversion and Repeated Alternation.) B e -16, 17. Entreaty for the Land. David's. f 18. David. Command given to.
c	16 And when the angel stretched out his hand upon Jerusalem to destroy it, ¹ the LORD [°] repented Him of the [°] evil,	g $\begin{vmatrix} h^1 \\ i^2 \end{vmatrix}$ 19. David's obedience. $i^1 \begin{vmatrix} 20, 21 \\ i^2 \end{vmatrix}$ Araunah's reception. $h^2 \begin{vmatrix} -21. \\ i^2 \end{vmatrix}$ 22, 23. Araunah's offer.
₿ e	and said to the angel that destroyed the Peo- ple, "It is enough: stay now thine hand." And the angel of ¹ the LORD was by the threshingplace of ° Araunah the Jebusite. 17 And David spake unto ¹ the LORD when he saw the angel that smote the People, and said, °" Lo, \Im have sinned, and \Im have done ° wickedly: but these sheep, what have they done? let Thine hand, I pray Thee, be against me, and against my father's house."	$\begin{vmatrix} h^3 2^4. David's refusal. \\ f 25 David. Obedience. \\ e -25. Entreaty for the Land. Jehovah. \\ Araunah the Jebusite. Perhaps spared in the taking of Jebus. See note on 5. 8. 17 Lo. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. wickedly. Heb. 'avah. Ap. 44. iv. 19 as = according as. 20 looked = looked down. coming on = crossing over. 22 burnt sacrifice. See Ap. 43. I. ii.$
f	18 And Gad came that day to David, and said unto him, "Go up, rear an altar unto ¹ the LORD in the threshingfloor of ¹⁶ Araunah the Jebusite."	thee, to build an altar unto ¹ the LORD, that the plague may be stayed from the people."
g h ¹	19 And David, according to the saying of Gad, went up $^{\circ}$ as 1 the LORD commanded.	22 And ¹⁶ Araunah said unto David, "Let my lord the king take and offer up what seemeth good unto him: behold, here be oxen for
1,	and his servants ° coming on toward him: and ¹⁶ Araunah went out, and bowed himself before the king on his face upon the ground.	^o burnt sacrifice, and threshing instruments and other instruments of the oxen for wood."
\mathbf{h}^2	And David said, " To buy the threshingfloor of	but I will surely buy <i>it</i> of thee at a price:
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	24 . 24. I	I. SAMUEL.	24. 25.
930 to 923	neither will I °offer ²² burnt offering ¹ the LORD my ³ God of that which do me nothing." So David bought °the ingfloor and the oxen for fifty °shekels of	the cost the threshinghoor and thresh- of silver. Heb. goren (Rut f silver. 21. Not the "place", Hel	vi. the oxen for fifty shekels h 3. 2), mentioned in vv. 16, 18, b. māķõm, of 1 Chron. 21. 25 ífterward the Temple area,
<i>f</i> (p. 444)	25 And David built ° there an altar un LORD, and offered burnt offerings and offerings.	to 'the about eight acres, and for larger sum of 600 shekels chases effected, the one her	which David gave the much of gold. Two separate pur- e was hurried, as an earnest,
е	So 1 the LORD was intreated for the lar the plague was stayed from Israel.	nd, and and the other was made as shekels. See Ap. 51. II. 25 there. See note on the shekels.	
	1		