THE GOSPEL
ACCORDING TO
LUKE.
THE STRUCTURE OF THE BOOK AS A WHOLE.
"BEHOLD THE MAN" (Zech. 6. 12).
(Introversion.) A <sup>2</sup>   A   1. 1–2. 52. PRE-MINISTERIAL. THE DESCENSION.
$ \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{B} \mid 3. 1-20. \end{array} \text{ THE FORERUNNER.} \\ \end{array} $
C   3. 21-38. THE BAPTISM : WITH WATER.
<b>D</b>   4. 1-14 THE TEMPTATION : IN THE WILDERNESS.
<b>E F 4</b> , -14-5, 11. THE KINGDOM PROCLAIMED. THE FOURTOID
<b>G</b>   5. 12-9. 21. THE KING
G   9. 22-18. 43. THE KING REJECTED. THE LORD.
<b>F</b>   19.1-22.38. THE KINGDOM)
D 22. 39-46. THE AGONY: IN THE GARDEN. C 2. 47-24. 12. THE BAPTISM: OF SUFFERING (DEATH, BURIAL, AND RESURBEC.
TION).
B   24.13-49. THE SUCCESSORS.
A   24. 50-53. POST-MINISTERIAL. THE ASCENSION.
For the New Testament, and the order of the Books, see Ap. 95. For the Inter-relation of the Four Gospels, see the Structure on p. 1304. For the Diversity of the Four Gospels, see Ap. 96. For the Unity of the Four Gospels, see Ap. 97. For the Fourfold Ministry of the Lord, see Ap. 119. For the words, &c., peculiar to Luke's Gospel, see some 260 words recorded in the notes.

Г

## NOTES ON LUKE'S GOSPEL.

The Divine purpose in the Gospel by LUKE is to set forth the Lord not so much as the Messiah, "the King of Israel", as in Matthew's Gospel, or as Jehovah's servant, as in Mark; but as what He was in Jehovah's sight, as the ideal MAN—"the Man Whose name is the BRANCH" (Zech. 6. 12). See the Structure of the Four Gospels on p. 1304.

In Luke, therefore, the Lord is specially presented as "the Friend of publicans and sinners"-the outcasts of society (Luke 5. 29, &c.; 7. 29, 34, 37, &c.; 15; 18. 9, &c.; 19. 7, &c.; 23. 39, &c.); as manifesting tendencess, compassion, and sympathy (7. 13; 13. 1, &c.; 19. 41, &c.; 23. 28, &c.), which went beyond the limits of national prejudice (6. 6, 27, &c.; 10. 30, &c.; 11. 41, &c.; 13. 1, &c.; 14. 1, &c.; 17. 11, &c.). Hence Luke alone gives the parable of the good Samaritan (10. 30, &c.); and notes that the one leper who gave thanks to God was a Samaritan (17. 16, 18).

Hence also many references to women, who, so alien to Jewish custom, find frequent and honourable mention: Elisabeth, Anna, the widow of Nain (7. 11-15); the penitent woman (7. 37, &c.); the ministering women (8. 2, &c.); the "daughters of Jerusalem" (23. 27, &c.); Martha (10. 38-41) and Mary, of Bethany (10. 39, 42); Mary Magdalene (24. 10).

As the ideal Man, the Lord is presented as dependent on the Father, in prayer (3. 21; 5. 16; 6. 12; 9. 18, 29; 11. 1; 18. 1; 22. 32, 41; 28. 34, 46). On six definite occasions the Lord is shown in prayer; and no less than seven times "glorifying God" in praise is mentioned (2. 20; 5. 25; 7. 16; 13. 13; 17. 15; 18. 43; 23. 47).

The Four Hymns are peculiar to LUKE: the Magnificat of Mary (1. 46-55); the Benedictus of Zacharias (1. 68-79); the Nunc Dimitties of Simeon (2. 29-32); and the Gloria in Excelsis of the angels (2. 14).

The six Miracles peculiar to LUKE (all characteristic of the presentation of the Lord in Luke) are :--

- 1. The Draught of Fishes (5. 4-11).
- The Raising of the Widow's Son at Nain (7. 11-18). 2.
- 3. The Woman with a Spirit of Infirmity (13. 11-17).
- 4. The Man with the Dropsy (14. 1-6).
- 5 The Ten Lepers (17. 11-19).
- 6. The Healing of Malchus (22. 50, 51).

The eleven Parables peculiar to LUKE (all having a like significance) are :-

- 1. The Two Debtors (7. 41-43).
- 2. The Good Samaritan (10. 30-37).
- The Importunate Friend (11. 5-8).
   The Rich Fool (12. 16-21).
- 5. The Barren Fig-tree (13. 6-9).
- 6. The Lost Piece of Silver (15. 8-10).
- 7. The Lost Son (15. 11-32).
- 8. The Unjust Steward (16. 1-12).
- 9. The Rich Man and Lazarus (16. 19-31).
- 10. The Unjust Judge and Importunate Widow (18. 1-8).
- 11. The Pharisee and the Publican (18. 9-14).

Other remarkable incidents and utterances peculiar to LUKE may be studied with the same object and result (3. 10-14; 10. 1-20; 19. 1-10, 41-44; 22. 44; 23. 7-12; 23. 27-31; 23. 34; 23. 40-43; 24. 50-53).

As to LUKE himself: his name (Gr. Loukas) is probably an abbreviation of the Latin Lucanus, Lucilius or Lucius.\* While he was the author of the Acts of the Apostles, he does not once name himself; and there are only three places where his name is found : Col. 4. 14. 2 Tim. 4. 11. Philem. 24.

From these and the "we" portions of the Acts (16. 10-17; 20. 5-15; 21. 1-18; 27. 1-28. 16) we may gather all that can be *known* of LUKE. We first hear of him at Troas (Acts 16. 10), and from thence he may be followed through the four "we" sections. See the notes on the Structure of the Acts as a whole.

It will be noted in the Structure of this Gospel as a whole that, while in JOHN there is no Temptation, and no Agony, in Luke we not only have these, but the Pre-Natal Section (1. 5-2. 5, A<sup>2</sup>, p. 1430) as well as the Pre-Ministerial, which is common to all the four Gospels.

\* It was held till recently that Loukas never represented the Latin Lucius; but Sir W. Ramsay saw, in 1912, an inscription on the wall of a temple in Antioch in Pisidia, in which the names Loukas and Loukios are used of the same person. See The Expositor, Dec. 1912.

THE GOSPEL
ACCORDING TO
$L \underline{U K E}.$
<ul> <li>1 °FORASMUCH as many "have taken in hand</li> <li>°to set forth in order ° a declaration</li> <li>°to set forth in order ° a declaration or ° cycwith</li> <li>A If I 14. Introduction.</li> <li>A If I 14. Intro</li></ul>
of Antony and Octavius. of =out of. Gr. ek, Ap. 104. vii. Abia is named in 1 Chron. 24. 10, and Neh. 12. 17. Out of the <i>four</i> who returned from Babylon twenty-four courses were formed (by lot) with the original names. See Ap. 179. III. the daughters of Aaron. The female descendants of Aaron always married priests. Elisabeth. Aaron's wife, Elisheba (Ex. 6. 23) is spelt Elizabeth in the Sept. 1429

**1.** 6.

1. 19.

5 в. с.	6 And they were both righteous °before °God, walking <sup>5</sup> in all the commandments and °ordi- nances of ° the LORD blameless. 7 And they had ° no °child, °because that Elisabeth was barren, and they both were <i>now</i> ° well stricken <sup>5</sup> in years.	<b>1. 5–2. 5</b> (A <sup>2</sup> , p. 1429). PRE-NATAL. ( <i>Alternation.</i> ) A <sup>2</sup>   F   1. 5–25. John. Conception. G   1. 26–56. The Holy Family. F   1. 57–80. John. Circumcision.
g		<ul> <li>G   2. 1-5. The Holy Family.</li> <li><b>1. 5-25</b> (F, above). JOHN. CONCEPTION. (Introversions and Alternations.)</li> <li>F   H   f   5-7. Barrenness. Experienced. g   8, 9. Ministration of Zacharias.</li> <li>J   h   10. The people. Praying. i   11. The Vision.</li> </ul>
Jh	10 And the whole multitude of the people were <sup>o</sup> praying without <sup>o</sup> at the time of incense.	$ \mathbf{K}  \mathbf{j} $ 12. Zacharias. Trouble. $ \mathbf{k} $ 13-17. Angel. Promise. $K  \mathbf{j} $ 18. Zacharias. Doubt.
i	11 And there °appeared unto him °an angel of 6the LORD standing ° on ° the right side of °the altar of incense.	$k \mid 19, 20.$ Angel.Penalty. $J \mid h \mid 21.$ The people.Marvelling. $i \mid 22.$ The Vision. $H \mid g \mid 23.$ Ministration of Zacharias.
Кj	12 And when Zacharias °saw him, he was troubled, and fear fell °upon him.	<b>6</b> before. The Texts read <i>enantion</i> , not $en\bar{o}pion$ (=in
k Kj	<ul> <li>13 But the <sup>11</sup> angel said °unto him, "Fear °not, Zacharias: °for thy °prayer °is heard; and thy wife Elisabeth shall °bear thee a son, and thou shalt call his name ° John.</li> <li>14 And thou shalt have °joy and gladness; and many shall rejoice °at his °birth.</li> <li>15 For he shall be great °in the sight of 6 the LORD, and °shall drink neither wine nor °strong drink; and he °shall be filled with °the Holy Ghost, even °from his mother's womb.</li> <li>16 And many of the °children of Israel shall he turn °to °the LORD their 6 God.</li> <li>17 And he shall °go 6 before Him <sup>5</sup> in °the spirit and power of °Elias, °to turn the hearts of the fathers <sup>16</sup> to the children, and the °disobedient °to the °wisdom of the just; to make ready a people prepared for <sup>16</sup> the LORD."</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>the presence of, as v. 19). Both are found in the Papyri in this sense. God. Ap. 98. I. ordinances=legal requirements. Gr. pl. of dikaiōma, which should always be so rendered in its other nine occurrences (Rom. 1. 32; 2. 26; 5. 16, 18; 8. 4; Heb. 9. 1, 10; Rev. 15. 4; 19. 8). Cp. Num. 36. 13. Sometimes rendered "judgments" (Ex. 21. 1; 24. 3), where LXX has dikaiōma.</li> <li>the LORD. Must here and elsewhere be often rendered Jehovah. See Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 1. A. b.</li> <li>7 no. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I.</li> <li>child. Gr. teknon. See Ap. 108. 1.</li> <li>because that = inasmuch as, well stricken = advanced.</li> <li>8 it came to pass. A Hebraism. See note on v. s. while he executed, &amp;c. = in (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) executing. Gr. hierateuō, to act as a priest. Not peculiar to Biblical Greek, but found often in the Papyri.</li> <li>9 According to. Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 2.</li> <li>his lot was = it fell to him by lot.</li> <li>to burn incense. Gr. thumiaō. Occ. only here in N.T.</li> </ul>
	° "Whereby shall I ° know this? ° for $\Im$ am an old man, and my wife 7 well stricken 5 in years."	into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.
k	19 And the <sup>11</sup> angel <sup>o</sup> answering said unto him,	the Temple=The Naos, or Shrine; i.e. "the Holy Place". Not <i>hieron</i> (the Temple courts). See note on Matt. 23. 16.
	10 praying. See Ap. 134. I. 2. at the time = at the hour. This was the signal. 11 appeared. Ap. 106. I. 6. an angel. For the frequent refs. to angels in Luke, see v. 26; 2. 9, 13, 21; 12. 8; 15. 10; 16. 22; 22. 43; 24. 4, 23. Also frequently in Acts. on = at. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. the right side = the propitious side. Cp. Matt. 25. ss. Mark 16. 5. John 21. 6. the altar of incense. See Ex. 30. 1-10; 37. 25-28. 1 Kings 7. 48. 12 saw. Gr. eidon. Ap. 138. I. 1. upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. As in v. 35. Not the same word as in v. 58. 13 unto=to. Gr. proz. Ap. 104. xv. 8. Not the same word as in v. 26. not. Gr. mā. Ap. 105. II. As in vv. 20-, 30, not as in vv20, 22, 34. for=because. prayer=a definite petition. is heard = was heard : i. e. not now, or recently. Evidently the prayer for offspring, which was now no longer offered. bear thee=bring forth to thee. John = Jehovah sheweth favour. 14 joy and gladness. Fig. Hendiadys (Ap. 6)=joy, yea exultant joy. at =upon [the occasion of]. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 2, as in v. 29. birth = bringing forth. Gr. genado, used of the mother. See note on Matt. 1. 2. 15 in the sight of=before. See note on "before", v. 6. shall drink neither=shall in no wise (Gr. ou mā. Ap. 105. III) drink. strong drink. Gr. sikera, any intoxicating drink not from grapes. shall be filled. Verbs of filling take the Gen. of what the person or vessel is filled with. See Ap. 101. II. 14. note. Here pneuma hagion is in the Genitive case. the Holy Ghost=holy spirit. Gr. pneuma hagion, or "power from on high". See Ap. 101. II. 14. from. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii, i. e. before birth. Cp. v. 44. 16 children =sons. See Ap. 108. iii. to=towards. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix 3. Lord. Gr. kurios. Ap. 98. vi. i. a. 1. B. 17 go=go forth. the spirit and power. Fig. Hendiadys (Ap. 6)=the spirit—yea, the powerful spirit (Mal. 4. 5). Elias=Elijah. to turn, &c. Ref. to Mal. 3. 1 and 4. s., 6. See Ap. 107. II. 4. 18 Whereby=According to (Gr. kata, as in v. 9) what [sign]. know =get to know. Gr. ginöskö. Ap. 132	

	<b>1</b> . 19. L	UKE. 1. 31.
5 в. с.	" 3 am °Gabriel, that stand ° in the presence of God; and ° am sent to speak <sup>13</sup> unto thee, an to ° shew thee these glad tidings. 20 And, ° behold, ° thou shalt be dumb, an <sup>13</sup> not able to speak, until the day that these things shall ° be performed, because thou ° be lievest ° not my words, ° which shall be fu filled ° in their season."	<ul> <li>d of the Restoration (v. 26; Dan. 8. 16; 9. 21), as Michael is the messenger of Israel's deliverance from judgment (Dan. 10. 13, 21; 12. 1. Jude 9; and Rev. 12. 7). Prob. two of the "seven" angels of Rev. 1. 4; 3. 1; 4. 5; 5. 6; 8. 2, 6; 15. 1, 6, 7, 8; 16. 1; 17. 1; 21. 9.</li> </ul>
Jh	21 And the people °waited for Zacharias, an °marvelled that he tarried so long <sup>5</sup> in <sup>9</sup> th Temple.	d thou shalt be dumb. The finite Verb and Participle
i	22 And when he came out, he could $^{-20}$ nd °speak unto them: and they °perceived that he °had seen a vision <sup>5</sup> in <sup>9</sup> the Temple: for 1 °beckoned unto them, and remained speech less.	Note the Negative. not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. which=which are of a kind which. Gr. hoitines, de- noting a class, or kind of words.
H g	23 And <sup>§</sup> it came to pass, that, as soon as th <sup>°</sup> days of his <sup>°</sup> ministration were accomplished he departed <sup>°</sup> to his own house.	1, marvelled. Because such waiting was usually short. 22 speak: i.e. pronounce the usual blessing (Num.6.24). perceived = clearly perceived, or recognised. Gr.
f Sivan	24 And °after those days his wife Elisabet °conceived, and °hid herself five month °saying, 25 "Thus hath <sup>6</sup> the LORD dealt with me <sup>5</sup> i the days wherein He °looked on <i>me</i> , °to tak away my reproach <sup>1</sup> among men."	<ul> <li>had seen. Gr. horaō. Ap. 133. I. 8.</li> <li>beckoned = kept making signs. 23 days=week.</li> <li>ministration = public service. Gr. leitourgia. Hence</li> <li>Eng. "liturgy" to = unto Gr. eis. Ap. 104 yi</li> </ul>
G L <sup>1</sup> M	26 And <sup>5</sup> in <sup>°</sup> the sixth month the <sup>11</sup> ange <sup>19</sup> Gabriel was sent <sup>°</sup> from God <sup>°</sup> unto a city o <sup>°</sup> Galilee, named <sup>°</sup> Nazareth, 27 <sup>°</sup> To a <sup>°</sup> virgin <sup>°</sup> espoused to a <sup>°</sup> ma whose name was Joseph, <sup>5</sup> of the house of Da vid; and the <sup>°</sup> virgin's name was <sup>°</sup> Mary. 28 And the <sup>11</sup> angel came in <sup>13</sup> unto her, an said,	<ul> <li>this sense in Luke and in James 1. 15. See Ap. 179. III.</li> <li>hid =completely secluded. Probably to avoid all possibility of uncleanness, as in Judges 13. 4, 5, 7, 12-14.</li> <li>Occ. only here in N.T.</li> <li>saying=saying that (Gr. hoti); giving the words.</li> <li><b>25</b> looked on. Gr. epeidon. Ap. 133. II. 1. Occurs only in Luke here, and Acts 4. 29.</li> </ul>
<b>N</b> <sup>1</sup> 1 <sup>1</sup>	""Hail, "thou that art highly favoured, "th LORD is "with thee: "blessed art thou 1 amon "women."	e <b>1. 26-56</b> (G, p. 1430). THE HOLY FAMILY. (Division.)         g       G   L <sup>1</sup>   26-38. Visit of Gabriel to Mary. L <sup>2</sup>   39-56. Visit of Mary to Elisabeth.
m1	<b>29</b> And "when she $^{12}$ saw <i>him</i> , she was troubled $^{14}$ at his saying, and "cast in her min what manner of salutation this should be.	<ul> <li>1. 26-38 (L<sup>1</sup>, above). VISIT OF GABRIEL TO MARY. (Introversion, and Repeated Alternation.)</li> <li>L<sup>1</sup>   M   26-28 Mission of the Angel.</li> </ul>
N <sup>2</sup> 1 <sup>9</sup>	30 And the <sup>11</sup> angel said unto her, "Fea <sup>13</sup> not, <sup>27</sup> Mary: for thou hast ° found ° favor ° with God.	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
TEBETH	31 And, <sup>20</sup> behold, ° thou shalt conceive <sup>5</sup> i thy womb, ° and bring forth a Son, ° and sha call His name ° JESUS.	n N <sup>3</sup> 1 <sup>3</sup> 35–37. Angel. Answer.
	<ul> <li>This (cp. v. 36) is the passage which gives John's age as six months older than the Lord's. See Ap. 174 from. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. Galilee. One of the four Roma divisions of Palestine, comprising Zebulun, Naphtali, and Asher. Cp. Matt. 4. 13. Nazareth. Now ex Nazirah. Aram. See Ap. 94. III. 3. See on Matt. 2. 23. 27 To. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. virgin. This settles the meaning of the Heb. 'almāh in Isa.7.14. There is no question about the Gr. parthenos. espoused = betrothed. A year before marriage. See Matt. 1. 18. man=husband. Gr. anër. Ap. 123.2. Marysthe Heb. Miriam. Ex. 15. 20. See Ap. 100. 1. 28 Hail. See note on Matt. 26. 49. thou that an highly favoured = [thou] having been graced [by God] = endued with grace. Occ. only here, and Eph. 1, seaccepted through grace. "Grace" does not occur in Matthew or Mark. with = in association with Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1. Not the same word as in vv. 30, 37, 51, 56. blessed women. Omittee by T [Tr.] A WH R. Prob. brought here from v. 42, where it is unquestioned. 29 when she saw him Omitted by all the texts. cast in her mind = began to reason, or was reasoning. Imperfect Tenss 30 found. Put by Fig. Synecdochē (of Species), Ap. 6, for "received". favour = grace: which is favour to the poor, &amp;c. with=from. Gr. para. Ap. 104. xii. 2. 31 thou shalt conceive: i. e. forthwit conceive. The Tense marks a future action, the beginning of which in relation to future time is past, but th consequences of which still continue. and. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton in vv. 31, 32, emphasizing each detail Note the four shalt bring forth a Son: "Behold the Man".</li> <li>(2) Thou shalt bring forth a Son: "Behold the Man".</li> <li>(3) He shall be great the Son of the Highest (v. 32): "Behold your God".</li> <li>(4) He shall reign, &amp;c. (v. 33): "Behold thy King".</li> </ul>	

	1. 32. LU	KE. l. 46.
5 в.с.	32 °m shall be great, <sup>31</sup> and shall be called the Son of °the Highest : <sup>31</sup> and °the LORD °God shall give unto Him the throne of His father David: 33 <sup>31</sup> And He shall reign °over the house of ° Jacob °for ever; <sup>31</sup> and of His kingdom there shall be <sup>7</sup> no end."	the Highest = the Most High. Gr. hupsistos. Occ. seven times in Luke $(1.32, 35, 76; 2.14 (pl.); 6.35; 8.28; 19. 38 (pl.);$ and twice in Acts $(7. 48; 16. 17)$ . Elsewhere, only four times (Matt. 21. 9 (pl.). Mark 5. 7; 11. 10 (pl.); and Heb. 7. 1).
m²		<b>33</b> over. Gr. <i>epi.</i> Ap. 104. ix. 3. Jacob. Put for all the natural seed of the twelve tribes. for = unto. Gr. <i>eis.</i> Ap. 104. vi.
<b>N3</b> ]3	35 And the angel answered and said unto her, <sup>15</sup> "The Holy Ghost shall come <sup>12</sup> upon thee, and the power of <sup>32</sup> the Highest °shall overshadow thee: °therefore also ° that holy Thing Which shall be born <sup>5</sup> of thee shall be called °the Son of <sup>6</sup> God. 36 And, <sup>20</sup> behold, thy °cousin Elisabeth, ° 6he hath also conceived a son <sup>5</sup> in her old age: and this is <sup>26</sup> the sixth month with her, who was called barren. 37 For <sup>30</sup> with God °nothing shall be impos- sible."	for ever = unto the ages. See Ap. 151. II. A. ii. 7. a. See Ps. 45. 6. Dan. 7. i3, 14, 27. Mic. 4. 7. 1 Cor. 15. 24-28. Heb. 1. 8. Rev. 11. 15. <b>34</b> seeing,&c. = since,&c. Mary's answer shows how she understood the angel's promise. She does not question the <i>fact</i> , as Zacharias did (v. 18), but only inquires as to the mode. To Mary the promise seems too early, to Zacharias too late. know=come to know. Gr. <i>ginōskō</i> . Ap. 132. I. ii. <b>35</b> shall overshadow. Cp. Ex. 33. 22. Mark 9. 7. therefore = wherefore. that holy Thing. See Heb. 7. 26. 1 Pet. 2. 22, and note on Matt. 27. 4.
m³	38 And Mary said, °" Behold the ° handmaid of the LORD; be it unto me ° according to thy ° word."	the Son of God = God's Son. Ap. 98. XV. <b>36</b> cousin = kinswoman. Sty hath also conceived = she also hath conceived. <b>37</b> nothing = not (Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I) any word. Gr.
	And the angel departed <sup>2</sup> from her.	rhēma. See note on Mark 9. 32. <b>38</b> Behold. Gr. <i>idou</i> . Ap. 133. I. 2.
<b>L</b> ² O	39 And Mary arose <sup>5</sup> in those days, and went <sup>9</sup> into the hill country <sup>28</sup> with haste <sup>9</sup> into a city of Juda; 40 And <sup>°</sup> entered <sup>9</sup> into the house of Zacharias, and saluted Elisabeth.	handmaid = bondmaid. word. See note on v. 37. Same word. <b>1. 39-56</b> (L <sup>2</sup> , p. 1431). VISIT OF MARY TO ELISABETH. ( <i>Introversion.</i> )
PQ' n1	41 And <sup>s</sup> it came to pass, that, when Elisabeth heard the salutation of Mary,	L <sup>2</sup> O   39,40. Mary. Journey. P   41-45. Blessing of Mary. P   46-55. Hymn of Mary.
0 <sup>1</sup>	the babe° leaped $5$ in her womb; and Elisabeth was filled with $15$ the Holy Ghost:	O  56. Mary. Return. <b>40</b> entered. A detail, to emphasize the fact, by which she recognized the truth of the sign of v. 36.
n²	<b>42</b> And she <sup>o</sup> spake out with a loud voice, and said,	1. 41-45 (P, above). BLESSING OF MARY.
Q n <sup>s</sup>	"Blessed art thou <sup>1</sup> among women, and blessed is the fruit of thy womb. 43 And whence is this to me, that the mother of my Lord should come <sup>27</sup> to me?	$(Introversions.)$ $P \mid Q \mid n^{1} \mid 41 \text{ Hearing.}$ $o^{1} \mid -41. \text{ Exultation of Babe.}$ $n^{2} \mid 42 \text{ Speaking.}$ $Q \mid n^{3} \mid -42, 43. \text{ Benediction.}$
0 <sup>8</sup>	44 For, °lo, as soon as the voice of thy saluta- tion °sounded $^{20}$ in mine ears, the babe $^{41}$ leaped $^{5}$ in my womb ° for joy.	$\begin{vmatrix} 0^2 &   & 44. \\ 0 &   & 16$
n'	45 And ° blessed is she that believed: for there shall be a ° performance of those things which were told her ° from the LORD."	<ul> <li>and 6. 23. Cp. Gen. 25. 22. Sept. has the same word.</li> <li>42 spake out = cried out. Gr. anaphoneo. Occ. only here. A medical word. See Col. 4. 14.</li> <li>43 to. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3.</li> <li>44 b. Fin Activities A. C.</li> </ul>
РКр	46 And °Mary said, °" My soul doth magnify the LORD,	<b>44</b> Io. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. sounded in = came into. for joy = in (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) exultation.
	performance=fulfilment, from. Gr. para.	<b>45</b> blessed = happy. Not the same word as in v. 42. Ap. 104. xii. 1.
		YMN OF MARY. (Alternation.)
	$S \mid 50$ . Mercy to $R \mid 51-53$ . Favours	to herself. Condescension. all that fear Him. to others. Discrimination. remembered to Israel.
	$ \begin{array}{c c} \mathbf{R} & \mathbf{p} & 46, 47, \\ \mathbf{q} & 48, \\ p & \mathbf{-48}, \mathbf{A} \\ p & \mathbf{-48}, \mathbf{A} \\ q & 49. \end{array} $	URS TO HERSELF. (Alternation.) Mary rejoicing. Reason. All rejoicing. Reason.
		ribers in replacing a pronoun by the corresponding his hymn is a continuation of Elisabeth's words. And IS. evidence for it. My soul = I myself. For

	<b>1.</b> 47. LU	<b>KE.</b> 1.65.
5 в.с.	47 And °my spirit hath °rejoiced °in °God my Saviour.	47 my spirit. See Ap. 101. II. 9. rejoiced = exulted.
q	48 For He hath <sup>°</sup> regarded the low estate of His <sup>38</sup> handmaiden:	in. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. iz. 2. God my Saviour. Note the Article=the God [Who is] the Saviour [of me]. See Sept. Deut. 32. 15. Ps. 24. 5;
p	for, <sup>20</sup> behold, <sup>2</sup> from henceforth all generations shall call me <sup>45</sup> blessed.	25. δ; 95. 1. <b>48</b> regarded = looked (Gr. <i>epiblepõ</i> . Ap. 133. III. 4) upon (Gr. <i>epi</i> . Ap. 104. ix. 3). See James 2. 3, and
9	49 For $^{\circ}$ He That is mighty hath done to me great things; and holy is $^{\circ}$ His name.	cp. 1 Sam. 1. 11. Ps. 33. 14; 119. 132 (Sept.). <b>49 He That is mighty</b> =the Mighty One. <b>His name.</b> See note on Ps. 20. 1.
8	50 And His °mercy <i>is</i> on them that °fear Him °from generation to generation.	<b>50</b> mercy = pity. Gr. eleos. See vv. 54, 58, 72, 78. Not the same word as in v. 30. <b>fear</b> = reverence. from generation, &c. = unto (Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi)
R	51 He hath shewed strength °with °His arm; He hath scattered the proud in the imagina- tion of their hearts. 52 He hath °put down the mighty <sup>2</sup> from <i>their</i> °seats, and exalted ° them of low degree. 53 He hath filled the hungry with good things; and the rich He hath sent empty away.	generations of generations. <b>51</b> with. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. His arm. Fig. Anthröpopatheia. Ap. 6. Cp. Isa. 52. 10; 59. 1, 16. <b>52</b> put down the mighty. Amaziah (2 Kings 14. 10); Uzziah (2 Chron. 26. 16); Nebuchadnezzar (Dan. 5. 20); Belshazzar (Dan. 5. 23, 30). seats= thrones. them of low degree = the lowly.
<b>S</b> 0	54 He hath ° holpen His servant Israel, °in remembrance of <i>His</i> <sup>50</sup> mercy; 55 ° As He spake <sup>27</sup> to ° our fathers, to Abra- ham, and to his seed ° for ever." 56 And Mary abode ° with her about three months, and ° returned <sup>23</sup> to her own house.	<ul> <li>54 holpen = laid hold of [for help], or taken by the hand. Cp. Isa. 41. 8, 9.</li> <li>in remembrance = [in order] to remember.</li> <li>55 As = according as.</li> <li>our fathers. Cp. Mic. 7. 20. Gal. 3. 16. Acts 2. 39.</li> <li>for ever = unto the age. See Ap. 151. II. A. ii. 4. a.</li> <li>56 with = in followship with Graver 104 products and 104 pro</li></ul>
FT <sup>1</sup> U 4 b.c. Nisan	57 Now Elisabeth's ° full time came that she should be delivered; ° and she ° brought forth a son.	<b>56</b> with = in fellowship with. Gr. sun. Ap. 104. xvi. Not the same word as in vv. 28, 30, 37, 39, 61, 66. returned = returned back. Gr. hupostrephö. Almost peculiar to Luke. Occ. only in Mark 14. 40. Gal. 1. 17. Heb. 7. 1, outside Luke and Acts.
v	58 And her neighbours and her <sup>36</sup> cousins heard how <sup>6</sup> the LORD had <sup>°</sup> shewed great mercy <sup>°</sup> upon her; and they rejoiced with her.	<b>1.</b> 57-80 (F, p. 1430). JOHN. (Division.) $F \mid T^1 \mid 57-63$ . John. Birth and Circumcision. $T^2 \mid 64-79$ . Zacharias. Prophecy : Fulfilled and
Ur	59 And <sup>8</sup> it came to pass, that <sup>°</sup> on the eighth day they came to circumcise the <sup>°</sup> child; and <sup>°</sup> they called him Zacharias, <sup>°</sup> after the name of his father.	Renewed.         T <sup>3</sup> 80. John.         Growth till manifestation. <b>1.</b> 57-63 (T <sup>1</sup> , above).         JOHN.       BIRTH AND         CIRCUMCISION.         (Alternation.)         T <sup>1</sup> U         57. John.       Birth.
s	60 And his mother answered and said, ""Not so; but he shall be called John."	V   58. Neighbours. Congratulations. U   59-63 John. Circumcision. V   -63. Neighbours. Wonder.
r	61 And they said <sup>13</sup> unto her, <sup>°</sup> " There is none <sup>°</sup> of thy kindred <sup>°</sup> that is called by this name."	<b>57</b> full time = fulfilled time. and. Note the Fig. <i>Polysyndeton</i> (Ap. 6) throughout the passage vv. 57-67, eighteen "ands".
8	62 And they ° made signs to his father, how he ° would have him called. 63 And he asked for a ° writing table, and ° wrote, saying, "His name is ° John."	brought forth. Gr. gennaö. Correctly rendered here, of the mother. Used of the father it = beget. See note on Matt. 1. 2. 58 shewed great mercy = magnified His mercy. A
V	And they marvelled all.	Hebraism. Cp. Gen. 19. 19. 2 Sam. 22. 51, Sept. upon = with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1. Not the same
T <sup>#</sup> W <sup>1</sup>	64 And his mouth was opened °immediately, and his tongue <i>loosed</i> , and he °spake, and praised °God. 65 And fear came °on all that dwelt round	word as in vv. 12, 35. <b>1. 59-63</b> (U, above). JOHN. CIRCUMCISION. (Alternation.) $U \mid r \mid 59$ . Neighbours. Name Zacharias. $s \mid 60$ . Mother. "John". $r \mid 61$ . Neighbours. Name Zacharias. $s \mid 62, 63$ . Father. "John".
	<b>62</b> made signs. Imperf. Tense=were consultin would=wished to. Gr. thelō. Ap. 102, 1. <b>6</b> tablet in 1611. Used by medical writers in Luke's of	ord as in v. cs. on the eighth day. Gen. 17. 12. Ap. 108. v. they called. Imperf. Tense = were for the same word as in v. 24. <b>60</b> Not so = No. Gr. ouchi. df = among. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii 2. that is = who is, g him by signs; i.e. while the colloquy was going on. <b>3</b> writing table = writing tablet Table was used for
	T <sup>2</sup>   W <sup>1</sup>   64-67. Proph	HECY: FULFILLED AND RENEWED. ( <i>Division.</i> ) necy. Given of Zacharias. necy. Given by Zacharias.
		cc. nineteen times. All in Luke or Acts, except Matt. thirteen times in connection with disease or healing. spake=began to speak. Imperf. Tense. <b>65</b> on =

	<b>1.</b> 65. <b>LUKE. 2</b>		. 3.
4 B.C.	about them: and all these °sayings °were noised abroad °throughout all the hill country of Judæa. 66 And all they °that heard them laid them up <sup>5</sup> in their hearts, saying, "What manner of	sayings. Gr. pl. of <i>rhema</i> . See note on Mark 9. were noised abroad = were talked of. throughout all = in (Gr. <i>en</i> . Ap. 104. viii) the wh <b>66</b> that heard. The 1611 edition of the A.V. re "that had heard".	hole.
	<sup>59</sup> child shall this be!" And the hand of <sup>6</sup> the LORD was <sup>28</sup> with him. 67 And his father Zacharias was filled with <sup>15</sup> the Holy Ghost, and prophesied, saying,	<b>1. 68-79</b> (W <sup>2</sup> , p. 1433). PROPHECY. GIVEN ZACHARIAS. ( <i>Introversion.</i> ) W <sup>2</sup>   t   68. Visitation. u   69. Salvation.	В¥
₩² t	68°"Blessed be <sup>6</sup> the LORD <sup>°</sup> God of Israel; for He hath <sup>°</sup> visited and <sup>°</sup> redeemed His people,	v   70. Prophets. w   71. Enemies.	
u	69 And hath raised up $^{\circ}$ an horn of salvation for us $^{\circ}$ in the house of $^{\circ}$ His servant David;	$\mathbf{x} \mid 72$ . The Covenant. $\mathbf{x} \mid 73$ . The Covenant. $w \mid 74$ , 75. Enemies.	
v	70 55 As He spake ° by the mouth of His holy prophets, which have been ° since the world began :	v   76. Prophet. u   77. Salvation. t   78, 79. Visitation. 68 Blessed. Hence the name "Benedictus" g	
w	71 That we should be saved ${}^{2}$ from our enemies, and ${}^{2}$ from the hand of all that hate us;	to Zacharias's prophecy. God=the Go visited=looked on. Not the same word as in a See Ap. 133. III. 5.	
x	72 To perform the mercy <i>promised</i> °to our fathers, and to remember His holy covenant;	redeemed = wrought a ransom for. Cp. Titus 2. 69 an horn of salvation. A Hebraism. See 132. 17. 1 Sam. 2. 1, 10. Ezek. 29. 21.	
x	73 ° The oath which He sware $^{27}$ to our father Abraham,	His servant David. See Ps. 132. 10. 70 by=through. Gr. <i>dia</i> . Ap. 104. v. 1. since the world began=from [the] age: i.e. of	old
w	74 That He would grant unto us, that we being delivered °out of the °hand of our ene- mies might °serve Him without fear, 75 °In °holiness and °righteousness °before Him, all the days of our life.	<ul> <li>See Ap. 151. II. A. ii. I.</li> <li>72 to=with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1.</li> <li>73 The oath, &amp;c. See Gen. 12. 3; 17. 4; 22. 16,</li> <li>74 out of=from. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii.</li> <li>hand. The 1611 edition of the A.V. reads "hand."</li> </ul>	17. 1s ".
v.	76 And thou, <sup>59</sup> child, shalt be called the prophet of <sup>32</sup> the Highest: for thou shalt go $^{\circ}$ before the face of $^{6}$ the LORD to prepare His ways;	<ul> <li>serve: or worship. 75 holiness. Toward or righteousness. Toward men. Cp. 1 Thess. 2</li> <li>Eph. 4. 24.</li> <li>76 before. Gr. pro. Ap. 104. xiv.</li> <li>77 knowledge. Gr. gnósis. Ap. 132. II. i.</li> <li>by=for. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii.</li> </ul>	
u	77 To give ° knowledge of salvation unto His people ° by the remission of their sins,	<b>78</b> Through = On account of. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. tender mercy = bowels of compassion. Fig. Am	
t	78 ° Through the °tender mercy of our God; °whereby the °dayspring <sup>15</sup> from °on high hath <sup>68</sup> visited us, 79 To ° give light to them that sit <sup>5</sup> in dark- ness and <i>in</i> ° the shadow of death, to ° guide our feet <sup>9</sup> into the way of peace."	popatheia (Ap. 6). whereby = in (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) which. dayspring. Gr. anatolē. Heb. zemach = branch page 1304), is rendered anatolē in Jer. 23. s and Z 3. s, because of its springing up. Both mean (branch and light) are here combined. Cp. Ezek. 1 17. 10.	Zech. nings .6.7;
T3	80 And the <sup>59</sup> child grew, and °waxed strong <sup>5</sup> in °spirit, and was <sup>5</sup> in °the deserts till the day of his °shewing <sup>13</sup> unto Israel.	79 give light to=shine upon. the shadow of death. A Hebraism. Zalma Job 10. 21; 38. 17. Ps. 23. 4; 107. 10. Isa. 9. 2.	weth.
A <sup>3</sup> G (p. 1430)	2 And °it came to pass °in those days, that there went out °a decree °from Cæsar Augustus, that °all the °world should be °taxed. 2 (And °this taxing was first made when °Cyrenius was governor of Syria.) 3 And all went to be <sup>1</sup> taxed, °every one °into his own city.	<ul> <li>4. 16, &amp;c.</li> <li>guide = direct. Wycliffe has "dress", through O. French dresser = to arrange, still preserved as English military term.</li> <li>80 waxed strong = grew and was strengthened.</li> <li>spirit. Gr. pneuma. See Ap. 101. II. 10.</li> <li>the deserts. The Art. indicating a well-known p shewing = public or official inauguration. Gr. deixis. Only occ. here. The verb anadeiknumi 10. 1. See note there.</li> </ul>	part.
	1 it came to pass in those days. The seventh and last occurrence of this ominous phrase. See n Gen. 14. 1. it came to pass. A Hebraism, frequent in Luke. Cp. 1. s. in. Gr. en. Ap. 10 a decree=an edict. from. Gr. para. Ap. 104. xii. 1. all. Fig. Synecdochë (of the who a part of the whole; i. e. the Roman Empire. world. Gr. oikoumenë. See Ap. 129. 3. Cp. Acts taxed=enrolled, or registered. 2 this taxing was first made=this was the first regist to be made. A second is recorded in Acts 5. 37. Cyrenius. Gr. for the Latin Quirinus. H name was Publius Sulpicius Quirinus. 3 every one, &c. A Papyrus (in British Museum), a rescript of the Prefect Gaius Vibius Maximus (A. D. 103-4), shows that Herod must have been under Roman orders. Vib. Max. was Præfect of Egypt, and wrote: "The enrolment by households at hand, it is necessary to notify all who for any cause soever are outside their homes to retu their domestic hearths, that they may accomplish the customary dispensation of enrolment, and con steadfastly in the husbandry that belongeth to them." There is a large number of Papyri relat these enrolments. See Deissmann's Light from the Ancient Fast, pp. 268, 269. into=unto. G Ap. 104. vi.		viii. b) for 1. 28. ation 5 full being being being n to inue ing to

	<b>2.</b> 4. LUKE.		1 <b>3</b> .
<b>4 B.</b> C.	4 And Joseph also ° went up ° from Galilee, ° out of the city of ° Nazareth, <sup>s</sup> into Judæa, ° unto ° the city of David, which is called ° Bethlehem; ° (because he was ° of the house and ° lineage of David :) 5 To be <sup>1</sup> taxed ° with Mary his ° espoused wife, being ° great with child.	4 went up: literally true, the ascent from Naza to Jerusalem being at least 1,500 feet. from = away from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. Nazareth. Aram. See note on 1. 26. = Branch-To where He, Jehovah's "Branch" (Zech. 3. 8; 6. 12), brought up (4. 16). unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. Not the same wor	wn, was
A <sup>3</sup> X <sup>1</sup> l5th TISRI First Day of Feast of Taber- nacles.	6 And °so it was, that, °while they were there, the days were accomplished that she should be delivered. 7 And she brought forth °her firstborn Son, and °wrapped Him in swaddling clothes, and laid Him <sup>1</sup> in °a ° manger; because there was °no room for them <sup>1</sup> in °the inn.	in vv. 15-, 20, 48, 49. the city of David. 1 Sam. 20. 6. Zion also so ca 2 Sam. 5. 9; 6. 10, 12, 16. 1 Kings 2. 10, &c. Bethlehem = the house of bread. Cp. Gen. 35 48. 7. Ps. 132. 6. Now <i>Beit Lahm</i> , about five m south of Jerusalem. because he was = on account of ( <i>dia</i> . Ap. 104. his being.	. 19; niles v. 2)
Y <sup>1</sup> A C	8 And there were <sup>1</sup> in the same <sup>°</sup> country shepherds abiding in the field, keeping watch <sup>°</sup> over their flock by night.	lineage: i.e. the family. <b>5</b> with = in conjunction with. Gr. sun. Ap. 104. Not the same word as in vv. 36, 51, 52. espoused = married. Not merely "betrothed" (A 1. 20, 24, 25). See note on Matt 1. 18. Cp. Deut. 22, 2	latt.
DE	9 And, °lo, °the angel of °the LORD °came upon them, and °the glory of °the LORD shone round about them: and they °were sore afraid.	great with child. Cp. 1. 24. Gr. enkŭos. Occ. here in N.T. <b>2. 6-52</b> (A <sup>3</sup> , p. 1429). PRE-MINISTERIAL (Repeated Alternation.)	only
<b>F</b> у	10 And the angel said unto them, "Fear °not: for, °behold, °I bring you good tidings of great joy, °which shall be to all °people.	$ \begin{array}{c c} A^3 & X^1 & 6, 7. \\ Y^1 & 8-20. \\ X^2 & 21-24. \\ X^2 & 21-24. \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Birth.} \\ \text{(Heavenly.)} $	
z	11 ° For unto you ° is born this day	Y <sup>2</sup>   25-38. Attestations. (Earthly.)   X <sup>3</sup>   39-62. The Holy Child. Growth.	
2	in the city of David	<b>6</b> so it was $=$ it came to pass; as in v. 1. while=in (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) the time.	
al	°a Saviour,	7 her firstborn $Son = her son$ , the firstborn. Ap. 17	
a <sup>2</sup>	which is °Christ	wrapped swaddling clothes. Gr. spargar to swathe. Occ. only here and v. 12. A medical f	
a <sup>3</sup>	° the Lord.	= bandage. See Col. 4. 14. Eng. "swathe". An Saxon swathu = as much grass as is mown at one st	
y	12 And this <i>shall be</i> a sign unto you; Ye shall find °the Babe <sup>7</sup> wrapped in swaddling clothes, lying <sup>1</sup> in <sup>7</sup> a <sup>7</sup> manger."	of the scythe. From Low Germ. $swade = a \ scy$ Hence a shred, or slice, then a bandage. Cp. Ezek. a = the. But all the Texts omit the Art. manger. Gr. $phatn\bar{e}$ (from $pateomai$ , to eat).	7the. 16. 4.
DE	13 And suddenly there was 5 with the angel the inn = the Khan. Not "guestchamber", as in 2	only in vv. 12, 16, and 13. 15. Sept. for Heb. ' Prov. 14. 4. no. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. 22. 11 and Mark 14. 14, its only other occurrences.	
	Y1   A   8-15. Angel	TIONS. (HEAVENLY.) (Alternation.) lic Message. Given.	
	A   17-19. Ange	Shepherds. Departure. elic Message. Reported. Shepherds. Return.	
		MESSAGE. (Introversion and Alternation.)	
	$\begin{array}{c c} \mathbf{A} & \mathbf{C} & \mathbf{s}. & \mathbf{The Shep} \\ & \mathbf{D} & \mathbf{E} & \mathbf{j} & 0 \end{array}$	e Angel.	
	$ \begin{array}{c c}                                    $	12. His Message. News. ne Heavenly Host. Their Message. Praise. oherds. Resolve.	
	8 country=region where David fed his father, over. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. 9 lo. Fig. As the angel=an angel. No Art. See note on 1. 11. Ap came upon=stood by. Gr. ephistēmi. Used eighte glory: the Shekinah, which symbolized the Divin	s sheep, when sent for by Samuel (1 Sam. 16, 11) terismos (Ap. 6), to call attention to the wondrous e p. 179.II.2. the <b>LORD</b> = Jehovah (Ap. 98, VI. a. 1.	vent. B.b). the 5.1-3.
	<b>2. 10–12</b> [For St	ructure see next page].	
	euangelizomai = I evangelize (announce) to you great the joy. people = the People [of Israel]. 11 to-day". See note on Luke 23. 43. is born = was for a Saviour is for the lost. Christ the I 1 Sam. 24. 6. Ap. 98. XIII. the Lord. A Therefore able to save. Cp. Rom. 14. 9. 1 Cor. 8 define and contain the "Gospel" as being good distinct from Religion, which consists of Article outward. Cp. Phil. 3. 4-7, 9, 10, 20, 21. Note that	For = That: meaning "born to-day"; not "I anno s born, or brought forth. a Saviour. Not a hel Lord = Heb. Mashiah Jehovah, i.e. Jehovah's Anoin p. 98. VI. a. 3. B. a. The Lord of all power and m . 6; 12. 3. 2 Cor. 4.5. Phil. 2. 11. These three w news as to a PERSON; and as being Christianit s, Creeds, Doctrines, and Confessions; i.e. all the in the Gr. the words, "in the city of David", come	er of unce lper : nted. ight. yords y as at is
	Hence the z and $z$ correspond in the Structure, p.	1436. <b>12</b> the Babe = a babe.	

**2.** 13.

4 в.с.	a multitude of the <sup>°</sup> heavenly <sup>°</sup> host praising <sup>°</sup> God, and saying,	2. 10-12 (F, p. 1435). HIS MESSAGE. NEWS. (Introversion, in the order of the Greek words.)
FGb	14 ° "Glory	F   y   10. The Announcement.
н	to 13 God	$z \mid 11$ The Time. $a^1 \mid -11$ A Saviour.
c	<sup>1</sup> in the highest,	a <sup>2</sup> -11 Christ. The Gospel. A Person.
Gc	and ° on earth	$a^{3}   -11$ . The Lord. )   $z   -11$ The Place.
ь	peace,	$y \mid 12$ . The Sign.
н	° good will ° toward men."	13 heavenly host=host of heaven. So Tr.WH marg.
C	15 And <sup>1</sup> it came to pass, as the angels were	host = the Sabaioth of the O.T. Cp. Dan. 8. 10. Rom.
	gone away 'from them 'into 'heaven, the shepherds said one 'to another, '" Let us now	9. 29. Jas. 5. 4. Rev. 5. 11, 12. God. Ap. 98. I. i. 1.
	go even "unto Bethlehem, and "see this "thing which "is come to pass, which "the LORD hath "made known unto us."	<b>14.</b> (F, p. 1435). THEIR MESSAGE. PRAISE. (Alternation and Introversion, according to the Greek.) $F \mid G \mid b \mid 14$ Glory.
В	16 And they came with haste, and ° found	c   -14 Sphere: "in the Highest". H   -14 To God.
2	° Mary, and Joseph, and the Babe lying $1$ in $7$ a manger.	$\begin{array}{c c} G & c & -14 \text{ Sphere}: \text{ ``on Earth''.} \\ b & -14 \text{ Peace.} \\ H & -14. \text{ [From God] among [favoured] men.} \end{array}$
A	17 And when they had <sup>15</sup> seen $it$ , they made known abroad the <sup><math>\circ</math></sup> saying which was told	14 Glory. Supply the Ellipsis: [be] to God. Cp. 19. 38.
	them ° concerning this ° Child.	on earth peace. But man murdered "the Prince
	18 And all they that heard it wondered °at	of peace", and now vainly talks about "Peace". on. Gr. <i>epi</i> . Ap. 104. ix. 1.
	those things which were told "them "by the shepherds.	earth. Gr. gē. Ap. 124. 4.
	19 But Mary ° kept all these <sup>15</sup> things, ° and	good will toward men. All the texts read "among men of good pleasure", reading <i>eudokias</i> instead of
	pondered them 1 in her heart.	eudokia. But the sense is the same, as the "good
В	20 And the shepherds returned, glorifying and	pleasure" is that of Jehovah alone=among men of [His] good pleasure: see 12.32, "It is your Father's
	praising <sup>13</sup> God ° for all the things that they had heard and <sup>15</sup> seen, °as it was told ° unto them.	good pleasure to give you the kingdom ". But it was
X2	21 And when °eight days were °accomplished	man's bad pleasure to <i>reject</i> the kingdom. See the Structure $(F)$ .
	for the circumcising of the <sup>17</sup> Child, ° His name	toward = among. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. 2.
	was called °JESUS, Which was so named ° of the angel ° before He was conceived <sup>1</sup> in the womb.	15 heaven = the heaven. Sing. with Art. to. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3.
	22 And when ° the days of ° her purification	Let us now go = [Come now], let us go through.
1	<sup>o</sup> according to <sup>o</sup> the law of Moses were <sup>21</sup> accom-	unto=as far as. see. Gr. eidon. Ap. 133. I. i. thing=word, or saying. Gr. rhēma. See note on
5	plished, they ° brought Him ° to Jerusalem, to ° present Him to ° the LORD;	Mark 9. 32. is = has.
	23 20 (As it is written 1 in 22 the law of 9 the	made known: i.e. the saying of v. 12. Gr. gnoriso. Cp. gnosis. Ap. 132. II. i.
	LORD, "Every male that openeth the womb shall be called "holy to "the LORD ;)	16 found = discovered, after search, or in succession.
	24 And to offer a sacrifice <sup>23</sup> according to that	Gr. aneurisko. Occ. only here and in Acts 21. 4. Mary, and Joseph, and the Babe. Each has the Art.
	which is said <sup>1</sup> in <sup>22</sup> the law of the LORD, <sup>°</sup> A pair	with conj. emphasizing the several parties referred to.
Y2 I	of turtledoves, or two young pigeons. 25 And, <sup>10</sup> behold, there was a <sup>o</sup> man <sup>1</sup> in Jeru-	<b>17 saying.</b> Gr. <i>rhēma</i> , as in v. 15. concerning. Gr. <i>peri</i> . Ap. 104. xiii. 1.
	salem, whose name was ° Simeon; and the	Child. As in 1. 59. 18 at = concerning, as in $v$ . 17.
3	same °man was just and ° devout, ° waiting for	them = to (Gr. pros, as in v. 15-) them. by. Gr. hupō. Ap. 104. xviii. 1.
		<b>19</b> kept = kept within herself.
	and pondered=pondering; i.e. weighing them. as=according as. unto. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv.	3. 21 eight days, &c.: i.e. on the last and great day
	of the Feast of Tabernacles (John 7. 37). acc	omplished = fulfilled. See Lev. 12. 3. His name.
	named before birth: Ishmael, Isaac, John, and the	cumcised Him] and called His Name", &c. Only four Lord. JESUS. See note on Matt. 1. 21. Ap. 98. X.
	of = by. Gr. $hupo$ , as in v. 18. before. Gr.	pro. Ap. 104. xiv. 22 the days: i.e. forty days
	after the birth of a son (eighty after a daughter). i.e. Joseph and Mary. according to.	See Lev. 12. $2-4$ . her=their. So all the texts; Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 2. See Ex. 13. 12; 22. 29; 34. 19.
	Num. 3. 12, 13: 18. 15. the law. Mentione	d five times in this chapter, oftener than all the rest
		ht Him = brought Him up. to. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. 3 Every male, &c. Quoted from Ex. 13. 2. Num. 18. 15.
	holy. See note on Ex. 3. 5. 24 A pair, &	c. Lev. 12. 2, 6.
		CATIONS. (EARTHLY.) (Alternation.)
	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c } Y^2 & I & 25-27 \\ J & J & 28- \\ \end{array} $	. Simeon. -35. His testimony.
	I 36, 37	. Anna.
	J 38. 25 man. Gr. anthröpos. See Ap. 123. 1.	Her testimony. Simeon. In Heb. Shime on = hearing. Cp. Gen. 29.33.
	Possibly the father of Gamaliel (Acts 5. 34).	devout. Gr. eulabes. Used only by Luke =
	taking hold of well; i.e. careful and circumspect word <i>eulabeia</i> , rendered "godly fear", occurs twi	in observing the Law. Cp. Acts 2. 5; 8. 2. The kindred
	49. 18. Isa, 49. 23; and see Ap. 36. Joseph of A	ce (Heb. 5. 7; 12. 28). waiting for. Cp. Gen. rimathæa was another who thus waited. Mark 15. 43.
	Cp. v. 38; B. 15; 24. 21.	

2	25
Δ.	40.

4 B.C.	othe consolation of Israel: and othe Holy	the consolation of Israel. Cp. Acts 28. 20 and Isa.
	Ghost was °upon him. 26 And °it was revealed unto him <sup>18</sup> by °the Holy Ghost, that he should <sup>10</sup> not <sup>15</sup> see death, ° before he had <sup>15</sup> seen ° the LORD'S Christ.	40. 1. "May I see the consolation of Israel!" was a Jewish formula of blessing; and an adjuration also: "May I not see it, if I speak not the truth!" the Holy Ghost=pneuma hagion=a spiritual gift.
	27 And he came <sup>°</sup> by <sup>°</sup> the Spirit <sup>3</sup> into <sup>°</sup> the	See Ap. 101. II. 14. upon. Gr. <i>epi</i> . Ap. 104. ix. 3.
	temple: and when the parents brought <sup>1</sup> in <sup>17</sup> the Child Jesus, to do <sup>o</sup> for Him <sup>o</sup> after the custom of <sup>29</sup> the law,	<b>26</b> it was revealed. Gr. chrēmatizā. Occ.nine times; seven times of a Divine communication; here, Matt. 2. 12, 22. Acts 10. 22; 11. 26. Rom. 7. 3. Heb. 8. 5; 11. 17;
J	28 Then °took he Him up °in his arms, and	12. 25. the Holy Ghost. The Person being the revealer (with
	blessed God, and said, 29 °"Lord, now lettest Thou Thy servant	Articles). Not the same as in v. 25. See Ap 101. II. 3. before. Gr. prin. See note on "Till", Matt. 1. 25.
	depart <sup>1</sup> in peace, <sup>22</sup> according to Thy <sup>o</sup> word: 30 For mine eyes have <sup>15</sup> seen <sup>o</sup> Thy salva-	the Lord's Christ = Jehovah's Anointed. See note on v. 11. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. B. b. and XIII.
	tion,	27 by=in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii.
	31 Which Thou hast prepared ° before the face of all ° people ;	the Spirit. The Holy Spirit Himself. See Ap. 101. II. 3.
	32 A light °to lighten °the Gentiles, and the °glory of thy people Israel."	the temple=the Temple courts. Gr. hieron. See notes on Matt. 4. 5; 23. 16.
	33 And ° Joseph and His mother ° marvelled	for = concerning. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 1. after = according to. As in $v$ . 22.
	° at those things which were spoken ° of Him. 34 And <sup>25</sup> Simeon blessed them, and said	28 took = received. 29 Lord = Master. Gr. Despotës. Ap. 98. XIV. ii
	<sup>20</sup> unto Mary His mother, <sup>10</sup> "Behold, this Child is °set °for the °fall and °rising again of many	Occurs ten times in N.T. (here; Acts 4. 24. 1 Tim. 6. 1, 2. 2 Tim. 2. 21. Tit. 2. 9. 1 Pet. 2. 18. 2 Pet. 2. 1. Jude 4.
	<sup>1</sup> in Israel; and <sup>o</sup> for a sign which shall be	
	°spoken against; 35°(Yea, a °sword shall °pierce through	sōtēria). Used of Jehovah Himself (not merely of
	thy own °soul also,) that the °thoughts 'of many hearts may be °revealed."	salvation as such). See Isa. 62. 11. Cp. Luke 3. 6. <b>31 before.</b> Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 2.
I	36 And there was one ° Anna, a ° prophetess,	<b>32</b> A light. Gr. phös. See Ap. 130. 1. Quoted from
	the daughter 'of Phanuel, of the tribe of "Aser: $\mathfrak{she}$ was of a great age, and had lived " with	1sa. 42. 6. to lighten=for (Gr. eis, as in $v$ . 34) a revelation of.
	an husband seven years 'from her virginity;	Gr. apokalupsis = a revelation by unveiling and mani- festing to view. The first of eighteen occurrences. All
	37 And the was a widow of about fourscore and four years, which departed ° not 4 from the	noted in Ap. 106. II. i. Cp. Ps. 98. 2, 3. Isa. 42. 6; 49. 6; 52. 10, &c. the Gentiles. See Isa. 25. 7.
	<sup>27</sup> temple, but <sup>o</sup> served <i>God</i> with fastings and prayers night and day.	glory. The special blessing for Israel. Israel has had the "light". She is yet to have the glory.
J	38 And the ° coming in ° that instant gave	<b>33</b> Joseph. Most of the texts (not the Syriac) read "His father". marvelled = were marvelling.
	<sup>o</sup> thanks likewise unto <sup>o</sup> the LORD, and spake <sup>ss</sup> of Him to all them that <sup>o</sup> looked for <sup>o</sup> redemp-	at. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 2. Not the same word as in v. 18. of=concerning. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 1. Not the
	tion <sup>1</sup> in Jerusalem.	same word as in vv. 4, 35, -36. 34 set=destined.
X <sup>3</sup> K d	39 And when they had ° performed all things <sup>22</sup> according to <sup>22</sup> the law of <sup>9</sup> the LORD, they	for. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. Not the same word as in
	returned <sup>3</sup> into Galilee, <sup>22</sup> to their own city <sup>9</sup> Nazareth.	vv. 10, 11, 20, 27, 30. fall: i.e. a stumbling-block. See Isa. 8. 14, and cp.
e	40 And <sup>17</sup> the Child grew, and waxed strong	Matt. 21. 42, 44. Acts 4. 11. Rom. 9, 33. 1 Cor. 1. 23. rising again = rising up. Matt. 11. 6. Ap. 178. II. 1.
Ū	<sup>o</sup> in spirit, filled with wisdom: and <sup>o</sup> the grace of <sup>13</sup> God was <sup>13</sup> upon Him.	spoken against. See Acts 28. 22. Not a prophecy, but describing its character.
LMP	41 Now His parents went <sup>22</sup> to Jerusalem	<b>35</b> Yea = And thee. sword. Gr. <i>rhomphaia</i> . Occ. only here and Rev.
	every year at the feast of the ° passover.	1. 16; 2. 12, 16; 6. 8; 19. 15, 21. Sept. 107 Zech. 13. 7. pierce, &c. When on the Cross.
Į.	thoughts=reasonings. Cp. 5. 22. Matt. 15. 19. Jo	soul. Gr. psuchē. Ap. 110. v. 1. hn 9. 16. 1 Cor. 11. 19. 1 John 2. 19. revealed =
	unveiled. Gr. apokaluptō. Ap. 106. I. ix. gracious. prophetess. Only here and Rev	<b>36</b> Anna. Heb. Hannah, as in 1 Sam. 1. 20 = He was v. 2. 20. Aser=Asher; thus Anna of Israel united
	with Simeon of Judah. 37 not. Gr. ou. A in=standing by. that instant=at the sam	p. 105. I. served. Same as 1. 74. <b>38</b> coming e time (or hour). thanks – praise. the Lord.
	All the texts read "God". looked = waited.	redemption. See notes on v. 24; 24. 21. Mark 15. 43.
	<b>2. 39-52</b> (X <sup>3</sup> , p. 1435). THE HOLY CH X <sup>3</sup>   K   d   39. Return	ILD. GROWTH. (Introversion and Alternation.)
	e   40. The	bord. Growth. The Feast of the Passover.
	K   d   51. Return	n to Nazareth.
	39 performed = ended. Nazareth. See note	
		&c. Cp. John 1. 14. Isa. 11. 2, 3. itructure see next page].
	41 passover. See Ap. 94. III. 3.	

	<b>2.</b> 42. LU	KE. 3. 1.
<b>▲.D.</b> 8	42 And when He was <sup>o</sup> twelve years old, they went up <sup>22</sup> to Jerusalem <sup>27</sup> after the cus- tom of the feast.	2. 41-50 (L, p. 1437). THE FEAST OF THE PASSOVER. (Extended Alternations.) L   M   P   41, 42. Parents at Jerusalem.
Q	43 And when they had fulfilled the days, ° as they returned, ° the Child Jesus tarried behind <sup>1</sup> in Jerusalem; and °Joseph and His mother ° knew <sup>37</sup> not of it.	Q       43. The Child. Tarrying behind.         R       44-46 Parents' search.         N       -46. The Child. Employment.         O       47. Effect. Astonishment.         M       P         48 Parents at Jerusalem.
RSf	44 But they, ° supposing Him to have been $^{1}$ in ° the company,	$Q \mid -48$ The Child. Questioned. $R \mid -48, 49$ Parents. Search. $N \mid -49$ . The Child. Employment.
g	went °a day's journey; and they ° sought Him ° among <i>their</i> kinsfolk ° and acquaintance.	0   50. Effect. Unintelligent. 42 twelve years old: when every Jewish boy becomes "a son of the law". If they performed "all things" acc.
Т	45 And when they found Him <sup>10</sup> not,	to the Law, Joseph had paid the five shekels redemp-
Sf	they turned back again <sup>22</sup> to Jerusalem,	tion money (Num. 3. 47; 18. 16), which gave Joseph the <i>legal right</i> to be reckoned the "father", claiming the
g	°seeking Him. 46 And $^{1}$ it came to pass, that °after three days	obedience shown in v. 51. See notes on v. 48, and 3. 23, which thus explain the genealogy there. <b>43</b> as they returned = in (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) their
T	they found Him <sup>1</sup> in <sup>27</sup> the temple,	the Child. Now the Gr. is pais=the youth as be-
N	° sitting <sup>1</sup> in the midst of the ° doctors, both hearing them, and asking them questions.	coming Jehovah's servant. See Ap. 108. iv. Joseph and His mother. All the Texts read "His parents".
0	47 And all that heard Him were astonished <sup>83</sup> at His understanding and answers.	knew not=did not get to know of it. Gr. ginōskō. Ap. 132. I. ii.
M P	48 And when they <sup>15</sup> saw Him, they were amazed: and His mother said <sup>20</sup> unto Him,	2. 14-46- (R, above). PAREN'TS' SEARCH. (Alternations.) R   S   f   44 Journey from Jerusalem.
Q	° "Son, why hast Thou thus dealt with us?	g -44. Search.
R	<ul> <li><sup>10</sup> behold, ° Thy father and 3 have 41 sought Thee sorrowing."</li> <li>49 And He said 20 unto them, "How is it that ye sought Me?</li> </ul>	T   45 Unsuccessful. S   $f$   -45 Journey back to Jerusalem. g   -45, 46 Search. T   -46 Successful. <b>44</b> supposing=surely reckoning. See note on 3. 23.
N	° wist ye <sup>37</sup> not that I ° must be about My Father's business?"	the company: i.e. in the caravan. a day's journey. Probably to <i>Beeroth</i> , about six miles north of Jerusalem. Now <i>Bireh</i> .
о	50 And the $2^{\circ}$ understood $37$ not the $17$ saying which He spake unto them.	sought = searched up and down. among. Gr. en. Ap. 104 viii. 2. and = and among. <b>45</b> seeking = searching (all the way they went). Gr.
K d	51 And He went down ${}^{36}$ with them, and came ${}^{22}$ to ${}^{4}$ Nazareth, and was ${}^{\circ}$ subject unto them: but His mother kept all these ${}^{17}$ sayings ${}^{1}$ in her heart.	anazėteo, as in v. 44. <b>46</b> after= with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 2. sitting. This was strictly according to rule. doctors=teachers: i.e. Rabbis.
e	52 And Jesus °increased °in wisdom and °stature, and in favour °with God and °man.	<b>48 Son.</b> Gr. teknon=child. See Ap. 108. i. Thy father. This was legally correct on the part of Mary. (See note on v. 42, above.) But not truly so; therefore the Lord's correction, "MY Father's busi-
<b>B</b> U ₄.д. 26	<b>3</b> Now °in the °fifteenth year of the °reign of °Tiberius Cæsar, °Pontius Pilate be- ing °governor of Judæa, and °Herod being tetrarch of Galilee, and his brother °Philip	<ul> <li>ness", v. 49.</li> <li>49 wist ye not=knew ye not. Gr. oida. See Ap.</li> <li>132. I. i.</li> <li>must. These are the first recorded words of the</li> </ul>
	Mark 8. 31. Luke 4. 43; 9. 22; 13. 33; 24. 7, 26, 46.	Hence the Divine necessity. Cp. Matt. 16. 21; 26. 54. John 3. 14; 4. 4; 12. 34, &c. The last-recorded words Father's business which He came to be about. Compare note on Matt. 4. 4, "It is written". <b>50</b> under- 1. 10, 11; 10. 6. <b>51</b> subject. See note on v. 42.
	<b>B</b> U   1, 2 Herod the D         V       W   -2. The W         X       3. John         V       W   4-6. The V         X       7-18. John         U   19, 20. Herod the       Iffteenth Tib	Vord of God. Coming to John. n proclaiming. Vord of God fulfilled by John. ohn proclaiming. Tetrarch. erius. See Ap. 179. I, note 2. Augustus died in A. D. 14,
	reign =government. Gr. hegemonia (not basileia = Appointed sixth Procurator of Judaea, A. D. 25. A Eusebius) committed suicide in A. D. 36. govern	fter his deposition, he went to Rome, and (according to or. Cognate word with "reign" above. Herod r of Philip I, who abducted Philip's wife, Herodias, and

	<b>3.</b> 1. LU	KE. 3. 15.
a. d. 26	tetrarch of Ituræa and of the region of Tracho- nitis, and Lysanias the tetrarch of Abilene, 2 °Annas and Caiaphas being the high priests,	2 Annas. See Ap. 94. III. 3. 5. Annas and Caiaphas being the high priests. Caiaphas was the High Priest as successor of Aaron; while Annas was the Nasi, or head of the Sanhedrin (as successor of Moses), and thus associated with
v w	° the word of God came ° unto ° John the son of Zacharias $1$ in ° the wilderness.	Caiaphas in government. This explains John 18. 13, 24, and Acts 4. 6.
X	3 And he °came °into all the country about Jordan, ° preaching the °baptism of ° repen- tance ° for ° the remission of ° sins;	the word of God came, &c. See Ap. 82. Cp. Jer. 1. 2. Ezek. 6. 1, &c. John was the last and greatest of the prophets. unto=upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. Not the same
V W	4 As it is written <sup>1</sup> in the book of ° the words of °Esaias the prophet, saying, "The voice of one crying <sup>1</sup> in the wilderness, 'Prepare ye the way of ° the LORD, make His ° paths straight. 5 Everyvalleyshall be filled, and everymount- ain and hill shall be brought low; and the crooked shall be made straight, and the rough ways shall be made smooth; 6 And all °flesh shall °see the salvation of ° God.'"	word as in vv. 9, 12, 13, 14. John the son of Zacharias. In Matthew, John the Baptist. the wilderness: i.e. in the cities and towns of the open country. See v. 4; Josh. 15. 61, 62; and 1 Sam. 28. 14, 24. 3 came=went. into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. preaching=proclaiming. See Ap. 121. 1. baptism. See Ap. 115. II. i. 2. repentance. See Ap. 111. II. 1. for=with a view to. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. the remission=remission. A medical word (see Col. 4. 14). Used by Luke ten times. Rest of N.T. only
ХŸһ	7°Then said he to the ° multitude that came forth to be ° baptized ° of him, "O ° generation of vipers, who hath ° warned you to flee ° from the wrath ° to come ? 8 Bring forth therefore fruits worthy of ° re- pentance, and begin ° not to say ° within your- selves, 'We have Abraham to our ° futher': for I say unto you, That God is able ° of ° these stones to raise up ° children unto Abraham.	seven times. See 4 18. sins. Ap. 128. I. ii. 4 the words, &c. See notes on Isa. 40. s, and Mal. 8. 1. See Ap. 107. II. 4. Esaias = Isaiah. See Ap. 79. I. the LORD = Jehovah. Ap. 4. II and 98. VI. i. a. 1. B. a. paths = beaten tracks. 6 flesh. Put by Fig. Synecdochē (of Genus), Ap. 6, for people. see. Gr. opsomai. Ap. 133. I. 8 (a). God. Ap. 98. I. i. 1. 3. 7-18 (X, p. 1438). JOHN PROCLAIMING. (Introversion and Alternations : Extended and Repeated.)
i	9 And $^{\circ}$ now also the axe is laid $^{\circ}$ unto the root of the trees:	X Y h   7, 8. The people. Baptism. i   9 The Axe. k   -9. The Trees.
k	every tree therefore which bringeth <sup>8</sup> not forth good fruit is hewn down, and cast <sup>3</sup> into the fire."	Z $\begin{vmatrix} 1^1 & 10. \ \text{The people. Question.} \\ m^1 & 11. \ \text{John's answer.} \\ l^2 & 12. \ \text{The publicans. Question.} \\ m^2 & 13. \ \text{John's answer.} \end{vmatrix}$
Z 1'	10 And the people asked him, saying, "What shall we do then?"	1 <sup>3</sup>   14 The soldiers. Question. m <sup>3</sup>   -14. John's answer.
m¹	11 He °answereth and saith unto them, "He that hath two °coats, let him impart to him that hath °none; and he that hath °meat, let him do likewise."	V $h$ 15, 16. The people. Baptism. $i$ 17 The Fan. $k$ -17, 18. The Wheat and Chaff.7Then said he = He said therefore.multitude = crowds.baptized. Ap. 115. I. vii.
12	12 Then came ° also publicans to be ° baptized, and said ° unto him, ° " Master, what shall we do?"	of=by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. Not the same word as in vv. 8, 15. generation=offspring, or brood. warned=forewarned; implying secrecy.
m²	13 And he said <sup>9</sup> unto them, "Exact <sup>o</sup> no more <sup>o</sup> than that which is appointed you."	from = away from. Gr. $apo$ . Ap. 104. iv. Not the same word as in $v$ . 22. to come = about to come. Quite true; for, had the
13	14 And ° the soldiers likewise demanded of him, saying, "And what shall we do?"	nation repented, all that the prophets had foretold, both as to the sufferings and following wrath and glory,
m <sup>8</sup>	And he said <sup>9</sup> unto them, <sup>°</sup> " Do violence to no man, neither <sup>°</sup> accuse <i>any</i> falsely; and be con- tent with your wages."	would have been fulfilled. 8 repentance = the repentance which has been de- manded, and which you profess. not. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II. Not the same word as in v. 16.
Y h	15 And as the people were $^{\circ}$ in expectation, and all men $^{\circ}$ mused $^{1}$ in their hearts $^{\circ}$ of John, whether $\mathfrak{h}_{\mathfrak{k}}$ were $^{\circ}$ the Christ, or not ;	within = among. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. 2. father. Emphatic, by the Fig. Hyperbaton (Ap. 6), being put in the Greek as the first word of the sentence. See John 8. 33, 53. of=out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. Not the same word
	<ul> <li>5. 40). One kind of garment, put by Fig. Synecdocki as in v. 8. meat=food, or victuals. 12 also p I. 1. Master=Teacher. Ap. 98. XIV. v. 1. 1 Ap. 104. xii. 3. 14 the soldiers=some soldi Participle = men under arms. Josephus (Ant. xviii in a war with Aretas his father-in-law, a petty kin were passing from Galilee through the very count terrify with a view to extortion. Occ. only here in 15 in expectation. See notes on 2. 25, 38; 24. concerning. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 1. t</li> </ul>	children. Ap. 108. i. <b>9</b> now also the are is axe lies. Referring to <i>national</i> privileges. unto. Gr. th. See note on Deut. 1. 41. coats=tunics (cp. Matt. § (of Species) for a garment of any kind. none=not, publicans=the tax-farmers also. baptized. Ap. 115. <b>3</b> no=nothing. Gr. mēden. than=beside. Gr. para. ters (no Art.) going on service. Not the Noun, but the 5, §§ 1, 2) tells us that Herod Antipas (v. 1) was engaged ng in Arabia Petrea, at this very time, and his soliers ry where John was proclaiming. Do violence= a the N.T. accuse any falsely. See note on 19. s.

9	1.13
J.	10.

a.d. 26	16 John answered, saying unto them all, " $\Im$ indeed °baptize you with water; but °One mightier than I cometh, the °latchet of Whose °shoes I am °not °worthy to unloose: $\mathfrak{H}$ shall °baptize you ° with the Holy Ghost and ° with fire:	16 baptize. Ap. 115. I. ii and iii. b. One = the One : i. e. He that is mightier. latchet = thong, or lace. shces = sandals. A well-known proverb. Fig. Parce- mia. Ap. 6. .not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. worthy = fit. with the Holy Ghost = with holy spirit. Gr. pneuma
i	17 Whose <sup>o</sup> fan <i>is</i> <sup>1</sup> in His hand, and He will throughly purge His <sup>o</sup> floor, and will gather the wheat <sup>s</sup> into His garner;	hagion: i.e. power from on high, or with spiritual gifts. See Ap. 101. II. 4. with fire. Because this was foretold as being among the things which were about to be fulfilled, had the
k	but the chaff He will ° burn with fire un- quenchable." 18 And many ° other ° things in his exhorta- tion ° preached he unto the people.	nation repented. "This (Acts 2. 16) is that (Joel 2. 30)." It symbolizes the judgments included in that day. 17 fan = winnowing-fan. floor = threshing-floor. burn = burn up. Gr. $katakai\delta$ = to consume entirely.
U	19 But ° Herod the tetrarch, being reproved °by him ° for Herodias his brother Philip's wife, and ° for all the °evils which Herod had done, 20 ° Added ° yet this °above all, that he shut up John <sup>1</sup> in °prison.	Cp. Matt. 3, 12. Heb. 18, 11. <b>18</b> other=different. See Ap. 124.2. things=things therefore. preached = announced the glad tidings. Gr. euange- lizō. See Ap. 121. 4. Not the same word as in v. s. <b>19</b> Herod. See Matt. 14. 3. Ap. 109. by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1.
<b>C</b> A	21 Now when all the people were baptized, ° it came to pass, that Jesus also being bap- tized, and ° praying, ° the heaven was opened,	for=concerning. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 1. Not the same word as in vv. 3. evils. Gr. ponēra (pl.). Ap. 128. IV. 1. <b>20</b> Added. Gr. prostithēmi. A medical word in the
В	22 And °the Holy Ghost descended °in a bodily shape like a dove °upon Him, and a voice came ° from heaven, which said, "Thou art °My beloved Son; <sup>1</sup> in Thee °I am °well pleased."	sense of apply or administer, used by Luke thirteen times; in the rest of the N.T. five times. yet this=this also. above=to. Gr. $epi$ . Ap. 104. ix. 2. prison. The fortress of Machærus, on the borders of Arabia north of the Dead Sea (Josephus, <i>Ant.</i> bk. <b>xviii</b> .
A	23 And Jesus Himself <sup>°</sup> began to be about thirty years of age,	ch. v. § 2). <b>3. 21-38 (C</b> , p. 1427). THE BAPTISM. WITH WATER. (Alternation.)
В	being (° as was supposed) the Son of °Joseph, ° which was ° the son of Heli, 24 Which was 'the son of Matthat, which was the son of Levi, which was the son of Melchi, which was the son of Janna, which was the son of Joseph, 25 Which was the son of Mattathias, which was the son of Amos, which was the son of Naum, which was the son of Mattathias, which was the son of Magge, 26 Which was the son of Maath, which was the son of Nagge, 26 Which was the son of Maath, which was the son of Mattathias, which was the son of Semei, which was the son of Joseph, which was the son of Juda, 27 Which was the son of Joanna, which was the son of Rhesa, which was the son of Zoro- babel, which was the son of Salathiel, which was the son of Neri, 28 Which was the son of Melchi, which was the son of Addi, which was the son of Cosam, which was the son of Elmodam, which was the son of Er, 29 Which was the son of Jose, which was the son of Eliezer, which was the son of Jorim, which was the son of Simeon, which was the son of Liezer, which was the son of Joseph, which was the son of Simeon, which was the son of Juda, which was the son of Joseph, which was the son of Simeon, which was the son of Liezer, which was the son of Joseph, which was the son of Simeon, which was the son of Liezer, which was the son of Joseph, which was the son of Simeon, which was the son of Buda, which was the son of Joseph, which was the son of Simeon, which was the son of Buan, which was the son of Mat- tatha, which was the son of ° Nathan, which was the son of Obed, which was the son of ° Booz, which was the son of Salmon, which was the son of ° Naasson,	<ul> <li>C   A   21 The Baptism of the Lord. B   -21, 22. Genealogy. Divine. A   23 The Age of the Lord. B   -23-38. Genealogy. Human.</li> <li>21 it came to pass. As in v. 1. The 1611 edition of the A.V. reads "and it came to pass". praying. Note the occasions of the Lord's praying : here; 5. 16; 6. 12; 9. 18, 28; 11. 1; 22. 41-44. the heaven. Sing. See notes on Matt. 6. 9, 10.</li> <li>22 the Holy Ghost=the Spirit the Holy [Spirit]. See Ap. 101. II. 3. in a bodily shape. Peculiar to Luke. upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. from=out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. My beloved Son=My Son, the beloved [Son]. I am well pleased=I have found delight.</li> <li>23 began=when He began [His ministry?] He was about thirty years of age. as was supposed = as reckoned by law. Gr. nomizo = to lay down a thing as law; to hold by custom, or usage; to reckon correctly, take for granted. See Matt. 20. 10. Luke 2. 44. Acts 7. 26; 14. 19; 16. 15, 27. Joseph was begotten by Jacob, and was his natural son (Matt, 1. 16). He could be the legal son of Heli, therefore, only by marriage with Heli's daughter (Mary), and be reckoned so according to law (Gr. nomizo). It does not say "begat" in the case of Heli. which=who. So throughout vv. 24-38. the son of Heli. The genealogy of the ideal man begins from his father, and goes backward as far as may be. That of a king begins at the source of his dynasty and ends with himself. Cp. that of Matthew with Luke, and see Ap. 99.</li> <li>31 Nathan. This is the natural line through Nathan. In Matthew 1. 6, the regal line is shown through Solomon. Thus both lines became united in Joseph; and thus the Lord being raised from the dead is the one and only heir to the throne of David. For the two lines see Ap. 99.</li> <li>32 Booz = O.T. Boaz. Naasson = O.T. Nabhon.</li> </ul>

0	
·	99
•].	<b>.</b>

# LUKE.

A. D. 26	33 Which was the son of °Aminadab, which was the son of °Aram, which was the son of °Esrom, which was the son of °Phares, which	33 Aminadab = O.T. Amminadab.Aram = O.T. Ram.Esrom = O.T. Hezron.Phares=O.T. Phares.Juda=O.T. Judah.34 Thara=O.T. Terah.Nachor = O.T. Nahor.
	was the son of <sup>°</sup> Juda, 34 Which was the son of Jacob, which was the son of Isaac, which was the son of Abra- hom which was the son of <sup>°</sup> Thora which	<b>35</b> Saruch=O.T. Serug. Ragau=O.T. Reu.Phalec=O.T. Peleg. Sala=O.T. Salah.Heber=O.T. Eber.Sala=O.T. Salah.
	ham, which was the son of $^{\circ}$ Thara, which was the son of $^{\circ}$ Nachor, 35 Which was the son of $^{\circ}$ Saruch, which	36 Cainan. See Ap. 99, note. Sem=O.T. Shem. Noe=O.T. Noah. 37 Mathusala=O.T. Methuselah.
	was the son of °Ragau, which was the son of °Phalec, which was the son of °Heber, which was the son of °Sala,	Maleleel=O.T. Mahalaleel. <b>38</b> the son of God. Because <i>created</i> by God; the angels are so called, for the same reason. See Ap. 28.
	36 Which was the son of °Cainan, which was the son of Arphaxad, which was the son of °Sem, which was the son of °Noe, which was	<ul> <li>4. 1-14- (D, p. 1427). THE TEMPTATION. (Introversion and Alternations.)</li> <li>D   C   n   1. Return from Jordan, filled with pneuma</li> </ul>
	the son of Lamech, 37 Which was the son of $^{\circ}$ Mathusala, which was the son of Enoch, which was the son of land, which was the son of	hagion. o   2 Time. Duration. D <sup>1</sup>   p <sup>1</sup>   -2. The Occasion. Hunger.
	Jared, which was the son of <sup>o</sup> Maleleel, which was the son of Cainan, 38 Which was the son of Enos, which was	$q^1   s.$ The First Temptation. $r^1   s.$ The Answer. $D^2   p^2   5.$ The Occasion. Vision.
	the son of Seth, which was the son of Adam, which was ° the son of God.	$\mathbf{D}^{2} \mid \mathbf{\hat{p}}, \mathbf{\hat{r}}$ . The Second Temptation. $\mathbf{r}^{2} \mid \mathbf{\hat{s}}$ . The Answer. $\mathbf{D}^{3} \mid \mathbf{p}^{3} \mid \mathbf{\hat{p}}$ . The Occasion. Station. $\mathbf{q}^{3} \mid -\mathbf{\hat{p}}-11$ . The Third Temptation.
<b>D</b> Cn	<b>4</b> And °Jesus being °full of °the Holy Ghost returned °from Jordan, and was led °by °the Spirit °into ° the wilderness,	$r^3$   12. The Answer. C   $o$   13. Time. Intermission. n   14 Return in the power of the Spirit.
0	2 Being ° forty days ° tempted ° of ° the devil. And ° in those days He did eat ° nothing:	<b>1</b> Jesus. Ap. 98. X. full. Used of <i>pneuma hagion</i> only when without the Art. See Ap. 101. II. 14, and Acts 6. 3; <b>7</b> . 55; 11. 24.
D1 p1	and when they were ended, He afterward hun- gered.	the Holy Ghost. No Art. Gr. pneuma hagion, or "power from on high". See above. from = away from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv.
q1	3 And the devil said ° unto Him, ° " If Thou be ° the Son of God, command ° this stone that it be made bread."	by. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. Not the same word as in v. 4. the Spirit. With Art. = the Holy Spirit Himself. into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. All the texts read en. The Spirit met only led Him (into) the wildemonstrate
r <sup>1</sup>	4 And <sup>1</sup> Jesus answered ° him, saying, °" It is written, That ° man shall ° not live ° by bread alone, but ° by every ° word of °God."	the wilderness. Supply the <i>Ellipsis</i> (Ap. 6) thus: "the wilderness, [and was there in the wilderness,]
<b>D</b> <sup>2</sup> p <sup>2</sup>	5 And the devil, °taking Him up <sup>1</sup> into an high mountain, shewed °unto Him all the king- doms of °the world ° in a moment of time.	being tempted", &c. 2 forty. See Ap. 10. Cp. Ex. 34. 28. Num. 14. 34. 1 Kings 19. 8. Read, as in R.V., "forty days, being", &c. tempted = troubled and tried.
q²	6 And the devil said <sup>s</sup> unto Him, "All this <sup>o</sup> power will I give Thee, and the glory of them : <sup>o</sup> for that is delivered unto me; and to whom- soever <sup>o</sup> I will I give it. 7 <sup>o</sup> If Thom therefore wilt <sup>o</sup> worship me, all shall be Thine."	of = by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. Not the same word as in vv. 14, 25. the devil. Here named because these three tempta- tions came before the three recorded in Matthew 4. There it is ho peirazon = "he who was tempting Him". See Ap. 116. in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. nothing = not (Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I) anything.
r²	8 And <sup>1</sup> Jesus answered and said <sup>3</sup> unto him, <sup>o</sup> "Get thee behind Me, Satan: for <sup>o</sup> it is written, 'Thou shalt <sup>7</sup> worship <sup>o</sup> the LORD thy 'God, and Him only shalt thou serve.'"	<b>3</b> unto=to. If Thou be, &c. Gr. $ei$ , with Ind. Ap. 118. 2. a. Assuming the fact. Same word as in $v$ . 9; not the same word as in $v$ . 7.
<b>D</b> <sup>3</sup> p <sup>3</sup>	9 And he ° brought Him ° to Jerusalem, and set Him ° on a ° pinnacle of the $\circ$ temple,	the Son of God. Referring to 3. 22. Ap. 98. XV. this stone; "these stones" in Matt. 4. 3. Repeated under different circumstances. Ap. 116.
$\mathbf{q}^{3}$	and said <sup>3</sup> unto Him, <sup>3</sup> " If Thou be <sup>3</sup> the Son of God, cast Thyself down <sup>°</sup> from hence:	4 him=to (Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3) him. It is written=It standeth written. In Deut. 8, 8. See Ap. 107. See note on Matt. 4. 4. man. Gr. anthropos. Ap. 123. 1.
	with. As in Matt. 4. 5. See Ap. 116. the wor subsequent occasion (Matt. 4. 8). See Ap. 116. in authority. Ap. 172. 5. In Matthew "these things on the subsequent occasion (Matt. 4. 9). I will. Ap. 118. 1. b. The condition hypothetical. w on "before", 1. 6. 8 Get thee, &c. But the	taking. Gr. $anag\bar{o} = \text{leading. Not } paralamban\bar{o} = \text{taking}$ ld. Gr. $oikoumen\bar{e}$ . See Ap. 129. 3. Not kosmos, as on a h a moment of time. Occurs only here. <b>6</b> power = ". See Ap. 116. for that, &c. This was not repeated Gr. thelo. See Ap. 102. 1. <b>7</b> If thou therefore, &c. orship me = worship before me. See Ap. 137. 1. See note devil did not do so yet. He left of his own accord (v. 12). it is written, &c. In Deut. 6. 13; 10. 20. Ap. 107. I. 1. a. <b>9</b> brought=led. Gr. $ag\bar{v}$ , not paralambano, as
	Ap. 104. ix. 3. pinnacle. See note on Matt. 4 from hence=hence. In the subsequent temptation	

	<b>4.</b> 10. LU	<b>KE. 4.</b> 18.	
<b>A. D.</b> 26	lO For °it is written, 'He shall give His an- gels charge °over thee, °to keep thee : 11 And °in <i>their</i> hands they shall bear thee up, lest at any time thou dash thy foot °against a stone.'"	<ul> <li>10 it is written. In Ps. 91. 11, 12. See Ap. 107.</li> <li>over=concerning. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 1.</li> <li>to keep. Gr. diaphulassō=thoroughly protect. Occ.</li> <li>only here in N.T.</li> <li>11 in=on. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 1.</li> <li>against. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3.</li> </ul>	
1. <sub>3</sub>	12 And <sup>1</sup> Jesus answering said unto him, "It °is said, "Thou shalt 'not tempt <sup>s</sup> the LORD thy 'God.'"	12 is said = hath been said, &c. Deut. 6. 16. 13 all = every. departed. Of his own accord. See note on Matt.	
С о	13 And when the devil had ended °all the temptation, he ° departed $^1 from$ Him $^\circ$ for a season.	<ul> <li>4. 10, and Ap. 116.</li> <li>for a season=until a convenient time. See Mait.</li> <li>4. 11. Returning again and repeating the three temptations in a different order and under different view. 110</li> </ul>	
n A. d. 27	14 And <sup>1</sup> Jesus returned <sup>2</sup> in the <sup>°</sup> power of <sup>1</sup> the Spirit <sup>1</sup> into Galilee :	circumstances. See Ap. 116. 14 power. Gr. dunamis. Ap. 172. 1.	
EFE'F	and °there went out a °fame °of Him °through all the region round about. 15 And °he taught <sup>2</sup> in their °synagogues, being glorified °of all.	<ul> <li>414-22.38 (E, p. 1427). THE LORD'S FOUR-FOLD MINISTRY. (Introversion.)</li> <li>E   F   414-5.11. THE FIRST PERIOD. Subject : THE KINGDOM. Its Proclamation.</li> <li>G   5.12-9.21. THE SECOND PERIOD. Subject :</li> </ul>	
G H1 K	16 And He came ${}^{9}$ to ${}^{\circ}$ Nazareth, where He had been brought up: and, ${}^{\circ}$ as His custom was, He went ${}^{1}$ into the ${}^{15}$ synagogue ${}^{\circ}$ on the sabbath day, and ${}^{\circ}$ stood up for ${}^{\circ}$ to read.	THE KING. Proclaimed. His Person. Teaching and Miracles. <b>G</b>   9.22-18.43. THE THIRD PERIOD. Subject: the Rejection of THE KING. <b>F</b>   19.1-22.38. THE FOURTH PERIOD. Subject:	
L	17 And °there was delivered unto Him the book of the prophet °Esaias. And when He had °opened the book, He °found the place where °it was written,	<ul> <li>the Rejection of THE KINGDOM. Parables, revealing the coming change of dispensation in which the Kingdom would be in ABEYANCE.</li> <li>414-5. 11 (F, above). THE FIRST PERIOD</li> </ul>	
K	18 °" The Spirit of <sup>°</sup> the LORD <i>is</i> <sup>°</sup> upon Me, <sup>°</sup> because He hath <sup>°</sup> anointed Meto <sup>°</sup> preach the gospel to the <sup>°</sup> poor; He hath <sup>°</sup> sent Me <sup>°</sup> to heal	OF THE MINISTRY. PROCLAMATION OF THE KINGDOM. (Division.) <b>F</b> $\begin{bmatrix} E^1 & 4 & -14-30 \end{bmatrix}$ Nazareth. Proclamation. $\begin{bmatrix} E^2 & 4 & 31-44 \end{bmatrix}$ Capernaum. Miracles. $\begin{bmatrix} E^3 & 5 & 1-11 \end{bmatrix}$ Gennesaret. Call of Peter.	
	<ul> <li>414-30 (E<sup>1</sup>, above). NAZARETH. PROCLAMATION. (Introversion.)</li> <li>E<sup>1</sup>   F   -14, 15. Return to Galilee. G   16-27. Proclamation. G   28, 20. Rejection. F   30. Departure from Nazareth.</li> <li>14 there went out a fame, &amp;c. In Luke (as in the other Gospels) only those events are selected which tend to illustrate the special presentation of the Lord and His ministry. Cp. the commencing events of each: Matt. 4. 13. Mark 1. 14. Luke 414-30, and John 1. 19-43. For this fourfold ministry, see Ap. 119. Thus this first period commences and its subject, as stated more precisely in vv. 43, 44. fame = report. Gr. phēmē. Not the same word as in v. 37. of = concerning. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 1. through. Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 1. 15 &amp; E = He Himself. synagogues. Ap. 120 of = by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1.</li> </ul>		
	4. 16-27 (G, above). PROCLAMATION. (Repeated Alternation.) G $  H^1   16-20-$ . Prophecy. Given. $J^1   -20$ . Effect. Attention. $H^2   21$ . Prophecy. Fulfilment. $J^2   22$ . Effect. Wonder. $H^3   23-27$ . Prophecy. Application.		
	<ul> <li>4. 16-20- (H<sup>1</sup>, above). PROPHECY. GIVEN. (Alternation.) H<sup>1</sup>   K   16. Reading. Intention. L   17. Book given. K   18, 19. Reading. Act. L   20 Book returned.</li> <li>16 Nazareth = the (or, that) Nazareth thus defined. Aram. See Ap. 94. III. 3. 36. See Ap. 169. as His custom was = according to (Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 2) custom. on. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. stood up. Being summoned by the superintendent (v. 17). This incident (vv. 16-31) is peculiar to Luke. to read. Gr. anaginöskö. Later usage = to read aloud (as here, 2 Cor. 3. 15. Col. 4. 16. 1 Thess. 5. 27). But in the Papyri generally = to read. (See Milligan, Selections, pp. 39, 112.) The Lord preached in other synagogues, but read only here in Nazareth, which shows that He owned, and was owned, to be a member of this. 17 there was delivered, &amp;c. = there was further delivered: i. e. the prophets (the Haphtorah), the second lesson after another had read the Law (the Parashah or first lesson). This delivery was made by the chazar = overseer, or Sheliach tzibbor, angel of the congregation. See Rev. 2. 1, 8, 12, 18; 3. 1, 7, 14. Esaias = Isaiah. For the occ. of his name in the N.T. see Ap. 79. I. opened=unrolled. This word and "closed" (v. 20) occ. only here in the N.T. Cp. Neh. 8. 6. found the place. Isa. 61. 1, 2. Doubtless the Haph- torah or second lesson for the day. it was written = it stood written. See Ap. 107. I. 1 and II. 1. 18 The Spirit. The Article is understood, in English. See v. 1. upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. because = on account of which. anointed Me. Hence His name "Christ". Cp. Acts 10. 38. preach the gospel=announce the glad tidings (see vv. 43, 44). See Ap. 121. 4. Note the sevenfold</li> </ul>		
	<b>18</b> The Spirit. The Article is understood, in English. See v. 1. upon. Gr. <i>epi.</i> because = on account of which. anointed Me. Hence His name "Christ".		

**4.** 18.

<b>A. D.</b> 27	the brokenhearted, ° to preach ° deliverance to	to preach = to proclaim. See Ap. 121. I.
	the captives, and recovering of sight to the blind, °to set at liberty them that are bruised,	deliverance. Gr. aphesis. Cp. 3. 3. to set at liberty bruised = to send away in dis-
	19 $-^{18}$ To preach ° the acceptable year of 8 the	charge (en aphesei) the oppressed, or broken. Occurs
	LORD."	only here. This is added from Isa. 58. 6, making the
-	20 And He <sup>°</sup> closed the book, and He gave <i>it</i>	quotation "compound". See Ap. 107. II. 4. This form
L	again to ° the minister, and ° sat down.	of reading was allowed and provided for. 19 the acceptable year=the welcome year. Either
		the Jubilee year (Lev. 25. 8-17), or on account of the
<b>J</b> 1		Lord's ministry commencing then.
	<sup>15</sup> synagogue ° were fastened on Him.	<b>20</b> closed = rolled up. Cp. v. 17. Because it <b>was</b>
$\mathbf{H}^2$	21 And He began ° to say ° unto them, " This	not yet manifest whether the King and the Kingdom would be received or rejected. See Ap. 72.
	day is ° this scripture fulfilled 2 in your ears."	the minister = the servant (or "verger"), who put it
$\mathbf{J}^2$	22 And all bare Him witness, and wondered	away. Not the President, who first received it from the
Ŭ	°at ° the gracious words which proceeded ° out	servant (Heb. chazan) and "delivered" it to the reader.
	of His mouth. And they said, "Is 4 not This	sat down: i.e. to teach. were fastened=continued fixed. Almost peculiar
	° Joseph's Son?"	to Luke. See 22. 56, and ten times in Acts. Elsewhere
H <sup>8</sup> M <sup>1</sup>	23 And He said <sup>21</sup> unto them, "Ye will <sup>°</sup> surely	only in 2 Cor. 3. 7, 13.
	say <sup>3</sup> unto Me this <sup>o</sup> proverb, <sup>o</sup> · Physician, heal	21 to say unto them, &c. = to say to them that (Gr. hoti)
	Thyself:' whatsoever we have heard °done 'in	This day, &c. Note the force of "that", and see note on
	°Capernaum, do °also here <sup>2</sup> in Thy country."	19. 9. Mark 14. 30 (where <i>hoti</i> is used), and contrast 22. 34, and Matt. 21. 28 (where <i>hoti</i> is absent).
	24 And He said, ° "Verily I say unto you,	unto. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3.
	° No prophet is ° accepted <sup>2</sup> in his own ° country.	this scripture. Not the next clause of Isa. 61. 2,
M <sup>2</sup> s	25 But I tell you °of a truth, many widows	which He did not read. That was then doubtful, and
	were <sup>2</sup> in Israel <sup>2</sup> in the days of <sup>°</sup> Elias, when	1s now postponed. 22 at. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 2.
	°the heaven was shut up 'three years °and six	the gracious words = the words of grace. See note
	months, "when great famine was "throughout all the land;	on 1. so. Gen. of character, Ap. 17. 1.
		out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii.
t	26 °But <sup>21</sup> unto none of them was <sup>25</sup> Elias	Joseph's Son. See note on 3. 23.
	sent, °save °unto °Sarepta, a city of Sidon,	4. 23-27 (H <sup>3</sup> , p. 1442). PROPHECY. APPLI-
	<sup>21</sup> unto a woman <i>that was</i> a widow.	CATION. (Division.)
8	27 And many lepers were <sup>2</sup> in Israel <sup>o</sup> in the	
	time of "Eliseus the prophet;	$M^2$   25-27. Illustration.
t	and none of them was cleansed, saving ° Naa-	<b>23</b> surely = doubtless.
	man the Syrian."	proverb = parable. Fig. Paræmia. Ap. 6. Physician, &c. Peculiar to Luke. See Col. 4. 14.
G	28 And all they <sup>2</sup> in the <sup>15</sup> synagogue, when	done = being done.
-	they heard these things, were filled with	Capernaum. See Ap. 169. First occ. in Luke.
	wrath,	Silence there is no proof of ignorance.
	29 And rose up, and ° thrust Him ° out of the	also here=here also. 24 Verily. See note on Matt. 5. 18.
	city, and led Him unto ° the brow of the hill	No=That no. Gr. hoti oudeis. See note on "say",
	whereon their city was built, "that they might	<i>v</i> . 21,
	°cast Him down headlong.	accepted; or, welcome. As in v. 19. country. Cp. Matt. 13. 57 (later).
F		
	them ° went His way,	4. 25-27 (M <sup>2</sup> , above). ILLUSTRATION.
E' N	31 ° And came down ° to ° Capernaum, a city	(Alternation.)
	of °Galilee, and °taught them <sup>16</sup> on the sab-	M <sup>2</sup>   s   25. Israel. t   26. Sidon. Widows.
	bath days.	t   26. Sidon. 5 (1400). 8   27 Israel.
		$\begin{bmatrix} s & 27 & Israel. \\ t & -27 & Syria. \end{bmatrix}$ Lepers. iss - Eliub See 1 Kings 17 1 8 9: 18 1 James 5 17
	<b>25</b> of a truth = in (as in $v$ . 11) truth. El	ias=Elijah. See 1 Kings 17. 1, 8, 9; 18. 1. James 5. 17.
		6. 9, 10. Rev. 11. 12, 13; 13. 6. three years and six
	months. An ominous period. Cp. Dan. 12. 7. Re	
	Not "a Jewish tradition", but a well-known fact. and there arose. throughout = over. G	
		xclusion, as in Gal. 2. 16. Supply the Ellipsis (Ap. 6)=
	"[but he was sent] to Sarepta". unto. Gr. eis.	Ap. 104.vi. Sarepta. Heb. Zarephath (1 Kings 17. 9),
	now Surafend, in ruins. 27 in the time of. G	
		vithout, outside. the brow=an overhanging brow. ord (cp. Col. 4. 14), used of the eyebrows because of their
		hangs over the town about forty feet. All the texts omit
	"the". that they might, &c. See Ap. 25	3. cast Him down headlong. Gr. katakrēmnizō.
	Occ. only here in N.T., and in the Sept. only in 2 C	
		6. Cp. John 8. 59; 10. 39, 40 (cp. Pss. 18. 29; 37. 33). way = went away. Probably never to return.
	<b>4. 31-44</b> [For S	tructure see next page].
	31 And, &c. Fig. Polysyndeton (Ap. 6) in vv. 31-3	
	place of His ministry. See the Structure (E <sup>2</sup> , p taught=was teaching (i.e. continuously).	b. 1442). See Ap. 169. Galilee. See Ap. 169.

**4.** 32.

۸.

### LUKE.

<b>0</b> u	32 And	they	were °	astonished	22 at	His °	doc-
<b>D.</b> 27	trine :	-					

- v for His word was ° with ° power.
- P 33 And <sup>2</sup>in the synagogue there was a <sup>°</sup>man, which had a <sup>°</sup>spirit <sup>°</sup>of an <sup>°</sup>unclean <sup>°</sup>devil, and cried out with a loud voice, 34 Saying, <u>"Let us</u> alone; what have we to do with Thee, Thou ° Jesus of Nazareth? art Thou come ° to destroy us? °I know Thee Who Thou art; °the Holy One of 'God." 35 And 'Jesus rebuked him, saying, °"Hold thy peace, and come °out of him." And when the <sup>33</sup> devil ° had thrown him °in the midst, he came °out of him, and ° hurt him ° not.
- 36 ° And they were all °amazed, and spake ° among themselves, saying, ° "What a word 04 is this!
  - for °with °authority and 14 power He commandv eth the <sup>38</sup> unclean <sup>33</sup> spirits, and they come out."
- 37 And the ° fame <sup>14</sup> of Him went out <sup>1</sup> into N every place of the country round about.
- 38 ° And He ° arose <sup>22</sup> out of the <sup>15</sup> synagogue, Pw and entered 'into Simon's house. And Simon's wife's mother was °taken with a °great fever; and they ° besought Him ° for her.
  - 39 And He °stood over her, and °rebuked the fever; and it left her: and °immediately she x arose and ministered unto them. 40 Now  $^{\circ}$  when the sun was setting, all they

that had any sick with divers diseases brought them <sup>21</sup> unto him; and He ° laid His hands on every one of them, and healed them.

41 And devils also came <sup>35</sup>out of many, <sup>o</sup>crying out, and 'saying, "I four art 'Christ' the Son of God." And He rebuking *them* suffered them 'not to speak: for they <sup>34</sup>knew that He was ° Christ.

- 42 ° And when it was day, He departed and 20 went <sup>1</sup>into a desert place: and the people <sup>°</sup>sought Him, and came <sup>°</sup>unto Him, and ° stayed Him, that He should ° not depart 1 from them.
- 43 And He<sup>°</sup>said<sup>21</sup> unto them, "I must<sup>18–</sup> preach x °the kingdom of God to °other cities also: °for °therefore am I sent."
  - 44 And He<sup>°</sup> preached <sup>2</sup> in the synagogues of ° Galilee.
- °And ° it came to pass, that, as the people 5 pressed upon Him °to hear the word of ° God, be ° stood ° by ° the lake of Gennesaret,

4. 31-44 (E<sup>2</sup>, p. 1442). CAPERNAUM. MIRACLES. (Introversion and Alternation.)

- E<sup>2</sup> | N | 31. The Lord's fame.

  - O | u | 32-. Its Effect. Astonishment. v | -32. Reason. Power. P | 33-35. Miracle. Demoniac.
  - $O \mid u \mid$  36-. Its Effect. Amazement.
  - v | -36. Reason. Authority.  $N \mid$  37. The Lord's teaching.
    - P 38-44. Miracles. Various.

32 astonished. Cp. Matt. 7. 28. with. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. doctrine = teaching.

power = authority, as in v. 6.

33 man. Gr. anthropos. Ap. 123. 1.

spirit=Gr. pneuma. Ap. 101. II. 12. of. Gen. of Apposition. Ap. 17. 4.

unclean. Occurs thirty times, of which twenty-four apply to demons. devil = demon.

**34** Let us alone=Ah!

what have, &c. See note on 2 Sam. 16. 10.

Jesus. Demons and Gadarenes, and His enemies could thus irreverently use this name, but His disciples with

true reverence called Him "Master", or "Lord" (John 13.13). to destroy vs. Cp. James 2.19. I know, &c. Gr. *oida*. Ap. 132. I. 1. Note the Sing. the Holy One of God. Cp. 1.35. Ps. 16. 10.

**35** Hold thy peace = Be muzzled, as in 1 Cor. 9. 9. Cp. Matt. 22. 12, 34. Mark 1. 25. had thrown, &c. Gr. *vhiptō*, the medical word for

convulsions. Occ. only here, 17. 2. Matt. 9. 36; 15. 30; 27. 5; and Acts 22. 23; 27. 19, 29.

in = into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. out of = away from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. 1. hurt. Gr. blaptō. A medical word, opposed to  $\bar{o}phele\bar{o} = to$  benefit. Occ. only here and Mark 16. 18.

not=in no possible manner. Gr. meden. Compound of mē. Ap. 105. II. 36 And they were all amazed = Astonishment

came upon (Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3) all.

amazod. Gr. thambos = astonishment. Peculiar to Luke. with. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii.

authority. Same word as power in v. 6.

37 fame=noise, or ringing in the ears. Gr. echos. Not the same word as in v. 14. Occurs only here, Acts 2. 2 and Heb. 12. 19. The verb *êcheö* occurs in 21. 25 and 1 Cor. 18. 1. A medical word (see Col. 4. 14).

**4. 38-44** (*P*, above). MIRACLES. VARIOUS. (Alternation.)

| w | 38. Place. Simon's house.

- x | 39-41. Miracle.
- $w \mid 42$ . Place. Desert.  $x \mid 43, 44$ . Proclamation.

38 And Hearose, &c. Cp. Matt. 8. 14-17. Mark 1. 29-34. arose out of arose [and went] out of.

taken = pressed, or oppressed. Cp. Acts 28. 8. Almost peculiar to Luke, who uses the word nine times; only three times elsewhere, Matt. 24. 4. 2 Cor. 5. 14. Phil. 1. 23 (being in a strait). besought. Aorist Tense; implying a single act. Not the Imperfect, for=concerning. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 1. **39** stood over her. A ar to Luke. rebuked. Peculiar to Luke. immediately. Gr. parachrēma. great. Peculiar to Luke, in this connection. as generally used. medical reference. Peculiar to Luke. 41 crying out = screaming (inarticulately). saying, theu = saying that Inc. Christ. All the texts omit this. Christ = the Messiah. Ap. 98. IX. 42 And Christ. All the texts read "were sought Him. All the texts read "were in the texts of the texts of the texts is the texts of texts of the texts of texts of the texts of texts o 40 when the sun, &c. They waited for the end of the Sabbath. See 1. 64. Peculiar to Luke. See note on v. 34. when, &c. Fig. Polysyndeton in vv. 42-44. Cp. Mark 1. 35-39. ". unto = up to. Gr. heös. stayed Him = held Him fast. Gr. katechö. See note not. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II. **43** said ... I, &c. said. that I must. See note the kingdom of God. See Ap. 114. other = different. See Ap. 124. 2. for= seeking after Him ". on 2 Thess. 2. 6. on vv. 21, 24. because.' This is the subject of the First Period of His ministry. See 4. -14, and Ap. 119. therefore = for(Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi) this. 44 preached - was proclaiming, as in vv. -18, 19. Not the same word as Galilee. See Ap. 169. A Trm WH Rm. read Judæa. in v. 43.

Р

#### 5. 1-11 [For Structure see next page].

1 And, &c. Vv. 1-11. it came to pass. See 1. 8. to near = and neard. So the term God. Ap. 98. I.1. He. Emphatic, to distinguish Him from the crowds. stood = was standing. by = beside. Gr. para. Ap. 104. xii. 3. the lake, &c. See Ap. 169. Matthew, Mark, and John call it "sea". to hear = and heard. So all the texts.

E<sup>s</sup> y

-	-
h	9
υ.	é.

**5**, 13,

2 And °saw °two °ships °standing by the Z lake: but ° the fishermen were gone ° out of A. D. 27 them, and were ° washing their ° nets.  $\mathbf{E}^{3}$ 3 And He entered ° into one of the 2 ships,

which was Simon's, and ° prayed him that he would °thrust out a little °from the °land. And He °sat down, and °taught the people °out of the <sup>2</sup> ship.

4 Now ° when He had left speaking, He said a °unto Simon, ° " Launch out <sup>3</sup> into the deep, and ° let down your <sup>2</sup> nets ° for a ° draught." 5 And Simon answering said °unto Him, ° "Master, we have toiled °all the night, and

have taken nothing: nevertheless °at Thy word I will 4 let down the 2 net."

6 And when they had this done, they inclosed a great ° multitude of fishes: and their <sup>2</sup> net ° brake.

7 And they beckoned 5 unto *their* partners, which were  $\circ$  in the  $\circ$  other 2 ship, that they should come and help them. And they came, and filled both the <sup>2</sup> ships, so that they <sup>o</sup> began to sink.

8 When Simon Peter  $^{2}$  saw *it*, he fell down at a <sup>°</sup> Jesus' knees, saying, "Depart <sup>8</sup> from me; for °I am °a sinful man, O °Lord."

9 For ° he was astonished, and all that were °with him, 5at the 4 draught of the fishes which they had taken:

10 And so was °also James, and John, the sons of °Zebedee, which were partners with Simon. And °Jesus said 4 unto Simon, "Fear ° not; 3 from henceforth thou shalt ° catch ° men."

- 11 And when they had brought their ships 2 ° to 3 land,
- they ° forsook all, and followed Him. y
- G Q<sup>1</sup> S 12 And <sup>1</sup> it came to pass, <sup>°</sup> when He was <sup>7</sup> in ° a certain ° city,
  - ° behold a 8 man ° full of leprosy : who 2 seeing ΤU <sup>8</sup> Jesus fell ° on *his* face, and ° besought Him, saying, ° "Lord, ° if Thou ° wilt, Thou canst make me ° clean."

13 And He put forth His hand, and °touched him, saying, "I<sup>12</sup> will: <sup>o</sup> be thou clean." And immediately the leprosy departed <sup>3</sup> from him.

#### 5. 1-11 (E<sup>3</sup>, p. 1442). GENNESARET. (Introversion.)

- y | 1. People. "Pressed upon Him."
  - z | 2, 3. Ships. Standing.
  - a 4-7. Miracle.  $a \mid 8-10$ . Effects.

 $z \mid 11-$ , Ships, Landing,  $y \mid -11$ . Disciples. "Followed Him." 2 saw. Ap. 133, I. 1. Not the same word as in v. 27. two ships. At that time there were about 4,000 ships = boats. on the lake.

standing: i. e. at anchor. Eng. idiom is "lying". the fishermen. This call was not that of Mark 1. 16-20. When the Lord said "Let us go", &c. (Mark 1. 38), they perhaps did not go with Him, but returned

to their ships. But from this second call they never left Him. See v. 11, below.

out of = away from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv, as in v 36. Not the same word as in vv. 3, 17.

washing. Gr. apopluno. Ap. 136. vi. At the first call they were casting their net (amphiblēstron). Here they were washing their nets.

nets. Gr. pl. of diktuon. Cp. John 21. 6-11. 3 into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. Not the same word as in v. 16.

prayed = asked. See Ap. 134. 3. Not the same word as in v. 16. thrust out=push off. A nautical word. as in v. 16.

land. Gr. gē. Ap. 129. 4. from = away from. sat down. The attitude for teaching. See note on 4.20. taught was teaching. Imperf. Tense. out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. Not the same as in vv. 2, 36.

4 when He had left speaking. The Aorist Tense implies the immediate succession of the events.

unto. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. The same word as in v. 10.

Launch out. Same as "thrust out" in v. 3. Addressed to one (Peter).

let down = let ye down : addressed to all. Occ. seventimes; five of these by Luke, here, v. 5; Acts 9. 25; 27. 17, 30. The other two are Mark 2. 4. 2 Cor. 11. 33.

for=with a view to. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. Not the same word as in v. 14-. Same as in v. -14.

draught=haul. Used of what is drawn, from Anglo-Saxon drag-an. 5 unto=to.

Master. Gr. Epistates. A word peculiar to Luke, implying knowledge and greater authority than Rabbi or Teacher. Occ. seven times (5.5; 8. 24, 24, 45; 9. 33, 49; 17. 13, and nowhere else). See Ap. 98. XIV. iv.

all=all through. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 1.

at=upon, or [relying] upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 2. As in v. 9. Not with the same case as in v. 27.

 $\mathbf{6}$  multitude = shoal.

brake = were beginning to break. Imperf. Tense. Occ. 8. 29 and Acts 14. 14. Elsewhere only in Matt. 26. 65. Mark 14. 63 (" rent ").

7 in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. Not the same as in vv. 18, 19. other=different=another of two. See 8 Jesus. Ap. 98. X. Ap. 124. 2. began to  $\sin k = \operatorname{are} \operatorname{now} \operatorname{sinking}$ . I am a sinful man. True conviction has regard to what one is, not to what one has done. Cp. Manoah (Judg. 13. 22), Israel (Ex. 20. 19), men of Beth-shemesh (1 Sam. 6. 20), David (2 Sam. 12. 13), Job (Job 40. 4; 42. 2-6), Isaiah (Isa. 6. 5). a sinful man = a man(Ap. 123.2) a sinner. Emphasizing the individual. Lord. Not "Jesus", 9 he was astonished = astonishment laid hold of him.
 10 also James = James also. Zebedee. A Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 3 A. as in 4. 34. with =united with. Gr. sun. Ap. 104. xvi. Zebedee. Aram. Ap. 94. III. 3. not. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II. catch = be capturing (alive), used of taking captives. Gr. zõgreõ. Occ. only here, and 2 Tim. 2. 26. men. Ap. 123. 1. 11 to. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. forsook all = let go all. Not the same word as in v. 28. Cp. 18. 28-30. Mark 10. 29, 30. See note on v. 2.

#### 5. 12-9. 20 [For Structure see next page].

a certain city = one of the cities. Prob. one in which **12** when He was = in (Gr. en, as in v. 7) His being. "most of His mighty works were done", viz. Chorazin or Bethsaida. When named together these are always in this order. By comparing 5. 18 and Mark 1. 45 with 5. 29, Matt. 9. 10 and Mark 2. 15, it seems clear that that certain city was not Capernaum. The attempts to "touch" the Lord were all in that city or neighbourhood (6. 19. Matt. 9. 20; 14. 36. Mark 3. 10; 6. 56. Cp. 5. 15). Hence this city was probably Chorazin. behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6, and 133. I. 2. full of leprosy. "Full", in this connection, is a medical word. Cp. Col. 4. 14. See note on Ex. 4. 6. on. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. Not the Same case as in v. 24. besought. Gr. demai. Ap. 134. I.5. Lord. Now being proclaimed as to His person : the King, Lord of all and yet (v. 24) the Son of man. Cp. Matt. 8. 2, 6, 8, 20. if. Denoting a contingent probability. See Ap. 118. I.b. wilt. Gr. thelo. Ap. 102. 1. clean. The sick are healed : lepers contingent probability. See Ap. 118. I.b. wilt. Gr. thelo. Ap. 102. 1. are cleansed. 13 touched. See note on "city", v. 12. be thou be thou clean = be thou made clean (Passive).

5	14	
<b>J</b> .	17.	

I

а.р. 27 V S T V	<ul> <li>14 And δt ° charged him to tell ° no man:</li> <li>° but ° "go, and shew thyself to the priest, and offer ° for thy <sup>12</sup> cleansing, according as °Moses commanded, 4 for a testimony unto them."</li> <li>15 But so much the more went there a ° fame abroad ° of Him: and great multitudes ° came together to hear, and to be healed ° by Him ° of their infirmities.</li> <li>16 And δt ° withdrew himself ° into the wilderness, and ° prayed.</li> <li>17 And <sup>1</sup> it came to pass ° on ° a certain day, as δt was teaching, ° that there were Pharisees and ° doctors of the law sitting by, which were come <sup>3</sup> out of every town of ° Galilee, and ° Judæa, and ° Jerusalem: and the power of ° the LORD was present ° to heal ° them.</li> </ul>	$T \mid U \mid -12-15$ . Miracle. Leper. "Lord". $V \mid 16$ . Prayer. $S \mid 17-$ . A certain day. $T \mid V \mid -17$ . Teaching.	
<b>υ</b> ₩ b	18 And, <sup>12</sup> behold, <sup>8</sup> men <sup>°</sup> brought <sup>°</sup> in a <sup>°</sup> bed a <sup>10</sup> man which was <sup>°</sup> taken with a palsy: and they sought <i>means</i> to bring him in, and to <sup>°</sup> lay <i>him</i> before Him. 19 And when they could <sup>10</sup> not find <sup>°</sup> by what way they might bring him in <sup>°</sup> because of the multitude, they went <sup>°</sup> upon the housetop, and let him down <sup>°</sup> through the tiling <sup>9</sup> with <i>his</i> couch <sup>3</sup> into the midst before <sup>8</sup> Jesus.	U   18-26. Miracle. Paralytic. "Son of man". 14 charged. A military word. Also used of a phy- sician, "prescribe". no man=no one. Compound of mē. Ap. 105. II; i. e. no one whom he might happen to meet. but = but [said]. goshew, &c. See Lev. 14. 1-32. for = concerning. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 1. Moses. See note on Matt. 8. 4. The first of ten occ. in Luke; 2. 22; 5. 14; 9. 30, 33; 16. 29, 31; 20. 28, 37; 24. 27, 44.	
C	20 And when He <sup>2</sup> saw <sup>°</sup> their faith, He said unto him, <sup>10</sup> "Man, thy sins <sup>°</sup> are forgiven thee."	<b>15</b> fame=report. Gr. logos. of=concerning. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 1. came together=kept. coming together.	
х	21 And the scribes and the Pharisees began to reason, saying, "Who is This Which speak- eth blasphemies? Who ° can forgive sins, but ° God alone?"	by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. All the texts omit "by Him". of=from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. 16 withdrew=continued withdrawn. Peculiar to Luke here, and 9. 10.	
W c	22 But when Jesus ° perceived their ° thoughts, He ° answering said 4 unto them, "What rea- son ye 7 in your hearts? 23 Whether is easier, to say, 'Thy sins ° be forgiven ° thet '; or to say, 'Rise up and walk?' 24 But ° that ye may ° know that ° the Son of man hath ° power ° upon ° earth to forgive sins," (He said <sup>5</sup> unto the sick of the palsy,) "I say <sup>5</sup> unto the, 'Arise, and take up thy couch, and go <sup>3</sup> into thine house.'"		
Ъ	25 And °immediately he rose up before them, and took up that °whereon he lay, and departed ° to his own house, glorifying <sup>21</sup> God.	them. TTrm. A WH R. read "him" instead of "them".	
X	26 And °they were all °amazed, and they	If so, then the clause reads, "the power of Jehovah was [present] for Him to heal", but miracles were few "because of their unbelief", Matt. 13. 58.	
	<ul> <li>5. 18-26 (U, above). MIRACLE. THE PARALYTIC. (Alternation and Introversion.)</li> <li>U W b 18, 19. The Paralytic. Brought.</li> <li>c 20. Forgiveness. Declared.</li> <li>X 21. Effect. Enemies Reasoning.</li> <li>W c 22-24. Forgiveness. Bestowed.</li> <li>b 25. The Paralytic. Healed.</li> <li>X 12. Effect. People Glorifying.</li> </ul> 18 brought=carrying. in=upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. viii. bed=couch. Gr. klinë; not the poor man's bed, krabbaton. John 5. 10. taken with a palsy = paralysed. Gr. paraluomai. Not the same word as in 4. 38. Luke always uses the Verb, not the Adj. (contrast Matt. 4. 24; 8. 6. Mark 2. 3-10). Cp. Acts 8. 7. Strictly medical usage. Cp. Col. 4. 14. lay = place. 19 by. Gr. dia. All the texts omit. because = on account of. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 2. upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. through. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 1. 20 their faith. Why exclude the man himself, as is generally done? are=have been. 21 can forgive=is able to forgive. God. Ap. 98. I. 1. 22 perceived = well knowing. Gr. epignöskö. Ap. 132. I. iii. thoughts=reasonings. answering said. See note on Deut. 1. 41, and Ap. 122. 3. 23 be = have been. there to thee. 24 that= in order that. know. Gr. oida. Ap. 132. I. the Son of man. Ap. 98. XVI and 99. First occ. in Luke; cp. twenty-sixth, 24. 7. power=authority. Ap. 172. 5. upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 1. earth. Gr. gē. Ap. 129. 4. 25 immediately. Gr. parachrēma. See 1. 64; 4. 39. Outside Luke and Acts it occurs only in Matt. 21. 19, 20. to=into, as in v. 24, above.		

	<b>5.</b> 26. LUKE.			
A. D. 27	glorified <sup>21</sup> God, and were °filled with fear, ° say- ing, "We have ° seen ° strange things to day."	filled with=filled of. Cp. 1. 15; 4. 28; 6. 11. Matt. 22. 10 (furnished). Acts 5. 17, &c.		
R' Y	27 And °after these things He went forth, and °saw a °publican, named °Levi, sitting °at °the receipt of custom: and He said <sup>5</sup> unto him, "Follow Me."	saying=saying that. See 4. 21, 24, 41; 23. 43, &c. seen. Ap. 133. I. 1. strange things=paradoxes, i.e. contrary to what is generally seen.		
Z	28 And he °left all, rose up, and followed Him.	<b>5. 27-39</b> (R <sup>1</sup> , p. 1446). DISCIPLES. CALL OF LEVI. (Alternation.) R <sup>1</sup> (Y   27. Levi. His call.		
Y	29 And $^{27}$ Levi made Him a great ° feast $^7$ in his own house: and there was a great company of $^{27}$ publicans and of ° others that sat down ° with them.	<ul> <li>Z   28. His obedience.</li> <li>Y   29. Levi. His feast.</li> <li>Z   30-39. His instruction.</li> <li>27 after. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 2.</li> <li>saw=viewed with attention. Gr. theaomai. Ap. 183.</li> </ul>		
<i>Z</i> A	30 But °their scribes and Pharisees mur- mured °against His disciples, saying, "Why do ye eat and drink <sup>29</sup> with °publicans and sinners?"	I. 12. publican=toll-collector, or tax-gatherer. See on 3. 12. Levi. There can be no doubt about Levi and Matthew being different names for the same person (Matt. 9. 9.		
В	31 And <sup>8</sup> Jesus answering said <sup>4</sup> unto them, "They that are <sup>°</sup> whole need <sup>°</sup> not a physician; but they that <sup>°</sup> are <sup>°</sup> sick. 32 <sup>°</sup> I came <sup>31</sup> not to call <sup>°</sup> the righteous, but sinners <sup>°</sup> to <sup>°</sup> repentance."	Mark 2. 14). For similar changes, at epochs in life, cp. Simon and Peter, Saul and Paul. Matthew is an abbreviation of <i>Mattathias</i> =Gift of God, and he is so called after this. "Sitting" shows he was a custom- house officer. at. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3.		
A	33 And they said 4 unto Him, "Why do the disciples of John fast °often, and °make ° prayers, and likewise <i>the disciples</i> of the Pharisees; but Thine °eat and drink?"	the receipt of custom = the toll office. <b>28</b> left=left behind. Not the same word as "forsook" in v. 11. <b>29</b> feast=reception (banquet). Gr. dochē. Occ. only here and 14. 13. others. See Ap. 124. 1.		
B Cı	34 And He said <sup>4</sup> unto them, <sup>°</sup> "Can ye make the <sup>°</sup> children of the bridechamber fast, <sup>°</sup> while the bridegroom is <sup>20</sup> with them ? 35 But <sup>°</sup> the days will come, <sup>°</sup> when the bride- groom <sup>°</sup> shall be taken away <sup>3</sup> from them, and <sup>°</sup> then shall they fast <sup>7</sup> in those days."	<ul> <li>with = in company with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1.</li> <li>5. 30-39 (Z, above). HIS INSTRUCTION. (Alternation.)</li> <li>Z   A   30. Scribes and Pharisees. Question. B   31, 32. The Lord's Answer. A   33. Scribes and Pharisees. Question.</li> </ul>		
C3	36 And He spake °also a parable 4 unto them; ° "No man putteth a piece of a ° new garment <sup>19</sup> upon an old; ° if otherwise, then ° both the ° new maketh a rent, and the piece that was <i>taken</i> <sup>2</sup> out of the ° new °agreeth <sup>31</sup> not with the old.	$B \mid 34-39$ . The Lord's Answer. <b>30</b> their scribes and Pharisees=the scribes and Pharisees among them: "their" referring to Galilean scribes, as distinguished from those of Jerusalem (Matt. 15. 1). Note the same distinction as to synagogues in Matt. 4. 23; 9. 35, &c. against. Gr. mas. Ap. 104 xy 3		
C3	37 And <sup>36</sup> no man putteth <sup>°</sup> new wine <sup>3</sup> into old <sup>°</sup> bottles; else the <sup>°</sup> new wine will burst the <sup>°</sup> bottles, and <sup>°</sup> be spilled, and the <sup>°</sup> bottles shall perish. 38 But <sup>87</sup> new wine must be put <sup>3</sup> into <sup>37</sup> new <sup>37</sup> bottles; and both are preserved.	This (hugiain $\bar{o}$ ) is the medical word (Col. 414), as in 7. 10; 15. 27. 3 John 2. Paul uses it in a mora sense (1 Tim 1 10: 6.3. 2 Tim 1 13: 4.3. Tit 1 se		
C4	39 No man also having drunk old wine straightway desireth <sup>37</sup> new: for he saith, 'The old is ° better.'"	<b>32</b> I came=I have come.		
	to=unto, with a view to. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. repentance. Ap. 111. II. 1. <b>33</b> often. Gr. pukna. Occ. only here and in Acts 24. 26. 1 Tim. 5. 23. make prayers. Note this as distinguished from praying. prayers = petitions, or supplications. Not used in the other Gospels. See Ap. 134. II. 3. eat and drink. Like ordinary people, without making it a part of their religion.			
		E LORD'S ANSWER. (Division.) ons of the Bridechamber.		
	C <sup>2</sup> 36. Old and C <sup>3</sup> 37, 38. Old an	New Garments. nd New Wine-skins.		
	C439. Old and New Wine.34 Can ye make = Ye surely cannot (Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II), can ye? children, &c. = sons (Ap. 108.Heb. idiom for the bridal party.while = in (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) the time when.35 the dayswill come = there will come days [for those].when. All the texts read "and when", followingthe Fig. Aposiopēsis (Ap. 6), as though the time for revealing the fact of His crucifixion had not yet conshall be taken away.chall be taken away.Gr. apairō.occ. colly here, and the parallels (Matt. 9. 15.will come = a parable = a parable also.No man, &c. = that no one (Gr. oudeis.Ap. 105. I), [havrent a piece] from a new garment, putteth it upon an old.new.Gr. new.if. Ap. 118. 2.a.both, &c. = he will both rend the new, and the new will not agree with theagreeth = harmonizeth.Gr. sumphöneö.37 new = fresh made.Gr. neos.See note on Matt. 9.bottles= wine-skins.be spilled=it will be poured out.39 better = good.So all the text			
	bottles=wine-skins. be spilled=it will be p	boured out. <b>39</b> better = good. So all the texts.		

8	6. 1. LU	<b>KE. 6</b> . 14.
$Q^2 D^1$	And °it came to pass °on °the second	6. 1-11 (Q <sup>2</sup> , p. 1446). TOUR. SABBATHS.
A. D. 27	U sabbath after the first, that He °went <sup>°</sup> through the °corn fields; and His disciples plucked the ears of corn, and °did eat, rubbing	$\begin{array}{c} (Division.)\\ \mathbb{Q}^2 & \mathbb{D}^1 & \text{1-5. Onc Sabbath. The Corn-fields.}\\ \mathbb{D}^2 & \text{6-11. Another Sabbath. The Synagogue.} \end{array}$
	them in their hands. 2 And certain of the Pharisees said unto them "Why do up that which is onet lawful	-
	them, "Why do ye that which is onot lawful to do 'on the sabbath days?" 3 And 'Jesus answering 'them said, "Have	the second sabbath after the first. All this repre- sents only one word in the Greek ( <i>deuteroprotos</i> ), i.e. the second first Occ. only here in the NT. The first
	ye onot read so much as this, owhat David did, when himself was an hungred, and they which were owith him; 4 How he went ointo the house of God, and odid take and eat the shewbread, and gave o also to them that were s with him; which it is	three great Feasts. The first day of these feasts is a Sabbath "high day" (Heb. $y \overline{o}m t \overline{o} v$ ), and is the "first" or great sabbath, whatever day of the week it falls on (see Lev. 23. 7, 24, 35), the weekly sabbath then becomes
	<sup>a</sup> not lawful to eat but for the priests alone?" 5 And he said unto them, That °the Son of man is Lord °also of the sabbath.	This "second sabbath" was therefore the ordinary
D² E d	6 And <sup>1</sup> it came to pass <sup>°</sup> also <sup>1</sup> on another sabbath, that He entered <sup>4</sup> into the synagogue and taught: and there was a <sup>°</sup> man <sup>°</sup> whose	went=was going. through. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 1. corn fields. See Matt. 12. 1. did eat = were eating.
e	right hand was ° withered. 7 And the scribes and Pharisees ° watched Him, ° whether He would ° heal <sup>1</sup> on the sab-	3 Jesus. Ap. 98. X. answering said. See note on Deut. 1. 41.
f	bath day ; °that they might °find an accusation against Him.	Ap. 100. 1.
E d	8 But $\mathfrak{H}^{\circ}$ knew their ° thoughts, and said to the <sup>6</sup> man which had the withered hand, "Rise up, and stand forth ° in the midst." And he	4 into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.
	arose and stood forth. 9 Then said <sup>3</sup> Jesus <sup>°</sup> unto them, <sup>°</sup> "I will ask you one thing; Is it lawful on the sabbath	also to them = to them also. 5 the Son of man. See Ap. 98. XVI.
	days to do good, or to do evil? to save ° life, or to destroy <i>it</i> ?" 10 And °looking round about upon them all,	<b>6.</b> 6-11 (D <sup>2</sup> , above). ANOTHER SABBATH. THE SYNAGOGUE. (Repeated and Extended Alternation.)
	He said unto the <sup>6</sup> man, "Stretch forth thy hand." And he did so: and his hand was restored <sup>°</sup> whole as the <sup>°</sup> other.	e   7 Enemies. Watching. f   -7. Purposed Accusation.
е	11 And they were ° filled with ° madness;	$E \mid d \mid s-10$ . Withered hand. Healed. $e \mid 11-$ . Enemies. Madness.
f	and ° communed one ° with another what they might do to <sup>3</sup> Jesus.	6 also on another sabbath = on another sabbath
R <sup>2</sup> F	12 And <sup>1</sup> it came to pass ° in those days, that He went out <sup>4</sup> into ° a mountain ° to pray, and ° continued all night	also. Cp. Matt. 12. 9-14. Mark 3. 1-6. man. Gr. anthropos. Ap. 123. 1. whose right hand= his hand, the right [one]. withered. See on Mark 3. 1.
G	in ° prayer to God.	7 watched = kept watching. Imperf. Tense. Cp. Mark 3. 2.
F	18 And when it ° was day, He called <i>unto</i> <i>Him</i> His disciples: and °of them He chose twelve, whom ° also He named apostles;	whether=if, &c. Assuming the possibility of the
G	14 Simon, (whom He °also named Peter,) and Andrew his brother, James and John, Philip and ° Bartholomew,	Ap. 152. 1. 1. Not the same word as in v. 44. thoughts=reasonings (cp. Matt. 15. 19. James 2. 4). in. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. viii. Not the same word as in
	Divine supplement is "with anger", &c. wh with=filled of. See note on 5.26. made	See Ap. 110. III. 1. 10 looking round, &c. Mark's ole=healed. other. See Ap. 124. 1. 11 filled ness=senseless rage. communed=began to
		S. CALL OF THE TWELVE. (Alternation.)
	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Prayer.
	12 in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. Not the same word of seven such occasions in Luke. See note on 3. 21. word. Cp. Matt. 14. 23. prayer to 13 was = became. of = from. Gr. apo. Ap.	d as in vv. 8, 17, -23. a= the. to pray. The third continued all night. Peculiar to Luke. A medical God. Gr. prayer of God. Gen. of Relation. Ap. 17. 5. 104. iv. Not the same word as in vv. 34, 44, 45. also
	He named apostles = He named apostles also. Ap. 141. Bartholomew. Ap. 94. III. 5	

<ul> <li>Adphenus, and Simon called Zelotes. 18 And Judas the brother of James, and Ju- das Iscariot, which "also was the traitorbecame even a trait das Iscariot, which "also was the traitor 19 And the subtic of James, and Jir and The and Mark them, and "stood "in "the plain, and "the company of His disc ciples, and a great multitude of people "out of Him. 19 And the whole multitude 'sought to touch Him. for there "went "vitue "out of His and "backed them all. 19 And the whole multitude 'sought to touch Him. for there "went "vitue "out of Him. 11 A state the whole multitude 'sought to touch Him. if or there "went "vitue "out of Him. 11 A state the whole multitude 'sought to touch Him. if or there "went "vitue "out of Him. 11 A state the hind on of God. 11 a state and the whole multitude 'sought to touch 11 a state of the kingdon of God. 12 * Blessed are ye when "men shall 13 was researed a the wile were seeking to touch H 14 and when they shall "separate you from 15 at Woe unto you that are rich! for ye 15 at Woe unto you that are rich! for ye 16 at "Woe unto you that "are rich! for ye 17 at 18 say unto you which hear, "Low 18 at "Bessed are ye, when all "men shall 19 a "Woe unto you that "are rich! for ye 24 "But ' woe unto you that "are rich! for ye 25 at Woe unto you that "are rich! for ye 26 a "Woe unto you that "are rich! for ye 27 But I say unto you which hear, "Low 28 at Woe unto you that "are rich! for ye 28 at Woe unto you that "are rich! for ye 28 at Woe unto you that "are rich! for ye 28 at Woe unto you that "are rich! for ye 29 a shall humger. 20 and, &amp;c. Not "Lakes Wenes." Bissing and Woes. 21 at "Is.". Fastel. 20 And, &amp;c. Not "Lakes Wenes." of the best always 20 and, &amp;c. Not "Lakes Wenes." of the best always 20 and, &amp;c. Not "Lakes Wenes." of the best always 20 and, &amp;c. Not "Lakes Wenes." of the best always 20 and, &amp;c. Not "Lakes Wenes." of the best always 21 at "Is.". Fasted all and there and discoures to the best of repain. 21 at "Is.". Fasted all</li></ul>		6. 15. LU	KE.	<b>8.</b> 27.
Q* H K       17 And He came down 1 with them, and "stood ciples, and a great multitude of people "out of all judzea and jerusalem, and from the coast of Tyre and Sidon, which came to hear Him, and to be 'healed'. So their diseases are respirits: and they were "vexed "with unclean "spirits: and they were "healed. Heat they were "healed. Heat of the whole multitude "sought to touch Him : for there "went "vitute "out of Him and "healed them all.       If I : 1=1: Works. Miracles. If 3 : 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1	<b>▲.</b> D. 27	<sup>o</sup> Alphæus, and Simon called Zelotes, 16 And Judas the brother of James, and Ju-	Aramaic. Ap. 94. III. 3. <b>16</b> also was the traitor = became even a trait	or.
<ul> <li>a bis bis bis bis bis bis bis bis bis bis</li></ul>	Q <sup>8</sup> H K₁	°in °the plain, and °the company of His dis- ciples, and a great multitude of people °out of all Judæa and Jerusalem, and from the sea coast of Tyre and Sidon, which came to hear Him, and to be °healed <sup>13</sup> of their diseases; 18 And they that were °vexed °with unclean ° spirits: and they were °healed. 19 And the whole multitude °sought to touch Him: for there °went °virtue °out of Him,	AND TEACHING. (Introversions.) Q <sup>3</sup> H K <sup>1</sup>   6. 17-19. Works. Healing. L   6. 20-49. Teaching. K <sup>2</sup>   7. 1-17. Works. Miracles. J   7. 18-35. Concerning John. J   7. 36-47. Concerning the Phari H K <sup>3</sup>   7. 48-50. Work. Forgiveness. L   8. 1-21. Teaching. K <sup>4</sup>   8. 22-56. Works. Miracles. 17 stood=stopped. in=on. Gr. epi. Ap. 104 the plain=a level[spot]. the company=a out of=away from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv.	sees. . ix. 1. crowd.
<ul> <li>1 21 <sup>10</sup> Blessed are ye that hunger 'now: for ye hall be filled.</li> <li>1 Biessed are ye that weep 'now: for ye shall 'slaugh ye was going out, &amp;c. virtue -power. Ap, out of -from (beside). Gr. para. Ap. 104. Xii 22 <sup>20</sup> Blessed are ye, when 's men shall hate you, and when they shall 'separate you from 'the 'roompany, and shall reproach you, and 'e cast out your name as 'e vil, 'o for 'the Son of man's sake.</li> <li>23 Rejoice ye <sup>12</sup>in that day, and leap for joy: for, 'behold, your reward <i>is</i> great <sup>12</sup> in 'hea.</li> <li>24 'But 'woe unto you that are rich! for ye 'nave received your 'consolation.</li> <li>25 <sup>12</sup> Woe unto you that 'are full! for ye shall mourn and weep.</li> <li>26 <sup>24</sup> Woe unto you, when all 'men shall speak well of you! for so did <sup>22</sup> their fathers to 'the false prophets.</li> <li>27 But I say unto you which hear, 'Low your enemies, 'a 'd' woe unto you which hear, 'Low your enemies.</li> <li>1 do 'good to them which hate you, 'I do 's out of the Monte', 'hue are potient of the Sarate you, 'and, 'a. Net 'the false prophets.</li> <li>1 do 'good to them which hate you, 'I do 's out of the Monte'. A that 's consolation.'' is 'nave off. a cast out, 'do. 'The Sarate's ou, 'do. '' be saneta's ou, 'a. e-ut you are off. a different b Lake.</li> <li>1 do 'good to them which hate you, 'I do 's a postate you, 'do. e-ut you fine reckoning the best always 'nave received -are receiving. Gr. apeedo. The some on the Mount, 'b the averd repetition off. cast out, 'do. C. Duet 22.1. State of the same prophets.</li> <li>1 do 's good to them which hate you, 'I for -on account of Gr. keneka. 'I he Som of man. See Ap. B' and '', '''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''''</li></ul>	LMg	ples, and said, ""Blessed be ye poor: for yours	with. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1, but the Texts re spirits. Gr. pneuma. See Ap. 101. xi.	-
j 22 ** Blessed are ye, when *men shall hate you, and when they shall "separate you from their company, and shall reproach you, and "cast out your name as 'evil, "for "the Son of man's sake. 23 Rejoice ye 'i's in that day, and leap for joy: for, `behold, your reward is great i's in 'hea- ven: for in the like manner did their fathers 'unto the prophets. 24 *But * we unto you that are rich! for ye 'have received your "consolation. 25 **Woe unto you, when all *men shall mourn and weep. ; 26 ** Woe unto you, when all *men shall mourn and weep. ; 27 But I say unto you which hear, °Love 'the false prophets. 27 But I say unto you which hear, °Love on =unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. Blessed, &c. = Happy. See note on Math. 5 the kingd God. See Ap. 114. 21 now. In contrast with the future. In Diver receiving the tot Lake. Gr. pomers. Ap. 128. HI.1. Gr. 20 and, Rig. &c. = uty you file receiving the best always hat. Peenliar to Luke. 23 are full a file. 22 is praised. 20 And, &c. Not "Luke's version" of "the S or the Mourn", hut a repetition in a different f 'i discrepancy' by supposing that our Lord' certain press. See notes on Math. 5 the kingd God. See Ap. 114. 21 now. In contrast with the future. In Diver recoiving the best always hat. Peenliar to Luke. 22 separate you, &c. = cut you off. cast out, &c. Due ta different on the Mourn", hut a vertetific to Luke. Gr. pomers. Ap. 128. HI.1. Gr. 20 and, Rig. Asternation. Gr. agentate you, Sc. ec. euty ou file reaks. The Son off man. See Ap. 94 23 behold. Fig. Asternation. Gr. agentate you, Sc. ec. 24 you file reaks. See notes on Math. 5 In the file math. 6. 20 consoliton. Gr. agentate you, Sc. 20 and that, 5 In the file 24 are see and the see always. See notes on Math. 5 In the file 25 are full have been filled. 26 the files prophets. Con Jett. St. In Conforter". John 14 is 9, 8, 6. Ch. Jett. 28 are full have been filled. 26 the files prophets. Conforter". John 14 is 9, 8, 6. Ch. Jul. 29 are state alift. So con of the Serie on the Mount, but a varide repetitio	h	shall be filled.	19 sought went, &c. Both are the I Tense=all the while were seeking to touch Hi virtue was going out, &c. virtue=power. Ap. 1	im, for 172. 1.
<ul> <li>g 24 °But °woe unto you that are rich! for ye °have received your °consolation.</li> <li>h 25 °4 Woe unto you that °are full! for ye shall hunger.</li> <li>i ?4 Woe unto you that laugh now! for ye shall mourn and weep.</li> <li>j 26 °4 Woe unto you, when all °men shall speak well of you! for so did °2 their fathers to 'the false prophets.</li> <li>NORTk</li> <li>1 27 But I say unto you which hear, °Love your enemies, do °good to them which hate you,</li> <li>on =unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. Blessed, &amp;c. =Happy. See note on Matt. 5. s. the kingd God. See Ap. 114.</li> <li>21 now. In contrast with the future. In Divine reckoning the best always last. Peculiar to Luke. 21 energies of the see note on Matt. 5. s. the kingd God. See Ap. 128. III.1.</li> <li>for _nemto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. Blessed, &amp;c. =Happy. See note on Matt. 5. s. the kingd God. See Ap. 128. III.1.</li> <li>for =on account of. Gr. heaven = the heaven = the heavens. See note on Matt. 5. s. the kingd isourses? Cp. Isa. 22</li> <li>23 behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. heaven = the heavens. See note on Matt. 6. s. 10. in th manner = according to (Gr. Atta. Ap. 104. x. 2) the same things. unto = to. 24 But. G. plat. Pay. For eneity. See note on Matt. 6. s. 10. in th manner = according to (Gr. Atta. Ap. 104. x. 2) the same things. unto = to. 24 But. G. plat. Pay. For eneity. See Natt. 6. 2. consolation. Gr. paraktists = comfort. Akin to 'Comforter', John 14. ts. s. &amp;c. Cp. Lul 25 are full = have been filled. 26 the false prophets. Cp. Jer. 5. st. 1 Kings 18. 19. 22; 22. 11. Ise G. 27-36 (R, above). POSITIVE. (Extended Alternation and Introversion.)</li> <li>R   X   x Love to enemise. 1   -a7-20. Do good.   Command. m   30. Give.   U   n   31. Rule. Human.   U   n   31. Rule. Huma</li></ul>	j	22 <sup>20</sup> Blessed are ye, when <sup>6</sup> men shall hate you, and when they shall <sup>°</sup> separate you <i>from</i> <i>their company</i> , and shall reproach you, and <sup>°</sup> cast out your name as <sup>°</sup> evil, <sup>°</sup> for <sup>°</sup> the Son of man's sake. 23 Rejoice ye <sup>12</sup> in that day, and leap for joy : for, <sup>°</sup> behold, your reward <i>is</i> great <sup>12</sup> in <sup>°</sup> hea- ven : for <sup>°</sup> in the like manner did their fathers	<ul> <li>6. 20-49 (L, above). TEACHING. (Introversion and Alternation.)</li> <li>L M   20-26. Blessing and Woe. N   O   27-38. Discipleship. P   39. Parable.</li> <li>N   O   40. Discipleship. P   41-45. Parable.</li> <li>M   46-49. Blessing and Woe. (Stability a)</li> </ul>	
$\frac{h}{25} = \frac{25 \text{ worden unto you that 'are full ' for 'ye'}{\text{shall hunger.}} $ $\frac{1}{24} = \frac{1}{24} = \frac{1}{24} = \frac{1}{22} = 1$	g	24 °But ° woe unto you that are rich! for ye		ΟE.
<pre>mourn and weep.</pre>		shall hunger.	h   21 Hungry. i   -21. Weepers. Blessings.	
<ul> <li>NORTK</li> <li>27 But I say unto you which hear, ° Love your enemies,</li> <li>do ° good to them which hate you,</li> <li>on=unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. Blessed, &amp;c. = Happy. See note on Matt. 5. 3. the kingd God. See Ap. 114.</li> <li>21 now. In contrast with the future. In Divine reckoning the best always hast. Peculiar to Luke.</li> <li>23 behold, Fig. Asteriamos. Ap. 6. heaven = the heavens. See notes on Matt. 6. 9, 10. in the manner = according to (Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 2) the same things. unto = to.</li> <li>24 behold, Fig. Asteriamos. Ap. 6. heaven = the heavens. See notes on Matt. 6. 9, 10. in the manner = according to (Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 2) the same things. unto = to.</li> <li>24 But. Gr. pleth. 22, 19. Matt. 6. 2. consolation. Gr. paraklēsis= comfort. Akin to "Comforter". John 14. 16, 26, 26. Cp. Lul 25 are full = have been filled.</li> <li>26 the false prophets. (D. Jar. 5, 51. 1 Kings 18. 19. 22; 22. 11. Iss</li> <li>6. 27-36 (R, above). POSITIVE. (Extended Alternation and Introversion.)</li> <li>R   T   k   27 Love to enemies. 1   -27-29. Do good.   Command. 1   0   32-34. Reasons. 7   k   38. Positive.</li> <li>7   k   35. Love to enemies. 1   -35 Do good.   Command.</li> </ul>		mourn and weep. 26 <sup>24</sup> Woe unto you, when all <sup>6</sup> men shall	$\left \begin{array}{c} g \mid 24. \text{ Rich.} \\ h \mid 25 \text{ Full.} \\ i \mid -25. \text{ Laughers.} \end{array}\right  Woes.$	
do ° good to them which hate you, on = unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. Blessed, &c. = Happy. See note on Matt. 5. s. the kingd God. See Ap. 114. 21 now. In contrast with the future. In Divine reckoning the best always last. Peculiar to Luke. 22 separate you, &c. = cut you off. cast out, &c. Cp. Deut 22. 19. Gr. ponëros. Ap. 128. III. 1. for = on account of. Gr. heneka. the Son of man. See Ap. 96 23 behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. heaven = the heavens. See notes on Matt. 6. 9, 10. in th manner = according to (Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 2) the same things. unto = to. 24 But. Gr. plen. Em woe. This is not a different and discrepant version of the Sermon on the Mount, but a varied repetition of of it. have received = are receiving. Gr. apechō. The common word in the Papyri for a receipt. See 1 Matt. 6. 2 consolation. Gr. paraklēsis = comfort. Akin to "Comforter". John 14. 16, 26, &c. Cp. Lul 25 are full = have been filled. 26 the false prophets. Cp. Jer. 5. st. 1 Kings 18. 19, 22; 22. 11. Ise <b>6. 27-38</b> (O, above). DISCIPLESHIP. (Introversion.) O   R   27-36. Positive. R   38. Positive. R   38. Positive. <b>7</b>   k   27 Love to enemies. <b>7</b>   k   35 Love to enemies.	NORTE	27 But I say unto you which hear, ° Love	20 And, &c. Not "Luke's version" of "the S on the Mount", but a repetition in a different f	orm of
6. 27-38 (O, above). DISCIPLESHIP. (Introversion.) O   R   27-36. Positive. S   37. Negative. R   38. Positive. 6. 27-36 (R, above). POSITIVE. (Extended Alternation and Introversion.) R   T   k   27 Love to enemies. 1   -27-29. Do good. M   30. Give. U   n   31. Rule. Human. i o   32-34. Reasons. T   k   35 Love to enemies. l   -35 Do good. Command.	1	do ° good to them which hate you, on=unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. Blessed, &c. God. See Ap. 114. <b>21</b> now. In contrast with last. Peculiar to Luke. <b>22</b> separate you, &c. Gr. ponēros. Ap. 128. III. 1. for=on account of <b>23</b> behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. heaven=1 manner=according to (Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 2) the sa woe. This is not a different and discrepant version o of it. have received=are receiving. Gr. apechō. Matt. 6. 2. consolation. Gr. paraklēsis=comfort	a "discrepancy" by supposing that our Lord repeated any part of His discourses? Cp. Isa. 26 lifted up His eyes. Peculiar to Luke. =Happy. See note on Matt. 5. 3. the kingd a the future. In Divine reckoning the best always =cut you off. cast out, &c. Cp. Deut. 22. 19. f. Gr. heneka. the Son of man. See Ap. 98 the heavens. See notes on Matt, 6. 9, 10. in th methings. unto=to. 24 But. Gr. plēn. Emp f the Sermon on the Mount, but a varied repetition of The common word in the Papyri for a receipt. See . Akin to "Comforter". John 14. 16, 26, &c. Cp. Luke	om of comes evil. 3. XVI. be like phatic. of parts note on ce 2. 25.
6. 27-36 (R, above). POSITIVE. (Extended Alternation and Introversion.) $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		<b>6. 27-38</b> (O, above). D	ISCIPLESHIP. (Introversion.)	. 30, 10,
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		S	37. Negative.	
$T \mid k \mid 35 \text{ Love to enemies.} $ $l \mid -35 \text{ Do good.}  Command.$		$     \mathbf{R} \mid \mathbf{T} \mid \mathbf{k} \mid 27 \text{ Love} \\     1 \mid -27-29. \\     \mathbf{m} \mid 30.   $	b to enemies. Do good. Give.	
$m \mid -35 \text{ Lend.} )$ $U \mid o \mid -35. \text{ Reason.}$ $n \mid 36. \text{ Rule. Divine.}$ <b>27 Love.</b> Gr. agapaō. See Ap. 135. 1. $good = well.$		$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	o   32-34. Reasons. to enemies. o good. . Lend. o   -35. Reason. a   36. Rule. Divine.	

	6. 28. LU	KE. <b>6.</b> 48.
A.D. 27	28 °Bless them that curse you, and ° pray °for them which despitefully use you. 29 And unto him that smitch thee °on the one °cheek offer °also the °other; and him that taketh away thy °cloke forbid ° not to take thy °coat also.	<b>28</b> Bless. Not the same word as in $vv. 20, 21, 22$ . pray. See Ap. 134. I. 2. for = on behalf of. Gr. huper. Ap. 104. xvii. 1. <b>29</b> on. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. Not the same word as in $vv. 1, 2, 6, 7, 20$ . also the other = the other also. other See Ap. 124. 1
m	30 Give to every man that asketh of thee; and $^{13}$ of him that taketh away thy goods ask them $^{29}$ not again.	other. See Ap. 124. 1. cloke=mantle. See Matt. 5. 40. not. Gr. $m\bar{e}$ . Ap. 105. II. coat=tunic. See Matt. 5. 40. would=desire. Gr. thelo. See Ap. 102. 1.
<b>U</b> n	31 And $^{\circ}$ as ye $^{\circ}$ would that $^{6}$ men should do to you, do $\mathfrak{p}_{\ell}$ also to them likewise.	<b>32</b> For=And. if. Assuming the hypothesis. Ap. 118. 2. a.
o	32 °For °if ye love them which love you, °what °thank have ye? for sinners also love those that love them. 33 And °if ye do good to them which do good to you, <sup>32</sup> what thank have ye? for sin- ners also do even the same. 34 And <sup>33</sup> if ye lend to them °of whom ye hope to receive, <sup>32</sup> what thank have ye? for sinners also lend to sinners, to receive °as much again.	<ul> <li>what = what kind of.</li> <li>thank. Gr. charis. Occ. more than 150 times; eight in</li> <li>Luke, here, vv. 33, 34; 1. 30; 2. 40, 52; 4. 22; 17. 9; not once.</li> <li>in Matt. or Mark; generallytransl. "grace". Ap. 184. I. 1.</li> <li>33 if ye do good. The condition being quite uncertain, where experience will decide. Ap. 118. 1. b.</li> <li>34 of = from. Gr. para. Ap. 104. xii. 1.</li> <li>as much again = the like.</li> <li>35 great. Emph. by Fig. Hyperbaton. Ap. 6.</li> <li>children = sons. Ap. 108. iii.</li> <li>the Highest. Put by Fig. Metonymy (of Adjunct) for</li> <li>Him Who is on high. See note on 1. 32.</li> </ul>
Π.		unto. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3.
Tk,	and do good,	<b>36</b> Be ye = Become ye. merciful=compassionate. Gr. oiktirmön. Occ. only
m	and lend, hoping for nothing again; and your reward shall be °great, and ye shall be the °children of the Highest:	here and James 5. 11. 37 not. Gr. ou mē. Ap. 105. III. 38 men=[they] the professional measurers. mete. Anglo-Saxon=to measure.
₿ o	for $\mathfrak{H}_{\mathfrak{C}}$ is kind ° unto the unthankful and to the $^{22}$ evil.	<b>39</b> Can the blind? = Is a blind [man] able to lead a blind [man]? shall=will. <b>40</b> above. Gr. <i>huper</i> . Ap. 104. xvii. 2.
91	36 °Be ye therefore ° merciful, $^{31}$ as your Father also is ° merciful.	master = teacher. Gr. didaskalos. Ap. 98. XIV. v. perfect = set to rights (by his instruction being com- plete). See Ap. 125. 8.
s	37 Judge $^{29}$ not, and ye shall $^{\circ}$ not be judged: condemn $^{29}$ not, and ye shall $^{\circ}$ not be con- demned: forgive, and ye shall be forgiven:	<ul> <li>41 beholdest. See Ap. 133. I. 5.</li> <li>mote beam. See notes on Matt. 7. 3.</li> <li>42 canst thou? = art thou able? out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. Not the same word as</li> </ul>
R	38 Give, and it shall be given unto you; good measure, pressed down, and shaken together, and running over, shall ° men give 4 into your bosom. For with the same measure that ye ° mete withal it shall be measured to you again."	in vv. 17, 19. <b>44</b> is known =gets to be known. Gr. ginōskō. Ap. 132. 1, ii. by. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. his=its. of=from. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. bramble bush. Gr. batos. Occ. outside Luke and Acts only in Mark 12. 26. It is the same word in Ex. 3. 2-4 (Sept.).
Р	39 And He spake a parable unto them, °"Can the blind lead the blind? °shall they <sup>2</sup> not both fall <sup>4</sup> into the ditch?	<b>45</b> of=out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. Cp. Isa. 32. 6. <b>46</b> Lord, Lord. Fig. Epizeuxis (Ap. 6), for emphasis. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 2. B. a. <b>47</b> Whosoever = Every one. Fig. Synecdochē (of
<b>N</b> 0	40 The disciple is 'not 'above his 'master: but every one that is 'perfect shall be as his master.	Genus), Ap. 6. Put for those only who come. to. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. sayings=words. Pl. of logos. Not the same word as in 7. 1. See note on Mark 9. 32.
Р	<ul> <li>is <sup>12</sup> in thy brother's eye, but perceivest <sup>2</sup> not the <sup>°</sup> beam that is <sup>12</sup> in thine own eye ? 42 Either how <sup>°</sup> canst thou say to thy brother, <sup>4</sup> Brother, let me pull out the <sup>41</sup> mote that is <sup>12</sup> in thine eye,' when thou thyself <sup>41</sup> beholdest <sup>2</sup> not the <sup>41</sup> beam that is <sup>12</sup> in thine own eye? Thou hypocrite, cast out first the beam <sup>°</sup> out of thine own eye, and then shalt thou see clearly to pull out the mote that is <sup>12</sup> in thy brother's eye. 43 For a good tree bringeth <sup>2</sup> not forth cor- rupt fruit; neither doth a corrupt tree bring forth good fruit. 44 For every tree <sup>°</sup> is known <sup>°</sup> by <sup>°</sup> his own fruit. For <sup>°</sup> of thorns men do <sup>2</sup> not gather figs, nor <sup>°</sup> of a <sup>°</sup> bramble bush gather they grapes.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I will shew is like. Peculiar to Luke.</li> <li>48 digged deep. Gr. digged and deepened. Fig. Hendiadys (Ap. 6), for emphasis: i.e. he dug—yea, he dug deep.</li> <li>a=the. rock. Gr. petra. As in Matt. 16. 18. flood, or inundation. Gr. plēmmura. Onlyherein N.T.</li> <li>and an <sup>22</sup> evil <sup>6</sup> man <sup>42</sup> out of the <sup>22</sup> evil treasure of his heart bringeth forth that which is <sup>22</sup> evil: for ° of the abundance of the heart his mouth speaketh.</li> <li>46 And why call ye Me, ° Lord, Lord, and do not the things which I say?</li> <li>47 ° Whosoever cometh ° to Me, and heareth My ° sayings, and doeth them, °I will shew you</li> </ul>

	<b>6.</b> 48. LU	KE. 7. 10.
a. d. 27	<sup>o</sup> stream <sup>o</sup> beat vehemently upon that house, and could <sup>2</sup> not shake it: <sup>o</sup> for it was founded <sup>o</sup> upon a rock. 49 But he that heareth, and <sup>o</sup> doeth <sup>29</sup> not, is like a <sup>6</sup> man that without a foundation built an house <sup>43</sup> upon the earth; against which the <sup>48</sup> stream did <sup>48</sup> beat vehemently, and immedi- ately <sup>o</sup> it fell; and the <sup>o</sup> ruin of that house was great."	stream = river. Gr. potamos. beat vehemently = burst or brake. A medical term for a rupture. for, &c. All the texts read "on account of (Gr. dia) its being well built". upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. 49 doeth not. The Negative expresses the feeling = doth not wish to do them. it fell. All the texts read sunepesen for epesen, i.e. it collapsed. ruin = breaking up. Another medical word.
X² V1 W	<ul> <li>Now when He had ° ended all His ° sayings ° in the ° audience of the people, He entered ° into ° Capernaum.</li> <li>And °a certain centurion's ° servant, who was ° dear unto him, was sick, and ready to die.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>7. 1-17 (K<sup>2</sup>, p. 1449). WORKS. MIRACLES. Division.</li> <li>K<sup>2</sup>   V<sup>1</sup>   1-10. The Centurion's Servant healed.</li> <li>V<sup>2</sup>   11-17. The Widow's Son raised.</li> <li>7. 1-10 (V<sup>1</sup>, above). THE CENTURION'S SERVANT HEALED. Introversion and Repeated Alternations.</li> </ul>
X <sup>1</sup> p <sup>1</sup>	3 And when he heard $^{\circ}$ of $^{\circ}$ Jesus, he $^{\circ}$ sent $^{\circ}$ unto Him $^{\circ}$ the elders of the Jews, $^{\circ}$ beseeching Him that He would come and heal his $^{2}$ servant.	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
q1	4 And when they came °to <sup>3</sup> Jesus, they °be- sought Him °instantly, saying, That he °was worthy for whom He should do this: 5 "For he °loveth our nation, and °he hath built °us °a synagogue."	$q^3   -9$ . The Lord's praise. W   10. The Servant healed. <b>1</b> ended=completed, or finished. sayings. Gr. pl. of <i>rhēma</i> . Not the same word as in 6. 47. See note on Mark 9. 32.
<b>X²</b> p²	6 Then <sup>3</sup> Jesus ° went ° with them. And when He was now ° not far ° from the house, the cen- turion ° sent friends 4 to Him, ° saying unto Him,	in = into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. audience = hearing. Gr. "ears". Put by Fig. Metonymy (of Adjunct), Ap. 6, for hearing. into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. Capernaum. See Ap. 169.
q²	<ul> <li>" Lord, "trouble " not Thyself: for I am " not worthy that Thou shouldest enter " under " my roof:</li> <li>7 Wherefore neither thought I myself worthy to come s unto Thee: but " say in a word, and my " servant shall be healed.</li> <li>8 For " 3 also am a " man " set 6 under authority, having 6 under " me soldiers, and I say unto one, ' Go,' and he goeth; and to another, ' Come,' and he cometh; and to my <sup>2</sup> servant, 'Do this,' and he doeth <i>it.</i>"</li> </ul>	2 a certain centurion: viz. the same that the Lord had blessed before (Matt. 8. 5-13); i.e. before the calling of the twelve, Matt. 10. 1, &c. This second healing of the centurion's bondman took place after the calling of the twelve (6. 13-16). Note the different words and incidents. servant = bondman. Gr. doulos, not "pais" as in Matt. 8. 6 (Ap. 108. iv) and in v. 7 here, for the "pais" might be a "doulos", while the "doulos" need not be a "pais". "Pais" relates to origin, "doulos" to con- dition, when used of the same person. dear = esteemed, or honoured. Not said of the "pais", and more suitable to "doulos".
X <sup>3</sup> p <sup>3</sup>	9 When <sup>3</sup> Jesus heard these things, <sup>o</sup> He mar- velled at him, and turned Him about, and said unto the people that followed Him, "I say unto you,	<b>3</b> of = about. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 1. Not the
q³ W	I have onot found so great faith, ono, not oin Israel." 10 And they that were osent, returning oto the house, found the osent owhole othat had been sick.	<ul> <li>the elders. some of [the] elders.</li> <li>beseeching=asking. Not the same word as in v. 4.</li> <li>Ap. 134. I. 3. 4 to. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3.</li> <li>besought. Stronger word than in v. 3. Ap. 134. I. 6.</li> <li>instantly=pressingly, or urgently.</li> <li>was = is : giving the exact words.</li> <li>5 loveth. Gr. agapaõ. Ap. 135. I. 1. fg=he himself.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>8.5-13. 6 went=was going. with=in not far. In the former case, the Lord did not go Ap. 105.1. from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. envoy being accompanied by an escort. set Lord. Ap. 98. VI.i.a. 3. B. a. The Person of the I See Ap. 119. trouble not Thyself. This humility, prob. grown since the former healing, o not. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II. Not the same word as i Gr. ou. As in first clause. under. Gr. hu in the sentence. Fig. Hyperbaton. Ap. 6. Servant. Here, it is Gr. pais. Ap. 108. iv. See me appointed under (or, obedient to) authority. me=myself.</li> <li>9 He marvelled, &amp;c. The unbelief (Mark 6.6). notno, not=m.</li> <li>10 to=unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. who that had been sick. Omitted by L T Tr. [A] WH I of the two miracles differ in important details.</li> </ul>	The Lord knew all the synagogues in Capernaum; so he, probably a new one, built since the event of Matt. conjunction or fellowship with. Gr. sun. Ap. 1(4. xvi. ; being prevented by the centurion. not. Gr. ou. sent. Gr. $pemp\bar{o}$ (Ap. 174. 4)=to send with; the tying. He himself was present, and was the speaker. ord is the subject of this second period of His ministry. second and similar address shows a greater depth of f which the synagogue may have been a votive token. n preceding and following clause. not worthy. po. Ap. 104. xviii. 2. mp. Emphatic by position y say in a word = say by, or with a word. Dative case. ote on v. 2. <b>B</b> 3 also am, &c. = I also, a man, am man. Gr. anthropos. Ap. 123. I. set appointed. only other instance of the Lord's marvelling is at their

K²

	7. 11. LU	KE.	7. 23.
V <sup>3</sup> Y r A.D. 27	11 °And °it came to pass the day after, that He went <sup>1</sup> into a city called °Nain;	7. 11-17 (V <sup>2</sup> , p. 1451). THE WIDOW'S RAISED. (Introversions and Alternation	8.)
8	°and many of His disciples went with Him, °and much people.	$V^2$ , Y   r   11 The Lord. Entering into Nai s   -11. The people with the Lord. Z   t   12 The dead man.	n.
Zt	12 Now when He came nigh to °the gate of the city, ° behold, there was ° a dead man carried out, the only son of his mother,	$\begin{vmatrix} u &   -12. \text{ His mother.} \\ A &   v &   13 \text{ Compassion.} \\ . w &   -13. \text{ Words.} \end{vmatrix} \text{ Mother } \\ A &   v &   14 \text{ Acts.} \end{vmatrix}  To have the two thermal order of the second $	r. The r Lord.
u	$^{11}$ and she was a widow : $^{11}$ and much people of the city was $^6$ with her.	$  w   -14.$ Words. $\int$ Son. Z   t   15 The dead man.   u   -15. The mother.	)
A v	13 <sup>11</sup> And when °the Lord °saw her, He had °compassion °on her,	$Y \mid s \mid 16$ . The people with the Lord. $r \mid 17$ . The Lord. His praise going out from	
w	<sup>11</sup> and said unto her, "Weep ° not."	<b>11</b> Verses 11–17 peculiar to Luke. Selected it is connected with the Lord's Person as God—	
Av	14 <sup>11</sup> And He ° came <sup>11</sup> and ° touched the ° bier: <sup>11</sup> and they that bare <i>him</i> ° stood still.	the dead; and as Man—full of compassion. And. Note the Fig. <i>Polysyndeton</i> (Ap. 6), the ands" in these verses (11-17) emphasizing ever	"many
าย	<sup>11</sup> And He said, °" Young man, I say unto thee, ° Arise."	The "ands" in the English do not always ag those in the Greek.	ree with
Z t	15 <sup>11</sup> And °he that was dead °sat up, <sup>11</sup> and began to speak.	it came to pass. A Hebraism. See note on Nain. Now, <i>Nein</i> . Occ. only here in N.T. T are on the slope of Little Hermon, west of End	he ruins
u	<sup>11</sup> And He delivered him to his mother.	12 the gate. All funerals were outside. behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. To call a	ttention
Y s	16 <sup>11</sup> And there came a fear on all: <sup>11</sup> and they glorified God, saying, That °a great prophet °is risen up °among us; <sup>11</sup> and, That God °hath visited His People.	to the two great crowds meeting. a dead man. Gr. ho nekros. Ap. 139. 1. 13 the Lord. This Divine title more frequent than in any of the other Gospels. See vv. 19, 3 11. 1; 12. 42; 17. 5, 6; 19. 8; 22. 61. Ap. 98. VI.	in Luke 1; 10.1;
<b>3</b> .	17 <sup>11</sup> And this <sup>°</sup> rumour <sup>3</sup> of Him went forth <sup>°</sup> throughout all Judæa, <sup>11</sup> and <sup>°</sup> throughout all the region round about.	saw. Gr. <i>eidon.</i> Ap. 133.I.1. Notthesameword compassion. See on v. 11 the reason for the s of this miracle, here. on. Gr. <i>epi</i> . Ap. 10	asinv.24. selection 4. ix. 2.
<b>J</b> B <sup>1</sup> x	18 And the disciples of John °shewed him <sup>8</sup> of all these things.	not. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II. <b>14</b> came = ca touched. Without defilement. Another ren fact, emphasized by the 'and ".	
У	19 And John calling <i>unto him</i> °two of his disciples sent <i>them</i> to °Jesus, saying, "Art I thou °He That should come? or °look we for °another?"	bier. Probably of wicker-work. stood still. Another remarkable particular. Young man. Ap. 108. x. Arise. Ap. 1 15 he that was dead - the corpse. See Ap sat up. A medical word (Col. 4. 14). Gr. an	78. I. <b>4</b> , . 139. 1. akathizō.
x	20 When the °men were come <sup>3</sup> unto Him, they said, "John Baptist hath sent us <sup>8</sup> unto Thee, saying, 'Art Thou <sup>19</sup> He That should come? or <sup>19</sup> look we for <sup>19</sup> another?""	Occurs only here and Acts 9. 40. Common in writings; and found also in the Papyri, in a let a Christian servant to his absent master al illness of his mistress (Milligan's Selections, p. 1 16 a great prophet. See 9. 8, 19.	ter from bout the
у	21 And <sup>9</sup> in that <sup>o</sup> same hour He <sup>o</sup> cured many <sup>o</sup> of <i>their</i> <sup>o</sup> infirmities and <sup>o</sup> plagues, and of <sup>o</sup> evil <sup>o</sup> spirits; and unto many <i>that were</i> blind He gave sight.	is risen up. Ap. 178. I. 4. among. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viji, 2.	
	22 Then ° Jesus answering said unto them, "Go your way, and tell John what things ye have ° seen and heard; how that ° the blind ° see, ° the lame walk, ° the lepers are cleansed, ° the deaf hear, ° the ° dead are <sup>16</sup> raised, ° to the poor the gospel is preached. 23 And ° blessed is <i>he</i> , whosoever shall ° not be offended ° in Me."	<ul> <li>7. 18-35 (J,p. 1449). CONCERNING JOHN. (J</li> <li>J B<sup>1</sup> 18-23. John's SECOND MISSION CONCERNING Lord.</li> <li>B<sup>2</sup> 24-35. The Lord's testimony concerning</li> <li>7. 18-23 (B<sup>1</sup>, above). JOHN'S SECOND M CONCERNING THE LORD. (Alternational B<sup>1</sup> x 18. Disciples of John. Report to him. y 19. John. Question sent to the Lor x 20. Disciples of John. Report to the J y 21-23. John. Answer sent to John.</li> </ul>	ning the g John. ISSION on.) d. Lord.
	Ap. 124. 2. 20 men. Gr. pl. of anēr. Ap. 125 cured = healed. of = from. Ap. 104. iv. infir Medical terms (Col. 4. 14). evil. Gr. ponēros. Ap. Omit[L] T Tr. A WH R. seen and heard. The ev that the miracles were those that had been propl worked miracles far more extraordinary they would the, &c. No articles in the Greek. see are see See Ap. 139. 2. to the poor the gospel is p	<ul> <li>a cocasion of John's second mission. If the Lo</li> <li>19 two - a certain two. The mission in Ma</li> <li>2. No number named there. See note on "two on v. 13. He That should come = the</li> <li>br. Gr. allos. Ap. 124. 1. But Tr. and WH read "</li> <li>b. 2. 21 same. Omit. No equivalent in the mities = diseases (chronic). plagues = scourges</li> <li>128. III. 1. spirits. See Ap. 101. II. 12. 24</li> <li>bidence was not that they were miracles (qua miracles defined and the second second</li></ul>	rd could att. 11. 1, o" there. o coming heteros". e Greek. s (acute). 2 Jesus. cles), but the Lord the No Art. ngelized

I

	7. 24. LU	<b>IKE. 7</b> . 36.
B <sup>2</sup> C a A. D. 27	24 And when the messengers of John were departed, He began to speak <sup>3</sup> unto the people	7. 24-35 (B <sup>2</sup> , p. 1452). THE LORD'S TESTIMONY
A. D. 21	<sup>o</sup> concerning John, "What <sup>o</sup> went ye out <sup>1</sup> into the wilderness <sup>o</sup> for to see? A reed shaken <sup>o</sup> with the <sup>o</sup> wind?	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
	25 But what <sup>24</sup> went ye out ° for to see? A <sup>8</sup> man clothed <sup>9</sup> in ° soft raiment? <sup>12</sup> Behold,	<b>04</b> concomping On new An 104 mili 1
	they which °are gorgeously apparelled, and live °delicately, are °in °kings' courts. 26 But what <sup>24</sup> went ye out <sup>25</sup> for to see? °A	went ye out=have ye gone out (perf.). All the texts, however, read "went ye out" (aor.).
	prophet? Yea, I say unto you, and much more than a prophet.	with = by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. wind. Gr. anemos.
	27 This is <i>he</i> , <sup>s</sup> of whom <sup>°</sup> it is written, <sup>12</sup> ' Be- hold, <sup>3</sup> send My messenger <sup>°</sup> before Thy face, which shall <sup>°</sup> prepare Thy way <sup>°</sup> before Thee.'	<b>25</b> for to see = to see. Gr. eidon. Ap. 133. I. soft. See Matt. 11. s. A contrast to "camel's hair". are = are existing. Same word as "was" in Rom. 4. 19;
	28 For I say unto you, <sup>16</sup> Among those that are <sup>°</sup> born of women there is <sup>°</sup> not a greater	delicately = luxuriously. The Herods were noted for this (A stall) as Mark 6 at Logenhug $Pd$ $Iud$ 1 20
	prophet than John the Baptist : but he that is <sup>°</sup> least <sup>°</sup> in <sup>°</sup> the kingdom of God is greater than he."	§ 3; Ant. xix. 8. 2). kings' courts = royal palaces. Gr. pl. of basileion.
b	29 And all the people that heard <i>Him</i> , and the °publicans, °justified God, being baptized with the baptism of John.	
Cb	30 But the Pharisees and lawyers ° rejected the °counsel of God °against themselves, being	
a	<sup>6-</sup> not baptized °of him. 31 ° And the Lord said, "Whereunto then	before. Gr. $emprosthen = in$ the presence of. <b>28</b> born = brought into the world. Gr. gennaõ, used
u	shall I liken the ${}^{8}$ men of ${}^{\circ}$ this generation? and to what are they like?	not. Gr. oudeis=no one. Cp. 5. 36. least. See note on Matt. 11. 11. John only proclaimed
	32 They are like unto °children sitting °in °the marketplace, and calling one to another, and saying, °. We have piped unto you, and	the kingdom of God. See Ap. 114.
	ye °have $-6$ not danced ; °we have mourned to you, and ye ° have $-6$ not wept.'	justified God. A Hebraism = declared God to be just, by submitting to John's baptism.
	33 For John the Baptist came neither °eating °bread nor °drinking °wine; and ye say, 'He hath a ° devil.'	
	34° The Son of man° is come <sup>33</sup> eating and <sup>35</sup> drinking; and ye say, <sup>25</sup> Behold a glut- tonous <sup>8</sup> man, and a winebibber, a friend of	against = as to. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.
	<sup>29</sup> publicans and sinners!' 35 ° But °wisdom is justified <sup>21-</sup> of all her °children."	31 And the Lord said. All the texts omit these words.
JD F <sup>1</sup>	36 ° And one of the Pharisees ° desired Him that He would eat ° with him. And He wen	We have piped = We piped : i. e. played at being at a wedding.
	<sup>1</sup> into the Pharisee's house, and ° sat down to meat.	
	34 The Son of man. See Ap. 98. XVI.	$\neg$ have not wept = wept not. Cp. 6. 21.nary living. Cp. 1. 15. Matt. 3. 4.bread wine.ter, they said the same of the Lord. John 7. 20; 10. 20.s = has.35 But = And yet.wisdom. Seewisdom. Seehe produced by her. See Ap. 108. i.
	7. 36-50 (J, p. 1449). CONCERNING THE	PHARISEES. (Introversion and Repeated Alternation.)
	$ \begin{vmatrix} J & D & F^1 & 36. \text{ The Phari} \\ G^1 & 37, 38. \text{ The} \\ F^2 & 39. \text{ The Phari} \\ E & H & c \end{vmatrix} $	e Woman.
		I   -40. Assent.         J   41-42. Parable.         43 Supposition.         I   -43. Confirmation.
	D   F <sup>3</sup>   44-46. The Ph G <sup>2</sup>   47, 48. The F <sup>4</sup>   49. The Phari	ari <b>s</b> ee. e Woma <b>n</b> .
	circumstances are different. Simon was on the N.T., and two among the Twelve. desired	e. Not to be identified with Simon (Mark 14. 3). All the e of the commonest names. There are nine mentioned in d=asked, or invited. Ap. 134. I. 3. with = in company to meat=reclined [at table].

	7. 37. LUI	KE. 8. 2.
G <sup>1</sup> ▲. D. 27	37 And, <sup>12</sup> behold, °a woman <sup>9</sup> in ° the city, ° which ° was a sinner, ° when she knew that ° Jesus <sup>36</sup> sat at meat <sup>9</sup> in the Pharisee's house, brought an ° alabaster box of ointment, 38 ° And stood °at His feet behind <i>Him</i> weeping, ° and began to ° wash His feet with tears, ° and ° did wipe <i>them</i> with the hairs of her head, ° and °kissed His feet, ° and anointed <i>them</i> with the ointment.	37 a woman. Not to be identified with Mary Magdalene: it is a libel on her to do so, and quite arbitrary. Cp. Matt. 21. 32. the city. That it was Magdala is a pure assumption. which=who: i.e. ref. to a class. was, &c. All the texts read "which was in the city, a sinner". when she knew=having got to know. Gr. ginosko. Ap. 132. I. ii. alabaster. See Matt. 26. 7. Mark 14. 3.
F²	39 Now when the Pharisee which had ° bid- den Him <sup>13</sup> saw <i>it</i> , he spake ° within himself, saying, "This Man, ° if He were a prophet, would have ° known who and what manner of woman <i>this is</i> ° that toucheth Him: for she is a sinner."	<ul> <li>38 And. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton. Ap. 6.</li> <li>at = beside. Gr. para. Ap. 104. xii. 3.</li> <li>wash = bedew. did wipe = was wiping.</li> <li>kissed = was ardently kissing. Cp. Acts 20. 37.</li> <li>39 bidden = invited.</li> <li>within. Gr. en = in. Ap. 104. viii.</li> <li>if, &amp;c. Assuming and believing the fact. Ap. 118. 2 a.</li> </ul>
	40 And Jesus °answering said <sup>3</sup> unto him, °"Simon, I have somewhat to °say <sup>3</sup> unto thee."	known got to know, as in v. 36. that. Same as "which" in v. 36. 40 answering : i.e. his secret doubt. Simon Secret pate on r. 26.
d	And he saith, °" Master, ° say on."	Simon. See note on v. 36. say unto thre. You have been condemning Me!
J	41 ° "There was a certain creditor which had two debtors: the one owed five hundred ° pence, and the ° other fifty. 42 And ° when they had nothing to pay, he frankly forgave them both. Tell Me there- fore, which of them will <sup>5</sup> love him ° most?"	Master = Teacher. Ap.98. XIV. v. say on = say it. <b>41</b> There was, &c. Gr. "There were two debtors to a certain money-lender". pence = denarii. See Ap. 51. I. 4. other = a different one. Gr. heteros. See Ap. 124. 2. <b>42</b> when they had nothing = not (Gr. mē as in v. 13) having anything. most = more.
H c	43 Simon answered and said, ""I suppose that $he$ , to whom he forgave "most."	<b>43</b> I suppose = I take it. Gr. <i>hupolambanō</i> , used only by Luke; here, 10. 30. Acts 1. 9; 2. 15. Medical use, to check (a disease). judged. Ap. 122. 1.
d	And He said unto him, "Thou hast rightly ojudged."	44 Seest thou=Dost thou mark. Gr. blepō. Ap. 133. I. 5. The Lord calls Simon's attention to her works, but He calls the woman's attention (v. 47) to His own
D F <sup>3</sup>	44 And He turned 'to the woman, and said unto Simon, ""Seest thou this woman? I en- tered <sup>1</sup> into thine house, "thou gavest me "no water" for My feet: but "she hath <sup>38</sup> washed My feet with tears, and wiped <i>them</i> with the hairs of her head. 45 Thou gavest Me <sup>44</sup> no kiss: but "this woman "since the time I came in hath -6 not "ceased to kiss My feet. 46 My head with oil thou didst <sup>32</sup> not anoint: but <sup>45</sup> this woman hath anointed My feet with ointment.	grace towards her. thou gavest, &c. Cp. Gen. 18. 4; 19. 2. Judg. 19. 21. 1 Tim. 5. 10. no. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. 1. for = upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. $\delta\phie$ . Emphatic. <b>45</b> this woman = she (emph.). since the time = from (Gr. apo) the time when. ceased = been intermittent. A medical word. Occ. only here in N.T. <b>47</b> Wherefore = for which cause, or because her sins are forgiven. sins. Ap. 128. I. ii. for = that. This could be seen; and was the sign, not the cause or consequence. <b>48</b> unto her. Note the change.
G2	47 ° Wherefore I say unto thee, her °sins, which are many, are forgiven; °for she <sup>5</sup> loved much: but to whom little is forgiven, <i>the same</i> <sup>5</sup> loveth little." 48 And He said °unto her, "Thy <sup>47</sup> sins are forgiven."	<ul> <li>49 began. Noting the uprising of the thought.</li> <li>Who is This? This incident chosen because it sets forth the Lord's Person as God. The subject of this Second Period of His ministry. See Ap. 119.</li> <li>8. 1-21 (L, p. 1449). TEACHING. (Alternation.)</li> <li>L   K   1 Proclaiming.</li> </ul>
$\mathbf{F}^4$	49 And they that <sup>36</sup> sat at meat with Him <sup>°</sup> began to say <sup>39</sup> within themselves, <sup>°</sup> "Who is This That forgiveth <sup>47</sup> sins also?"	L   -1-3. Comparing. K   4-18. Teaching. L   19-21. Kindred.
H K <sup>3</sup> (p. 1449)	50 And He said 4 to the woman, "Thy faith hath saved thee; go 1 in peace."	1 it came to pass. Note the Hebraism, here and in chs. 5. 1; 6. 1, &c. Verses 1-3 are peculiar to Luke. afterward. No longer confining Himself to Caper- naum. went throughout=journeyed through.
L K	And °it came to pass ° afterward, that $\mathfrak{H}_{\mathfrak{C}}$ °went throughout °every city and village, °preaching and °shewing the glad tidings of °the kingdom of God:	every city and village=by city and village. preaching=proclaiming. See Ap. 121. 1. shewing the glad tidings. Gr. euangeliz $\bar{o}$ =announcing, &c. Ap. 121. 4. the kingdom of God. Ap. 114.
L	and the twelve ° were ° with Him, 2 And °certain women, which had been °healed ° of ° evil ° spirits and infirmities, Mary called Magdalene, ° out of whom ° went seven ° devils,  evil. Gr. ponēros. Ap. 128. III. 1. spirits. Gr	2 certain women. Allusions to "women" in Matt.
	Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. Not the same word as in v.	$37.  went = had gone out. \qquad devils = demons.$

0	-
×	2

1		
А.D. 27	3 And Joanna °the wife of Chuza Herod's steward, and Susanna, and many °others, °which ministered unto Him °of their °substance.	3 the wife. She may have been the cause of Herod's interest. Mark 6. 14-18. Luke 23. 8. others. Gr. pl. of <i>heteros.</i> Ap. 124. 2. See Matt. 27. 55. which. Marking a class.
КМІө	4 And when much people were gathered to- gether, and ° were come ° to Him out of every city, He spake ° by a parable:	of=from. $apo$ as in v. 2, but all the texts read $ek$ . substance = property. 8. 4-18 (K, p. 1454). TEACHING.
	5°" A sower went out to sow °his seed : and °as he sowed, some °fell ° by the way side; and it was trodden down, and the °fowls of	(Introversion and Alternations.) $K \mid \mathbf{M} \mid \mathbf{e} \mid 4_{-8-}$ . Parable. Sower. $f \mid -8$ . Call to hear. $K \mid \mathbf{M} \mid \mathbf{e} \mid \mathbf{A}_{-8-}$ . The Lord.
	the °air devoured it, 6 And °some <sup>5</sup> fell °upon °a rock; and as soon as it was °sprung up, it withered away, °be-	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
	cause it lacked ° moisture. 7 And $^{\circ}$ some $^{\circ}$ fell ° among ° thorns; and the thorns ° sprang up with it, and ° choked it.	4 were come = kept coming. to. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. Not the same word as in vv. 27, 39.
	8 ° And <sup>3</sup> other <sup>6</sup> fell ° on good ground, ° and <sup>6</sup> sprang up, ° and bare fruit an hundredfold."	<ul> <li>by. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 1. Not the same word as in vv. 5, 12.</li> <li>5 A sower. Gr. "the sower". The first utterance of the</li> </ul>
f	°And when He °had said these things, He cried, °"He that hath ears to hear, let him hear."	parable, which was repeated (and varied) and combined with seven other parables, later on, after the arrival of His kindred. This (in Luke) was given before the
Ng	9 And His disciples asked Him, saying, ""What might this parable be?"	arrival, and was consequent on a lengthened tour ending in Capernaum. The consequent here is the inquiry of the Twelve ("What", Luke 8. 9); the conse-
h	10 And He said, "Unto you it °is given to °know the °mysteries of <sup>1</sup> the kingdom of God: but to °others °in parables; °that °see-	quent in Matthew and Mark (which are identical) is another inquiry ("Why", Matt. 13. 10). In the later repetition, the interpretation <i>after</i> the inquiry (Matt. 13. 18. Mark 4. 10); in Luke, it follows the parable
	ing they might ° not ° see, and hearing they might ° not understand.	immediately. his seed. Peculiar to this first giving of the parable.
Мe	11 Now the parable °is this: The seed °is the °word of °God.	as he sowed = in (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) his sowing. fell. It was not sown on the way side.
	12 Those <sup>5</sup> by the way side are they that hear; then cometh the devil, and <sup>°</sup> taketh	by = beside. Gr. $para$ . Ap. 104. xii. 3. fow ls = birds. air = sky. Gr. the heaven (Sing.). See notes on Matt. 6. 9, 10. 6 some = other. Gr. <i>heteros</i> , as in v. 3.
	away the <sup>11</sup> word <sup>2</sup> out of their hearts, <sup>°</sup> lest they should believe and be saved. 13 They <sup>8</sup> on the rock <i>are they</i> , which, when	upon. Gr. $epi$ . Ap. 104. ix. 3. Not the same word as in $v$ . 43. a rock = the rock. Gr. petra. As in Matt. 16. 18.
	they hear, receive the $^{11}$ word $^{\circ}$ with joy; and these have $^{\circ}$ no root, which $^{\circ}$ for a $^{\circ}$ while be-	sprungup. Gr. phuö. Occ. onlyhere, v. 8, and Heb. 12. 15. because it lacked = on account of (Gr. dia. Ap. 104.
	lieve, and <sup>10</sup> in time of ° temptation fall away. 14 And that which <sup>5</sup> fell ° among thorns are	v. 2) its not (Gr. $m\bar{e}$ . Ap. 105. 11) having. moisture. Gr. <i>ikmas.</i> Occ. only here in N.T. 7 among = in (Gr. <i>en.</i> Ap. 104. viii) the midst of.
	they, which, when they have heard, $^{\circ}$ go forth, and are $^{\circ}$ choked $^{\circ}$ with cares and riches and pleasures of $^{\circ}$ this life, and bring 13 no fruit	thorns = the thorns. sprang up with it = sprang up together. Gr. sumphuo.
	to perfection. 15 But that °on the good ground are they,	Occ. only here in N.T. A medical word, used of bones uniting and wounds closing. choked = stifled, as in v. 33. Elsewhere only in Matt.
	<sup>o</sup> which <sup>10</sup> in an honest and good heart, having <sup>o</sup> heard the <sup>11</sup> word, <sup>o</sup> keep <i>it</i> , and bring forth	13. 7. 8 And. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton (Ap. 6) in v. 8.
ſ	fruit ° with ° patience. 16 °No man, when he hath lighted a °candle,	on. Gr. epi. Same as "upon" (v. 6). had. The 1611 edition of the A.V. omits "had". He that hath ears, &c. See note on Matt. 11. 15 and
5	covereth it with a vessel, or putteth <i>it</i> under a ° bed; but setteth <i>it</i> ° on a ° candlestick, that	Ap. 142. 9 What? See note on v. 5. Not the same word
	they which enter in may <sup>10</sup> see the light. 17 For °nothing is °secret, that shall °not	as on the later occasion (Matt. 13. 10), which was "Why". They knew "what", but desired further information. <b>10</b> is = has been.
		know = get to know. See Ap. 132. I. ii. <i>i loipoi</i> . Cp. Acts 5. 13. Rom. 11. 7. Eph. 2. 3. 1 Thess. that = in order that. Quoted from Isa. 6. 9, 10. See Ap.
	107. I. 1. seeing. Ap. 133. I. 5. not. Gr. m i.e. represents. word. Gr. logos. God. Ap	<ul> <li>ē. Ap. 105. II.</li> <li>11 is=means. Fig. Metaphor (Ap. 6):</li> <li>98. I. 1.</li> <li>12 taketh=snatches.</li> <li>lest=in order</li> </ul>
	as in vv. 1, 14, 15, -28, 38. no. Gr. ou. Ap. 105.	ion with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 2. Not the same word I. for. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. while = season. this parable (see note on $v$ . 5), the Lord used the words
	"tribulation or persecution". 14 among. Gr choked=stifled. Gr. sumpnigo, as in v. 42. Not th	. eis. Ap. 104. vi. go forth = as they go on their way.
	Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. Not the same word as in vv. hold it fast.' See note on 2 Thess. 2.6. Fig. Tapeini	8, 13, 16, 23. which. Denoting a class. keep it= 55:5:(Ap. 6), for much more is done beside this. with=
	in, Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. $patience=patient$ ou. Ap. 105. I. candle=a lamp. See Ap. 130 ix. 1. candlestick=lampstand. 17 no	
	hidden. not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I.	

	8. 17. LU	<b>KE. 8.</b> 27.
A. D. 27	° be made manifest; ° neither any thing hid, that shall ° not ° be ${}^{10}$ known and ° come abroad. 18 ° Take heed therefore ° how ye hear: for whosoever hath, to him shall be given; and whosoever hath ${}^{10}$ not, ° from him shall be taken even that which he ° seemeth to have."	be made = become. not. Gr. ou, as above, but all the texts read ou mē. Ap. 105. III. come abroad = come to (Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi) light (Gr. phaneros = manifestation). 18 Take heed. Gr. blepō. See Ap. 133. I. 5. how. Contrast" what" on the second occasion (Mark
L	19° Then came <sup>4</sup> to Him <i>His</i> mother and His brethren, and ° could <sup>17</sup> not ° come at Him ° for the ° press. 20 And it was told Him by certain which said, "Thy mother and Thy brethren ° stand without, ° desiring to °see Thee." 21 And He ° answered and said ° unto them, "My mother and My brethren are these which hear the <sup>11</sup> word of <sup>11</sup> God, and °do it."	<ul> <li>4. 24). from = away from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. seemeth = thinketh. Peculiar to Luke.</li> <li>19 Then came, &amp;c. For the motive, see Mark 3. 21-with 31-35. Cp. Matt. 12. 47. could not = were not able to. come at Him = fall in with Him. Gr. suntunchanō. Occ. only here in N.T. for = on account of. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 2. press = crowd.</li> <li>20 stand = are standing.</li> </ul>
HK'Q'R1	22 ° Now <sup>1</sup> it came to pass <sup>15</sup> on a certain day, that $\mathfrak{H}$ went °into °a ship °with His disciples :	desiring = wishing. Gr. thelo. Ap. 102. 1. see. Gr. eidon. Ap. 133. I. 1. <b>21</b> answered and said. See note on Deut. 1. 41. unto. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. Not the same word
m	and He said ° unto them, "Let us go over ° unto the other side of the ° lake."	as in $v22$ . do = are doing.
	And they ° launched forth.	<b>8. 22-56</b> (K <sup>4</sup> , p. 1449). WORKS. (Alternation and Introversion.)
S <sub>0</sub>		K <sup>4</sup> O     22-39. Two Miracles.       P     i     40 The Lord. Returned.
р	and there °came down °a storm of wind °on the lake; and they °were filled with water,	$O \mid 1 -40$ . Effect. Waiting.
	and °were in jeopardy.	$\begin{array}{ c c c c } P & k & 66-, & \text{Effect.} & \text{Astonishment.} \\ \hline & i & -56, & \text{The Lord.} & \text{Charge.} \end{array}$
S 0	24 And they came to Him, and °awoke Him, saying, ° "Master, °master, °we perish." Then He °arose, and rebuked the wind and the °raging of the water:	8. 22-39 (O, above). TWO MIRACLES. (Division.) O $\begin{vmatrix} Q^1 \\ Q^2 \end{vmatrix}$ 22-26. The Tempest stilled. $\begin{vmatrix} Q^2 \\ 27-39 \end{vmatrix}$ . The Demoniac healed.
p	and they ceased, and there ° was a calm.	8. 22-26 (Q <sup>1</sup> , above). THE TEMPEST STILLED.
Q	25 And He said unto them, "Where is your faith?"	(Introversions and Alternations.) $Q^1   R   1   22$ Departure.
R n	And they being afraid wondered,	m   -22 Words of the Lord. n   -22. Effect. Obedience.
972	saying one <sup>4</sup> to another, <sup>°</sup> " What manner of <sup>°</sup> Man is This! for <sup>°</sup> He commandeth even the winds and water, and they obey Him."	$q \mid -23$ . Storm. Dangerous. $q \mid -23$ . Disciples. Jeopardy. $S \mid o \mid 24$ The Lord awakened.
2	26 And °they arrived °at the country of the °Gadarenes, which is °over against Galilee.	$\begin{vmatrix} p &   & -24. \text{ Storm rebuked.} \\ q &   & 25 \text{ Disciples. Rebuked.} \\ R &   & n &   & -25. \text{ Effect. Wonder.} \end{vmatrix}$
Q <sup>2</sup> T V A r	27 And when He went forth ° to land, there met Him °out of the city a certain °man, which had °devils ° long time, and ° ware <sup>13</sup> no clothes, neither abode <sup>10</sup> in <i>any</i> house, but <sup>10</sup> in the tombs.	<ul> <li>m   -25. Words of the Disciples.</li> <li>l   26. Arrival.</li> <li>22 Now, &amp;c. This is not the same storm as in Matt.</li> <li>8. 24 (see notes there), but the same as in Mark 4. 37. Matthew's was before the calling of the Twelve; this</li> </ul>
		occurred after that event. The antecedents and conse- quents differ in both cases.
	<ul> <li>seismos). Here it was lailaps. on = on to. Gr. e Imperf. tense. Hence this was an open boat; in Mu beginning to be in danger. 24 awoke = roused. Fig. Epizeuxis (Ap. 6), for emphasis. Not the same drowning. arose = was aroused. Ap. 178. I. 4. TTr Gr. kludon. Occ. onlyhere and Jas. 1. 6("wave"). w is this [man]! He commandeth. Peculiar to Lu down. Occ. only here in the N.T. at = unto. Gr. The people were Gadarenes, but the city was not C antiperan. Occ. only here in N.T.; opposite Lower</li> </ul>	launched forth = put to sea, or set sail. 23 fell e in N.T. came down. Not rose up, as on the former hall. On the former occasion it was an earthquake (Gr. zis. Ap. 104. vi. were filled = were being swamped. atthew a decked boat. were in jeopardy = were . Ap. 178. I.5. Master. See note on 5. s. Note the word as in v. 49. we perish = we are perishing: i. e. r. VH R have the same word as "awoke" above. raging. ras= became. 25 What manner This! = Whothen ake. 26 they arrived = they sailed down, or, dropped . eis. Ap. 104. vi. Gadarenes. See note on Matt. 8. 25. Fadara. See Ap. 169. over against=opposite. Gr. Galilee (not whence they had sailed). See Ap. 169.
	-	tructure see next page]. f the city. Connect with the "man", not with "met".
	out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. Not the same word Ap. 123. 2. devils = demons. long tim any mantle, cloak, or outer garment (Sing.)	

	8. 28. LU	KE. 8. 4	11.
8 A.D.27	28 When he <sup>20</sup> saw <sup>°</sup> Jesus, he cried out, and fell down before Him, and with a loud voice said, <sup>°</sup> "What have I to do with Thee, <sup>°</sup> Jesus, <i>Thou</i> Son of God <sup>°</sup> most high? I <sup>°</sup> beseech Thee, torment me <sup>10</sup> not."	<ul> <li>8. 27-39 (Q<sup>2</sup>, p. 1456). THE DEMONIAC HEALE (Introversion and Alternation.)</li> <li>Q<sup>2</sup>   T   V   27-32 Demons. Petition.</li> <li>W   -32, 33. Answer. Consent.</li> <li>U   X   34-37 People. Petition.</li> </ul>	D.
В	29 (For °He had commanded the unclean °spirit to come $^{2}$ out of the °man.	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	
В	For oftentimes ° it had caught him : and he was ° kept bound with ° chains and in fetters ; and ° he brake the bands, and ° was driven ° of the ° devil $2^2$ into the wilderness.)	8. 27-32- (V, above). DEMONS. PETITION. (Introversion and Alternation.) V A   r   27. Demons. Description. s   28. Their petition.	
A r	30 And <sup>28</sup> Jesus asked him, saying, "What is thy name?" And he said, "Legion:" because "many <sup>27</sup> devils were entered <sup>22</sup> into him.	B $29$ Reason. The Lord's command.B $-29$ . Reason. The Man's condition.A $r$ 30. Demons. Name. $s$ $31$ , $32$ Their petition.	
S	31 And they ° besought Him that He would <sup>10</sup> not command them to go out <sup>22</sup> into ° the deep. 32 And there was there an herd of many swine feeding <sup>15</sup> on the mountain: and they <sup>31</sup> besought Him that He would suffer them to enter <sup>22</sup> into ° them.	28 Jesus. Ap. 98. X. Demons irreverently use t sacred name, as is done by so many to-day: but I own disciples called Him "Master" (v. 24) and "Lord See John 13. 13. What have I, &c. See note on 2 Sam. 16. 10. most high. The Lord called thus elsewhere only Mark 5. 7. Cp. 1. 32, 35; 6. 35.	His d ".
w	And He suffered them. 33 Then went the <sup>27</sup> devils <sup>2</sup> out of the <sup>29</sup> man, and entered <sup>22</sup> into the swine: and the herd ° ran violently ° down ° a steep place <sup>22</sup> into the lake, and were <sup>7</sup> choked.	<ul> <li>beseech. See Ap. 134. I. 5. Not the same word as vv. 31, 32, 37, 41.</li> <li>29 He had commanded=He was commandin Imperfect tense.</li> <li>spirit. Gr. pneuma. See Ap. 101. II. 12.</li> </ul>	n <b>g</b> .
UXCt	34 When they that fed them <sup>20</sup> saw what ° was done, they fled,	man. Gr. anthröpos. Ap. 123. 1. Not the same we as in vv. 27, 38, 41, but the same as in vv. 33, 35. it had caught = it had seized. Only here and	
u	and went and told $it$ ° in the city and ° in the country.	Acts 6. 12; 19. 29; 27. 16. kept bound = bound, being guarded. chains, &c. See notes on Mark 5. 4.	
D	35 Then they went out to <sup>20</sup> see what <sup>34</sup> was done; and came <sup>4</sup> to <sup>28</sup> Jesus, and found the <sup>29</sup> man, <sup>2</sup> out of whom the <sup>27</sup> devils were departed, sitting <sup>°</sup> at the feet of <sup>28</sup> Jesus, clothed, and <sup>°</sup> in his right mind: and they were afraid.	he brake the bands, and = breaking the bands, he was driven. Gr. elaunö. Occurs five times: he Mark 6. 48. John 6. 19. James 3. 4, and 2 Pet. 2. 1 of = by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. devil = demon.	re;
C t	36 They also which <sup>20</sup> saw <i>it</i>	30 many, &c. See note on Mark 5. 9. 31 besought. Gr. parakaleð. See Ap. 134. I. 6. 1	Not
26	told them by what means °he that was pos- sessed of the devils was °healed.	the same word as in $vv.$ 28, 37, 38. the deep. Gr. <i>abussos</i> ; not the sea as in 5.4. Occurning times: here, Rom. 10. 7. Rev. 9. 1, 2, 11; 11.	
D	37 Then the whole multitude of the country of the Gadarenes round about ° besought Him to depart <sup>18</sup> from them; for they °were taken with great fear:	17. 8; 20. 1, 3. 32 them=these suffered them=gave them leave. Cp. Mark 5. Acts 21. 39, 40; 27. 3. 33 ran=rushed. down. Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 1. a steep place=the precipice.	
Y	and $\mathfrak{H}_{\mathfrak{l}}$ went up $^{22}$ into the ship, and returned back again.	8. 34-37- (X, above). PEOPLE. PETITION. (Introversion and Alternation.)	
	38 Now the ${}^{27}$ man ${}^{2}$ out of whom the devils were departed ${}^{28}$ besought Him that he might be ${}^{1}$ with Him:	X C t 34 The Swineherds. u 1-34. Their report. D 35. The Citizens. Fear.	
W	but ° Jesus ° sent him away, saying, 39 "Return ° to thine own house, and ° shew ° how great things God hath done unto thee." And he went his way, °and published <sup>1</sup> through- out the whole city ° how great things <sup>28</sup> Jesus had done ° unto him.	C $t$ $36$ The Swineherds. $u$ $-36$ . Their report. $D$ $37$ The Citizens. Request. <b>34</b> was done = had happened.in = into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. <b>35</b> at= beside. Gr. para. Ap. 104. xii.in his right mind = of sound mind.	
Ρi	40 And <sup>1</sup> it came to pass, that, <sup>o</sup> when <sup>28</sup> Jesus was returned,	<b>36</b> he that was possessed of the devils= $1$ demonized [man]. healed = saved. Same word as in v. 12.	the
k	the people <i>gladly</i> received Him: for they were all ° waiting for Him.	<ul> <li>37 besought=was asking. Gr. erōtaō. Ap. 134. I were taken. A medical word, as in 4. 38.</li> <li>38 Jesus. All the texts omit.</li> </ul>	. 3.
OFv	41 ° And, behold, there came a <sup>27</sup> man named	sent him away. Note the answers to the the prayers in this chapter, in vv. 32, 33, 37, 38, 39.	ree
2	waiting for = looking for, as in 1. 21; 3. 15; 7. 19, 2	word as in tv. 19, 25, 27, -35. shew = tell : t atsoever. and published = proclaiming. S returned = in (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) returning.	See
	-	vo miracles are not the same as those recorded in Ma	itt.

8. 41. 9.1. 8. 41-55 (0, p. 1456). TWO MIRACLES. A. D. 27 <sup>°</sup> Jairus, and he <sup>°</sup>was a ruler of the <sup>°</sup>synagogue: and he fell down 35 at 28 Jesus' feet, and 31 be-(Alternations, Simple and Extended.) (Alternations, Simple and Extended.)  $v \mid 41$ . Ruler of Synagogue. Appeal.  $w \mid 42$ -. Daughter dying.  $G^1 \mid x^1 \mid -42$ . The Throng.  $y^1 \mid 43, 44$ -. The Woman. Action.  $G^2 \mid x^2 \mid 45, 46$ . The Throng.  $G^2 \mid x^2 \mid 45, 46$ . The Throng. 0 F sought Him that He would come <sup>22</sup> into his house: 42 For he had one only daughter, about w twelve years of age, and she lay a dying. But ° as He went the people ° thronged Him.  $G^1 x^1$ y<sup>2</sup> | 47. The Woman. Confession. 43 And a woman ° having an issue of blood y<sup>1</sup> °twelve years, which had spent all her °living °upon physicians, °neither could be <sup>2</sup>healed z<sup>2</sup> | 48. Healing confirmed. |v| 49-. Ruler of Synagogue. Messenger.  $w \mid -49$ . Daughter dead. G<sup>3</sup> |  $\mathbf{x}^{8}$  | 50. Belief. ° of any, 44 Came behind Him, and touched the °bor $y^3 \mid 51$ . Admission.  $z^3 \mid 52$ . Miracle assured.  $x^4 \mid 53$ . Unbelief. aid der of His garment : W G4  $z^1$  and immediately her issue of blood ° stanched. The y<sup>4</sup> | 54. Exclusion. 45 And 28 Jesus said, ° "Who touched Me?"  $G^2 x^2$ z<sup>+</sup> | 55. Miracle effected. When all denied, Peter and they that were <sup>13</sup> with Him said, <sup>24</sup> "Master, the multitude Jairus. An Israelite name, Jair (Num. 32.41. Josh. 13.30. was a = held the office of. Gr. huparcho.Judg. 10. 3). °throng Thee and °press Thee, and sayest Thou, ° Who touched Me?'" synagogue. Ap. 120. **42** as He went = in (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) His going. 46 And <sup>28</sup> Jesus said, "Somebody ° hath touched Me: for °  $\Im$  perceive that ° virtue is gone <sup>2</sup> out thronged = were stifling. Gr. sum pnigo. Not the same word as in vv. 7, 33, but same as "choked" (v. 14). **43** having = being in. Gr. en, above. **twelve** = from (Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv) twelve. living. Gr. bios. See Ap. 170. 2. upon. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. of Me.'  $\mathbf{y}^2$ 47 And when the woman <sup>20</sup>saw that she was <sup>17</sup> not hid, she came trembling, and ° falling down before Him, she declared unto Him before neither, &c. = could not... by any. Gr. ou... oudeis. all the people<sup>9</sup> for what cause <sup>°</sup> she had touched Him, and how she was <sup>°</sup> healed immediately. of. Gr. hupo, but all the texts read apo. 44 border = hem (Num. 15. 38, 39. Deut. 22. 12). stanched = stopped. A medical term.  $z^2$ 48 And He said unto her, "Daughter, "be of 45 Who touched = Who [is it] that was touching. good comfort: thy faith hath ° made thee whole; throng. Gr. sunechō. Cp. v. 37; 4. 38; 12. 50. press. Gr. apothlibō. Occ. only here. go 34 in peace.' 46 hath touched ... 3 perceive = did touch ... I Fv 49 While He yet spake, there cometh one came to know (Gr. ginosko. Ap. 132. I. ii). virtue = power (inherent). Gr. dunamis. See Ap. 172.1. ° from the ruler of the 41 synagogue's house, saying to him, 47 falling down = having fallen down. In terror. she had touched = she touched. "Thy daughter is °brab; trouble <sup>10</sup> not the w healed. See 6, 17. ° Master.' **48** be of good comfort. All the texts omit. made thee whole = saved thee, as in *vv.* 12, 36, 50. G<sup>s</sup>x<sup>s</sup> 50 But when <sup>28</sup> Jesus heard *it*, He answered him, saying, "Fear <sup>10</sup> not: <sup>°</sup> believe only, and she shall be <sup>48</sup> made whole." 49 from. Gr. para. Ap. 104. xii, 1. bead. Emph. by Fig. Hyperbaton. Ap. 6. Master = Teacher. Ap. 98. XIV. v. 51 And when He came <sup>22</sup> into the house, He y<sup>s</sup> 50 believe. Ap. 150. I. 1. i. ° suffered no man to go in, °save °Peter, and 51 suffered no man=suffered not (Gr. ou. Ap. James, and John, and the father and the mo-105. I) any one. save - except. ther of the maiden. Peter, and James, and John. Cp. Mark 9. 12; 14. 33. 52 wept, and bewailed = were weeping and wailing. z<sup>3</sup> 52 And all ° wept, and bewailed her: but He Both Imperf. Tense. sleepeth. Gr. katheudo. Ap. 171. 1, said, "Weep <sup>10</sup> not; she is <sup>17</sup> not dead, but 53 laughed Him to scorn = were deriding Him, ° sleepeth. knowing. Gr. oida, Ap. 132. I. i. 54 Maid = Child, Gr. pais. Ap. 108. iv. 55 spirit. Gr. pneuma. Ap. 101. II. 6. G4 x4 53 And they °laughed Him to scorn, °knowing that she was dead. came again. A Hebraism. Cp. 1 Sam. 30. 12. 54 And  $\mathfrak{H}_{\mathfrak{C}}$  put them all out, and took her by the hand, and called, saying, °" Maid, arise." y4 straightway=immediately. Gr. parachrēma, as in commanded = directed. VV. 44, 47. meat=[something] to eat 2<sup>4</sup> 55 And her ° spirit ° came again, and she arose **56** no man = no one. Gr.  $m\bar{e}deis$ . °straightway: and He °commanded to give was done = had happened. her ° meat. 9. 1-10- (R<sup>3</sup>, p. 1446). DISCIPLES. MISSION OF 56 And her parents were astonished: P k THE TWELVE, AND RETURN. but He charged them that they should tell °no i (Introversion and Alternation.) man what ° was done.  $\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\$ R<sup>3</sup> J M c Then He called °His twelve disciples to-9 gether, and gave them ° power and ° authority ° over all ° devils, and to ° cure diseases. b | -9. Curiosity. d 1 J | 10-. The Twelve. Return. 9. 1-6 [For Structure see next page]. 1 His twelve disciples. Most of the texts omit "His disciples". Hence we must render, "the Twelve". authority. Gr. exousia. See Ap. 172. 5. Cp. v. 10. power. Gr. dunamis. Ap. 172. 1. over. cure. Gr. therapeuo. Same as "heal" (v. 6). Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. devils = the demons.

	9. 2. LUI	KE. 9.	17.
A.D. 27	2 And He sent them to ° preach ° the kingdom of God, and to ° heal the sick.	<b>9.</b> 1-6 (J, p. 1458). THE TWELVE. SENT O (Introversions and Alternation.)	UT.
N e	3 And He said °unto them, "Take nothing ° for <i>your</i> journey, neither °staves, nor °scrip, neither bread, neither money; neither have two coats apiece.	J M c 1 The Call. d $-1, 2$ . Power given. N e 3. Preparation. f 4. Reception. e 5. Rejection. Directions.	
f	4 And whatsoever house °ye enter °into, there abide, and thence depart.	$\begin{vmatrix} M & c \\ d & -c \end{vmatrix}$ The Departure. d & -6. Power exercised. 2 preach = proclaim. Ap. 121. 1.	
е	5 And whosoever ° will ° not receive you, when ye go out ° of that city, ° shake off the very dust ° from your feet <sup>3</sup> for a testimony ° against them."	the kingdom of God. See Ap. 114. heal. Gr. <i>iaomai.</i> Not the same word as in v. 1. 3 unto = to. Gr. <i>pros.</i> Ap. 104. xv. 3. for = with a view to. Gr. <i>eis.</i> Ap. 104. vi. staves. See note on Matt. 10. 10.	•
M c	6 And they departed,	scrip=a collecting bag (for money). See note Matt. 10. 10.	e on
d	and went °through the towns, °preaching the gospel, and <sup>1</sup> healing every where.	4 ye enter = ye may enter. (The force of an.) into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. 5 will not = may not. (The force of an.)	
K a	7 Now °Herod the tetrarch heard of all that $^{\circ}$ was done $^{\circ}$ by Him:	not. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II. Not the same word a vv. 27, 40, 49, -50, 53, 55, 56, 58.	_
b	and he was ° perplexed,	of = from. Gr. $apo$ . Ap. 104. iv. Not the same v as in vv. 7, 8, 9, 11	wora
L	$^{\circ}$ because that it was said $^{\circ}$ of some, that John was risen $^{\circ}$ from $^{\circ}$ the dead; 8 And $^{7}$ of some, that $^{\circ}$ Elias $^{\circ}$ had appeared; and of others, that one of the old prophets was risen again.	<ul> <li>shake off, &amp;c. Fig. Parcenia. Ap. 6.</li> <li>from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. Not the same word in v. 7.</li> <li>against. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix.</li> <li>6 through the towns = village by (Gr. kata.</li> <li>104. x. 2) village.</li> <li>preaching the gospel = announcing the glad tide.</li> </ul>	3. Ap. ings.
K a	9 And Herod said, "John have 3 beheaded: but Who is This, °of Whom 3 hear such things?"	Ap. 121. 4. <b>7</b> Herod, &c. See Ap. 108 was done = was being done "by Him". by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. [L] T Tr. A V omit "by Him".	NH R
b	And he ° desired to ° see Him.	<b>perplexed</b> = bewildered : i.e. seeing no way Gr. <i>diaporeõ</i> . Used only by Luke, here; 24. 4. Acts	2.12;
J	10 And the °apostles, when they were re- turned, told Him all that they had done.	5. 24; 10. 17. because. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. $of = by$ . Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. from = out from. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii.	2.
Q <sup>4</sup> O a. d. 28	And He took them, and went aside privately <sup>4</sup> into a desert place belonging to the city called <sup>o</sup> Bethsaida.	the dead = dead people. No Art. See Ap. 139.5 8 Elias = Elijah. had appeared: i.e. in fulfilment of Mal. 4. 5. 106. I. i. Not the same word as in v. 31.	
Р	11 And the people, °when they knew $it$ , followed Him: and He received them, and spake unto them $9$ of $2$ the kingdom of God, and $2$ healed them that had need of $9$ healing.	<ul> <li>9 of=concerning. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 1. desired = was seeking. More than desiring. see. Gr. eidon. Ap. 133. I. 1. Not the same wor in v. 36.</li> <li>10 apostles. See the Twelve, v. 1.</li> </ul>	rd as
0	12 And when the day began to ° wear away, then came the twelve, and said unto Him, "Send the multitude away, that they may go 'into the towns and country round about, and 'lodge, and get ° victuals: for we are here ° in a desert place." 13 But He said <sup>3</sup> unto them, "Give ge them to eat." And they said, "We have ° no more but five loaves and two ° fishes; ° except we should go and buy ° meat <sup>3</sup> for all this people."		169.
Ρ	And He said °to His disciples, "Make them °sit down by fifties in a company." 15 And they did so, and made them all <sup>14</sup> sit down. 16 Then He took the five loaves and the two fishes, and looking up °to °heaven, He blessed them, and brake, and gave to the disciples to set before the multitude. 17 And they did eat, and were all filled : and there was taken up of fragments that °remained to them twelve ° baskets. in vv. 14, 40, 52, 62. heaven=the heaven (Sim	<ul> <li>lodge. Peculiar to Luke, here. Gr. kataluõ, to loose, disband, halt, also destroy, its most frequencing. Cp. 19. 7; 21.6. Matt. 5. 17. Mark 14. victuals=provisions.</li> <li>in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. Not the same word a vv. 48, 49.</li> <li>13 no. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. 1. fishes; except. Supply the logical Ellipsis (Ap. "fishes, [therefore we are not able to give them to except we should go", &amp;c. except=unless incomeat=food.</li> <li>14 men. Gr. pl. of anër. Ap. 123. 2. to. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. vv. 3. Not the same word in vv. 16, -51, 63, 56, 62. sit down=reclip 16 to. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. Not the same word go. See notes on Matt. 6. 9, 10. 17 remain</li> </ul>	uent . 58. as in p. 6): o eat] deed. rd as ne. rd as
	was over and above. Put a comma after "them"		

0	10
ΰ.	18.

	18 And °it came to pass, °as He was alone °praying, His disciples were with Him: and He asked them, saying, °" Whom say the peo- ple that I am?"	<ul> <li>9. 18-21 (R<sup>4</sup>, p. 1446). DISCIPLES. CONFESSION OF MESSIAH. (Repeated Alternation.)</li> <li>R<sup>4</sup> g<sup>1</sup>   18. The Lord. Question. h<sup>1</sup>   19. Disciples. Answer.</li> </ul>	
hı	19 They °answering said, "John the Baptist; but °some say, <sup>8</sup> Elias; and °others say, that one of the old prophets is risen again."	g²       20 The Lord. Question.         h²       -20. Peter. Answer.         g³       21. The Lord. Charge.         18 it came to pass. See note on 2. 1.	
g²	20 He said unto them, "But $^{18}$ whom say pt that I am?"	as He was=in (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) His praying. The fourth of seven such recorded occasions. praying. Peculiar to Luke, here. Ap. 134. I. 2.	
$h^2$	Peter <sup>19</sup> answering said, ° " The Christ of God."	Whom = Who. 19 answering said. See note on Deut. 1. 41.	
g³	21 And He °straitly °charged them, and com- manded <i>them</i> to tell no man ° that thing ;	some=others. Ap. 124. 1. others. Same as "some" above.	
₫ A L P <sup>1</sup>	22 Saying, °" The Son of man ° must ° suffer many things, and ° be rejected <sup>5</sup> of the elders and chief priests and scribes, and be slain, and be ° raised ° the third day." 23 And He said <sup>14</sup> to <i>them</i> all, °" If any <i>man</i> ° will come after Me, let him deny himself, and ° take up his cross ° daily, and follow Me. 24 For whosoever ° will ° save his ° life shall lose it: but whosoever ° will lose his ° life shall lose it: but whosoever ° will lose his ° life for My sake, the same shall ° save it. 25 For what is a ° man ° advantaged, ° if he gain the whole ° world, ° and lose himself, or ° be cast away? 26 For whosoever ° shall be ashamed of Me and of My words, of ° him shall <sup>22</sup> the Son of man be ashamed, when He shall come <sup>12</sup> in His own ° glory, and <i>in His</i> Father's, and of the holy angels. 27 But I tell you ° of a truth, there be ° some standing here, which shall ° not ° taste of death, till ° they ° see <sup>2</sup> the kingdom of God."	<ul> <li>20 'I'he Christ = The Messiah. Ap. 98. IX.</li> <li>21 straitly = strictly. charged = charged (under penalty). that thing = this. Thus closes the second of the four great periods of the Lord's ministry. Enough had been said and done by Him. See Ap. 119.</li> <li>9. 22-18. 43 [For Structure see next page].</li> <li>9. 22-36 (L, p. 1461). SUFFERINGS. FIRST ANNOUNCEMENT. (Division.)</li> <li>L   P<sup>1</sup>   22-27. The Sufferings and Glory. Foretold. P<sup>2</sup>   28-36. The Sufferings and Glory. Foreshown.</li> <li>22 The Son of man. See Ap. 98. XVI. must=it is necessary. See 24. 26. Acts 3. 18. suffer = to suffer. This is the first mention of His sufferings. See the Structure, and cp. "L", "N", and "L", "N". Note that these are never mentioned apart from the "glory" (vv. 26, 32) in either O.T. or N.T. be rejected. After trial, therefore trial premeditated, and deliberate, "after three days" (Matt. 27. 63). raised. Pass. of egeirõ. Ap. 178. 4. the third day. But see Ap. 148.</li> <li>23 If any man, &amp;c. See Ap. 148. 2. a. will come = desireth (Ap. 102. 1) to come.</li> </ul>	
Ъз	Ap. 104. viii) His praying. fashion = appearance different. Gr. heteros. Ap. 124. 2. glistering = effu The Eng. "glister" is from the Anglo-Saxon glisian (Ap. 6). talked = were talking. which = who being seen. See Ap. 106. vi. spake = were spen See Ap. 149. should = was about to. acco Who Himself accomplished it and fulfilled all the S in. Gr. en. Not the same word as in vv. 43, 61. 32 heavy = oppressed. when they were awake = on they departed = in (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. 1) their dep occ. only here in N.T. Master. Gr. epistatēs. A	algent, or lightening forth (as though from internal light). n = to shine, or glitter. <b>30</b> behold. Fig. Asterismos . Moses. See Ap. 149. <b>31</b> appeared and = aking. Peculiar to Luke, here. decease. Gr. exodos. complish. His death did not merely happen. It was He	

	<b>LUKE.</b> 9. 43		<b>9.</b> 43.			
A. D. 28	34 While he thus spake, ° there came a cloud, and °overshadowed °them: and they feared °as ther entered <sup>10</sup> into the cloud. 35 And <sup>34</sup> there came a voice °out of the cloud, saying, "This is My beloved Son: ° hear Him." 36 And ° when the voice was past, Jesus was found alone. And ther ° kept <i>it</i> close, and told °no man <sup>12</sup> in those days any of those things which they had °seen.		E REJECTION Alternations.) Announcement. atic son. ERINGS. Second les instructed as			
МQі	37 And <sup>18</sup> it came to pass, that °on the next day, when they were °come down <sup>5</sup> from °the hill, much people met Him.	Lawyer. E   10. 38- F   11.	42. Journey. 1–13. Disciples.			
k	38 And, <sup>30</sup> behold, a <sup>14</sup> man <sup>22</sup> of the company cried out, saying, <sup>°</sup> " Master, I <sup>°</sup> beseech Thee, <sup>°</sup> look <sup>°</sup> upon my son: for he is mine only child.	G 1	uest. Prayer, 1. 14—13. 9. Mir- cles, &c. 13. 10-17. Place.			
RT 1	39 And, °lo, a °spirit taketh him, and he °suddenly crieth out; and it °teareth him °that he foameth again, and °bruising him hardly departeth $5$ from him.		Synagogue. Sabbath. Mir- acle. J 13.18-21. The Kingdom. Likeness.			
m	40 And I <sup>38</sup> besought Thy disciples to cast ° him out;		J 13. 22–35. The Kingdom. Entrance.			
U S	and they could ° not." 41 And Jesus <sup>19</sup> answering said, "O °faithless and °perverse generation, how long shall I be ° with you, and ° suffer you?		14. 1-24. Place. Pharisee's house. Sab- bath. Miracle. 4. 25-17. 4. Par-			
RTm	Bring thy son hither."	a	bles.			
ĩ	42 And as he was yet $^{\circ}a$ coming, the $^{\circ}devil$ $^{\circ}threw$ him down, and $^{\circ}tare$ him.	Req _ E   17.11-	5-10. Disciples. uest. Faith. 19. Journey.			
U	And Jesus rebuked the unclean $39$ spirit, and $^{2}$ healed the $^{\circ}$ child,	$C \mid 1720-24.$ Th	e Kingdom nigh,			
Qk	and delivered him again to his father.	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	gs. Third An-			
i	43 And they were all °amazed °at the °mighty power of God.	$O \mid 17. 26-18. 30 \mid$ structed as to $A \mid L \mid 18. 31-34.$ SUFFERINGS: FO	the <i>future</i> .			
ΒN	But while they °wondered every one °at all	ment.				
	34 there came = there came to be.       Overshadowed = enveloped.       The word occ. only here, 1. 35.         Matt. 17. 5.       Mark 9. 7.       Acts 5. 15.       them: i. e. the three, not the six, as the Apostles heard the voice         "out of" the cloud.       as then entered = in (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) their entering.       35 out of. Gr. ek.         Ap. 104. vii.       Not the same word as in v. 5.       hear = hear ye.       36 when was past, lit. in         (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) the passing of.       kept it close = were silent.       no man = no one.       Compound         of ou.       Ap. 105. I.       seen.       Gr. horaō.       Ap. 133. 8.       S					
	9. 37-43- (M, above). MIRACLE. THE LUNATIC SON. (Introversions.) $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					
	<ul> <li>37 on. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. Come down. Gr. <i>katerchomat</i>, only once outside Luke and Acts (if Jas. 3. 15). the hill=the mountain, as in v. 28.</li> <li>38 Master=Teacher. Ap. 98. XIV. v. beseech Ap. 134. I.5. look. Gr. epiblepō. Ap. 133. III. 4. upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3.</li> <li>39 lo. Fig Asterismos. Ap. 6. spirit. Gr. pneuma. Ap. 101. II. 12: a demon; cp. v. 42. suddenly. Gr. exaiphnate Only here, 2. 13. Mark 13. 36. Acts 9. 3; 22. 6, always in connection with supernatural events. teareth him=throws him into convulsions. that he foameth again=with (Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1) foaming bruising him=making a complete wreck of him. Cp. Mark 5. 4. Rev. 2. 27.</li> <li>40 him=it. nott Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. 41 faithless=unbelieving. perverse=perverted. with. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. Not the same word as in vv. 32-, 49. suffer=bear with. Cp. Acts 18. 14. 2 Cor. 11. 1</li> <li>42 a coming=coming near. devil=demon. A spirit, v. 39. threw=dashed. tare=com pletely convulsed. Gr. eusparase6. Occ. only here in N.T. child. Gr. pais. Ap. 108. iv. Not the same word as in v. 31, 61</li> </ul>					

1	<b>9.</b> 43. LUI	<b>KE. 9</b> . 58.			
a. d. 28	things which ° Jesus did, He said <sup>3</sup> unto His dis- ciples, 44 "Let these ° sayings sink down <sup>10</sup> into your ears: for <sup>22</sup> the Son of man ° shall be ° delivered <sup>10</sup> into the hands of <sup>25</sup> men." 45 But they °understood not this ° saying, and it was ° hid <sup>5</sup> from them, that they ° perceived it <sup>5</sup> not: and they feared to ask Him <sup>9</sup> of that ° saying.	Jesus. Most of the texts omit "Jesus" here. <b>44</b> sayings=words. Pl. of <i>logos</i> . See note on Mark 9. 32. Not the same word as in v. 45. shall be=is about to be. delivered=delivered up. The second announcement of His sufferings. See the Structure on p. 1461. <b>45</b> understood not= were ignorant of. saying. Gr. rhēma. Not the same word as in v. 44. See note on Mark 9. 32. hid = veiled. perceived it not=should not understand it. Not			
0 V <sup>1</sup> n	46 Then there arose a reasoning $^{\circ}$ among them, $^{\circ}$ which of them should be $^{\circ}$ greatest.	the same word as in v. 47. 9. 46-62 (0, p. 1461). DISCIPLES. INSTRUCTED			
0	47 And Jesus, ° perceiving the °thought of their heart, took a °child, and set him ° by $\mathfrak{H}$ im,	ASTOTHE DDESENT (Division)			
0	48 And said unto them, "Whosoever shall receive this <sup>47</sup> child ° in My name receiveth Me: and whosoever shall receive Me receiveth Him That sent Me:	<ul> <li>V<sup>4</sup> 57-62. Re Discipleship. Three (unnamed).</li> <li>9. 46-48 (V<sup>1</sup>, above). Re HUMILITY. ALL THE DISCIPLES. (Introversion.)</li> <li>V<sup>1</sup>   n   46. Reasoning.</li> </ul>			
n	for he that °is °least <sup>46</sup> among you all, the same ° shall be great."	o $ $ 47. Child taken. o $ $ 48 Child received. n $ $ -48. Reasoning.			
<b>V</b> ² p	49 And John <sup>19</sup> answered and said, <sup>33</sup> "Master, we <sup>9</sup> saw one casting out <sup>42</sup> devils <sup>48</sup> in Thy name; and we forbad him,	46 among. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. 2.which = who.greatest = greater.47 perceiving = having seen. Ap. 133. I. 1. Not the			
P.	because he followeth <sup>40</sup> not ° with us."	same word as in v. 45. thought = reasoning, as in v. 46.			
р	50 And Jesus said <sup>3</sup> unto him, "Forbid him <sup>5</sup> not:	by = beside. Gr. para. Ap. 104. xii. 2. Not the same			
q	for he that is 40 not ° against ° us is ° for ° us."	word as in v. 7. <b>48</b> in. Gr. <i>epi</i> . Ap. 104. ix. 2.			
<b>V</b> ³r	51 And <sup>1</sup> it came to pass, ° when the time was come °that He should be received up, ° $\mathfrak{H}$ sted-fastly ° set His face to go <sup>16</sup> to Jerusalem,	is=subsists or exists. Gr. huparchō, not the verb "to be". See Phil. 2. 6 (being); 3. 20 (is). least=lowliest. shall be. All the texts read "is".			
S	52 And sent messengers ° before His face: and they went, and entered <sup>10</sup> into a village of the °Samaritans, to ° make ready for Him.	9. 49, 50 (V <sup>2</sup> , above). Re FELLOWSHIP. ONE (JOHN). (Alternation.) V <sup>2</sup>   p   49 Prohibition. Positive.			
9`	53 And they did $^{40}$ not receive Him, because His face was as though He $^\circ$ would go $^{16}$ to Jerusalem.	$q \mid -49$ . Reason. "Because." $p \mid 50$ Prohibition. Negative. $q \mid -50$ . Reason. "For."			
8	54 And when His disciples James and John <sup>9</sup> saw <i>this</i> , they said, <sup>°</sup> "Lord, <sup>°</sup> wilt Thou that we <sup>°</sup> command fire to come down from <sup>°</sup> hea- ven, and consume them, <sup>°</sup> even as <sup>8</sup> Elias did?" 55 But He turned, and rebuked them, <sup>°</sup> and said, "Ye <sup>33</sup> know <sup>40</sup> not what manner of <sup>°</sup> spirit pe are of. 56 For <sup>22</sup> the Son of man <sup>°</sup> is <sup>40</sup> not come to	us. All the texts read "you". for us = on our behalf. Gr. huper. Ap. 104. xvii. 1. <b>9. 51-56</b> (V <sup>3</sup> , above). Re FORBEARANCE. (Alternation.)			
	destroy ${}^{25}$ men's °lives, but to ${}^{24}$ save them." And they went ${}^{16}$ to °another village.	s       52. Disciples. Mission.         r       53. The Lord. Purpose. "His face set."         s       54-56. Disciples. Resentment rebuked.			
V <sup>4</sup> t <sup>1</sup>	57 And <sup>18</sup> it came to pass, that, <sup>o</sup> as they went <sup>12</sup> in the way, <sup>o</sup> a certain <i>man</i> said <sup>3</sup> unto Him, <sup>o</sup> "Lord, I will follow Thee whithersoever Thou goest."	the fulfilling of the days. Marking a certain stage of the Lord's ministry.			
u	58 And Jesus said unto him, "Foxes have	nim up. Gr. anatepsis. Occ. only here in the N.I.			
	54 Lord. Ap. 98. VI. i. a 3. A. wilt. Ap heaven = the heaven (Sing.). See note on Matt. 6. 9 2 Kings 1. 10. Omitted by T Trm. [A] WH. omitted by all the texts. spirit. Heb. pneum	The kindred verb analambanō is used of the ascension Mark 16. 19. Acts 1. 2, 11, 22, and 1 Tim. 3. 16. $\mathfrak{H}e = \mathrm{He}$ Isa. 50. 7. <b>52</b> before. Gr. pro. Ap. 104. xiv. $\mathbf{y} = \mathrm{to} \ \mathrm{prepare} \ [\mathrm{reception}].$ <b>53</b> would $\mathbf{go} = \mathrm{was} \ \mathrm{going}.$ b. 102. 1. command fire = should call down tire.			
	9. 57-62 [For Structure see next page].				
	57 as they went = in (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) their Lord. Om. L T Tr. [A] WH R.	going. a certain man. A scribe (Matt. 8. 19)			

	<b>9.</b> 58. LU	KE. 10	. 13.
A. D. 28	holes, and birds of <sup>°</sup> the air <i>have</i> nests; but <sup>22</sup> the Son of man <sup>°</sup> hath <sup>40</sup> not where to lay <i>His</i> head."	9. 57-62 (V <sup>4</sup> , p. 1462). Re DISCIPLESHIP. TE (UNNAMED). (Repeated Alternation.) V <sup>4</sup>   t <sup>1</sup>   57. Forwardness.	IREE
t²	59 And He said <sup>3</sup> unto <sup>56</sup> another, "Follow Me." But he said, <sup>64</sup> "Lord, ° suffer me first to go and ° bury my father."	$1^{1}$ 68. Discouragement. $1^{2}$ 69. Backwardness. $1^{2}$ 60. Encouragement. $1^{3}$ 61. Undecidedness.	
u <sup>s</sup>	60 <sup>43</sup> Jesus said unto him, "Let the dead <sup>59</sup> bury °their dead: but go thou and °preach <sup>2</sup> the kingdom of God."	u <sup>3</sup>   62. Reproof. <b>58</b> the air=the heaven, as in v. 54. hath not where, &c. See note on Matt. 8. 20, a Rev. 14. 14. <b>59</b> suffer $me = allow m$	
t <sup>s</sup>	61 And <sup>56</sup> another also said, "Lord, I will fol- low Thee; but °let me first go bid them fare- well, which are °at home at my house."	bury my father. A euphemism for declinin invitation, as the Jews buried within twenty-four and did not leave the house for ten days. <b>60</b> their = their own.	
u <sup>s</sup>	62 And Jesus said <sup>3</sup> unto him, <sup>o</sup> " No man, having put his <sup>o</sup> hand to the plough, and <sup>o</sup> look- ing back, is fit for <sup>2</sup> the kingdom of God."	preach=declare. Gr. diangellō. Ap. 121. 6. C elsewhere only in Acts 21. 26 (signify). Rom. 9. 1 <b>61</b> let=allow. Verses 61, 62 are peculiar to Lu at home at my house=in (Gr. eis. Ap. 104.	7. .ke.
cw	and two ° before His face ° into every city and place, whither He Himself ° would come. 2 Therefore said He ° unto them, "The har- vest truly <i>is</i> great, but the labourers <i>are</i> few: ° pray ye therefore the <sup>1</sup> Lord of the harvest, that He ° would send forth labourers <sup>1</sup> into His harvest.	X   3, 4. The Disciples' danger. Y   v <sup>1</sup>   δ-9 Houses and Cities. Entr w <sup>1</sup>   -9. Message: Kingdom nigh v <sup>2</sup>   10, 11 Cities. Rejection.	GH. ance.
X	<ul> <li>3 Go your ways: ° behold, 3 send you forth as lambs ° among wolves.</li> <li>4 Carry ° neither ° purse, ° nor ° scrip, ° nor ° shoes: and ° salute ° no man ° by the way.</li> </ul>	$w^2 \mid -11$ . Message : Kingdom nig $v^3 \mid 12-15$ . Cities. Retribution.X \mid 16. The Disciples' danger.W \mid 17-24. The Seventy. Return.	;h.
Υv	<ul> <li>5 And <sup>1</sup> into whatsoever house ° ye enter, first say, ° 'Peace be to this house.'</li> <li>6 And ° if the son of peace be there, your peace shall rest upon it: ° if ° not, it shall turn ° to you again.</li> <li>7 And ° in the same house remain, eating and drinking such things as ° they give: for the labourer is worthy of his hire. Go ° not ° from house ° to house.</li> <li>8 And <sup>1</sup> into whatsoever city ° ye enter, and they receive you, eat such things as are set before you:</li> <li>9 And ° heal the sick that are ° therein,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.</li> <li>would come= was about to come.</li> <li>2 unto. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. Not the same as in vv9, 11.</li> <li>pray. Gr. deomai. Ap. 134. I. 5. Implying the of need.</li> <li>would=may.</li> <li>3 behold=lo. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6.</li> </ul>	word
w۱	and say °unto them, °. The kingdom of God is ° come nigh° unto you.	among = in (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) the midst. 4 neither = not. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II. purse. Gr. balantion. Peculiar to Luke; only	here;
v <sup>s</sup>	10 But <sup>1</sup> into whatsoever city <sup>8</sup> ye enter, and they receive you <sup>7</sup> not, go your ways out <sup>1</sup> into the streets of the same, and say, 11 'Even the very dust °of your city, which °cleaveth on us, we do °wipe off against you:	12. 33; 22. 35, 36. nor. Gr. mē. sorip=a beggar's collecting bag. See on Matt. nor. Gr. mēde.	10. 10.
w <sup>2</sup>	1	<b>5</b> ye enter = ye may enter. Peace, &c. The usual salutation. Cp. Judg.	19. 20.
v <sup>3</sup>	<ul> <li>12 But I say unto you, that it shall be more tolerable <sup>7</sup> in that day for Sodom, than for that city.</li> <li>13 Woe unto thee, °Chorazin! woe unto thee, °Bethsaida! for <sup>-6</sup> if the °mighty works had ° been done <sup>7</sup> in Tyre and Sidon, which have °been done <sup>7</sup> in you, they had a great</li> <li>9 heal. See on 6. 18. therein = in (Gr. en. A See Ap. 114. come nigh = drawn nigh. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. Not the same word as in v.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>if not. Gr. ei (Ap. 118, 2. a) mēge (Ap. 105. II).</li> <li>to. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. Not the same word vv. 7, 15, 30, -34.</li> <li>7 in. Gr. en. Ap. 104.</li> <li>they give = are with (Gr. para. Ap. 104. xii. 1) not. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II.</li> <li>from = out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. Not the word as in vv. 21, 30, 42.</li> <li>to. Gr. eis. Ap. 105. II.</li> <li>g ye enter = ye may enter (with Gr. an).</li> <li>p. 104. viii) it. unto = to. The kingdom of unto. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3.</li> <li>11 of = 02.</li> <li>oleaveth. A medical term, used s5. Occ. only here in N.T. All the texts add "the te on v. 20.</li> <li>be ye sure = get to know. Gr. gi. See Ap. 169.</li> </ul>	d as in viii. them. same 04. vi. God. out of. of the feet" inosko.

	<b>10.</b> 13. LU	JKE.	<b>10.</b> 24.
A. D. 28	while ago ° repented, sitting 7 in ° sackcloth and °ashes. 14 ° But it shall be more tolerable for Tyre and Sidon ° at the judgment, than for you. 15 And thou, ° Capernaum, ° which art exalted ° to ° heaven, ° shalt be thrust down ° to ° hell.	sackcloth. Gr. sakkos, from Heb. sak coarsely woven material used for sieves a (worn next the skin in mourning), Isa. E	and strainers 3. 24. Job 16. laid aside at 1. 20. 2, &c.
x	16 He that heareth you heareth Me; and he that °despiseth you °despiseth Me; and he that °despiseth Me °despiseth Him That °sent Me."	<b>14</b> But = Howbert. See note on $v_1$ 20.	same word as ee Ap. 169.
WZ <sup>1</sup> x	17 And ° the seventy returned again ° with joy,	be exalted?" (with mē, Ap. 105. II. Interro	
У	saying, "Lord, even the °devils are °subject unto us °through Thy name." 18 And He said unto them, "I beheld °Satan as lightning °fall <sup>7</sup> from <sup>15</sup> heaven. 19 <sup>3</sup> Behold, °I give unto you °power to tread °on serpents and scorpions, and °over all the °power of the enemy: and °nothing shall by any means hurt you,	shalt, &c. = thou shalt be brought down. hell. Gr. Hadēs. See Ap. 131. 2. 16 despiseth = rejecteth. See 7. 30, an 21; 3. 15. sent. 10. 17-24 (W, p. 1463). THE SE RETURN. (Division.) $W   Z^1   17-20$ . The Joy of the Seventy.	1d cp. Gal. 2. Ap. 174. I.
x	20 °Notwithstanding 7 in this rejoice 7 not, that the °spirits are 17 subject unto you;	<b>10.</b> 17–20 (Z <sup>1</sup> , above). THE JOY	OF THE
У	but rather rejoice, because your names °are written <sup>7</sup> in °heaven."	SEVENTY. (Alternation.) $Z^{1} \mid x \mid 17$ -, Joy. Manifestation. $y \mid -17$ -19. Cause. Subjection of Sp	pirits.
Z <sup>2</sup> A <sup>1</sup>	21 <sup>7</sup> In that hour ° Jesus ° rejoiced ° in spirit and said, °" I thank Thee, O Father, ° Lord of <sup>15</sup> heaven and earth,	$ \begin{vmatrix} x & 20 \text{ Joy. Dehortation.} \\ y & -20. \text{ Cause. Names written in } \\ 17 \text{ the seventy. See note on } v. 1. \end{vmatrix} $	heaven.
A <sup>2</sup> B a	that Thou °hast hid these things °from the wise and prudent, and °hast revealed them unto babes:	subject = subdued, put under. Cp. 2. 51. 1 Eph. 11. 22. Phil. 3. 21.	s = demons.
b	even so, Father; for $^{\circ}$ so it $^{\circ}$ seemed good $^{\circ}$ in Thy sight.	through. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. <b>18</b> I beheld. Gr. theoreo. Ap. 133. I. Satan. Heb. transliterated = the Adver	
С	22 All things °are delivered to Me °of My Father: and °no man °knoweth Who the Son is, ° but the Father; and Who the Father is ° but the Son,	29. 4. Diabolos is the more frequent term Both are in Rev. 12. 9. fall=hav	n in the N.T. ving fallen. . A VH R. 72. 5.
C	and he to whom the Son ° will reveal Him."	word as in vv. 34, 35, 37. over = upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3.	
Bb	23 And He turned Him <sup>2</sup> unto <i>His</i> disciples and said privately, <sup>o</sup> "Blessed <i>are</i> <sup>o</sup> the eyes which <sup>o</sup> see the things that ye <sup>o</sup> see:	power=might. Gr. dunamis. Ap. 172. nothing by any means. Gr. ouden. 105. I, III.	ou mē. Ap.
a	24 For I °tell you, that many °prophets and °kings have °desired to °see those things which	spirits. Ap. 101. II. 12.	
	ye <sup>23</sup> see, and have <sup>o</sup> not <sup>o</sup> seen <i>them;</i> and to hear those things which ye hear, and have <sup>o</sup> not heard <i>them.</i> "	are written = have been written (TTr.	an. 12. 1. Phil. ; 21. 27; 22. 19.
	<b>10. 21–24</b> (Z <sup>2</sup> , above). TH Z <sup>2</sup>   A <sup>1</sup>   21–, Thanksgi	E JOY OF THE LORD. (Division.)	
	$A^2 = -21-24$ . Thank <b>21</b> Jesus. Om. by all the texts. rejoiced See Ap. 101. II. 8. But all the texts read "by the S	sgiving. Cause : Revelation. =exulted. in spirit. Gr. en (Ap. 104.	thank. See
		ING. CAUSE: REVELATION. (Introver.	
	$A^2 \mid B \mid a \mid -21$ . Things b $\mid -21$ . Things	hidden. (Neg.) s revealed. (Pos.) Recipients. velation. By the Father.	
	C   -22. Re           B   b   23. Things	revealed. (Pos.) Recipients	
	hast hid=didst hide. from. Gr. apo. Ap.	anon. (nog.)	so= thus,
	seemed good = was it well-pleasing. in Th: Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. no. Gr. ou. A Ap. 132. I. ii. but = except. will reveal Hin	y sight = before thee. <b>22</b> are = were. b. 105. I. <b>knoweth</b> = getteth to know. <b>m</b> = willeth (Ap. 102. 3) to reveal [Him]. <b>2</b> eyes. Put by Fig. Synecdochë, of the Part (A <b>24</b> tell you = say to you. <b>propher</b> <b>kings.</b> David (2 Sam. 23. 1-5).	of=by. Gr. ginōskō. 3 Blessed=

	10. 25. LU	<b>KE. 10.</b> 35.
D E <sup>1</sup> c A. D. 28	25 And, <sup>3</sup> behold, a certain <sup>o</sup> lawyer stood up, <sup>o</sup> and tempted Him, saying, <sup>o</sup> "Master, what shall I do to inherit eternal life?"	<b>10. 25-37</b> (D, p. 1461). DEMAND OF LAWYER. (Division.) D   $E^1$   25-28. His first demand. "What?", &c. $E^2$   29-37. His second demand. "Who?", &c.
d	26 He said <sup>2</sup> unto him, <sup>°</sup> " W hat is written <sup>7</sup> in <sup>°</sup> the law? how readest thou?"	<b>10. 25-28</b> (E <sup>1</sup> , above). HIS FIRST DEMAND. WHAT? (Alternation.)
C	27 And he answering said, "Thou shalt ° love the ° LORD thy God ° with all thy heart, ° and ° with all thy ° soul, ° and ° with all thy ° strength, ° and ° with all thy mind; ° and thy neighbour as thyself."	<ul> <li>d   26. The Lord. Answered by two other Questions: "What? How?"</li> <li>c   27. The Lawyer. Answer.</li> <li>d   28. The Lord. Answer.</li> </ul>
đ	28 And He said unto him, "Thou hast an- swered "right: "this do, and "thou "shalt live."	<b>25</b> lawyer = doctor or teacher of the Law. and tempted Him = putting Him to the test. Master = Teacher. Ap. 98. XIV. v.
E <sup>2</sup> F	29 ° But he, ° willing to justify himself,	<b>26</b> What is written ? = What standeth written ? See Ap. 143.
G	said <sup>2</sup> unto Jesus, "And who is my <sup>o</sup> neighbour?"	the law. See note on Matt. 5. 17, and Ap. 117. 27 love. Ap. 135. I. 1.
н	30 And Jesus °answering said, "A certain ° man went ° down <sup>21</sup> from Jerusalem <sup>7</sup> to Jericho, and fell among ° thieves, which ° stripped him of his raiment, and ° wounded him, and ° departed, ° leaving him ° half dead.	LORD = Jehovah (Deut. 6. 6; 10. 12. Lev. 19. 18). Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 1. B. a. with = out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. and. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton. Ap. 6. soul. Gr. psuchē. Ap. 110. V. 1. strength. Gr. ischus. Ap. 172. 3. with all thy mind. All the texts read en (Ap. 104.
<b>J</b> <sup>1</sup> c <sup>1</sup>	31 And ° by ° chance ° there came down a cer- tain ° priest that way :	<ul> <li>viii) instead of ek (Ap. 104. vii).</li> <li>and thy neighbour, &amp;c. Lev. 19. 18.</li> <li><b>28</b> right = rightly, or correctly.</li> </ul>
dı	and when he $^{24-}$ saw him, he $^{\circ}$ passed by on the other side.	this do. No one ever did it, because the Law was given that, being convicted of our impotence, we might
J <sup>2</sup> c <sup>2</sup>	32 And likewise a Levite, $^{\circ}$ when he was $^{\circ}$ at the $^{\circ}$ place,	thankfully cast ourselves on His omnipotence. Cp. Rom. 7. 7-13. thou shalt live. See notes on Lev. 18. 5, and cp.
ď	-	Ezek. 20. 11, 13, 21. But see Rom. 3. 21, 22. This is why Deut. 6. 5 is one of the passages inscribed in the Phylacteries. See Structure of Ex. 13. 3-16, and note
J <sup>3</sup> c <sup>3</sup>	33 But a certain Samaritan, as he ° journeyed, °came ° where he was:	on Deut. 6. 4. shalt = wilt. Cp. Gal. 3. 22. <b>10. 29-37</b> (E <sup>2</sup> , above). HIS SECOND DEMAND.
d <sup>s</sup> e	and when he <sup>24-</sup> saw him,	WHO? (Introversion and Repeated Alternation.) E <sup>2</sup>   F   29 Self-justification.
	he °had compassion on him,	G   -29. Question of the Lawyer. "Who?" H   30 The Traveller. Left for Death.
f	34 And went to <i>him</i> , and °bound up his °wounds, °pouring in oil and wine, and set him °on his own beast, and brought him <sup>7</sup> to an °inn,	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
e	and took care of him.	$J^3 \mid c^3 \mid 33$ The Samaritan.
R	35 And <sup>34</sup> on the morrow when he departed, he took out two ° pence, and gave <i>them</i> to ° the host, and said unto him, 'Take care of him; and ° whatsoever thou ° spendest more, ° when I come again, ° $\Im$ will repay thee.'	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
	him. man. Gr. anthröpos. Ap. 123. 1. down Cp. 19. 28. thieves = robbers, or brigands, as in &c. Not of his raiment only, but of all he had. leaving him. Supply, with the force of the vert half dead. Gr. hämithanës. Occ. only here in N.T. over. Jericho was a priestly city. priest. Who One word in Gr. antiparerchomai. Occ. only here a Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 2. place=spot. looked Gr. hodeuö. Occ. only here. came where he in John 14. 3. where he was=to (kata, as abov	<b>30</b> answering taking him up. Gr. hupolambano, in this sense only here = taking [the ground] from under . In more senses than one. The road was asteep descent. Matt. 26. 56. John 18. 40. See notes there. stripped, wounded = inflicted wounds. departed = went off. tunchano = leaving him [for all they cared] half dead. C. <b>31</b> by = according to. Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 2. there came down = was going down; his duties being might become defiled. passed by on the other side. and v. 32 in N.T. <b>32</b> when he was = being. at. on him, and = seeing (as in v. 31) him. <b>33</b> journeyed. was. A beautiful type of the Lord. And the end is seen e) him.
	d <sup>3</sup>   e   -33. His fe f   34 His c e   -34. His fee	MARITAN'S CONDUCT. (Introversion.) eling. Compassion. eonduct. Help. ling. Thoughtful care.
	had compassion = was moved with compassion. here in N.T. wounds. Gr. trauma. Occ. onl on = upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 8. inn. Gr. pan denarii. See Ap. 51. I. 4. Two denarii = halfa shekel Gr. pandocheus. Cp. "inn", above. spendest come again = in (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viji) my coming ba	docheion = a khan. Occ. only here in N.T.35 pence =, the ransom money for a life (Ex. 80. 12, 13).the host.more. Gr. prosdapanaõ. Occ. only here.when I
	1/	65

.

	10. 36. LU	<b>KE.</b> 11. 4.
G A.D. 28	36 Which °now of these three, °thinkest thou, °was <sup>29</sup> neighbour unto him that fell °among the <sup>30</sup> thieves?"	<b>36</b> now=therefore. Om. by[L]T[Tr.] A WH R. think est thou = seems to thee. was=to have become. among. Gr. <i>eis.</i> Ap. 104. vi.
F	37 And he said, "He that shewed mercy on him." Then said Jesus unto him, "Go, and do thou likewise."	<b>37</b> on = with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1. <b>10. 38-42</b> (E, p. 1461). JOURNEY. (Alternation.)
E K <sup>1</sup>	38 °Now it came to pass, as they went, that $\mathfrak{H}$ entered <sup>1</sup> into a certain village: and a certain woman named °Martha	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
L1	received Him <sup>1</sup> into her house.	$ \begin{array}{ c c c } L^2 & -39. \end{array} \text{ Her listening to the Lord.} \\ K^3 & 40 \end{array} \text{ Martha.} $
<b>K</b> <sup>2</sup>	39 And she had a sister called ° Mary,	$L^3 \mid -40-42$ . Her colloquy with the Lord.
$\mathbf{L}^{2}$	which °also °sat °at ° Jesus' feet, and °heard His word.	<b>38</b> Now. Verses 38-42 peculiar to Luke. Martha. Aram. Ap. 94. III. 3. <b>39</b> Mary. Ap. 100. 3. also sat = sat also.
K3	40 But <sup>38</sup> Martha was <sup>°</sup> cumbered <sup>°</sup> about much serving, and <sup>°</sup> came to Him,	sat = seated herself. Gr. parakathizō. Occ. only here in N.T. Mary always misunderstood, but always found "at the Lord's feet"; (1) her want of care, cp.
L <sup>3</sup> M g	and said,	v. 42; (2) her following Martha, John 11. 31; cp. vv. 32
h	° "Lord, °dost Thou <sup>24</sup> not care that my sister hath left me to serve alone?	33; (3) her anointing of the Lord's feet, John 12. 3; cp vv. 5, 7. at = beside. Gr. para. Ap. 104. xii. 3. All the texts
i	bid her therefore that "she help me."	read pros = against. Ap. 104. xv. 3. Jesus'. All the texts read "the Lord's".
Мg	41 And <sup>39</sup> Jesus answered and said unto her, <sup>°</sup> "Martha, <sup>38</sup> Martha, thou art <sup>°</sup> careful and <sup>°</sup> troubled <sup>40</sup> about many things:	heard = was listening to. 40 cumbered = distracted. Gr. perispaomai. Occ only here.
h	42 But °one thing is needful :	about = concerning. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 3.
i	and <sup>89</sup> Mary hath chosen that good part, which shall <sup>24</sup> not be taken away <sup>21</sup> from her."	came = came up. <b>10.</b> -40-42 (L <sup>3</sup> , above). MARTHA. HER COLLOQUY WITH THE LORD. (Extended Alternation.)
FN	11 <sup>o</sup> praying <sup>o</sup> in a certain place, <sup>o</sup> when He ceased, one of His disciples said <sup>o</sup> unto Him,	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
0	° "Lord, teach us to ° pray,	$h \mid 42-$ . Approbation of Mary. The Lord.
N	°as John also taught his disciples."	I i -42. Refusal. J -40 Lord. Note the avoidance of the name "Jesus"
0 P1	say, 'Our Father Which art <sup>1</sup> in <sup>o</sup> heaven, <sup>o</sup> Hallowed be <sup>o</sup> Thy name. <sup>o</sup> Thy kingdom <sup>o</sup> come. Thy will <sup>o</sup> be done, as <sup>1</sup> in <sup>o</sup> heaven, so <sup>o</sup> in <sup>o</sup> earth. <sup>3</sup> Give us <sup>o</sup> day by day our <sup>o</sup> daily <sup>o</sup> bread. <sup>4</sup> And <sup>o</sup> forgive us our <sup>o</sup> sins; for me also for- give every one that is indebted to us. And <sup>o</sup> lead us <sup>o</sup> not <sup>o</sup> into <sup>o</sup> temptation; but deliver us <sup>o</sup> from <sup>o</sup> evil. '''	by His disciples and others. See Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 3. A. dost Thou not care? = is it no concern to Thee? she help me. Gr. sunantilambanomai. Occ. only here and Rom. 8. 25 in N.T. Supposed to be only a Biblica word, but it is found in the Papyri, and in inscriptions in the sense of taking a mutual interest or share in things <b>41</b> Martha, Martha. Fig. Epizeuxis. Ap. 6. See not on Gen. 22. 11. careful. See note on Matt. 6. 25. troubled = agitated. Gr. turbazomai. Occ. only here <b>42</b> one thing, &c. = of one of [them] is there need. No the unspiritual idea of "one dish", as there were no
	two or more as in our days. The Lord referred not	
	$ \begin{array}{c c} \mathbf{F} & \mathbf{N} & 1 - . & \mathbf{Occasic} \\ \mathbf{O} & 0 & \mathbf{-1} - . & \mathbf{Rec} \\ \mathbf{N} & \mathbf{-1} & \mathbf{Preced} \\ \mathbf{O} & 2 - 13 & \mathbf{Rec} \end{array} $	ent. John's teaching. quest complied with.
	1 it came to pass. A Hebraism. See 2. 1. His praying. The sixth of seven such occasions. Gr. $en$ . Ap. 104. viii. Not the same word as in $vv$ Ap. 104. xv. Not the same word as in $vv$ . 24, 51. as = even as.	
	$O   P^1   2-4$ . Exa	
	2 heaven=the heavens. See note on Matt. 6. 9, 10. Ps. 20. 1. Thy kingdom. See Ap. 111, 112, 113, heaven (sing.). See note on Matt. 6. 9, 10. in Ap. 129. 4. 3 day by day=according to (Gr. See note on Matt. 6. 11. bread. Put by 4 forgive. See note on 3. s. Jas. 5. 15. sins bring. not. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II. Not the san Ap. 104. vi. temptation=trial or testing.	= upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 1. earth. Gr. gē kata. Ap. 104. x. 2) the day. daily. Gr. epiousios Fig. Synecdochē (of the Part), Ap. 6, for food in general Trespasses comes from Tyndale's Version. lead=

	11. 5. LU	<b>KE. 11.</b> 18.
₽² j ▲. d. 28	5 °And He said <sup>1</sup> unto them, "Which °of you shall have a friend, and shall go <sup>1</sup> unto him at midnight, and say unto him, 'Friend, °lend me three loaves; 6 °For a friend of mine °in his journey is come °to me, and I have °nothing to set before him?' 7 And be from within shall answer and say, 'Trouble me <sup>4</sup> not: the door is °now shut, and my °children are °with me °in bed; I °cannot rise and give thee.' 8 I say unto you, Though he will °not rise and give him, °because he is his friend, yet °because of his °importunity he will rise and give him as many as he needeth.	<ul> <li>11. 5-13 (P<sup>2</sup>, p. 1466). ILLUSTRATION. PARABLE. (Alternation.)</li> <li>P<sup>2</sup>   j   5-8. The Friend. k   9, 10. Application. j   11, 12. The Father. k   13. Application.</li> <li>5 And He said, &amp;c. Verses 5-10 are peculiar to Luke. of=among. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. lend. Gr. chraō. Occ. only here.</li> <li>6 For=Since. in=off. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. to. Gr. pros. Ap. 104.xv.3. Notthe same word as in v. 37. nothing to=not (Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I) what I may.</li> <li>7 now=already. The door would on no account be opened to a stranger at night. children. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1. Not the same word as</li> </ul>
k	<ul> <li>9 And 3 say unto you, °Ask, and it shall be given you; °seek, and ye shall find; °knock, and it shall be opened unto you.</li> <li>10 For every one that asketh receiveth; and he that seeketh findeth; and to him that knocketh it shall be opened.</li> </ul>	in vv. 20, 37. A whole family will sleep in one room, in the garments worn by day, in one large bed. in. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. cannot=am not (Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I) able to. <b>8</b> not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. because=on account of. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 2. importunity=shamelessness, impudence. Gr. anai-
j	11 °If a son shall ask bread of °any of you that is a father, will he give him a stone? or °if <i>he ask</i> °a fish, will he °for a fish give him a serpent? 12 Or °if he shall ask an egg, will he °offer him a scorpion?	deia. Occ. only here in N.T. 9 Asksoekknock. Note the Fig. Anabasis (Ap. 6), Ask. Gr. aiteō. Always used of an inferior to a superior. Never used of the Lord to the Father. 11 If, &c. = Shall a son ask, &c. any = which. if, &c. Ap. 118. 2. a. a fish = a fish also for = instead. Gr. anti. Ap. 104. ii.
k	13 <sup>-11</sup> If pe then, being <sup>4</sup> evil, <sup>°</sup> know how to give good gifts unto your <sup>°</sup> children: how much more shall your <sup>°</sup> heavenly Father give <sup>°</sup> the Holy Spirit to them that ask Him?"	12 if. Gr. ean. Ap. 118. 1. b. offer = give to. 13 know. Gr. oida. Ap. 132. I. 1. children. Ap. 108. i. heavenly = out of (Gr. ek. Ap. 104. viii) heaven. the Holy Spirit = spiritual gifts. No articles. Gr. was beginn Soc Ap. 101. If $A$ . Note the fun con-
GQ	14 And He was casting out a °devil, and it was dumb. And it came to pass, when the devil was gone out, °the dumb spake;	pneuma hagion. See Ap. 101. II. 4. Note the five con- trasts. A loaf, a stone; a fish, a serpent; an egg, a scorpion; temporal gifts, spiritual gifts; earthly fathers, the heavenly Father.
R V		<b>11.</b> 14–13. 9 (G, p. 1461). MIRACLES, &c.
W	15 But some <sup>5</sup> of them said, "He casteth out <sup>14</sup> devils ° through ° Beelzebub the chief of the <sup>14</sup> devils." 16 And ° others, <sup>4</sup> tempting <i>Him</i> , sought ° of Him a sign ° from ° heaven.	(Introversion and Alternations.) G Q   11. 14 Miracle. The Dumb Man. R   1114-36. The evil generation. S T   11. 37. Occasion. In the Pharisee's house. U   11. 38-64. Colloquies.
X Y <sup>1</sup> I	17 But $\mathfrak{H}_{e}$ , <sup>13</sup> knowing their °thoughts, said unto them, "Every kingdom divided °against itself is °brought to desolation; and a house <i>divided</i> °against a house falleth. 18 <sup>-11</sup> If Satanalso be divided <sup>17</sup> against himself,	$S \begin{bmatrix} T &   & 12, 1-, \text{ Occasion. The Multitudes with-}\\ & \text{out.}\\ & U &   & 12, -1-59. \text{ Addresses.}\\ & R &   & 13, 1-5. \text{ The evil generation.}\\ & Q &   & 13, 6-9. \text{ Parable. The Fig-tree.}\\ & 14 & \text{devil} = \text{demon.}\\ & \text{the dumb spake} = \text{the dumb}[\text{man}] \text{ spake.} \end{cases}$
	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	neration. Manifested. d's answer to their thoughts. f the Woman. eration. Exposed. rd's answer to their words (v. 16). <b>selzebub.</b> Aram. See on Matt. 10. 25. Ap. 94. III. 8. = from. Gr. para. Ap. 104. xii. 1. from = out of. n v2. NSWER TO THEIR THOUGHTS. (Division.) futation. Illustrations. rimination. Parable. TION. ILLUSTRATIONS. (Alternation.) e divided Kingdom. Application. e strong man's house. plication.
	17. 16; 18. 17, 19.	

Ī

	11. 18. LUI	<b>KE. 11</b> . 31,
A. D. 28	how shall his kingdom stand? because ye say that I cast out devils <sup>15</sup> through ° Beelzebub.	Beelzebub. Aram., as in v. 15. See note on Matt. 10. 25. This is the "unpardonable sin". See Mark 8.
m	19 And $^{-11}$ if $\Im$ °by <sup>15</sup> Beelzebub cast out <sup>14</sup> devils, °by whom do your sons cast <i>them</i> out? °there- fore shall then be your judges. 20 But $^{-11}$ if I °with °the finger of God cast out <sup>14</sup> devils, no doubt °the kingdom of God is °come upon you.	<ul> <li>19 by. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii.</li> <li>therefore = on this account. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 2.</li> <li>20 with=by. Gr. en, as in v. 19. Cp. Matt. 3. 11.</li> <li>the finger of God. Fig. Anthropopatheia. Ap. 6.</li> <li>See Ex. 8. 19. Finger, here, put by Fig. Metonymy (of Subject), Ap. 6, for the Holy Spirit Himself.</li> <li>the kingdom of God. See Ap. 114.</li> </ul>
2	21 When °a strong man °armed °keepeth °his palace, his °goods are <sup>1</sup> in peace: 22 But °when <sup>21</sup> a stronger than he shall come upon him, and overcome him, he °taketh from him °all his armour °wherein he °trusted, and divideth his °spoils.	come upon you. With suddenness and surprise. Gr. phthanō. Occ. elsewhere: Matt. 12. 28. Rom. 9. 31. 2 Cor. 10. 14. Phil. 3. 16. 1 Thess. 2. 16; 4. 15. 21 a = the. armed=fully armed: from head to foot. Cp. Matt. 12. 28. Gr. kathoplizomai. Occ. only here in N.T. keepeth = guardeth. his palace = his own court. Gr. aulē. Matt. 26. 2, 58, 69.
m	23 He that is $4 \text{ not } 7$ with Me is against Me: and he that gathereth $4 \text{ not } 7$ with Me scat- tereth.	goods = possessions. 22 when = as soon as. taketh = taketh away. Same word as in 8.12. all his armour = his panoply. Occ. only here, and
Y <sup>2</sup> n	24 When the °unclean ° spirit is gone out ° of <sup>21</sup> a ° man,	Eph. 6. 11, 13. where $in = on$ (Gr. <i>epi</i> . Ap. 104. ix. 2) which. trusted = had trusted.
0	he walketh °through °dry places, seeking rest; and finding °none,	spoils. Cp. Mark 5, 35. Occ. only here. <b>11. 24-26</b> (Y <sup>2</sup> , p. 1467). RECRIMINATION.
р	he saith, 'I will return ° unto my house whence I came out.'	PARABLE.(Extended Alternation.) $Y^2$ n24Departure.o-24Search.For rest.
q	25 And when he cometh, he findeth $it$ swept and $^{\circ}$ garnished.	p   -24. Return. q   25. Condition.
n	26 Then goeth he,	$\begin{vmatrix} n & 26- \\ 0 & -26- \\ \end{vmatrix}$ . Search. For other spirits.
0	and °taketh to him seven °other <sup>24</sup> spirits more °wicked than himself;	$\begin{vmatrix} p &   -26 \\ q &   -26 \\ \end{bmatrix}$ Condition.
p	and they enter in, and ° dwell there:	<b>24</b> unclean. See 4. 33. spirit : i. e. demon. See Ap. 101. II. 12.
q	and the last <i>state</i> of that ${}^{24}$ man ° is worse than the first."	of = away from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. man. Gr. anthrōpos. Ap. 123. 1. Not the same word as in vv. 31, 32.
v	27 And <sup>1</sup> it came to pass, °as He spake these things, a certain woman <sup>6</sup> of the °company lifted up her voice, and said unto Him, °"Blessed <i>is</i> the womb that bare Thee, and the paps which Thou °hast sucked." 28 But $\mathfrak{H}_{\mathfrak{E}}$ said, "Yea rather, <sup>27</sup> blessed <i>are</i> they that hear the word of God, and <sup>21</sup> keep it."	through. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 1. dry = waterless. Cp. Isa. 13. 21, 22; 34. 14, &c. none = not (Gr. $m\bar{e}$ . Ap. 105. II) [any]. unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. <b>25</b> garnished = adorned. <b>26</b> taketh = taketh to Cp. Matt. 7, ap.
W	29 °And when the people °were gathered thick together, He began to say, °" This is an °evil generation: they seek a °sign;	27 as He spake = in (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) Hisspeaking.company = crowd.Blessed = Happy.hast sucked = didst suck.29 And when, &c.Verses 29-36 peculiar to Luke.
<b>X</b> Z <sup>1</sup>	and there shall °no °sign be given it, but the sign of °Jonas the prophet.	were gathered = were gathering. Occ. only here. This, &c. See note on Matt. 11. 18. evil. Gr. ponēros. Ap. 128. III. 1. Cp. Matt. 12. 34.
Z <sup>2</sup> r <sup>1</sup>	30 For °as $^{-29}$ Jonas ° was a $^{29}$ sign unto °the Ninevites,	sign. Gr. sēmeion. Ap. 176. 3. <b>11.</b> -29-36 (X, p. 1467). THE LORD'S ANSWER
sl	so shall °also °the Son of man be to °this generation.	TO THEIR THOUGHTS. (Division.) $X \begin{bmatrix} Z^1 \\ Z^2 \end{bmatrix}$ -29. The Sign. Jonah. $Z^2 \end{bmatrix}$ 30-32. The Signification. The Lord.
r²	31° The queen of the south shall °rise up <sup>1</sup> in the judgment <sup>7</sup> with the °men of <sup>30</sup> this gene-	$\begin{bmatrix} Z^3 \\ 3^3 - 36 \end{bmatrix}$ Illustration and Application. -29 no. Ap. 105. II. Jonas = Jonah. See notes on p. 1247.
	$Z^{2} \begin{vmatrix} r^{1} &   & s_{0} & J_{0} \\ s^{1} &   & -s_{0} . \\ r^{2} &   & s_{1} & T_{0} \\ s^{2} &   & -s_{1} . \\ r^{3} &   & s_{2} & T_{0} \\ s^{3} &   & -s_{2} . \\ \end{bmatrix}$ <b>30</b> as= even as. was = became. t]	

	<b>11.</b> 31. LUI	KE. <b>11.</b> 41.
A. D. 28	the <sup>o</sup> utmost parts of the <sup>2</sup> earth to hear the wisdom of Solomon;	condemn. Gr. katakrinō. Ap. 122. 7. utmost parts=the ends. behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. a greater = something more. Cp. Matt. 12. 6.
$s^2$	and, ° behold, ° a greater than Solomon is here.	<b>32</b> rise up=stand up as witnesses. Not the same word as "rise up" in v. 31. Ap. 178. I. 1.
r <sup>s</sup>	32 The <sup>31</sup> men of Nineve shall <sup>°</sup> rise up <sup>1</sup> in the judgment <sup>7</sup> with <sup>30</sup> this generation, and shall <sup>31</sup> condemnit: for the y <sup>°</sup> repented <sup>°</sup> at the <sup>°</sup> preach- ing of <sup>29</sup> Jonas;	repented. See Ap. 111. I. 1. at. Gr. <i>eis.</i> Ap. 104. vi. preaching = proclamation. See Ap. 121. 3. <b>11. 33-36</b> ( $\mathbb{Z}^3$ , p. 1468). ILLUSTRATION AND
s <sup>3</sup>	and, <sup>31</sup> behold, <sup>31</sup> a greater than Jonas is here.	APPLICATION. (Division.)
$Z^3 A^1$	33 °No man, when he hath lighted a °candle, putteth <i>it</i> <sup>7</sup> in a °secret place, neither °under °a bushel, but °on °a candlestick, that they which come in may °see the °light.	<ul> <li>Z<sup>3</sup>   A<sup>1</sup>   33. Illustration. Lamp in the house.</li> <li>  A<sup>2</sup>   34-36. Application. Eye in the body.</li> <li><b>33</b> No man, &amp;c. Repeated here from Matt. 5. 16.</li> <li>Gr. oudeis = no one, compound of ou. Ap. 105. I.</li> <li>candle = lamp. See Ap. 130. 4.</li> </ul>
$A^2 B$	34 The °light of the body is the °eye:	secret place=cellar, or vault. All the texts read kruptē (crypt). under. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 2.
Ct	therefore when thine eye is ° single,	a bushel = the corn measure. Cp. Matt. 5. 15.
u	thy whole body also is ° full of light;	on. Gr. <i>epi</i> . Ap. 104. ix. 3. a candlestick = the lampstand. Ap. 130. 5.
t	but when <i>thine eye</i> is <sup>°</sup> evil,	see. Ap. 133. I. 5.
u	thy body also <i>is</i> ° full of darkness.	light. Ap. 130. 7. All the texts read 130. 1. <b>11. 34-36</b> ( $A^2$ , above). APPLICATION. THE EYE
C v	35 ° Take heed therefore that the ° light which is $^1$ in thee be 4 not darkness.	IN THE BODY. (Introversion and Alternations.) $A^{2} \mid B \mid 34$ The Lamp.
w	36 <sup>13</sup> If thy whole body therefore be <sup>34</sup> full of light,	C   t   $-34$ The eye (eyesight). u   $-34$ The body. t   $-34$ The eye (eyesight).
v	having ° no part dark,	u   -34. The body.
าย	the whole shall be <sup>34</sup> full of light,	C   v   35. Darkness.   w   -36 Light.
В	as when <sup>o</sup> the bright shining of a <sup>83</sup> candle <sup>o</sup> doth give thee light."	$v \mid -36-$ . Darkness. $w \mid -36-$ . Light.
ST	37 And <sup>°</sup> as He spake, a certain Pharisee <sup>°</sup> be- sought Him <sup>°</sup> to <sup>°</sup> dine <sup>°</sup> with him : and He went in, and <sup>°</sup> sat down to meat.	B  -36. The Lamp. <b>34</b> light = lamp. Same word as "candle" in v. 33. See Ap. 130. 4. eye. Put by Fig. Metonymy (of Subject), Ap. 6, for
U D' E F	38 And when the Phariseesaw <i>it</i> , he marvelled that He had <sup>8</sup> not first <sup>°</sup> washed <sup>°</sup> before <sup>°</sup> dinner,	the eyesight. single=sound: referring to the eyesight as "good". Occ. only here and Matt. 6. 22.
Gπ	<ul> <li>39 And the Lord said ¹unto him, "Now do ge Pharisees make °clean the outside of the cup and the ° platter; but your inward part is full of °ravening and ° wickedness.</li> <li>40 ° Ye fools, did <sup>8</sup> not He That made that which is without make that which is within also?</li> <li>41 °But rather give alms of ° such things as</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>full of light=illuminated.</li> <li>evil. Gr. ponēros. See Ap. 128. III. 1.</li> <li>full of darkness=dark.</li> <li><b>35</b> Take heed = Seq. Gr. skopeō. Occ. only here;</li> <li>Rom. 16. 17. 2 Cor. 4. 18. Gal. 6. 1. Phil. 2. 4; 3. 17.</li> <li>light. Gr. phōs. See Ap. 130. 1.</li> <li><b>36</b> no. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II.</li> </ul>
	Ap. 134. I. 3. to dine = that he would dine. morning meal after returning from the synagogu John 21. 12, 15. with = beside. Gr. para. Ap.	<ul> <li>en. Ap. 104. viii) His speaking. besought = asked. dine = take breakfast. Gr. aristaō, not deipneō. The</li> <li>e. Occ. (with the noun) only here; 14. 12. Matt. 22. 4. 104. xii. 2. sat down to meat=reclined Himself.</li> </ul>
	U   D <sup>1</sup> ] 38	. COLLOQUIES. ( <i>Division</i> .) -52. Particular. , 54. General.
		PARTICULAR. (Alternation.)
	$ \begin{vmatrix} & \mathbf{G} & \mathbf{g} \\ \mathbf{E} & \mathbf{F} & \mathbf{t} \\ \mathbf{E} & \mathbf{F} \end{vmatrix} $	he Pharisee offended. 
	<b>38 washed</b> =performed His ablutions. Ap. 115. 104. xiv. dinner. Gr. ariston. See not	
		NSWER TO THE PHARISEE. (Introversion)
	G x 39-41. Self-decep y 42. Woe. Inc. y 43. Woe. Price	tion. Concealed wickedness. onsistency. Tithing. de. Uppermost seats. n. Concealed defilement.
	ness=wicked greed. Fig. <i>Hendiadys</i> . Ap. 6. senseless ones. Gr. aphrön. The first of eleven of	k. supposed to cleanse or make amends for everything.

**11**. 41.

3		
л.d. 28	ye have; and, <sup>31</sup> behold, all things are clean unto you.	42 ye tithe = ye tithe, or pay or take tithes. Gr. apode- katoö. Occ. only here; 18.12. Matt. 23.23; and Heb. 7.5.
У	42 But woe unto you, Pharisees! for $^{\circ}$ ye tithe mint and rue and $^{\circ}$ all manner of herbs, and	all manner of herbs = every herb. Fig. Synecdoché (of the Genus), Ap. 6, for all tithable herbs. pass over = pass by, as in Mark 6. 48.
	<sup>°</sup> pass over <sup>°</sup> judgment and <sup>°</sup> the love of God: these <sup>•</sup> ought ye to have done, and <sup>4</sup> not to <sup>°</sup> leave the other undone.	judgment. A Hebraism = justice. Ap. 177. 7. the love of God. Gen. of relation (Ap. 17. 5), mean- ing the love required by God, as admitted by the
y	43 Woe unto you, Pharisees! for ye °love the	lawyer (10. 27).
8	<sup>°</sup> uppermost seats <sup>1</sup> in the synagogues, and greet- ings <sup>1</sup> in the markets.	ought ye to have done = it behoved you to do. leave undone = leave aside. But most of the texts read "pass by", as in the preceding clause.
x	44 Woe unto you, scribes and Pharisees,	<b>43</b> love. Ap. 135. I. 1.
	<sup>°</sup> hypocrites! for ye are as graves which <sup>°</sup> appear not, and the <sup>24</sup> men <sup>°</sup> that walk over <i>them</i> are <sup>8</sup> not <sup>°</sup> aware of them."	uppermost. Same as "chief" in Matt. 23. 6. 44 hypocrites. Theodotion's rendering of Job 34. 30, and 36. 13, and Aquila and Theod. in Job 15. 34, and by
ĽF	45 Then answered one of the °lawyers, and said unto him, °" Master, °thus saying Thou °reproachest us also."	Aquila, Sym., and Theod. in Prov. 11. 9, Isa. 33, 14, and Sept. in Isa. 32. 6, show that the word had come to mean not merely "false pretence", but positive impiety or wickedness. appear not= are unseen.
GHa	46 And he said, "Woe unto you also, ye	that walk over them = who walk about above them.
	<sup>45</sup> lawyers! for ye °lade <sup>24</sup> men with burdens ° grievous to be borne,	aware = know. Gr. oida. Ap. 132. 1. 1. 45 lawyers = teachers of the law. Gr. nomikos. Not
b	and ye yourselves ° touch <sup>8</sup> not the burdens	the same as in 5. 17. Master=Teacher. Ap. 98. XIV. v.
5	with one of your fingers.	thus = these things. reproachest = insultest.
J	47 Woe unto you! for ° ye build the ° sepulchres of the prophets, and your fathers killed them. 48 ° Truly ye bear witness ° that ye allow the	11. 46-52 (G, p. 1469). THE LORD'S ANSWER TO THE LAWYER. (Introversions.)
	deeds of your fathers: for the p indeed killed	$\begin{vmatrix} G \\ H \end{vmatrix}$ a 46 Others laden. (Positive.) b -46. Themselves not helping. (Negative.)
_	them, and $y_{\ell}$ build their sepulchres.	J   47, 48. Superstition.
J	49 <sup>19</sup> Therefore also said ° the Wisdom of God, ° · I will send ° them ° prophets and apostles, and	$J \mid 49-51$ . Persecution. $H \mid b \mid 52-$ . Themselves not entering. (Negative.)
	some <sup>5</sup> of them they shall slay and persecute : 50 That the blood of <sup>°</sup> all the prophets, which	a  -32. Others hindered. (Positive.) <b>46</b> lade. Cp. "heavy laden", Matt. 11. 28.
	was <sup>°</sup> shed 'from the <sup>°</sup> foundation of the <sup>°</sup> world,	grievous. This refers to the innumerable precepts
	may be "required "of" this generation;' 51 'From the blood of "Abel unto the blood	of the Oral Law, now embodied in the Talmud. Gr. dusbastaktos. Occ. only here and Matt. 23. 4 in N.T.
	of °Zacharias, which perished between °the	touch. Gr. $prospsau\bar{o} = to$ touch gently. A medical word, used of feeling the pulse or a sore place on the
	altar and °the temple: <sup>5</sup> verily I say unto you, It shall be <sup>50</sup> required <sup>50</sup> of <sup>50</sup> this generation.	body. Occ. only here.
Нb	52 Woe unto you, <sup>46</sup> lawyers! for ye have taken away the °key of knowledge:	<ul> <li>47 ye build - ye are building.</li> <li>sepulchres = tombs. See Matt. 23. 29.</li> <li>48 Truly = So then.</li> </ul>
a	ye entered <sup>8</sup> not in yourselves, and them that	that ye allow = and give your full approval to. 49 the Wisdom of God. This is Christ Himself; for
De	were entering in ye <sup>5</sup> hindered."	in Matt. 23. 34 this is exactly what He did say. It is not
D2	53 And as He <sup>°</sup> said these things <sup>1</sup> unto them, the scribes and the Pharisees began <sup>°</sup> to urge	a quotation from the O.T., or any apocryphal book. I will send, &c. This He did, in and during the dis-
	<i>Him</i> vehemently, and to <sup>o</sup> provoke Him to	pensation of the Acts. Cp. Matt. 22. 1-7. them=unto (Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi) them.
	speak °of ° many things: 54 ° Laying wait for Him, and seeking to	prophets and apostles. See note on Eph. 2. 20.
	° catch something ° out of His mouth, °that they	<b>50</b> all the prophets. Cp. 6. 23. shed=poured out. Same word as in 22. 20.
	might accuse Him. $4 \circ 1$ has the mean time when there were	foundation, &c. See note on Prov. 8. 22. Matt. 13. 36. world. Gr. kosmos. See Ap. 129. 1.
S T	12 °In the mean time, when there were gathered together an innumerable mul-	required. Gr. ekzēteo. Occ. also Acts 15. 17. Rom.
	titude of people, insomuch that they of trode one	3. 11.         Heb. 11. 6; 12. 17.         1 Pet. 1. 10.           of.         Gr. apo.         Ap. 104. iv.
UKe	upon another, He began to say °unto His disciples °first of	this generation. See note on Matt. 11. 16. 51 Abel. Gen. 4. 8. Ap. 117. I.
0 0		Zacharias. See note on Matt. 23. 35.
	on Matt. 23. 16. verily. See note on Matt. 5. 18.	. 52 key. Put by Fig. Metonymy (of Adjunct), Ap. 6,
	for entrance to and acquirement of knowledge. 53 said=was saying. to urge Him veheme	Cp. Mal. 2. 8. hindered = forbade, as in 9. 49. ontly = to urgently press upon Him. provoke Him
	to speak. Gr. apostomatizo. Occ. only here. The	Papyri show that from its original meaning (to dictate
	taught". Here, therefore, they were not questioning	
	concerning. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 1. many= here and Acts 23. 21. catch. Both are hunti	very many. 54 Laying wait for watching. Only ng expressions. out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. Not
	the same word as in v. 24. that, &c. T[7]	
		one upon another=trampled one another down.
	unto. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. Not the same wo	Structure see next page]. ord as in v. 11, first. The Structure ("K")
	on p. 1471 shows that this must be connected with	
	1	470

**12.** 1.

## LUKE.

**12.** 15.

a.d. 28	all, "" Beware pe " of the " leaven of the Pharisees, " which is " hypocrisy.	<b>12.</b> -1-59 (U, p. 1467). ADDRESSES. (Alternation.)
	2 For there is onothing ocovered, that shall onot obe revealed; neither hid, that shall	U K -1-12. To the Disciples. L 13-21. To the People.
]	°not be °known.	$K \mid 22-53$ . To the Disciples.
	3 ° Therefore whatsoever ye ° have spoken <sup>1</sup> in ° darkness shall be heard <sup>1</sup> in the light; and	L = 54-59. To the People.
4	that which ye ° have spoken ° in the ear <sup>1</sup> in	<b>12.</b> -1-12 (K, above). TO THE DISCIPLES. (Alternation.)
2	° closets shall be ° proclaimed ° upon the ° house- tops.	K   c   -1-3. Hypocrisy. d   4-7. Persecution.
d	4 And °I say ° unto you My friends, ° Be ° not	c   8-10. Open Confession, d   11, 12. Persecution.
	afraid °of them that kill the body, and °after that have ° no more that they can do.	Beware ye=Take heed to yourselves. Cp. Matt. 16. 6,
	5 But I will ° forewarn you whom ° ye shall	spoken on another occasion. of. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. leaven. See note on Matt. 13. 33.
	fear: "Fear "Him, which 'after He hath killed hath "power to cast" into "hell; yea, 'I	which. Denoting a class of things in the category of impiety.
	say unto you, °Fear him.	hypocrisy. See note on "hypocrite" (11. 44).
	6 Are <sup>5</sup> not five sparrows sold for <sup>°</sup> two farthings, and <sup>2</sup> not one <sup>°</sup> of them is forgotten	<b>2</b> nothing. Gr. ouden. Compound of ou. Ap. 105. I. covered = concealed. Gr. sunkaluptomai. Only here
	<ul> <li><sup>o</sup> before God ?</li> <li>7 But even the very hairs of your head ° are</li> </ul>	in N.T. not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. Not the same word as in
3	all numbered. Fear 4 not therefore: ye are of	<i>vv.</i> 4, 6-, 7, 21, 26, 27-, 29, 32, 33, 47, 48, 59. <b>be</b> = become.
c	°more value than many sparrows. 8 Also 'I say unto you, Whosoever °shall	revealed == uncovered. Gr. apokalupto. See Ap. 106.
Ĭ	confess °Me ° before °men, °him ° shall ° the	3 Therefore = Instead of (Gr. anti. Ap. 104. ii) which.
	Son of man also confess before the angels of God:	have spoken = spake. darkness =: the darkness.
	9 But he that ° denieth Me <sup>6</sup> before <sup>8</sup> men <sup>8</sup> shall	in = to. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. $xv. 3$ . closets = the chambers. Occ. only here, v. 24, and
	be °denied ° before the angels of God. 10 And whosoever shall speak a °word a-	Matt. 6. 6; 24. 26. proclaimed. Ap. 121. 1. upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 1.
	gainst <sup>8</sup> the Son of man, it shall be forgiven him : but <sup>4</sup> unto him that blasphemeth <sup>o</sup> against	housetops. Cp. Matt. 24. 17.
	° the Holy Ghost it shall <sup>2</sup> not be forgiven.	matter. $unto=to.$ Be not afraid ( <i>phobëthëte</i> ) ye shall fear
d	11 And when they bring you ° unto the ° syna- gogues, and <i>unto</i> magistrates, and ° powers,	(phobethete) (v. s). Note the Fig. Anadiplosis (Ap. 6),
	<sup>o</sup> take ye <sup>4</sup> no thought how or what thing ye	by which all the words between are emphasized, by being thus enclosed.
	shall °answer, or what ye shall say: 12 For <sup>10</sup> the Holy Ghost <sup>8</sup> shall teach you <sup>1</sup> in	not. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II. Not the same word as in vv. 2, 6, 10, 15, 21, 26, 27, 39, 45, 46, 56, 57, 59.
τ.	the same hour what ye °ought to say."	of == from [the hands of]. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. Cp. Matt. 10. 28. Not the same word as in vv. 6, 13, 25, 48, 57.
Le	13 And one <sup>6</sup> of the company said unto Him, <sup>o</sup> "Master, speak to my brother, that he <sup>o</sup> divide	after. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 2. no. Gr. ou. 5 forewarn=shew, or warn; cp. 3. 7.
	the inheritance ° with me." 14 And He said unto him, <sup>8</sup> " Man, who ° made	ye shall fear. See note on v. 4. Fear. Note the second Anadiplösis. Ap. 6.
	Me a judge or a divider ° over you?"	Him, which: i. e. God Who.
f	15 And He said <sup>1</sup> unto them, <sup>o</sup> "Take heed,	power = authority. See Ap. 172. 5. into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.
	and °beware 1 of ° covetousness: for a °man's ° life consisteth 2 not 1 in the abundance of the	hell=the Gehenna. See note on 2 Kings 23. 10. Matt. 5. 3, and Ap. 131.
	things which he ° possesseth."	6 not. See Ap. 105. I. a. two farthings = two assaria. See note on Matt. 10. 29.
	before = in the sight of. Gr. enopion, as in 1. 16.	of=out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. 7 are=have been. See note on Matt. 10. 30. Acts 27. 34;
		lue = differ from : i. e. excel. 8 shall = may (with
8	Gr. emprosthen. men. Pl. of anthropos. Ap. 12 man. See Ap. 98. XVI. 9 denieth = has disow	3. 1. $him = in him$ . $shall = will$ . the Son of
	" blaspheme", as in next clause. against. Gr. e	is. Ap. 104. vi. the Holy Ghost. With Art. See Ap.
1	powers = authorities. Ap. 172.5. take ye no the	Fr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. synagogues. See Ap. 120. Dught = be not full of care, or anxious. answer = reply
	in defence. See Acts 6. 8, 10. 2 Tim. 4. 17. 1 Pet. <b>12. 13-21</b> (L. above). TO	8. 15. Cp. Dan. 3. 16. <b>12</b> ought to=should. THE PEOPLE. (Introversion.)
	L   e   13, 14. A Ma.	n's request. Made.
	f 16-20. Cove	usness. Warning. ptousness. Parable.
		's request. Application. livide. Cp. Deut. 21. 15–17. with. Gr. meta.
	Ap. 104. xi. 1. <b>14</b> made = appointed, or con ix. 3. Not with the same case as in vv. 42, 44.	
	beware = keep yourselves from. covetousnes	s. All the texts read "all covetousness". man's =
	to any one. life. Gr. zöč. See Ap. 170. 1. Not See Phil. 2. 6 (being); 3. 20 ("is").	so with bios (Ap. 171. 2). possesseth. Gr. huparcho.

1	6.
	1

f A.D. 28	16 And He spake a parable <sup>1</sup> unto them, say- ing, "The °ground of a certain rich <sup>8</sup> man °brought forth plentifully: 17 And he °thought °within himself, saying, 'What shall I do, because I have °no room where to °bestow my fruits?' 18 And he said, 'This will I do: I will pull down my °barns, and build greater; and there will I <sup>17</sup> bestow all my °fruits and my °goods. 19 And I will say to °my °soul, ° Soul, thou hast much goods °laid up °for many years; take thine ease, eat, drink, and be merry.'' 20 But God said unto him, 'Thou °fool, °thið	<ul> <li>16 ground = estate. Gr. chōra. brought forth plentifully. Gr. euphoreō. Occ. only here.</li> <li>17 thought = was reasoning. within. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. no=not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. bestow = gather together, or lay up.</li> <li>18 barns = granaries. fruits = produce. Not the same word as in v. 17. Tr.</li> <li>WH R read "the corn". goods = good thingā.</li> <li>19 my soul. Idiom for "myself". Gr. mou psuchē. See Ap. 13. VI. 18, Ap. 110, and note on Jer. 17. 21. soul = psuchē. See Ap. 110. IV. 1. laid up = laid by. for (Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi) many years. Cp. Prov. 27. 1.</li> </ul>
	night ° thy soul ° shall be required 1 of thee: then whose shall those things be, ° which thou hast ° provided ?'	20 fool. See note on 11. 40. this night = this very night. thy soul = thy life. Ap. 110. III. 2. shall be required = they demand. Only here and 6.30.
6	21 So is he that layeth up treasure for him- self, and is <sup>4</sup> not rich ° toward God."	Tr. A WH read "is required". But both are impersonal, referring to some unknown invisible agencies which carry out God's judgments or Satan's will. Cp. Ps.
ΚOQ	22 And He said <sup>1</sup> unto His disciples, <sup>o</sup> "There- fore <sup>4</sup> I say unto you, <sup>o</sup> Take <sup>4</sup> no thought for your <sup>o</sup> life, what ye shall eat; neither for the body, what ye shall put on. 23 <sup>o</sup> The <sup>22</sup> life is more than <sup>o</sup> meat, and the body <i>is more</i> than raiment.	<ul> <li>49. 16. Job 4. 19; 18. 18; 19. 26; 34. 20. In a good sense cp. Isa. 60. 11.</li> <li>which, &amp;c. In the Gr. this clause is emph., standing before the question "then whose", &amp;c.</li> <li>provided=prepared.</li> <li>21 toward. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.</li> </ul>
Rg	24 °Consider the °ravens: for they °neither sow °nor reap; which °neither have °storehouse °nor ° barn; and God feedeth them:	<b>12. 22-53</b> (K, p. 1471). TO THE DISCIPLES. (Alternation.) K   O   22-31. Solicitude. Discouraged. P   32. Fear of Man. Discouraged.   O   33 34 Liberality Encouraged.
h	how much more are $p_c$ better than the ° fowls? 25 And which 6 of you with $^{22}$ taking thought can add ° to his ° stature one cubit? 26 °If ye then be ° not able to do that thing which is ° least, why take ye thought ° for the rest?	P   35-53. Watchfulness for the Lord. } Positive. <b>12. 22-31</b> (O, above). SOLICITUDE. DIS-COURAGED. (Introversion and Alternation.)         O   Q   22, 23. Solicitude. Dehortation.         R   g   24 Ravens.
R g	27 Consider the lilies how ° they grow: they ° toil $^{2}$ not, they spin $^{2}$ not; and yet I say unto you, that ° Solomon $^{1}$ in all his glory was $^{2}$ not arrayed like one of these.	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
h	28 <sup>26</sup> If then God so clothe the °grass, which is to day <sup>1</sup> in the field, and to morrow is °cast <sup>5</sup> into the oven; how much more will he clothe you, °O ye of little faith?	[account]. Take no thought, &c. This saying is repeated from Matt. 6. 25. See note there. life. Gr. psuchë. See Ap. 110. III. 1. It is what can "eat".
Q	29 And seek 'not pe what ye shall eat, or what ye shall drink, "neither be ye" of doubtful mind. 30 For all these things do the nations of the "world seek after: and your Father "knoweth that ye have need of these things. 31 But rather seek ye "the kingdom of God; and all these things shall be added unto you.	<ul> <li>23 The. [L] TTr. A WH R read "For the", &amp;c. meat=food. Cp. Matt. 6. 25-34.</li> <li>24 Consider, &amp;c. See note on Matt. 7. 3. ravens. See Job 38. 41. Ps. 147. 9. Occ. only here in N.T. neither sow = sow not (Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I). nor. Gr. oude. neither have= have not, as above. storehouse. Same as "closet " in v. 3. barn = granary. fowls=birds.</li> <li>25 to. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. stature = age, as in John 9. 21, 23. Heb. 11. 11,</li> </ul>
Р	32 Fear <sup>4</sup> not, ° little flock; for ° it is your Fa- ther's good pleasure to give you <sup><math>81</math></sup> the kingdom.	referring to fullness of growth, hence rendered "sta- ture" (Luke 19. 3. Eph. 4. 13). A "cubit" could not
0	33 °Sell ° that ye have, and give alms; pro- vide yourselves °bags which ° wax 4 not old,	be "the least" of v. 26. It must therefore be put by Fig. <i>Metonymy</i> (of Subject), Ap. 6, for <i>length</i> generally: either the least measure (an inch) to his height, or
	i. e. for fuel, "oven" being put by Fig. Metonymy (of boils" or "light the fire". O ye of little fait) 6. 30. 29 neither = and not. Gr. mē. Ap. 104 in N.T. 30 world. Gr. kosmos. Ap. 129. 1. kingdom of God. See Ap. 114. 32 little f 12-16. it is your Father's good pleasure=5 could He not supply? 33 Sell. Cp. Acts 2	<ul> <li>ument. for. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 1. 27 they l not", &amp;c. toil not, they spin not= neither toil nor Solomon was not=not even Solomon was.</li> <li>s, &amp;c. Cp. Isa. 40. 6. 1 Pet. 1. 24. Jas. 1. 10, 11. cast: Adjunct), Ap. 6, for the furnace; as we say "the kettle h. Gr. oligopistos. See all the five occ. in note on Matt. II. of doubtful mind= excited. Occ. only here knoweth. Gr. oida. Ap. 132. I. i. 31 the lock. Cp. Ps. 23. 1. Isa. 40. 11. Matt. 26. s1. John 10. your Father took delight. The King was present: what</li> </ul>

1	2	22
		<b>J</b> J.

A.D. 28	a treasure ${}^{1}$ in °the heavens °that faileth not, where ${}^{17}$ no thief approacheth, neither °moth °corrupteth.	the heavens. Pl. See notes on Matt. 6. 9, 10. that faileth not=unfailing. moth. Cp. Jas. 5. 2. corrupteth = destroyeth as in Rev. 8, $a: 11$ is
	<b>34 F</b> or where your treasure is, there will your <sup>o</sup> heart be also.	corrupteth=destroyeth, as in Rev. 8. 9; 11. 18. 34 heart be also=heart also be.
PSU	35 Let your loins be girded about, and your °lights burning; 36 And ye yourselves like <sup>4</sup> unto <sup>8</sup> men °that wait for their °lord, °when he °will °return °from °the wedding; that when he cometh and knocketh, they may open <sup>4</sup> unto him imme- diately. 37 °Blessed are those °servants, whom the	<ul> <li>12. 35-53 (P, p. 1472). WATCHFULNESS FOR THE LORD. (Alternation.)</li> <li>P   S   35-48. His Servants. T   49. Effect of His coming. Fire.</li> <li>S   50. His own sufferings. T   51-63. Effect of His coming. Sword.</li> <li>12. 35-48 (S, above). HIS SERVANTS. (Introversion.)</li> </ul>
	<sup>36</sup> lord when he cometh shall find ° watching: ° verily I say <sup>4</sup> unto you, that he shall gird him- self, and make them to sit down to meat, and will come forth and serve them. 38 And ° if he shall come <sup>1</sup> in the ° second watch, or come <sup>1</sup> in the ° third watch, and find them ° so, <sup>37</sup> blessed are those <sup>37</sup> servants.	S U   $35-38$ . Watchfulness. V   $39$ , 40. Parable. Thief. W   41. Peter's question. V   $42-46$ . Parable. Servants. U   $47$ , $48$ . Preparedness. <b>35</b> lights = lamps. See Ap. 130. 4. <b>36</b> that wait for = waiting, or looking, for. Gr. pros- dechomai, as in 2. 25, 38; 23. 51. Mark 15. 43. Tit. 2. 13.
v	39 And this ${}^{2}$ know, that ${}^{26}$ if the ${}^{\circ}$ goodman of the house had ${}^{30}$ known what hour the thief would come, he would have ${}^{37}$ watched, and ${}^{2}$ not have suffered his house to be ${}^{\circ}$ broken through. 40 ${}^{\circ}$ Be pe therefore ready also: for ${}^{8}$ the Son of man cometh at an hour when ye think ${}^{2}$ not."	<ul> <li>lord. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 4. A.</li> <li>when=whensoever.</li> <li>will. All the texts read "may".</li> <li>return. Gr. analuö. Occ. only here, and Phil. 1. 23,</li> <li>in N.T. In Sept. only in the Apocryphal books, and</li> <li>always in the sense of returning back, as in ana-kamptö</li> <li>(Heb. 11. 16). See Tobit 2. 9. Judith 13. 1. 1 Esd. 3. 3.</li> <li>Wisd. 2. 1; 5. 12; 16. 14. Ecclus. 3. 16. 2 Macc. 8. 26;</li> <li>9. 1: 12. 7; 15. 28. The noun analusis=a returning back</li> </ul>
w	41 Then Peter said unto him, ""Lord, speakest Thou this parable $^1$ unto us, or even "to all?"	of the body to dust, as in Gen. 3. 19, occurs only once, in 2 Tim. 4. 6. from = out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. the wedding = the marriage feast.
νi	42 And the Lord said, "Who then is °that faithful and wise steward, whom his <sup>36</sup> lord shall °make ruler ° over his household,	<ul> <li>37 Blessed = Happy. servants = bondmen.</li> <li>watching. Gr. grēgoreō, as in 1 Thess. 5. 6, 10 (wake).</li> <li>verily. See note on Matt. 5. 18.</li> <li>38 if. Gr. ean. Ap. 118. 1. b.</li> </ul>
k	to give them their ° portion of meat $^{1}$ in due season?	second third watch. See Ap. 51. IV (12, 17). so = thus.
1	43 <sup>37</sup> Blessed <i>is</i> that <sup>37</sup> servant, whom his <sup>36</sup> lord when he cometh shall find so doing.	<b>39</b> goodman=master. Ap. 98. XIV. iii. broken=dug. Occ. only here; Matt. 6. 19, 20; 24. 43. <b>40</b> Be=Become.
m	44 Of a truth I say <sup>4</sup> unto you, that he will make him ruler <sup>o</sup> over all <sup>33</sup> that he hath.	<ul> <li>41 Lord. Note, not "Jesus". Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 3. A. to. Gr. prös. Same as "unto" in preceding clause.</li> <li>12. 42-46 (V, above). PARABLE. SERVANTS.</li> </ul>
i	45 But and <sup>38</sup> if that <sup>37</sup> servant say <sup>1</sup> in his heart, 'My <sup>36</sup> lord <sup>°</sup> delayeth his coming;	$V \mid i \mid 42$ The Steward. Faithful and wise.
k	°and shall begin to beat the °menservants °and °maidens, °and to eat and drink, °and to be drunken;	k   -42. Servants. Well-treated. 1   43. The Lord's coming. m   44. His reward. <i>i</i>   45 The Steward. Evil.
2	46 The <sup>36</sup> lord of that <sup>37</sup> servant will come <sup>1</sup> in a day when he looketh <sup>2</sup> not for <i>him</i> , <sup>45</sup> and <sup><math>\circ</math></sup> at an hour when he <sup><math>\circ</math></sup> is <sup>2</sup> not aware,	$k \mid -45.$ Servants. Ill-treated. $l \mid 46-$ . The Lord's enemy. $m \mid -46.$ His punishment.
m	<sup>45</sup> and will °cut him in sunder, <sup>45</sup> and will appoint him his portion <sup>13</sup> with the °unbelievers.	42 that faithful and wise steward=the faithful steward and prudent [man]. make ruler = set.
U	47 °And that <sup>37</sup> servant, which <sup>2</sup> knewhis <sup>36</sup> lord's ° will, and prepared <sup>4</sup> not <i>himself</i> , neither did ° according to bis ° will, shall be beaten with many stripes. 48 But he that <sup>2</sup> knew <sup>4</sup> not, and did commit things worthy of stripes, shall be beaten with few stripes. For <sup>4</sup> unto whomsoever much is ° given, ° of him shall be much required: and to whom men have committed much, of him they will ask the more.	<ul> <li>over. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 1. Not the same case as in vv. 14, 44.</li> <li>portion of meat=measure of food. Gr. sitometrion.</li> <li>Occ. only here. Supposed to be a peculiar N.T. word, but it is found in the Papyri, and the kindred verb in Gen. 47. 12, 14 (Sept.).</li> <li>44 over. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 2. Not the same case as in vv. 14, 42.</li> <li>45 delayeth. The emphasis is placed on this verb by</li> </ul>
	Ap. 132. I. ii.cut him in sunder. Cp. I47 And=But.will. Gr. thelēma. See Ap	n, as in preceding clause. Dan. 2. 5. Heb. 11. 37. is not aware = knows not. unbelievers = unfaithful.

	<b>12.</b> 49. LU	KE. 13. 3.
T A. D. 28	49 °I am come to ° send °fire °on the ° earth; and ° what will I, ° if it be already kindled?	<b>49</b> I am come = I came, &c. send. Gr. ballō. In fourteen out of the eighteen occ.
8	50 But °I have a baptism to be baptized with; and °how am I straitened till it be °accom- plished!	in Luke, rendered "cast". See vv. 28, 58, fire. See Joel 2. 30, &c. Had the nation received Him, all that the prophets had spoken would have been fulfilled. So would it have been had Peter's proclama-
T	51 Suppose ye that °I am come °to give peace °on °earth? I tell you, °Nay; but rather °di- vision:	tion been received (Acts 3. 18-26). See note on v. s1. on=into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. But all the texts read epi (Ap. 104. ix. 3). earth. Gr. gē. Ap. 129. 4. what will I?=what do I wish? Fig. Aposiopesia.
	52 For ° from henceforth there shall be five <sup>1</sup> in one house divided, three ° against two, and two ° against three. 53 The father shall be divided <sup>s2</sup> against the son, and the son <sup>s2</sup> against the father ; the mo- ther ° against the daughter, and the daughter ° against the mother ; the mother in law ° a- gainst her daughter in law, and the daughter in law ° against her mother in law."	<ul> <li>Ap. 6 (no answer being required or given).</li> <li>if it be, &amp;c. Another Aposiopesis(Ap. 6) repeated. The Lord was "straitened" (v. 50). The nation had not yet finally rejected Him. Ap. 118. 2. a.</li> <li><b>50</b> I have a baptism, &amp;c. Referring to the sufferings which had to be first accomplished. See 24. 26. Acts 3. 18. Ap. 115. II. i 1 and I. i. how am I straitened = how am I being pressed. Gr. sunechomai, as in Acts 18. 5 and Phil 1. 23. The prayer in Gethsemane shows how this was. See 22. 41, 42. Heb. 5. 7.</li> </ul>
L	54 And He said ° also to the people, "When ye see a cloud rise ° out of the west, straight- way ye say, 'There cometh a ° shower;' and	accomplished. See 9. 31. John 19. 28. 51 I am come = I became present, as in Acts 21. 18. to give peace. This was the <i>object</i> of His coming (Isa. 9. 6, 7): but the <i>effect</i> of His presence would bring
	so "it is. 55 And when ye see the south wind blow, ye say, 'There will be heat;' and it cometh to pass.	war. He came not to judge (John 12. 47) as to this object, but the effect of His coming was judgment (John 9. 33). on = in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. earth = the earth. Ap. 129. iv.
	56 Ye °hypocrites, ye ° can discern the ° face of the °sky and of the 4° earth; but how is it that ye do <sup>2</sup> not discern this time? 57 Yea, and why even 4 of yourselves ° judge	<ul> <li>Nay. Gr. ouchi. See Ap. 105. I. a. division = disunion. Occ. only here.</li> <li>52 from henceforth = from (Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv) now : explaining the effect. against. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 2. Referring to Mic. 7. 6.</li> </ul>
	58 °When thou goest <sup>13</sup> with thine °adver- sary °to °the magistrate, as thou art °in the way, °give diligence that thou mayest be °delivered for the the the the flore	<b>53</b> against. In the last four instances $epi$ governs the acc. <b>54</b> also to the people = to the crowds also; not "inconsequent". See the Structure ("L", p. 1471).
	<sup>o</sup> delivered <sup>12</sup> from him; lest he <sup>o</sup> hale thee <sup>41</sup> to the judge, and the judge deliver thee to the <sup>o</sup> officer, and the <sup>o</sup> officer cast thee <sup>5</sup> into prison. 59 I tell thee, thou shalt <sup>o</sup> not depart thence, till thou <sup>o</sup> hast paid the very last <sup>o</sup> mite."	out of=from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. shower. Occ. only here. it is=it happens. <b>56</b> hypocrites. See note on 11. 44. can=know [how to]. Gr. oida. Ap. 132. I. 1. face=appearance. sky=the heaven. Sing. See notes on Matt. 6. 9, 10.
<i>R</i> Y n	13 There °were present °at that season some °that told Him °of the °Galilæans, whose blood °Pilate had mingled °with their sacrifices.	<ul> <li>57 judge ye, &amp;c. Found in an inscription at Amorgus, as pronouncing a just judgment, anticipating v. 58.</li> <li>58 When thou goest = For, when thou art brought. Introducing the reason for this conclusion of the whole argument.</li> </ul>
0	2 And °Jesus answering said unto them, "Suppose ye that these Galilæans °were °sin- ners °above all the Galilæans, because they °suffered such things?	to = before. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. the = a. in the way. Emph. by Fig. Hyperbaton (Ap. 6). give diligence = work hard, or take pains, or do your
p	<b>3 I</b> ° tell you, ° Nay:	best. Not a Latinism, but found in the Oxyrhyncus Papyri, second century B.C.
q	but, °except ye repent, ye shall all likewise perish.	hale=haul. Anglo-Saxon holian. Occ. only herein N.T.
	in LXX, Isa. 3. 12. <i>He</i> was the one who could cast Gr. ou mē. Ap. 105. III. hast paid=shalt hav different purpose, and therefore with different work	ve paid. This verse is repeated from Matt. 5. 25, with a
	$\begin{array}{c c} R & Y & n & 1. Human i \\ \circ & 2. "Supp. \end{array}$	nflictions. Dee ye ?"
	$\begin{array}{c c} q & -3. V\\ Y & n & 4 \text{ Natural}\\ o & -4. \text{ "Supp}\\ p & 5 \text{ Nay} \end{array}$	Varning to that generation. infliction. pose ye?" Varning to that generation.
	<b>1 were present</b> =arrived. at=in. Gr. en. told Him=telling Him. of = about. Gr. peri. the cause of the enmity of 28. 12. with. Gr. me with [L] T Tr. A WH R. were = happened to be above. Gr. parw. Ap. 104. xii. 3. suffered =	Ap. 104. viii. Not the same word as in v. 24. that Ap. 104. xiii. 1. Galilæans Pilate. Probably ta. Ap. 104. xi. 1. 2 Jesus (Ap. 98. X). Read "He" sinners= defaulters. Connecting it with 12. 58.

	13. 4. LU	KE.	<b>13</b> . 17.
Y n A. D. 28	4 Or those eighteen, <sup>°</sup> upon whom the tower <sup>°</sup> in <sup>°</sup> Siloam fell, and <sup>°</sup> slew them,	<b>4</b> upon. Gr. <i>epi.</i> Ap. 104. ix. 3. in. Gr. <i>en.</i> Ap. 104. viii. Not the same w	word as in
0	think ye that they <sup>2</sup> were <sup>2</sup> sinners <sup>2</sup> above all <sup>o</sup> men that dwelt <sup>o</sup> in Jerusalem?	John 19. 7.	Isa. 8. 6.
р	5 I tell you, <sup>3</sup> Nay:	slew = killed, men $Gr anthrānce An 199 1$	
q	but, <sup>s</sup> except ye repent, ye shall all likewise perish."		IG-TREE.
Q r	6 He spake also ° this parable; "A certain man had ° a fig tree planted 4 in his ° vineyard; and he came and sought fruit ° thereon, and found ° none. 7 Then said he ° unto the ° dresser of his vine- yard, ° · Behold, ° these three years I come seeking fruit ° on this 6 fig tree, and find 6 none	(Alternation.) Q   r   6, 7 Owner to vine-dresser. s   -7. Order. "Cut it down." r   8, 9 Vine-dresser to owner. s   -9. Order. Postponed. 6 this parable. Combining the fig tree vineyard. See John 15. 1.	e and the
8	°cut it down; why °cumbereth it the ground?	a fig tree. The symbol of Israel's national	
r	8 And he answering said unto him, °·Lord, let it alone °this year also, till I shall dig °about it, and °dung <i>it</i> : 9 And °if it bear fruit, <i>well</i> :	Hos. 9. 10. Matt. 21. 19. vineyard. Ps. 80. 8-11. Cp. Isa. 5. 2, &c. thereon = on (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) it.	
S	and ° if ° not, then ° after that ° thou shalt 7 cut it down.'"	7 unto. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. XV. 5.	onlyhoro
H t	10 And He was teaching <sup>4</sup> in one of the syna- gogues	these three years. Can refer only to the	e period of
u	<sup>7</sup> on the <sup>°</sup> sabbath.	which, or since (three years). on. Gr. en. A	
v	11 And, <sup>7</sup> behold, there was a woman which had a <sup>°</sup> spirit <sup>°</sup> of infirmity <sup>°</sup> eighteen years and was <sup>°</sup> bowed together, and <sup>°</sup> could <sup>°</sup> in no wise <sup>°</sup> lift up <i>herself</i> .	cut it down=cut it out : i. e. from among cumbereth it the ground=injureth it th The A.V. omits this "also", though it star Greek text.	the vines. he soil also. nds in the
w	12 And when <sup>2</sup> Jesus <sup>°</sup> saw her, He called <i>her</i> to <i>Him</i> , and said unto her, "Woman, thou ard <sup>°</sup> loosed from thine infirmity."		
X	13 And He laid <i>His</i> hands on her: and im- mediately she was <sup>o</sup> made straight, and glorified God.	this: i.e. this third year. about. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 2. dung it=put manure. Gr. kopria. Only	7 here, and
t	14 And the ruler of the synagogue answered with indignation,	<ul> <li>14. 35.</li> <li>9 if, &amp;c. Ap. 118. 1. b.</li> <li>not. Gr. mēge, compound of mē. Ap. 105.</li> </ul>	II.
u	because that <sup>2</sup> Jesus had healed on the sabbath day, and said unto the people, "There are six days <sup>4</sup> in which men ought to work: <sup>4</sup> in them therefore come and be healed, and <sup>o</sup> not on the sabbath day."	after that = in (Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi) the fu thou shalt. Note, not I will.	iture,
บ	15 The Lord then answered him, and said "Thou ° hypocrite, doth ° not each one of you on the sabbath ° loose his ox or his ass ° from the stall, and lead him away to watering?	v 11. Condition of Woman. Boun	.d.
w	16 And °ought <sup>15</sup> not this woman, being a °daughter of Abraham, whom Satan hath bound, °lo, these <sup>11</sup> eighteen years, be <sup>12</sup> loosed <sup>15</sup> from this ° bond on the sabbath day?"	u = -14. The Sabbath.	
x	17 And °when He had said these things, al His adversaries were °ashamed: and all the people rejoiced °for all the glorious things that were °done ° by Him.	10 sabbath. Pl. See on 24. 1. 11 spirit. Gr. pneuma. An evil demon. A of=causing. Gen. of Origin. Ap. 17. 2. eighteen years. A type of the condit nation. A long-standing case, as "Signs"	.p.101.12. ion of the
	<ul> <li>bowed together = bent double. Occ. only here in &amp;c. in no wise. Not. Gr. ou mē, as in v. 35; h to the uttermost. Occ. only here (complete hur lift up. Occ. only here, 21. 28 and John 8. 7, 10 in of disease only here in N.T., because she had bee 13 made straight = set upright again. Gr. ano, again, in analuö 12. 36 ("return"). 14 not. G not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. loose. Cp. note on v. 16 ought. The same word as the ruler's, but as law; the Lord's, on the necessity of Divine love. for descendant. lo. Gr. idou. Ap. 133. I. 2.</li> <li>17 when He had said = while He was saying. Ap. 104. ix. 2.</li> </ul>	but mē eis to panteles = not unto the furthest extent nan inability), and Heb. 7. 25 (complete Divi- in the N.T. <b>12</b> saw. Ap. 133. I. 1. loo n bound with a demoniac band. See note on <i>thoō</i> . Occ. only here, Acts 15. 16. Heb. 12. 12. r. mē. Ap. 105. II. <b>15</b> hypocrite. See note 12, and see the Structure. from. Gr. apo. an Interrogative. The former was based on daughter. Put by Fig. Synecdochē (of Spe Same as Behold, v. 7. bond. See note on	nt = unable ne ability). sed. Used Mark 7. 35. Cp. ana= te on 11. 44. Ap. 104. iv. ceremonial ceies), Ap. 6.

13	18
TO.	10.

A.

**13.** 34.

Ју д. 28		<b>13. 18-21</b> (J, p. 1461). THE KINGDOM. LIKENESS. (Alternation.) J y 18. Question. "What is it like?"
z	19 It is like a grain of mustard seed, which a 'man took, and cast 'into his garden; and it grew, and 'waxed a 'great tree; and the 'fowls of 'the air 'lodged 'in the branches of it."	Matt. 13. 31, &c. Unto what? Cp. Isa. 40. 18.
у	20 And again He said, "Whereunto shall I liken <sup>18</sup> the kingdom of God?	the kingdom of God. Ap. 114. 19 into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. waxed = became into (Gr. eis).
z	21 It is like ° leaven, which a woman took and hid ° in three measures of meal, till the whole was leavened."	great. Omit [L] T [Tr. A] WH R. fowls = birds. the air = the heaven. Sing. See notes on Matt. 6. 9, 10. locged = nested. Gr. kataskēnoō. Occ. four times : here; Matt. 13. 32. Mark 4. 32. Acts 2. 26.
JΖ	22 And He went °through the cities and vil- lages, teaching, and °journeying °toward Je- rusalem.	<ul> <li>21 leaven. See note on Matt. 13. 33.</li> <li>in. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.</li> <li>13. 22 35 (J, p. 1461). THE KINGDOM.</li> </ul>
A a	23 Then said one unto Him, °"Lord, °are there few that °be saved?" And He said <sup>7</sup> unto them,	ENTRANCE INTO IT. (Introversion.) J Z   22. Jerusalem. Journeying toward it. A   23-30. The Kingdom. Individual entrance. A   31-33. The King. Personal. Departure.
b	24 ° "Strive to enter in °at the °strait °gate: for many, I say unto you, will seek to enter in, and shall <sup>15</sup> not be able.	Z       34, 35. Jerusalem. Apostrophe to it. <b>22</b> through. Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 2.         journeying = progressing.
С	25 °When once the °master of the house °is risen up, and hath °shut to the door, and ye begin to stand without, and to knock at the door, saying, °'Lord, Lord, open unto us;' and He shall answer and say unto you, °'I know you <sup>15</sup> not °whence ye are:' 26 Then shall ye begin to say, 'We have eaten and drunk °in Thy presence, and °Thou hast taught 'in our streets.'	<ul> <li>toward. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.</li> <li>13. 23-30 (A, above). THE KINGDOM. INDI- VIDUAL ENTRANCE. (Introversion.)</li> <li>A a 23. Question. b   24. Explanation. Many will seek. c   25-28. Reasons. b   29. Explanation. Many will enter. a   30. Answer.</li> <li>23 Lord. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 3. A.</li> </ul>
	27 But He shall say, 'I tell you, <sup>25</sup> I know you <sup>15</sup> not <sup>25</sup> whence ye are; depart <sup>16</sup> from Me, all ye workers of °iniquity.' 28 There shall be °weeping and gnashing of teeth, °when ye shall °see Abraham, and Isaac, and Jacob, and all the prophets, <sup>4</sup> in <sup>18</sup> the king- dom of God, and you yourselves °thrust out.	are there $=$ if (Ap. 118. 2. a) there are. be = are being. <b>24</b> Strive = Struggle, lit. agonize. Occ. elsewhere only in John 18. 36. 1 Cor. 9. 25. Col. 1. 29; <b>4.</b> 12. 1 Tim. 6. 12. 2 Tim. 4. 7. at = through. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 1. strait = narrow. gate. All the texts read "door", as in v. 25. In Matt.
Ъ	29 And °they shall come <sup>15</sup> from the east, °and <i>from</i> the west, °and <sup>15</sup> from the north, °and <i>from</i> the south, °and shall ° sit down <sup>4</sup> in <sup>18</sup> the kingdom of God.	<ul> <li>7. 13 it is "gate".</li> <li>25. When once = From (Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv) what-soever time. master of the house. Ap. 98. XIV. iii, is risen up=may have risen up (Gr. an). shut to. Occ. only here.</li> </ul>
a	30 And, <sup>7</sup> behold, there are last which shall be first, and there are first which shall be last."	Lord, Lord. Note the Fig. <i>Epizeuxis</i> (Ap. 6), for emphasis. See note on Gen. 22. 11. I know. Gr. oida. Ap. 132. I. 1.
A d	31° The same °day there came certain ° of the Pharisees, saying unto Him, "Get Thee out, and depart hence:	whence : i. e. of what family or household. <b>26</b> in Thy presence=before Thee. Thou hast taught, &c. This shows to whom these words are addressed, and thus limits the interpretation
е	for Herod ° will kill Thee."	to "this generation". <b>27</b> iniquity = unrighteousness. Gr. adikia. Ap. 128. VII.
đ	32 And He said unto them, "Go ye, and tell that °fox, <sup>7</sup> ' Behold, I cast out ° devils, and I ° do ° cures to day and to morrow, and the third day °I shall be perfected. 33 Nevertheless I must ° walk to day, and to morrow, and the day following :	<ul> <li>28 weeping = the weeping. See note on Matt. 8, 12.</li> <li>when. Defining the special occasion.</li> <li>see. Ap. 133. I. 8 (a).</li> <li>thrust out = being cast outside. This is the occasion referred to.</li> <li>29 they shall come. A ref. to Isa. 49. 12.</li> <li>and. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton. Ap. 6.</li> </ul>
e	for ° it cannot be that °a prophet perish ° out of Jerusalem.'	sit down = recline (at table). Cp. 7. 36; 12. 37. 13. 31-33 [For Structure see next page].
Z	34 0 ° Jerusalem, Jerusalem, which ° killest	<b>31 The same</b> day = In, or on, &c. (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) = just then. day. LTTr. m. WH R read "hour".
	do cures = perform, or effect cures. cures. Occ. I come to an end [of My work]: viz. by the miracle of i.e. through Herod's country. it cannot be = here in N.T. a prophet. See next verse. Fig. Epizeuxis (Ap. 6). See note on Gen. 22.11.	certain of the Pharisees = certain Pharisees. 2 fox. Fig. Hypocalastasis. Ap. 6. devils = demons. only here and Acts 4. 22, 30. I shall be perfected = 3 John 11. 40-44. Cp. John 19. 30. 33 walk = journey: it is not (Ap. 105. I.) fitting. Gr. endechomai. Occ. only put of: i.e. except in. 34 Jerusalem, Jerusalem. Repeated on the second day before the Passover (Matt. See 11. 47; 20. 14; 23. 34. Cp. Isa. 1. 21.

	13. 34. LU	<b>KE. 14</b> . 11.
A.D. 28.	the prophets, and stonest them that are sent <sup>7</sup> unto thee; how often ° would I have gathered thy °children together, as a °hen <i>doth gather</i> her brood °under <i>her</i> wings, and °ye would <sup>15</sup> not! 35 <sup>7</sup> Behold, °your house is left unto you ° desolate: and °verily I say unto you, Ye shall °not <sup>12</sup> see Me, °until <i>the time</i> come when ye shall say, ° ' Blessed <i>is</i> ° He That cometh 'in the name of the ° LORD.'"	<ul> <li>e   -31. Their reason.</li> <li>d   32, 33 Pharisees. Advice rejected.</li> <li>e   -33. The Lord's reason.</li> <li>would I have gathered =I desired to gather. Cp.</li> <li>v. 31. children. Ap. 108. i.</li> <li>hen. Specially contrasted with "fox", v. 32. Cp.</li> <li>Matt. 23. 37. under. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii, 2.</li> <li>ye would not=ye did not desire it.</li> </ul>
ΗBf	14 And °it came to pass, °as He went °into the house of one of the °chief °Pharisees to eat °bread on °the sabbath day, that the °watched Him. 2 And, °behold, there was a certain °man °before Him °which had the dropsy.	<b>35</b> your house = the Temple. It had been Jehovah's house. Cp. John 2. 16. Now it was no longer owned as His. Cp. Luke 19. 46. desolate. Every place is "desolate" where Christ is not. verily. See note on Matt. 5. 18. not= by no means. Gr. ou mē. Ap. 105. III. until. Gr. heōs an (all the texts omit "an", but it does not alter the conditional sense, which is in the verb).
g	3 And °Jesus answering spake °unto the °law- yers and Pharisees, saying, "Is it lawful to heal on the sabbath day?"	Blessed. Fig. Benedictio, as in 1. 42; 19. 38; not Beatitudo, as in 12. 37, 38, 43, or 14. 14, 15. Quoted from Ps. 118. 26. Referring to the final and national repentance of Israel, which might have been then (Acts
h f	4 And they held their peace. And He <sup>o</sup> took <i>him</i> , and healed him, and let	
g	him go; 5 And °answered them, saying, "Which of you shall have °an ass or an ox fallen <sup>1</sup> into a pit, and will °not ° straightway ° pull him ° out on the sabbath day?"	HOUSE. (Alternation.)
ħ	6 And they could <sup>5</sup> not <sup>°</sup> answer Him again <sup>°</sup> to these things.	$B \mid 12-14$ . Teaching. C   15-24. Parable. The Great Supper.
СE	7 And He put forth a parable ° to those which were ° bidden, when He marked how they °chose out the °chief ° rooms; saying <sup>3</sup> unto them,	<b>14.</b> 1-6 (B, above). HEALING. (Extended Alternation.)         B   f   1, 2. Man with dropsy.         g   3. Question of the Lord.         h   4 Inability to answer.
Fi	8 "When thou art 'bidden ° of any man ° to ° a wedding, ° sit ° not down ° in the highest 'room; lest a more honourable man than thou be 'bidden ° of him;	f   -4. Man healed.         g   5. Question of the Lord.         h   6. Inability to answer.         1 it came to pass. A Hebraism. See on 2. 1.
k	9 And he that <sup>7</sup> bade thee and him come and say to thee, 'Give this man ° place';	as He went = in (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) His going. into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. chief Pharisees=rulers of the Pharisees (Ap. 120. II).
1	and thou °begin ° with shame ° to take the °lowest ° room.	bread. Put by Fig. Synecdoch $\bar{e}$ (of the Part) for any kind of food. the sabbath day = a certain Sabbath.
Fi	10 But when thou art $^7$ bidden, go and $^8$ sit down $^8$ in the $^9$ lowest $^9$ room; that when he that	<ul> <li>watched = were engaged in watching.</li> <li>behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6.</li> <li>man(Ap. 123.1) which had the dropsy = dropsical</li> </ul>
k	<sup>7</sup> bade thee cometh, he may say unto thee, °'Friend, °go up higher':	<ul> <li>(a medical term). Occ. only here.</li> <li>before Him. Not one of the guests.</li> <li>3 Jesus. Ap. 98. X. unto. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3.</li> </ul>
2	then shalt thou have °worship in the presence of them that <sup>8</sup> sit ° at meat with thee.	lawyers=doctors of the law. 4 took=took hold of. Cp. 20. 20. 1 Tim. 6. 12. 5 answered them=answering unto (Gr. pros; as
E	11 °For whosoever exalteth himself shall be °abased; and he that humbleth himself shall be exalted."	in $v$ . 3) them. an ass. All the texts read $huios = a$ son, instead of $onos = an$ ass, which latter has no MS. authority. In O.T. always ox and ass. Cp. Ex. 23. 12.
	<ul> <li>7 to. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. Not the same word chose out = were picking out. Going on before His Same as "highest room", v. s. Cp. 20. 46. Matt. 23 same word as in vv. 28, 33. to. Gr. eis. Ap. 10. not. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II. Not the same word as in 9 place. Gr. topos. begin. Cp. Prov. 25. 6, to take (and keep in it). lowest=last. Gr. es. 10 Friend. Gr. philos, Noun of phileö. Ap. 135. worship=honour. Gr. doxa=glory. at meat</li> </ul>	in $vv.$ s, $12$ , 2s, 29. y here and Acts 11. 10. tructure see next page]. d as in $v.$ s. bidden = invited or called. Gr. kaleõ. s eyes. chief rooms=first couches. Gr. $pr\bar{o}toklisia.$ s. 6. 8 of= by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. Not the 4. vi. a wedding = wedding feast. sit = recline. n $vv.$ s, 6, 14, 20, 26, 27, 28, 30. in. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. xi. vi. to take = chatos. room = place, as above. Cp. $v.$ 22 and 2. 7.

	14. 12. LU	KE. 14. 24.
BG m A. D. 28	12 Then said He °also to him that <sup>7</sup> bade Him, "When thou makest a °dinner or a °supper,	<b>14.</b> 7-11 (C, p. 1477). PARABLE. MARRIAGE FEAST. (Introversion and Extended Alternation.) C E [ 7. Occasion. E is a Departetion Highest place
n	° call <sup>8</sup> not thy <sup>10</sup> friends, ° nor thy brethren, ° neither thy kinsmen, ° nor <i>thy</i> rich neighbours;	$\mathbf{F}$ $\mathbf{i}$ $\mathbf{s}$ Dehortation.Highest place. $\mathbf{k}$ $9$ Humiliation. $\mathbf{l}$ $-9$ .Shame. $\mathbf{F}$ $\mathbf{i}$ $10$ Exhortation.Lowest place. $\mathbf{k}$ $-10$ Exaltation.Exaltation.
0	lest they also ° bid thee again, and a recompence ° be made thee.	$\begin{vmatrix} & l \\ -10. \text{ Honour.} \\ E \mid 11. \text{ Application.} \end{vmatrix}$
G m	13 But when thou makest a ° feast,	<b>14.</b> 12–14 (B, p. 1477). TEACHING. (Extended Alternation.)
n	$^{\circ}$ call $^{\circ}$ the poor, the $^{\circ}$ maimed, the lame, the blind :	B       G       m       12       Occasion.       Dinner or Supper.         n       -12       Guests.       Dehortation.
0	14 °And thou shalt be °blessed; for they °cannot recompense thee: for thou shalt be recompensed °at the °resurrection of the just."	o $-12$ . Recompense. Human. $G$ $m$ $13-$ . Occasion. Feast. $n$ $-13$ . Guests. Exhortation. $o$ $14$ . Recompense. Divine.
CΉr	15 And when one of them that <sup>8</sup> sat <sup>10</sup> at meat with Him heard these things, he said unto Him, <sup>14</sup> "Blessed <i>is</i> he that shall eat bread °in °the kingdom of God." 16 Then said He unto him, "A certain <sup>2</sup> man ° made a great supper,	12 also to him=to him also. The host. dinnersupper. See note on Matt. 22. 4. call. Gr. phōneō. Cp. 19. 15. nor. Fig. Paradiastolē (Ap. 6), for emphasis. neithernor. Gr.mēde, compoundofmē. Ap. 105. II. bid again. Gr. antikaleō. Occ. only here. be made thee = take place, when such an one asks for gifts, not friends.
s	and <sup>7</sup> bade many:	13 feast, or reception. Occurs only here and in 5.29.
r	17 And °sent his °servant at supper time to say to them that were <sup>7</sup> bidden, 'Come; for all things are now ready.'	call. Same word as bid, v. 7. the poor. Note the Fig. Asyndeton (Ap. 6), not empha- sizing the particular classes, but hastening us on to the climax in v. 14. Note the opposite Figure in v. 21.
\$	18 And they all °with one °consent began to °make excuse. The first said unto him, 'I have bought °a piece of ground, and I °must needs °go °and see it: °I pray thee °have me excused.' 19 And °another said, 'I have bought five yoke of oxen, and I °go to °prove them: <sup>18</sup> I pray thee °have me excused.'	<ul> <li>maimed = crippled. Only here, and v. 21.</li> <li>14 And thou shalt be blessed. This is the climax.</li> <li>blessed = happy. Fig. Beatitudo, not Benedictio.</li> <li>cannot = have not [wherewith to]. Ap. 105. I.</li> <li>at = in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii.</li> <li>resurrection. Ap. 178. II. 1.</li> <li>14. 15-24 (C, p. 1477). PARABLE. THE GREAT SUPPER. (Introversion and Alternation.)</li> <li>C   H   15-20. First guests invited.</li> </ul>
<b>յ</b> թ	<ul> <li>20 And <sup>19</sup> another said, 'I have married a wife, and °therefore I °cannot come.'</li> <li>21 So that <sup>17</sup> servant came, and °shewed his</li> </ul>	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c } J & p &   & 21 & \text{Servant. First report.} \\ & q &   & -21. & \text{Other guests to be "brought in".} \\ J & p &   & 22. & \text{Servant. Second report.} \\ \end{array} $
- 1	° lord these things.	
đ	Then ° the master of the house being angry said to his <sup>17</sup> servant, <sup>18</sup> Go out quickly <sup>1</sup> into the streets and lanes of °the city, and bring in hither °the poor, ° and the <sup>13</sup> maimed, ° and the °halt, ° and the blind.'	14. 15-20 (H, above). THE FIRST GUESTS. (Alternation.)         H       r   15, 16 Supper prepared.         s   -16. Guests invited.         r   17. Supper ready.         s   18. Guests beg off.
Jp	22 And the <sup>17</sup> servant said, ° Lord, it is done as thou ° hast commanded, and ° yet there is room.	<b>15</b> in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. the kingdom of God. See Ap. 114. <b>16</b> made. T Tr. A WH and R read "was making".
q	23 And the lord said <sup>3</sup> unto the servant, <sup>18</sup> Go out <sup>1</sup> into the highways and hedges, and $^{\circ}$ compel <i>them</i> to come in, that my house $^{\circ}$ may be filled.	This parable is in Luke only. For the interpretation, see Ap. 140. II. 3. 17 sent. According to custom. servant=bondman. 18 with one consent = from (Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv) one [mind]. make excuse = beg off.
Ħ	24 For I say unto you, That °none of those °men which were <sup>7</sup> bidden shall taste of my supper.'"	a piece of ground =a field. must needs = have need to. go = go out (i. e. from the city). Gr. exerchomai, as in vv. 21, 23. and see = to see. Ap. 133. I. 1. J pray. Ap. 134. I. 3. have = consider me.
	am not (Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I) able to. <b>21</b> shew master of the house. Ap. 98. Note these different ti city. Jerusalem. See Ap. 140. II. 3. the emphasizing each class (with no climax at the end) the Figure. halt = lame. The same word as "la the various titles throughout. hast command constrain. See all the nine occ.: here; Matt. 14. 22. 6. 12. Compulsion necessary, because the "will" is	poor. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton (Ap. 6) in this verse, . The opposite of the Fig. in $vv.$ 13, 14. and. This is ime" in $v.$ 13. <b>22</b> Lord. Ap. 98.VI. i. a. 4. B. Note ed = didst command. $yet = still.$ <b>23</b> compel= Mark 6. 45. Acts 26. 11; 28. 19. 2 Cor. 12. 11. Gal. 2. 3, 14; s a fallen "will", and therefore no stronger than that 53. 2, 3. John 5. 40. Rom. 3. 10–18. Man's fallen will has

	14. 25. LU	KE. 15. 3.	
GKM A.D. 28	25 And there ° went great multitudes with Him: and He turned, and said <sup>3</sup> unto them,	<b>14. 25–17. 4</b> (G, p. 1461). PARABLES. (Introversion and Alternation.)	
NOt	26 ° "If any man come <sup>7</sup> to Me, and ° hate <sup>5</sup> not his father, and mother, and wife, and children, and brethren, and sisters, yea, and his own ° life also,	G       K       M       14. 25. Occasion. Concourse of people.         N       14. 26-35- Teaching.         L       1435. Dispensational call.         K       M       15. 1. Occasion. Concourse of people.         N       15. 2-17. 4. Teaching.	
u	he <sup>20</sup> cannot be My disciple.	<ul> <li>25 went — were going.</li> <li>14. 26-35 – (N, above). TEACHING.</li> </ul>	
t	27 And whosoever doth <sup>5</sup> not bear <sup>°</sup> his cross, and come after Me,	(Alternation.) N   O   26, 27. Discipleship.	
u	<sup>20</sup> cannot be My disciple.	P   28-32. Parable. O   33. Discipleship.	
Р	28 For which °of you, ° intending to build a tower, sitteth ° not down first, and ° counteth the ° cost, ° whether he have ° sufficient to finish $it$ ?	$P \mid 34, 35 Parable.$ <b>14.</b> 26, 27 (O, above). DISCIPLESHIP. ( <i>Alternation.</i> ) $O \mid t \mid 26 Alternatives.$ $u \mid -26. Condition.$	
	29 Lest haply, after he hath laid °the foun- dation, and is <sup>8</sup> not °able to °finish <i>it</i> , all that ° behold <i>it</i> ° begin to mock him,	$t \mid 27$ Alternatives. $u \mid -27$ . Condition.	
	30 ° Saying, $$ This <sup>2</sup> man began to build, and was <sup>5</sup> not able to <sup>29</sup> finish.'	<b>26</b> If any. The case being assumed. Ap. 118. 2. a. hate not. See Matt. 10. 37. life=soul. See Ap. 110. III. 1. <b>27</b> his=his own.	
	31 Or what king, going °to make war against <sup>19</sup> another king, sitteth <sup>28</sup> not down first, and consulteth <sup>28</sup> whether he be able ° with ten	<b>28</b> of = out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. Not the same word as in v. 8. intending=desiring. See Ap. 102. 1.	
	thousand ° to meet him that cometh ° against	not. Ap. 105. I. a.	
	him <sup>9</sup> with twenty thousand? 32 Or else, while the other is <sup>22</sup> yet a great	counteth = reckoneth, or calculateth. Gr. peēphizō. Occurs only here and in Rev. 13. 18 in N.T. It is from	
	way off, he sendeth an °ambassage, and °de-	psephos = a pebble, with which calculations were made, or votes given. Occurs only in Acts 26. 10. Rev. 2. 17.	
	sireth ° conditions ° of peace.	cost. Gr. dapane. Occ. only here.	
0	33 So likewise, whosoever he be <sup>28</sup> of you that <sup>°</sup> forsaketh <sup>5</sup> not all that <sup>°</sup> he hath, he <sup>20</sup> cannot be my disciple.	whether. Same as "if" in v. 26. sufficient to finish it=the [means] for (Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3, but the texts read eis) [its] completion.	
Р		Gr. apartismos. Occ. only here. 29 the foundation=its foundation.	
	his savour, °wherewith shall it be °seasoned? 35 It is neither fit °for the °land, nor yet °for °the dunghill; <i>but</i> men cast it °out.	able=strong enough. finishit=finishit off. Gr. ekteleö. Only here and v. 30. behold. Gr. theoreo. Ap. 133. I. 11.	
L	°He that hath ears to hear, let him hear."	begin. As they see him nearing the end of his resources. 30 Saying, &c. = Saying that this man, &c. See note on 4. 21; 19. 9. Mark 14. 30, &c.	
КМ	$15^{\circ}$ Then drew near unto Him $^{\circ}$ all the $^{\circ}$ publicans and sinners $^{\circ}$ for to hear Him.	to meet. Gr. apantaō, as in Matt. 28. 9.	
NQ	2 And the °Pharisees and scribes °murmured, saying, "This man receiveth °sinners, and eat- eth with them."	against. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. <b>32</b> Or else = If not. ambassage = embassy. Only here and 19. 14. desireth = asketh, or seeketh. Ap. 134. I. 3.	
$RSU^{1}V^{1}v^{1}$	3 And He spake °this parable ° unto ° them, saying,	conditions = the [terms]. of = for. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. <b>33</b> forsaketh = taketh leave of.	
		he hath = himself possesses.	
	<b>34</b> Salt, &c. See note on Matt. 5. 13. if, &c. savour=become tasteless. Cp. Matt. 5. 13. seasoned. Only here, Mark 9. so. Col. 4. 6. the dunghill=manure. out=without.	A contingent assumption. Ap. 118. 1. b. lost his wherewith = with (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) what. <b>35</b> for. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. land. Ap. 129. iv. He that hath, &c. See Ap. 142.	
	<b>15.</b> 1 Then drew near = Then were drawing near for a large number. publicans=tax-gatherer	r. all. Put by Fig. Synecdochē (of the Part), Ap. 6,	
	15. 2-17. 4 (N, above).	TEACHING. (Alternations.)	
	$N \mid Q \mid 15. 2.$ Pharise R $\mid S \mid 15. 3-32$	es. Murmuring. . Address to Pharisees.	
	T   16. 1-13. Address to Disciples.		
	$Q \mid 16. 14.$ Pharisees. Derision. $R \mid S \mid 16. 15-31.$ Address to Pharisees. $T \mid 17. 1-4.$ Address to Disciples.		
	2 Pharisees. See Ap. 120. II. This settles the scope of all that follows. murmured = were muttering. The word implies subdued threatening. Occ. only here and 19. 7. sinners. See on Matt. 9. 10. 15. 3-32 [For Structure see next page].		
	<b>3</b> this parable. It had already been uttered in different application (v. 14). It is now repeated, late	Matt. 18. 12-14 with another object (v. 11), and with a r, under different circumstances (Luke 15. 1, 2), in com- nite another application (vv. 6, 7; 9, 10; 23, 24). Hence	

	15. 4. LUI	KE	<b>15.</b> 12.
A.D. 28	4 "What oman of you, having an hundred sheep,	<b>15. 3-32</b> (S, p. 1479). AD ( <i>Repeated Al</i>	
w <sup>1</sup>	° if he lose one ° of them,	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c } S & U^1 & V^1 & 3-6. \\ & & W^1 & 7. \\ & & W^1 & 7. \\ \end{array} $	
<b>x</b> <sup>1</sup>	doth °not leave the ninety and nine °in the °wilderness, and go °after that which is lost, °until he find it ?	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	rachmas. tion. Sons.
<b>y</b> <sup>1</sup>	5 And "when he hath found $it$ , he layeth $it$ "on "his shoulders, rejoicing.	15. 3-6; 8, 9; 11-24 [	For Structure see below].
<b>z</b> <sup>1</sup>	6 And "when he cometh "home, he calleth together <i>his</i> friends and neighbours, saying unto them, 'Rejoice "with me; for I have found my sheep which was lost."	if he lose = having lost. in Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. wilderness. A place of w	nong. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. vild fertility. Cp. 2. s.
W1	7 °I say unto ° you, that likewise joy shall be in  °heaven ° over one sinner ° that repenteth, more than ° over ninety and nine ° just persons, which need ° no ° repentance.	after. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. in until he find it? Note a pression. 5 when he hath found Matt., "If so be that he find	the importance of this ex- it = having found it. In d it." For the reason, see
$\mathbf{U}^2 \ \mathbf{V}^2 \ \mathbf{v}^2$	8° Either what °woman having °ten °pieces of silver,	note on $v. 3$ . on. G his shoulders = his own shother.	<pre>#r. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. houlders; not those of an-</pre>
	<b>_</b> ·	6 when he cometh = hav home=into (Gr. eis. Ap. 1	
	doth °not light a °candle, and sweep the house, and seek °diligently °till she find <i>it</i> ?	with me; not with the s of the parable). See note ven (v. 7).	
y²	9 And <sup>6</sup> when she hath found <i>it</i> , she calleth <i>her</i> <sup>o</sup> friends and <i>her</i> neighbours together,	<b>7 I:</b> i.e. I who know. Jo you. Murmuring Pharisee	
Z <sup>2</sup>	saying, 'Rejoice <sup>6</sup> with me; for I have found <sup>°</sup> the <sup>8</sup> piece which <sup>°</sup> I had lost.'	parable. heaven. Sing. See notes over. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. i	
$W^2$	10 Likewise, <sup>7</sup> I say unto <sup>7</sup> you, there <sup>°</sup> is joy <sup>°</sup> in the presence of the angels of <sup>°</sup> God <sup>7</sup> over one sinner <sup>7</sup> that repenteth."	that repenteth = repentin just persons: i.e. the Pl 18. 9.	g. Ap. 111. I. 1. barisees. Cp. v. 2; 16. 16; no. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I.
U <sup>3</sup> V <sup>9</sup> v <sup>3</sup>	ll °And He said, "A certain °man had °two sons:	<b>8 Either</b> . This parable is woman. Here representing	s recorded only in Luke.
w <sup>3</sup> a	12 And the younger of them said to his father, 'Father, 'give me 'the portion of 'goods that 'falleth to me.' And he divided unto 'them his 'living.	ten. See the Structures of pieces of silver. Gr. drace in v. 9. See Ap. 51. I. 6. if she lose. An uncertain not. Gr. ouchi. Ap. 105. candle=lamp. Ap. 130. 4	chmas. Occ. only here, and contingency. Ap. 118.1.b. I. a.
	diligently. A medical word. Used only here. friends(Fem.). the piece. Not "my", as in v. s. becomes, or takes place, or results. Same as "arc not say that the angels rejoice; but it is the divine	till. Same as "until" in v. I had lost=I lost. Cp. "w se" in v. 14. in the pr	4. 9 friends. Female
	<b>15.</b> 3-6 ( $\nabla^1$ ); 8, 9 ( $\nabla^2$ ); 11-24 ( $\nabla^3$ ). The		
	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	ae Ten. ae Drachmas. ∇ <sup>3</sup>   v <sup>3</sup>   One lost.   -8. Sought. y <sup>2</sup>   9 Found. z <sup>2</sup>   -9. Joy.	The Two.   11. The Sons. w <sup>3</sup>   12-16. One lost. x <sup>3</sup>   17-20 Sought. y <sup>3</sup>   -20-22. Found. z <sup>8</sup>   23, 24. Joy.
	<b>15.</b> 11-32 (U <sup>3</sup> , above). THE	-	rnation.)
	$\mathbb{W}^{3} \begin{bmatrix} b &   & 1^{7}-20 & Hi \\ c &   & -20 . & Hi \\ d &   & 21 . & Tl \\ e &   & 22 , \\ f &   & 24 \\ d &   & 25 , 27 . & The & el \\ b &   & 28 & Hi & c \\ c &   & -28 . & The \\ d &   & 29 , 30 . \\ e &   & 31 - 2 \\ d &   & 29 , 30 . \\ e &   & 31 - 2 \\ d &   & 29 , 30 . \\ e &   & 31 - 2 \\ d &   & 29 \\ d &   & 20 \\ d &   & 29 \\ d &   & 20 \\ d & $	father's compassion. ne younger son's confession. 23. The father's gifts. 4. The reason. "For", &c. 1. der brother.	
	11 And He said. This parable is peculiar to this senting the Father (God). two sons. See the Str (v. 19). the portion. According to Jewish law, younger one-third of movable property, at the father and v. 13. falleth to me. This is the technical term p. 152, and <i>Bib. Stud.</i> , p. 230. them. Including Ap. 170. 2. Put by Fig. <i>Metonomy</i> (of Effect), Ap. 6	ucture ( $\nabla^3$ , above). <b>12</b> give in the case of two sons the eld s death. goods = movable pr n in the <i>Papyri</i> , in such cases. the elder, who did not ask if	operty. Gr. <i>ousia</i> . Only here See Deissmann's <i>Light</i> ,&c., t. living. Gr. <i>bios</i> , life.

15	19
10.	1.5.

A.D. 28	13 And 'not many days °after the younger	13 after. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 2. Referring to the
	son gathered all together, and 'took his journey 'into a far country, and there wasted	rapidity of the fall of Israel. took his journey = went abroad.
	his ° substance ° with riotous living.	into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.
	14 And ° when he had spent all, there arose	far country. Cp. Acts 2. 39. Eph. 2. 17. substance = property. Same word as "goods" in v. 12.
	a mighty famine ° in that land; and he ° began to be in want.	with riotous living=living ruinously. Gr. asotos.
	15 And he went and $^{\circ}$ joined himself to $^{\circ}a$	Occurs only here. The kindred noun (asotia) occurs
	citizen of that country; and he sent him <sup>13</sup> into	only in Eph. 5. 18. Tit. 1. 6. 1 Pet. 4. 4. 14 when he had spent=having spent. Gr. dapanao.
	his fields to feed swine. 16 And he °would fain have filled his belly	Elsewhere only Mark 5. 26. Acts 21. 24. 2 Cor. 12. 15.
	° with the ° husks that the swine °did eat: ° and	James 4. 3. in=throughout. Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 2. Not the
	° no man gave unto him.	same word as in vv. 4, 7, 25.
x³ b	17 And when he ° came ° to himself, he said,	<b>began to be in want</b> . Contrast "began to be merry" (v. 24).
	'How many hired servants of my father's 'have bread enough and to spare, and 'S perish	15 joined himself to = cleaved to (Gr. Pass. of $kolla\delta =$
	"with hunger!	glue together); i. e. he forced himself. a citizen=one of the citizens. Contrast Phil. 3. 20.
	18 I will arise and go °to my father, and will	16 would fain have filled = was longing to fill.
	say unto him, 'Father, I have 'sinned 'against 'heaven, and 'before thee,	with = from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. husks=pods of the carob tree. Only here in N.T.
	19 And °am no more worthy to be called	did $eat = were eating.$
	thy son: °make me as one of thy hired serv-	and. Note the emphasis of the Fig. Polysyndeton (Ap. 6), here. no man. Gr. oudeis, compound of ou. Ap. 105. I.
	ants.'	17 came to himself. Cp. "came to his father"
y <sup>3</sup>	20 And he arose, and $^{\circ}$ came $^{18}$ to $^{\circ}$ his father. But when he was yet a great way off, his	(v. 20). to. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. have bread enough and to spare, or abound in
c	father saw him, °and had compassion, °and	food. $\Im$ <b>perish</b> = I (emph.) am perishing.
	° ran, ° and fell 5 on his neck, ° and ° kissed him.	with hunger = from the famine. The texts add $h\bar{o}de =$
d	21 And the son said unto him, 'Father, 'I	here. <b>18</b> to. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. sinned. Ap. 128, I. i. against. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.
	have <sup>18</sup> sinned <sup>18</sup> against <sup>18</sup> heaven, and <sup>°</sup> in thy sight, and <sup>19</sup> am no more worthy to be called	heaven. Sing. with Art. See notes on Matt. 6. 9, 10. "Heaven" put by Fig. <i>Metonymy</i> (of Subject), Ap. 6,
1	thy °son.'	for God Himself.
е	22 But the father said <sup>18</sup> to his <sup>o</sup> servants,	before. Gr. enōpion. Same word as in v. 10, "in the presence of".
	°'Bring forth the °best robe, °and °put <i>it</i> on him; °and put a °ring °on his hand, °and	19 am no more worthy=I no longer deserve.
	"shoes "on his feet:	make me. Contrast "give me" (v. 12).
$z^3$	23 <sup>22</sup> And bring hither the fatted calf, <sup>22</sup> and	<b>20</b> came to his father. Cp. "came to himself" ( $v$ . 17). his=his own.
	° kill it; <sup>22</sup> and let us eat, <sup>22</sup> and be merry:	and. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton (Ap. 6). ran. Cp. Isa. 6. 6, "Then flew". See note on v. 21,
f	24 For this my son ° was dead, and is alive	and cp. Isa. 65. 24.
	again; he ° was lost, and ° is found.' And they ° began to be merry.	kissed = fervently kissed. Same word as in Matt. 26, 49, 21 I have sinned = I sinned. Confession of sin is
W <sup>3</sup> X a	25 Now ° his elder son was 4 in the field : and	the necessary condition for receiving the blessing.
	as he came and drew nigh to the house, he	Cp. 2 Sam. 12. 13. Ps. 32. 5. Isa. 6. 5, 6. Luke 5. 8, &c. And so with Israel (Lev. 26. 40 42. Isa. 64. 6, 7. Hos. 5.
	heard ° musick and dancing. 26 And he ° called one of the ° servants, and	16; 14. 1, 2).
	°asked what these things ° meant.	in thy sight. Same Greek words as "before thee"
	27 And he said unto him, 'Thy brother °is	son. Note the Fig. Aposiopēsis (Ap. 6), for he did not
	come; and thy father hath killed the fatted calf, because he hath received him <sup>o</sup> safe and	finish what he meant to have said.
	sound.'	<b>22</b> servants = bond-servants. Bring forth. I <sub>J</sub> [Tr.] A WH R add "quickly".
Ъ	28 And ° he was angry, and ° would 4 not go in:	best=first. Either the first that comes to hand, or the former robe the son used to wear. See on Gen. 27. 15.
c	therefore came his father out, and "intreated	and. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton (Ap. 6), emphasizing
	him.	each particular. put it on him = clothe him with it.
d	29 And he answering said to his father, ° Lo,	ring = a signet-ring. Occ. only here. See Jas. 2. 2, and cp. Gen. 41. 42.
	shoes = sandals. The ring and the sandals mark	on = for (Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi). a free man. Servants went barefoot. 23 kill it =
		Not the past tense of the verb "die", but of the verb
	"to be". He had been as a dead man (Gr. nekro	
	began, &c. Contrast "began to be in want" (v. 1),	ch shows that that was the result of the father's seeking. 14). <b>25</b> his elder son. This is the point of the
	parable (cp. v. 2). It was addressed "unto them"	specially $(v \ 3)$ , as the correction of their murmuring.
		us, i.e. a "choral dance". Both words occ. only here. men. Gr. pais. See Ap. 108. iv. Not the same word as
	in vv. 17, 19, 22. asked=began to inquire. Im	perf. tense. meant = might be. 27 is come
	safe and sound. Corresponding with the father's was angry. Referring to the deep-seated feeling	dead and lost alive and found $(v. 24)$ . <b>28</b> he ng of the Pharisees against Messiah and those who
	followed Him. This increased steadily (and is see	en to-day). Cp. Acts 11. 2, 3, 17, 18; 13. 45, 50; 14. 5, 19;
	17. 5, 6, 13; 18. 12, 13; 19. 9; 21. 27 - 31; 22. 18-22. G not willing (Ap. 102. 1) to go in. intreated.	al. 5, 11. 1 Thess. 2. 14-16. would not go in = was Gr. parakaleō. Ap. 134. I. 6 <b>29 Lo.</b> Gr. idou
	Ap. 133. J. 2. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6.	

	15. 29. LU	KE.	<b>16.</b> 9.
A. D. 28	these many years do I serve thee, °neither transgressed I at any time thy commandment: and yet thou never gavest me °a kid, that I might make merry °with my °friends: 30 But as soon as this °thy son °was come, which hath °devoured °thy <sup>12</sup> living <sup>29</sup> with °harlow, thou hast <sup>23</sup> killed for him the fatted calf.'	neither transgressed I, &c. This was the H claim and boast. Cp. 18. 11, 12 and 18-21. a kid. In contrast with "the fatted calf" ( with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1. friends. Contrast with harlots (v. 30). <b>30</b> thy son. Not "my brother". Contrast w brother" (v. 32). was come = came as though a stranger. turned". devoured = eaten up. Contrast	v. 23), rith"thy Not"re-
e	31 And he said unto him, °' Son, thou art ° ever <sup>29</sup> with me, and ° all that I have is thine. 32 ° It was meet that we should make merry, and be glad:	thy. Malignant thought. harlots. Contrast with "my friends" (v. 29) <b>31</b> Son=Child. Gr. teknon. Affectionately ing him of his birth. Ap. 108. i. ever = always. Ap. 151. II. b. ii.	remind-
f	for this °thy brother <sup>24</sup> was dead, and is alive again; and was lost, and is found.'"	all that I have. See Rom. 9. 4, 5, and cp. Ma 32 It was meet. Cp. Acts 11. 18. thy brother. Contrast with "thy son" (v.	30).
ТҮд	16 And He said °also °unto His disciples, "There was °a certain rich ° man, which had a °steward; and the same °was accused unto him °that he had wasted his goods. 2 And he called him, and said unto him, ° How is it that I hear this ° of thee? °give °an account of thy °stewardship; for thou ° mayest be ° no longer <sup>1</sup> steward.	<ul> <li>16. 1-13 (T, p. 1479). ADDRESS TO DIS (Alternation.)</li> <li>T Y   1-8 Parable. The Unjust Steward. Z   -8-12. Application: re "Mammon".</li> <li>F   13 Illustration. Two Masters. Z   -13. Application: re "Mammon".</li> <li>16. 1-8- (Y, above). PARABLE. THE USTEWARD. (Introversion.)</li> <li>Y   g   1, 2. His master's requirement.</li> </ul>	
h	3 Then the <sup>1</sup> steward said <sup>°</sup> within himself, <sup>(What shall I do? for my <sup>°</sup>lord <sup>°</sup>taketh away <sup>°</sup>from me the <sup>2</sup>stewardship: <sup>°</sup>I cannot dig; to <sup>°</sup>beg I am <sup>°</sup>ashamed. 4 <sup>°</sup>I am resolved what <sup>°</sup>to do, that, <sup>°</sup>when I am put out of the <sup>2</sup>stewardship,</sup>	<ul> <li>h   3, 4 The steward's unjust resolution i   -4. Its object. Subsequent reception h   5-7. The steward's unjust action.</li> <li>g   8. His master's approbation.</li> <li>1 also unto His disciples = unto His disciples = unto His disciples = 0. 1479, which have a state of the two charters. In the provide the test of the two charters.</li> </ul>	ples also. gives the
i	° they may receive me ° into ° their houses.'	scope of the two chapters : both peculiar to th unto. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3.	18 gospei.
h	5 So he °called °every one of his <sup>3</sup> lord's debtors <i>unto him</i> , and said unto the first, 'How much owest thou unto my <sup>3</sup> lord?' 6 And he said, 'An hundred °measures of oil.' And he said unto him, °'Take °thy bill, and °sit down °quickly, and write fifty.' 7 Then said he to °another, °'And how much owest °thou?' And he said, 'An hundred °mea- sures of wheat.' And he said unto him, <sup>6</sup> 'Take <sup>6</sup> thy bill, and write fourscore.'	a certain rich man. Cp. v. 19. man. Gr. anthropos. Ap. 123. 1. steward. A house manager, or agent, man house and servants, assigning the tasks, &c., of Cp. Eliezor (Gen. 15. 2; 24. 2), Joseph (Gen. 39. was accused. Gr. diaballomai. Occ. only be struck through, implying malice, but not n falsehood. that he had wasted = as v 2 How is it? = What is this? of=concerning. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 1. same word as in v. 9. an = the. stewardship=the officeof the stev mayest=canst. no. Gr. ou. Ap	the latter. 4). here = to eccessarily vasting. Not the ler. ward $(v. 1)$ .
g	8 And °the <sup>3</sup> lord commended the unjust <sup>1</sup> steward, because he had done <sup>°</sup> wisely: for the <sup>°</sup> children of this <sup>°</sup> world are <sup>°</sup> in <sup>°</sup> their	3 within = in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. lord=master, as in v. 13. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 4 taketh away = is taking away.	
<b>Z</b> ј	generation ° wiser ° than the ° children of light.	from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. I cannot dig, &c. = to dig, I am not (Gr. 04.	An. 105. T)
k	9°And 3 say unto you, —————————————————————	strong enough. beg. Gr. epaiteo. Cp. Ap. 134. I. 4. Occ. on	
A.V., but see 18. 35. ashamed. Ashamed to beg, but not ashamed to embezzle. <b>4</b> I am resolved, &c. or, I hav &c. Ap. 132. I. 2. to $do = I$ will do. when I am put out of = when I shall have been they: i. e. the debtors. into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. their = their own. <b>5</b> called every = each. <b>6</b> measures. Gr. pl. of batos. The Heb. bāth. Ap. 51. III. 3 (11) (7). Not as in v. 7. Take = Take back. thy bill = writings, i.e. agreement. sit write- quickly write. quickly. It was a secret and hurried transaction. <b>7</b> another. Gr. hete thou. Note the emphasis: "And thou, How much owest thou?" measures. Gr. pl. of kord 3 (11) (8). Not the same word as in v. 6. <b>8</b> the lord = his master. wisely = shrewdly.			ved from. eparately. ame word ing down, Ap. 124. 2. .p. 51. III.
		TION : re MAMMON. (Introversion.)	
	1  -9. Object. S k   10. [Nay, I say], j   11, 12. Christ's judg	hat the steward's master said? ubsequent reception. "He that is faithful", &c. gment.	*1
		th reference to. Gr. ets. Ap. 104. vi. the re. Gr. huper. Ap. 104. xvii. 2. children a. In the former case they are all unscrupul- that I say to you? In vv. 10-12 the Lord gives t res are wholly inconsequent, instead of being	of light. ous alike. he reason

0	•
n.	Э.

1 A. D. 28	'Make to yourselves friends °of the °mammon of unrighteousness; that, when 'ye fail, they may receive you 'into 'everlasting 'habita- tions.'	of =out of, or by. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. mammon. Aramaic for "riches". See Ap. 94. III. 3.32. ye fail. All the texts read "it shall fail". everlasting = eternal. Gr. aiônios. Ap. 151. II. B. ii,
k	10 °He that is °faithful °in that which is least is °faithful °also °in much: and he that is unjust °in the least is unjust °also °in much.	habitations = tents. Answering to the "houses" of $v.4$ . <b>10</b> He that is faithful, &c. This is the Lord's own teaching, which gives the reason why "No!" is the true answer to His question in $v.9$ . faithful. Ap. 150. III. in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. also in much = in much also.
j	11 °If therefore ye have ° not been <sup>10</sup> faithful <sup>10</sup> in the unrighteous <sup>9</sup> mammon, who will ° com- mit to your trust the °true <i>riches</i> ? 12 And <sup>11</sup> if ye have <sup>11</sup> not been <sup>10</sup> faithful <sup>10</sup> in that which is ° another man's, who shall give you that which is ° your own?	<ul> <li>11 If. Assuming it as a fact. Ap. 118. 2. a. not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. commit to your trust= entrust to you. Ap. 150. I. 1. iv. true. Ap. 175. 2.</li> <li>12 another man's=a foreigner's. Cp. Acts 7. 6 and Heb. 11. 9 ("strange"), and Matt. 17. 25, 26 ("stranger").</li> </ul>
Y	13 No °servant ° can ° serve two ° masters:	Gr. allotrios (Ap. 124. 6). your own. Gr. humeteros. But, though all the
Z	for either he will hate the one, and love $^{\circ}$ the other; or else he will hold to the one, and despise $^{\circ}$ the other. Ye $^{\circ}$ cannot serve $^{\circ}$ God and $^{9}$ mammon."	modern critical texts (except VH and Rm) read it thus, yet the primitive text must have read <i>hëmeteros</i> =ours, or our own; for it is the reading of "B" (the Vatican MS.) and, before this or any other Greek MS. extant, Origen (186-253), Tertullian (second cent.), read <i>hëmon</i> =
Q	14 And °the Pharisees also, who °were °covet- ous, heard all these things: and they ° derided Him.	ours; while Theophylact (1077), and Euthymius (twelfth cent.), with B (the Vatican MS.) read <i>hëmeteros</i> = our own, in contrast with "foreigners" in preceding clause. See note on 1 John 2. 2. This makes true sense; other- mics it is a maintailieith.
RSA	15 And He said °unto them, " $\mathfrak{Y}_{f}$ are they which °justify yourselves before <sup>1</sup> men; but <sup>13</sup> God knoweth your hearts: for that which is highly esteemed °among <sup>1</sup> men is °abomina- tion ° in the sight of <sup>13</sup> God.	wise it is unintelligible. <b>13</b> servant = domestic household servant. Gr. oiketës. Occ. only here; Acts 10. 7. Rom. 14. 4. 1 Pet. 2. 18. can=is able to. serve=do bondservice. Gr. douleuõ. As in 15. 29. masters=lords, as in vv. 3, 5, 5, 8.
в	16 °The law and the prophets were until John: °since that time °the kingdom of <sup>13</sup> God is °preached, and °every man ° presseth 4 into it.	the other. Same as "another" in v. 7. cannot = are not (Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I) able to. God. See Ap. 98. I. i. 1. 14 the Pharisees. See Ap. 120. II. twere = being then. Gr. huparchō, asin v. 23, and see on 7.25.
	17 And it is easier for $^{\circ}$ heaven and $^{\circ}$ earth to pass, than one $^{\circ}$ tittle of $^{16}$ the law to fail.	covetous = money-lovers (referring to mammon, vv. 11, 13); occ. only here, and 2 Tim. 3. 2.
<b>▲</b> C <sup>1</sup>	18 ° Whosoever ° putteth away his wife, and marrieth <sup>7</sup> another, committeth adultery: and whosoever marrieth her that is put away <sup>3</sup> from <i>her</i> husband committeth adultery.	derided=were turning up their noses at. Occ. only here and 23. 35. Found in the LXX. Pss. 2. 4; 22. 7; 35. 16. This was the immediate cause of the second Parable (vv. 19-30), and the solemn application (v. 31). <b>16. 15-31</b> (S, p. 1479). ADDRESS TO THE
C <sup>2</sup>	19 °There was <sup>1</sup> a certain rich <sup>1</sup> man, which °was clothed in purple and fine linen, and fared °sumptuously every day: 20 And there was a certain °beggar named	PHARISEES. (Alternation.) S   A   15. What the Pharisees esteemed (God's abomi- nation). B   16, 17. The Law and the Prophets. Proclaimed. A   18-30. What the Pharisees taught (God's abomi- nation).
		$B \mid 31$ . Moses and the Prophets. Not believed.
	selves. See notes on 15. 7, 29; and cp. 7. 39. Ma abomination. In contrast with their derision. preceding clause. <b>16</b> The law. See note on Mat then. <b>the kingdom of God.</b> See Ap. 11 every man. Gr. pas, all. Put by Fig. Synecdoo presseth. See note on Matt. 11. 12. <b>17</b> heave Gr. gē. Ap. 129. 4. tittle. See note on Mat	in the sight of. Same word as "before" in since that time = since(Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv) greached. Gr. euangelizō. See Ap. 121. 4. thē (of the Genus), Ap. 6, for many. "But not ye!" n. Sing. with Art. See note on Matt. 6. 9, 10. earth.
	$A \mid C^1 \mid 18$ . Concerning dive	orce ("the Law").
	<ul> <li>18 Whosoever, &amp;c. This verse is not "loosely precedes, as alleged. The Structure above shows it (as to divorce); and C<sup>2</sup>, how they made void the the dead (vv. 19-23). putteth away, &amp;c. by their traditions, evading Deut. 22. 22, and the John Lightfoot, Works (1658), J. R. Pitman's ed grounds for divorce. 19 There was, &amp;c. = Lord's address to the Pharisees, against their tramary be seen in Pss. 6. 5; 30. 9; 31. 17; 88. 11; 11 It is not called a "parable", because it cites a m been brought from Babylon. See many other examples.</li> </ul>	the dead (v. 31) ("the Prophets"). y connected ", or "out of any connexion" with what s true place, in C <sup>1</sup> , how the Pharisees made void the law a prophets (vv. 16, 17) and the rest of Scripture as to be. The Rabbis made void the law and the prophets heir "scandalous licence" regarding Deut. 24. 1. See In. (1823), vol. xi, pp. 116-21 for the many frivolous = But there was. This commences the second part of the dition making void God's word as to the dead, which 5. 17; 146. 4. Eccles. 9. 6, 10; 12. 7. Isa. 38. 17-19, &c. notable example of the Pharisees' tradition, which had ples in Lightfoot, vol. xii, pp. 159-68. Their teaching has d = was habitually clothed. Imperf. tense. See on 8. 27. transl. "gorgeous" in 23. 11. Onlyhere. <b>20</b> beggar =

1	0	<b>0</b> 0
	О.	20.

	<b>10.</b> 20. <b>E0</b>	
a.d. 28	<sup>°</sup> Lazarus, which was <sup>°</sup> laid <sup>°</sup> at his gate, <sup>°</sup> full of sores,	Lazarus. A common Talmudic contraction of the Heb. Eleazar; but introduced by the Lord to point to
	21 And ° desiring to be fed ° with ° the crumbs which fell <sup>3</sup> from the rich man's table: ° more-	His own closing comment in v. 31. laid=cast down. at. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3.
	over the dogs came and °licked his °sores. 22 And it came to pass, that the <sup>20</sup> beggar	full of sores. Gr. helkoö. Occ. only here. 21 desiring=eagerly desiring; but in vain, as in
	died, and was carried °by °the angels 4 into	15. 16 (" would fain "). with=from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv.
	<sup>o</sup> Abraham's bosom: the rich man also died, <sup>o</sup> and was buried;	the crumbs. Some texts read "the things". moreover, &c. = but [instead of finding food] even the
	23 And <sup>10</sup> in ° hell he ° lift up his eyes, ° being	dogs, &c.
1	<sup>10</sup> in ° torments, and ° seeth <sup>22</sup> Abraham ° afar off, and Lazarus <sup>10</sup> in his bosom.	licked=licked off; i.e. licked clean. Gr. apoleichō. Occ. only here. The texts read epileichō, licked over.
1	24 And ° he cried and ° said, ° · Father 22 Abra-	sores. Gr. helkos (=ulcer), 22 by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1.
	ham, have mercy on me, and send <sup>20</sup> Lazarus, that he may dip the tip of his finger in water,	the angels. The Pharisees taught that there were
1	and ° cool my tongue; for I am ° tormented <sup>10</sup> in	three sets of angels for wicked men; and others for good men. See v. 18; and Lightfoot, Works, vol. xii,
	this flame.' 25 But <sup>22</sup> Abraham said, °'Son, remember	pp. 159-61. Abraham's bosom. The Pharisees taught that
	that thou in thy °lifetime °receivedst thy good	there were three places: (1) Abraham's bosom; (2) "under the throne of glory"; (3) in the garden of Eden
	things, and likewise Lazarus ° evil things: but now he is comforted, and thou art <sup>24</sup> tormented.	(Gr. Paradise). Speaking of death, they would say
	26 And °beside all this, between us and you there °is a great °gulf °fixed: so that they	"this day he sits in Abraham's bosom". Lightfoot, Works, vol. xii, pp. 159-63.
	which ° would pass from hence ° to you ° can-	and was buried 23 in hell. Tatian (A. D. 170), the Vulg. and Syr., omit the second "and", and read,
	not; •neither can they pass ° to us, that would come from thence.'	"and was buried in Hades".
	27 Then he said, °'I pray thee therefore,	23 hell. Gr. Hades=the grave. See Ap. 131. II. lift up=having lifted up. Cp. similar imagery in
	<sup>24</sup> father, that thou wouldest send him <sup>o</sup> to my father's house:	Judg. 9. 7-15. Isa. 14. 9-11. being=being there. See note on "were", v. 14.
	28 For I have five brethren; that he may	torments. Gr. basanos. Occ. only here, v. 28, and Matt. 4. 24.
	° testify unto them, ° lest then also come 4 into this place of 23 torment.'	afar off=from (Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv) afar.
	29 <sup>22</sup> Abraham saith unto him, 'They have "Moses and the prophets; let them hear them."	seeth Lazarus. The Pharisees taught that in life two men may be "coupled together", and one sees
	30 And he said, <sup>°</sup> Nay, <sup>24</sup> father <sup>22</sup> Abraham :	the other after death, and conversations take place. See Lightfoot, quoted above.
	but ° if one went <sup>1</sup> unto them ° from ° the dead, they will ° repent.'	24 be cried and said = crying out, he said. The Pharisees gave long stories of similar imaginary conversations
B	31 °And he said unto him, <sup>30</sup> · If they hear	and discourses. See Lightfoot, vol. xi, pp. 165-7.
	<sup>11</sup> not <sup>29</sup> Moses and the prophets, neither will they °be persuaded, °though one rose ° from	Father Abraham. Cp. Matt. 3. 9. John 8. 39. cool. Gr. katapsuchö. Occ. onlyhere. A medical word.
	<sup>30</sup> the dead."	tormented = distressed. Gr. odunaomai. Occ. only in Luke (here, 2. 48, and Acts 20. 38, "sorrowing").
	A P ° Then said He °unto ° the disciples "It	<b>25</b> Son = Child. Gr. teknon. Ap. 108. I. lifetime = life. Gr. $z\bar{o}\bar{e}$ , as being the opposite of death.
T D1	▲ Is ° impossible but that ° offences will	See Ap. 170. 1. receivedst=didst receive back, or had all.
	come: but woe unto him, "through whom they come!	evil things. See Ap. 128. III. 2. 26 beside. Gr. <i>epi</i> . Ap. 104. ix. 2. is=has been.
		gulf=chasm. A transliteration of the Gr. chasma,
		d = desire to. Gr. thelo. Ap. 102. 1. to. Gr. pros.
	Ap. 104. xv. $cannot = are not (Gr. m\tilde{e}. Ap. 1)$ I entreat. Gr. $er\tilde{o}ta\tilde{o}$ . Ap. 134. I. 3. to = unto.	
	lest then also = that then also may not (Gr. mē. Ap The latter including the historical books. See	. 105. II). <b>29</b> Moses and the prophets. Ap. 1. Referring to v. 16. Cp. John 1. 45; 5. 39, 46.
	Moses. See note on 5. 14. 30 Nay. Gr. o	ouchi. Ap. 105. I a. if. Implying a contingency.
	the dead. No Art. See Ap. 139. 2.	4. iv. Contrast the Lord's <i>ek</i> (Ap. 104. vii. in next clause). epent. See Ap. 111. I. 1. <b>31</b> And, &c. The
	lesson of the parable. From these final words of t was the design and intention of this parable"	the Lord (v. 31, B) Lightfoot says "it is easy to judge what (vol. xii, p. 168). The Lord's words were proved to be
	true, by the results of the resurrection of another be persuaded. Much less "repent", as in v. 30. among. Note the Lord's true word, in contrast w.	Lazarus (John 12. 9), and of Himself (Matt. 28. 11-13). though = not even if. from = from
		RESS TO DISCIPLES. (Division.)
	$T \mid \frac{D^1}{D^2} \mid 1, 2, \text{ Stum}$	bling-blocks introduced. Dducers to be rebuked.
	1 Then said He, &c. Vv. 1, 2 contain matter wh	ich had been spoken by the Lord on a former occasion
	spoken before, and recorded in Matt. 18. 21, 22 (but of its context", but is repeated with special refer Ap. 104. xv. 3. the disciples. All the	th a variation of certain words; vv. 3, 4 also had been t not in Mark). The passage here is therefore not "out ence to 16, 14-30. See Ap. 97. unto. Gr. pros. he texts read "His disciples". This is to be noted in ole. Gr. anendektos. Occ. only here. offences=
	stumbling-blocks. through. Gr. dia. A	

	17. 2. LU	KE.	<b>17.</b> 14.
а.д. 28	2 It were ° better for him ° that a ° millstone were hanged ° about his neck, and he ° cast ° into the sea, than that he should ° offend one of these little ones.	2 better=well. Gr. lusiteleō. that=if. Ap. 118. 2. a. millstone. See note on Matt. about=round. Gr. peri. Ap. cast. hurled (with violence)	18. 6.
$\mathbf{D}^2$	8 Take heed to yourselves: "If thy brother "trespass" against thee, "rebuke him; and "if he "repent, forgive him. 4 And "if he "trespass " against thee "seven times in a day, and seven times in a day turn again" to thee, saying, 'I "repent;" thou shalt forgive him."	<ul> <li>cast = hurled (with violence).</li> <li>into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.</li> <li>offend == be a cause of stumbling with reference to the tradition 16. 15-30.</li> <li>3 If. Marking a possible conti</li> <li>Not the same condition as in v. 6 trespass - sin. Gr. hamartanö.</li> <li>Pharisees did. against.</li> </ul>	s of the Pharisees in ngency (Ap. 118. 1. b).
$F \mathbf{E}^1$	5 And the apostles said unto $^\circ\mbox{the Lord}$ , $^{\circ\mbox{``}}\mbox{Increase}$ our faith.''	rebuke him. As the Lord had repent. See Ap. 111. I. 1. 4 seven. On the former occasio	
E <sup>2</sup> m	6 And $5$ the Lord said, $^{\circ}$ "If ye had faith as a grain of mustard seed,	21, 22). No discrepancy. See Aj to = unto. Gr. epi. Ap.104.ix.3;	p. 9 <b>7</b> .
n	° ye might say unto ° this ° sycamine tree, 'Be thou plucked up by the root, and be thou planted ° in the sea;' and it ° should obey you.	<b>17. 5–10</b> (F, p. 1461). APO (Division.) F   E <sup>1</sup>   5. Request. Faith. E <sup>2</sup>   6–10. Answer. Faith an	
m	7 But which ° of you, having a ° servant plow- ing or ° feeding cattle, will say unto him ° by and by, when he is come ° from the field, 'Go and °sit down to meat?' 8 °And will not rather say unto him, 'Make ready wherewith I may sup, and gird thyself, and serve me, ° till ° I have eaten and drunken; and °afterward thou shalt eat and drink?' 9 Doth he thank that <sup>7</sup> servant because he did the things that were commanded him? ° I trow ° not.	<ul> <li>5 the Lord. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 8. Increase our faith = Give us n</li> <li>17. 6-10 (E<sup>2</sup>, above). ANSV DUTY. (Altern</li> <li>E<sup>2</sup>   m   6 Hypothesis. n   -6. Result. m   7-9. Fact. n   10. Application.</li> <li>6 If. Assuming the condition ye might say = ye might, with</li> </ul>	A. hore faith. VER. FAITH AND ation.)
n	10 °So likewise $p_{0}$ , when ye °shall have done all those things which are commanded you, °say, 'We are °unprofitable <sup>7</sup> servants: we have done that which was our duty to do.'"	being purely hypothetical. this sycannine tree. On a form 20) the Lord said "this mountain tion); and also on a later occasion to Olivet. But here, "this tree was different. No discrepancy to sycamine = mulberry. Occ. on	" (of the Transfigura- (Mark 11. 23), referring " because the locality herefore.
<i>E</i> F <sup>1</sup> <b>A. D. 29</b>	11 And °it came to pass, °as He went °to Jerusalem, that $\mathfrak{H}_{e}$ passed <sup>1</sup> through °the midst of Samaria and °Galilee. 12 And as He °entered <sup>2</sup> into a certain village, there met Him °ten °men that were lepers, which stood °afar off: 13 And then lifted up <i>their</i> voices, and said, °" Jesus, °Master, have °mercy on us."	as in 19. 4. Both used medicinal in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. should. With Gr. an, still ms 7 of = from among. Gr. ek. A but not the same as in $vv. 20-$ , 25 servant = bondman. feeding cattle - shepherding. by and by Go = Come at on from = out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 10	lly. arking the hypothes <b>is</b> . p. 104. vii. As in v. 15, nce. 4. vii.
$\mathbf{F}^2 \mathbf{G}$	14 And when He saw <i>them</i> , He said unto them, "Go shew yourselves unto the priests."		ill he not (Ap. 105. I. a). c. = I eat and drink.
Ηo	And <sup>11</sup> it came to pass, that, <sup>o</sup> as they went, they were cleansed. 	and in Matt. 25. 30, where the rea	llso. not needed, no use for. son may be for having
	<b>17.</b> 11-19 (E, p. 1461 $E   F^1   11-13   F^2   14-19$ <b>11</b> it came to pass. A Hebraism. as F to = unto. Gr. <i>eis.</i> Ap. 104. vi. the m Ap. 169. <b>12</b> entered=was about to enter.	<ul> <li>JOURNEY. (Division.)</li> <li>The Ten Lepers.</li> <li>Their healing.</li> <li>Ie went=as He was on (Gr. en. idst of: i.e. between them. ten. Cp. 2 Kings 7. 3, and note</li> </ul>	Ap. 104. viii) His way. Galilee. See on Ex. 4. 6. men.
	100 paces. 13 Jesus. See Ap. 98. X. Ma 17. 14-19 (F <sup>2</sup> , above). THE HEALING OF F <sup>2</sup>   G   14 Com	THE TEN LEPERS. (Introversi	nercy = compassion.
	$ \begin{array}{c c}                                    $	15, 16. Return of one. Cleansing. 18. Return of the one. nand. "Arise, Go."	
	14 as they went = in (Ap. 104. viii) their going.		

ſ

1	7	1	5

р <b>д. р. 29</b>	15 And one <sup>7</sup> of them, when he saw that he was healed, turned back, and ° with a loud voice glorified °God, 16 And fell down ° on <i>his</i> face ° at His feet, giving Him thanks : and $\mathfrak{h} t$ was a ° Samaritan.	<b>15</b> with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1. God. Ap. 98. L i. 1. <b>16</b> on. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. at = beside. Gr. para. Ap. 104. xii. 3. Samaritan. See 2 Kings 17. 29-35. Cp. 10. 33. <b>17</b> Were there not?= Were not (Gr. ouchi. Ap.
Ηo	17 And <sup>13</sup> Jesus answering said, <sup>o</sup> "Were there not ten cleansed? <sup>o</sup> but where <i>are</i> the nine?	105. I. a.) the ten cleansed? but the nine, where [are they]?
р	18 °There are $^{9}$ not found that returned to give glory to $^{15}$ God, save this °stranger."	<b>18</b> There are not = Were there not? stranger = alien. Gr. <i>allogenēs</i> = of another race. Occurs only here, but frequently in the Sept. Used by
G	19 And He said unto him, "Arise, go thy way: thy faith hath made thee whole."	the Romans in the Inscription discovered by Clermont- Ganneau in 1871 (now in the Imperial New Museum in Constantinople). It was put up on the marble bar-
D	20 And $^{\circ}$ when He was demanded $^{\circ}$ of $^{\circ}$ the Pharisees, when $^{\circ}$ the kingdom of God $^{\circ}$ should come,	riers of the inner courts of the Temple to warn off Gentiles. See Deissmann's <i>Light</i> , pp. 74, 75. Cp. Acts 21. 28.
СЈq	He answered them and said, $^{\circ}$ " The kingdom of God cometh $^{9}$ not $^{15}$ with $^{\circ}$ observation :	<b>17.</b> -20-24 (C, p. 1461). THE KINGDOM NIGH. (Extended Alternation.)
r	<b>21</b> Neither shall they say, ° · Lo, here!' or, ° · lo there!'	C       J       q       -20. It comes not by hostile watching. (Neg.)         r       21 Nor by saying, "Lo here !" &c. (Neg.)         s       -21. Reason. It is here among you. (Pos.)
8	for, °behold, 20 the kingdom of God is "within ° you."	$J \mid q \mid 22. It shall not be seen by unhostile desiring.(Neg.)r \mid 23. Nor by saying, "See here", &c. (Neg.)$
$\boldsymbol{J} q$	22 And He said <sup>1</sup> unto <sup>°</sup> the disciples, "The days will come, when ye shall desire to see <sup>°</sup> one of the days of <sup>°</sup> the Son of man, and ye shall <sup>9</sup> not see <i>it</i> .	20 when He was demanded=having been asked. of=by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. the Pharisees. Who were watching Him with
<b>r</b>	23 And they shall say to you, °'See here;' or, °'see there:' °go °not after <i>them</i> , ° nor fol- low <i>them</i> .	hostile intent (6. 7; 14. 1; 20. 20. Mark 3. 2). the kingdom of God. See Ap. 114. should come = is coming. observation = hostile watching. Gr. paratērēsis.
S	24 For as the lightning, that ° lighteneth °out of the one <i>part</i> ° under ° heaven, shineth ° unto the other <i>part</i> ° under ° heaven; so shall ° also <sup>22</sup> the Son of man be <sup>6</sup> in ° His day.	<ul> <li>Occurs only here. The verb paratèreo is used always in a bad sense; and occurs only in Acts 9. 24, and Gal.</li> <li>4. 10 (observe), beside the four passages quoted above.</li> <li>21 Lo. Gr. idou. Ap. 133. I. 2.</li> <li>behold. Fig. Asterismos (Ap. 6), for emphasis. Ap. 133.</li> </ul>
BN	25 But °first must He suffer many things, and be °rejected ° of ° this generation.	I. 2. within = in the midst of, or, among : i. e. already there in the Person of the King (whose presence marks a
окм	26 And as it ° was ° in ° the days of ° Noe, so shall it be °also °in the days of <sup>22</sup> the Son of man. 27 They did eat, ° they drank, they married wives, they were given in marriage, until the day that <sup>26</sup> Noe entered <sup>2</sup> into the ark, and the flood came, and destroyed them all. 28 Likewise °also as it <sup>26</sup> was ° in ° the days of Lot; <sup>27</sup> they did eat, they drank, they bought, they sold, they planted, they builded;	<ul> <li>kingdom). Gr. entos, the same meaning as Gr. en (Ap. 104. viii), with the plural rendered "among" 115 times in N.T. The same meaning as in Matt. 12. 28. John 1. 26.</li> <li>you = you yourselves. His bitter enemies. Therefore not in their hearts; but the very opposite.</li> <li>22 the disciples. Note the change. one of the days, &amp;c. Such as they were then seeing, i. e. have another opportunity. the Son of man. See Ap. 98. XVI.</li> <li>23 See. Same as "Lo" in v. 21.</li> </ul>
	Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. under. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. x unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. also the Son of in the Apocalypse. <b>25</b> first must He suf 31-33, and the Structure on p. 1461. rejected	go not=go not forth. not. Gr. $m\bar{e}$ . Ap. 105. II. Gr. astraptō. Occurs only here and in 24. 4. out of. eviii 2. heaven. Sing. without Art. Cp. Matt. 6. 9, 10. man = the Son of man also. His day. Described fer. Cp. the four announcements: 9. 22, 44; 17. 25; 18. d. This was the subject of the <i>third</i> period of the Lord's c. apo. Ap. 104. iv. Not the same word as in vv. 7, 15, 20 ote on Matt. 11. 16.
		INSTRUCTED AS TO THE PAST. (Introversion.)
	L 18. 15-27. Disciple	g of the King. Sudden. nip. Character. Two Parables. ship. Character. Two Examples. ds of the King. Manifold.
	K   M   26-29. Suc N   30. The M   31-33. Suc N   34. The	ddenne <b>ss</b> . Direction. ht night.
	<b>Noe</b> =Noah. also in the days=in the days $=$ in the days	b). Note the Fig. Asyndeton in this verse (Ap. 6), to em- the days of Lot. See Gen. 19. 15-26. Isa. 13. 19.

	17. 29. LU	KE.	<b>18.</b> 9.
a.d. 29 N	<b>29</b> But the same day that Lot went out ° of Sodom it rained fire and brimstone ° from ${}^{24}$ heaven, and ° destroyed <i>them</i> all. <b>30</b> °Even thus shall it be in the day when ${}^{22}$ the Son of man is ° revealed.	<ul> <li>29 of=from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv.</li> <li>from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv.</li> <li>destroyed. Gr. apollumi. Cp. 4. 34. &amp;c.</li> <li>30 Even thus=according to (Gr. kata. Ap.</li> <li>these things; or, according to the Texts, the sam</li> <li>revealed. Gr. apokaluptō.</li> </ul>	
М	01 6To that does be orthigh shall be Queen the	<ul> <li>31 upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 1.</li> <li>housetop. Cp. 12. s; 5. 19.</li> <li>stuff=vessels, or goods. Cp. Matt. 12. 2</li> <li>"stuff" is from Low Latin stupa and O. Fr. e</li> <li>let him not, &amp;c. This was repeated later</li> <li>Mount of Olives (Matt. 24. 17-20. Mark 13. 14- come down. By the staircase outside.</li> <li>back. Gr. eis ta opisō. To the things behind</li> <li>32 Remember, &amp;c. Fig. Exemplum. See Ge</li> <li>and Ap. 117. I.</li> </ul>	estoffe. con the -16). d.
N	34 I tell you, in that night there shall be ° two men ° in one bed; the one shall be taken, ° and the ° other shall be left. 35 Two women shall be ° grinding ° together; the one shall be taken, and the <sup>34</sup> other left. 36 ° Two men shall be <sup>6</sup> in the field; the one shall be taken, and the <sup>34</sup> other left." 37 And they answered and said unto Him, ° "Where, ° Lord?" And He said unto them, ° "Wheresoever the ° body <i>is</i> , thither will the ° eagles be gathered together."	<ul> <li>33 life. Gr. psuchē. See Ap. 110. III. 1. his life = it. preserve it = preserve it alive. Gr. zōogoneō. only here and in Acts 7. 19. Repeated from Matt. 10. 39. Mark 8. 35.</li> <li>34 two men : i.e. two persons. in = upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 1. and. The 1611 edition of the A.V. omitted thi other. Gr. heteros. Ap. 124. 2.</li> <li>35 grinding, &amp;c. Referring to the morning together (Gr. epi to auto) = to the same (er Matt. 22. 34. Acts 14. 1 (kata to auto).</li> <li>36 Two, &amp;c. The texts omit this verse.</li> </ul>	9. 24, 25. (s ''and". g. ad). Cp.
ΓO	18 And He spake °a parable unto them "to this end, that men ought °always to °pray, and °not °to faint;	<ul> <li>37 Where, Lord ? The question repeated</li> <li>24. 28, as well as the answer.</li> <li>Lord. Ap. 98. vi. i. a. 3. A.</li> <li>Wheresoever, &amp;c. Fig. Paramia. Ap. 6.</li> </ul>	III maoo,
P t	<b>2</b> Saying, "There was °in a city a judge, which feared <sup>1</sup> not °God, °neither °regarded °man:	body = carcass. eagles = vultures. See Job 39. 30. Cp. Hab. 1. 8. 1. Rev. 19. 17-21.	8. Hos.
u	3 And there was °a widow <sup>2</sup> in that city; and she °came °unto him, saying, °'Avenge me °of mine adversary.'	<b>18.</b> 1-14 (L, p. 1486). DISCIPLESHIP. RACTER, ETC. TWO PARABLES. ( <i>Extended Alternation.</i> )	
t	4 And he °would °not for a while: but °after- ward he said °within himself, 'Though I fear °not <sup>2</sup> God, nor <sup>2</sup> regard <sup>2</sup> man;	$\begin{bmatrix} P & t &   & 2. \\ u &   & 3. \\ t &   & 4. \\ \end{bmatrix}$ The unjust judge. Big: $\begin{bmatrix} t &   & 4. \\ t &   & 4. \\ t &   & 4. \\ \end{bmatrix}$	yer. hteous lication.
u	5 Yet °because this widow troubleth me, I will <sup>3</sup> avenge her, lest by her °continual coming she °weary me.'"	$u \mid s$ . The widow. Redress.) Q $s$ -8. Application <i>re</i> the King O $s$ . Second Parable. Self- and true rights	
Q	6 And the Lord said, "Hear what °the unjust judge saith. 7 °And shall °not 2God 3avenge His own °elect, which cry day and night 3 unto Him, though °He bear long °with them? 8 I tell you that °He will 3avenge them speedily. Nevertheless when °the Son of man cometh, shall He find °faith °on °the earth?"	<ul> <li>w   11, 12. Pharisee. Justification.</li> <li>w   13. Publican.</li> <li>Q   14. Application re Kingdom.</li> <li>1 a parable. Both parables peculiar to Luk here that the explanation is put first.</li> <li>to this end, &amp;c. Gr. pros (Ap. 104. xv. 3) to the purport that it is necessary, &amp;c.</li> </ul>	e. Only dein=to
0	9 And He spake this parable <sup>3</sup> unto <sup>°</sup> certain which trusted <sup>°</sup> in themselves that they were righteous, and <sup>°</sup> despised <sup>°</sup> others:	not. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II.	
	Avenge me = Do me justice from. Gr. ekdikeö. O of=from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. <b>4</b> would not afterward = after (Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 2) these thim Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 2. continual. Gr. eis telou under the eye. Gr. hupōpiazō. Occurs only here ami judge of injustice. Gr. adikia. Ap. 128. VII. 1. Gr. ou mē. Ap. 105. III. elect: i.e. His own pec delayed from selfish indifference. The righteous Go over. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 2. Not the same word at the avenging (Gr. ekdikēsis. Cp. v. 5) of. Cp. Ps. 9 Ap. 98. XVI. faith=the faith. or	man. Gr. anthrôpos. Ap. 123. 1. 3 a see Ex. 22. 22. Deut. 10. 18. Cp. Isa. 1. 17, 23. 1 ng, or repeatedly came. unto. Gr. pros. Ap. 1 cc. here, v. 5. Rom. 12. 19. 2 Cor. 10. 6. Rev. 6. = did not wish to. Ap. 102. 1. not. Gr. ou. A ags. within = to. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. 5 to s = to the end. weary me= pester, lit. give m d in 1 Cor. 9. 27 ("buffet"). 6 the unjust jud 7 And shall not God = And God, shall He not. ople. He bear long = He delayeth. The unjus dmay delay from a divinely all-wise purpose. as in vv. 11, 27. 8 He will avenge = He will	b. 105. II. widow. Mal. 3. 5. 04. xv. 3. 10; 19. 2. p. 105. I. pecause. te a blow lge = the not. st judge with= perform of man. Gr. gž.

	<b>18.</b> 10.	LUKE.	<b>18.</b> 25.
Pv A.D. 29	10 "Two men ° went up ° into the temple <sup>1</sup> pray;	to 10 went up. It was always "up" to the ' Mount Moriah. Cp. "went down" (v. 14). into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.	Temple on
W V	the one a °Pharisee, and the °other a °public 11 The <sup>10</sup> Pharisee °stood ° and <sup>1</sup> prayed °tl °with himself, <sup>2</sup> · God, I thank Thee, that I <sup>4</sup> not as °other <sup>2</sup> men <i>are</i> , °extortioners, °unju adulterers, or even as this <sup>10</sup> publican. 12 I fast °twice in the week, I give tithes ° all that I ° possess.'	an. Pharisee. See Ap. 120. II. other. The different one. Gr. heteros. Appublican. See note on Matt. 5. 46. 11 stood=took his stand, or took up his phimself). and prayed=and began to pray.	-
w	13 And the <sup>10</sup> publican, <sup>°</sup> standing <sup>°</sup> afar <sup>4</sup> would <sup>°</sup> not lift up so much as <i>his</i> eyes <sup>°</sup> u <sup>°</sup> heaven, but <sup>°</sup> smote <sup>°</sup> upon his breast, sayi <sup>2</sup> God <sup>°</sup> be merciful to me <sup>°</sup> a sinner.'	nto ng, one in the year (Lev. 16. 29. Num. 29. 7) time of Zech. 8. 19 there were <i>four</i> yearly	). By the fasts, Ir
Q	14 I tell you, this man <sup>10</sup> went down °to house °justified ° <i>rather</i> than °the other: ° every one that exalteth himself shall be abas and he that humbleth himself shall be exalted	for tween the Feast of Tabernacles and the Dedi ed; all. The law only prescribed corn, wind cattle (Deut. 14. 22, 23. Cp. Matt. 23. 23).	; and be ication. e, oil, and
L R x	15 °And they brought unto Him ° also ° infar that He would ° touch them :	13 standing: i.e. in a position of humility	
У	but when <i>His</i> disciples °saw <i>it</i> , they rebut them.	<b>notso much</b> as = not even. Gr. $ou$ (Ap. 1) unto, Gr. $eis$ . Ap. 104. vi.	-
x Y	16 But ° Jesus called them <i>unto Him</i> , and said, "Suffer ° little children to come <sup>s</sup> u Me, and forbid them <sup>1</sup> not: for of such is ° kingdom of <sup>2</sup> God.		to smite
S	17 °Verily I say unto you, Whosoever sl <sup>1</sup> not receive <sup>16</sup> the kingdom of <sup>2</sup> God as a <sup>16</sup> li child shall ° in no wise enter ° therein."	be merciful = be propitiated or reconciled the atoping blood sprinkled on the mercy-	seat). Gr 5. Heb. 2
R	<ul> <li>18 °And a certain °ruler asked Him, sayi "Good °Master, what shall I do to inh °eternal °life?"</li> <li>19 And <sup>16</sup> Jesus said unto him, °" Why call thou Me good? none <i>is</i> good, save one, <i>that</i> <sup>2</sup> God.</li> <li>20 Thou °knowest the commandments, <b>'not commit adultery, Do</b> 'not kill, Do ' steal, Do 'not bear false witness, Honour father and thy mother."</li> <li>21 And he said, °" All these have I kept fn my youth up."</li> <li>22 Now when <sup>16</sup> Jesus heard these things, said unto him, °" Yet lackest, thou one this sell all °that thou hast, and distribute unto ° poor, and thou shalt have treasure °heaven: and °come, follow Me."</li> <li>23 And when he heard this, °he was v sorrowful: for he was °very rich.</li> <li>24 And when <sup>16</sup> Jesus °saw that <sup>28</sup> he v very sorrowful, He said, "How °hardly °si they that have riches enter <sup>10</sup> into <sup>16</sup> the ki dom of <sup>2</sup>God!</li> <li>25 For it is easier for a °camel to go ° throw a needle's eye, than for a rich man to en <sup>10</sup> into <sup>16</sup> the kingdom of <sup>2</sup> God."</li> </ul>	erit a sinner the sinner (cp. 1 11m. 1, 16). C tolos. Cp. Ap. 128. II. 3. 14 to = unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. justified. Reckoned as righteous. rather than. The texts read "compared para. Ap. 104. xii. 2. the other = that one. for, &c. Repeated from 14. 11. Cp. Hab. 2 18. 15-27 (L, p. 1486). DISCIPLESHIF RACTER. TWO EXAMPLES. (Attern L   R   15, 16. Infants brought. S   24-27. Application. 18. 15, 16 (R, above). INFANTS BRO (Alternation.) R   x   16 Infants called. y   -16. Rebuke. x   16 Infants called. y   -16. Approbation. 15 And they brought, &c. As in Matti and Mark 10. 13-16. A common custom for to bring their babes for a Rabbi's blessing. also infants = their babes. See Ap. 108. viii. touch. Supplemental in Luke.	with ". Gr 2. 4. P. CHA- nation.) DUGHT.
	note on Matt. 5. 18. in no wise. Gr. ou me. a, &c. As in Matt. 19. 16-30. Mark 10. 17-31. Mark. Master=Teacher. Ap. 98. XIV. v. Ap. 170. 1. 19 Why, &c. See note on 21 All these. See note on Matt. 19. 20. that=whatsoever. the poor. Ap. 127. See note on Matt. 6. 9, 10. come=come	<ul> <li>Ap. 105. III. therein = into (Ap. 104. vi) it. ruler. Supplemental. Not so described in M. 1. eternal. See Ap. 151. II. B. i. life Matt. 19. 17. 20 knowest. Gr. oida. A. 22 Yet lackest, &amp;c. = Still one thing is lacking the hither. 23 he was = he became. Cp. M. on Jesus saw that he was = Jesus seeing (Ap. 135 shall they = do they. 25 camel. S</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Gr. zōē</li> <li>p. 132. I. i</li> <li>ng to thee</li> <li>Art. Sing.</li> <li>[ark 10. 22]</li> <li>J. I. 1) him</li> </ul>

	<b>18.</b> 26. LU	KE.	<b>18.</b> 40.
<b>▲.D.</b> 29	26 And they that heard <i>it</i> said, "Who then °can be saved?" 27 And He said, "The things which are °im- possible ° with <sup>2</sup> men are °possible ° with <sup>2</sup> God."	<b>26</b> can = is able to. <b>27</b> impossible, &c. See note on Matt with. Gr. para. Ap. 104. xii. 2. possible. Cp. Job 42. 2. Jer. 32. 17.	
K a	28 Then Peter said, ° "Lo, we ° have left ° all, and followed Thee." 29 And He said unto them, <sup>17</sup> "Verily I say unto you, There is no man that hath left house, ° or parents, ° or brethren, ° or wife, ° or children,	<b>18.</b> 28-30 (K, p. 1486). THE REWALKINGDOM. (Alternation.)         K       a   28, 29 All forsaken.         b   -29. For the kingdom's sake.       a   30 More received.         b   -30. In the coming age.	
b	for <sup>16</sup> the kingdom of <sup>2</sup> God's sake,	<b>28</b> Lo. Gr. <i>idou</i> . Ap. 133. I. 2. Fig. Ast	crismos. Ap. 6.
a	30 Who shall <sup>7</sup> not receive <sup>°</sup> manifold more <sup>2</sup> in <sup>°</sup> this present time,	have left = left. all. The critical texts read "our own particular case (5. 11). Cp. Deut. 28. 8-1	n", marking a
Ъ	and <sup>2</sup> in °the ° world to come <sup>8</sup> life ° everlasting."	29 or. Note the Fig. Paradiastolē (A	
A L	31° Then He took unto him the twelve, and said <sup>3</sup> unto them, <sup>°</sup> " Behold, we go up <sup>14</sup> to Jeru- salem, and all things that <sup>°</sup> are written <sup>°</sup> by the prophets <sup>°</sup> concerning <sup>8</sup> the Son of man shall be accomplished. 32 For He shall <sup>°</sup> be delivered unto the Gen- tiles, and shall be mocked, and spitefully en- treated, and spitted on: 33 And they shall scourge <i>Him</i> , and put Him to death: and the third day He shall <sup>°</sup> rise again." 34 And they <sup>°</sup> understood <sup>°</sup> none of these things: and thid <sup>°</sup> saying was hid <sup>°</sup> from them, <sup>°</sup> neither	<ul> <li>phasis.</li> <li>30 manifold more. Gr. pollaplasion.</li> <li>this present time = this very season.</li> <li>the world to come = the age that is co world = age. See Ap. 129. 2.</li> <li>everlasting. Ap. 151. II. B. ii.</li> <li>31 Then, &amp;c. For vv. 31-34, cp. Matt.</li> <li>Mark 10. 32-34. The fourth announcem jection (see the Structure G A, p. 146 additional particulars.</li> <li>Then=And. No note of time.</li> <li>Behold. Fig. Asterismos (Ap. 6). Same v. 28.</li> <li>are written = have been and stand writby = by means of, or through. Gr. dia.</li> </ul>	ming. 20. 17–19, and ent of His re- 1), containing word as " Lo", tten.
MТ	knew they the things which were spoken. 35 °And it came to pass, that °as He was come nigh <sup>18</sup> unto Jericho, °a certain blind	concerning=for: i.e. for Him to accor 32 be delivered, &c. These particula are supplementary to the former three an See the Structure (p. 1461).	rs (in vv. 32, 33)
U	man <sup>°</sup> sat <sup>°</sup> by the way side <sup>°</sup> begging: 36 And hearing the multitude pass by, <sup>°</sup> he asked what it meant. 37 And they told him, that <sup>16</sup> Jesus <sup>°</sup> of Naza- reth <sup>°</sup> passeth by.	33 rise again. Ap. 178. I. 1. 34 understood none, &c. As in 9. 43- 9. 32. none=nothing. C saying. Gr. <i>rhēma</i> . See note on Mark from. Gr. <i>apo</i> . Ap. 104. iv.	Fr. oudeis. ( 9. 32.
τw	38 And he° cried, saying, <sup>16</sup> "Jesus, <i>Thou</i> ° Son of David, have ° mercy on me."	neither knew they=and they did n know (Ap. 132. I. ii).	
x	39 And they which $^{\circ}$ went before rebuked him, that he should hold his peace :	<b>18. 35–43</b> ( <i>M</i> , p. 1461). MTRACLE. MAN. ( <i>Alternation.</i> ) <i>M</i>   T   36. The blind man. Sitting.	THE BLIND
W	but he $^{\circ}$ cried so much the more, " <i>Thou</i> <sup>38</sup> Son of David, have <sup>38</sup> mercy on me."	U   $3\epsilon$ , $37$ . The multitudes. Reply T   $38-43-$ . The blind man. Healed. U   $-43$ . The multitude. Praising	~ .
YX	40 And <sup>16</sup> Jesus ° stood, and ° commanded him ° to be ° brought <sup>3</sup> unto Him: and when he was ° come near, He ° asked him,	35 And it came to pass, &c. Not the	same miracle See Ap. 152. Ap. 104. viii)
	(Matt. 20. so). Gr. prosaiteo. Occ. only here. I in 16. 3. <b>36</b> he asked = he kept asking (In	ing. So Bartimæus (Mark 10. 46); but no	t the two men ead <i>epaiteō</i> , as
	T   W   38. The blir X   39–. Mul W   -39. The bli X   40–43. Mu	titude. Rebuke him. nd man. Cry increased. altitude. Ignored.	
	mercy = pity. <b>39</b> went before rebuked.	Ap. 98. XVIII. Cp. the call of the other : Those who go before the Lord (instead of alling (Imp.). Not the same word as in v.	following) are
	<b>18. 40-43</b> - (X, above). MULTITUDE IG	NORED. BLIND MAN HEALED. (Alte	rnation.)
		d's Command and Question. d man. Answer. Word. l man. Healed.	
	40 stood=stopped. commandedk "called" (Mark 10.49). The two were called by H Gr. agō pros. Used by Luke also in 4.40; 19.35. near. The one in Mark 10.50. The two were alr Cp. Ap. 134. I. 8.	He uses prosagō in 9. 41. Acts 16. 20; 27.	rought unto.

**18.** 41.

## LUKE.

<b>A.D.</b> 29	41 Saying, "What $^{\circ}$ wilt thou that I shall do unto thee?"	<b>41</b> wilt = desirest. See Ap. 102. 1. Lord. See Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 3. B. a.
Z	And he said, ""Lord, that I may receive my sight."	42 saved = healed. See on 8. 36. 43 immediately. See 1. 64.
Y	42 And <sup>16</sup> Jesus said unto him, "Receive thy sight: thy faith hath <sup>°</sup> saved thee."	<b>19.</b> 1–22. 38 (F, p. 1427). THE FOURTH PERIOD OF THE LORD'S MINISTRY. THE REJECTION OF THE KINGDOM. (Repeated Alternation.)
Z	43 And $^{\circ}$ immediately he received his sight, and followed Him, glorifying <sup>2</sup> God:	F       A <sup>1</sup> 19. 1. Place. Jericho to Jerusalem.         B <sup>1</sup> 19. 2-10. Event. Calling of Zacchæus.         A <sup>2</sup> 19. 11. Place. Approaching Jerusalem.
U	and all the people, when they $^{15}$ saw <i>it</i> , gave praise unto $^{2}$ God.	<ul> <li>B<sup>2</sup>   19.12-27. Event. Parable.</li> <li>A<sup>3</sup>   19.28,29 Place. Ascending to Jerusalem.</li> <li>B<sup>3</sup>   1929-35. Event. Mission of the Two.</li> <li>A<sup>4</sup>   19.36,37 Place. Descending to Jerusalem.</li> </ul>
<b>F</b> A <sup>1</sup>	19 °And Jesus °entered and passed through 'Jericho.	B <sup>4</sup> 1937-44.         Events.         Progress, &c.           A <sup>5</sup> 19. 45         Place.         Jerusalem.         The Temple.
B <sup>1</sup> c	2 And, °behold, there was a °man °named °Zacchæus, which was the °chief among the publicans, and he was rich. 3 And he °sought to °see °Jesus °who He was; and could °not ° for the °press, ° because he was °little of °stature. 4 And °he ran before, and climbed up °into a °sycomore tree to 3 see Him: for He °was to pass that way.	<ul> <li>B<sup>5</sup>   1945, 46. Event. Cleansing of the Temple.</li> <li>A<sup>6</sup>   19. 47 Place. Temple. Teaching.</li> <li>B<sup>6</sup>   1947, 48. Event. Conspiracy.</li> <li>A<sup>7</sup>   20. 1 Place. Temple.</li> <li>B<sup>7</sup>   201-47. Event. Confutation of Enemies.</li> <li>A<sup>8</sup>   21. 1 Place. Temple. Treasury.</li> <li>B<sup>8</sup>   211-4. Event. The poor widow.</li> <li>A<sup>9</sup>   21. 5 Place. Temple. Remaining in.</li> <li>B<sup>9</sup>   215-36. Event. Prophetic Discourse.</li> <li>A<sup>10</sup>   21. 37, 38. Place. Temple and Abode.</li> <li>B<sup>10</sup>   22. 1-38. Event. The Last Passover.</li> </ul>
d	5 And when <sup>3</sup> Jesus came <sup>°</sup> to the place, <sup>°</sup> He looked up, and <sup>3</sup> saw him, and said <sup>°</sup> unto him, <sup>°</sup> "Zacchæus, make haste, and come down; for to day <sup>°</sup> I must abide <sup>°</sup> at thy house." 6 And he made haste, and came down, and received Him joyfully.	<ol> <li>And, &amp;c. Verses 1-10 are peculiar to Luke. entered, &amp;c. = having enteredwas passing through. After the healing of the blind man. Cp. "come nigh" (18.35).</li> <li>Jericho. Now Erika. In mediæval times Rika. The city of palm trees (Deut. 34. 3. Judg. 1. 16), about eighteen miles from Jerusalem, and six miles from the</li> </ol>
Θ	7 And when they $3 \sec it$ , they $\mathfrak{a}[1^\circ murmured, saying, That He was gone \circ to be guest \circ with \circ a 2 \max that is a \circ sinner.$	Jordan. Cp. Josh. 6. 26 with 1 Kings 16. 34. It after- ward became a great and wealthy city with some 100,000 inhabitants (cp. Josephus, <i>Bell. Jud.</i> iv. 8. Ecclus. 24. 14).
c	8 °And <sup>2</sup> Zacchæus °stood, and said <sup>5</sup> unto the Lord; <sup>2</sup> " Behold, °Lord, the half of my goods °I give to the °poor; and °if °I have taken any thing from any man by false accusa- tion, I restore him °fourfold."	<b>19.</b> 2-10 (B <sup>1</sup> , above). EVENT. CALLING OF ZACCH.EUS. (Extended Alternation.)         B <sup>1</sup> c   2-4. Zacchæus. Expectation. d   5, 6. The Lord. Detection. e   7. Enemies. Objection.
đ	9 And <sup>3</sup> Jesus said <sup>5</sup> unto him, <sup>°</sup> " This day is salvation <sup>°</sup> come to this <sup>°</sup> house,	c   s. Zacchæus. Protestation. d   9 The Lord. Declaration. e   -9, 10. Enemies. Vindication.
е	for somuch as he also is $\circ$ a $\circ$ son of Abraham. 10 For $\circ$ the Son of man $\circ$ is come to seek and to save that which was lost."	<ul> <li>2 behold. Ap. 133. i. 2. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. man. Gr. anēr. Ap.123.2. named = called by name. Zacchæus. Aramaic, Zakkai = pure. Ezra 2. 9. Neh.</li> <li>7. 14. Ap. 94. III. 3. chief among the publicans = a chief tax-gatherer.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>see. Ap. 133. I. 1. Jesus. Ap. 98. X. words the crowd he was. not. Gr. on. Ap. 105.</li> <li>because = seeing that. Not the same word as in ords on 12. 25. 4 he ran before, and = he (Ap. 104. ix. 3). sycomore. Occ. only here.</li> <li>"sycamore", but the Egyptian fig, as in John 1. 49. (or through. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 1) that [way]. up = Jesus looked up. Gr. anablepö. Ap. 133. III. 1 Cp. John 10. 3. I must abide. Adopting the the same word as in ov. 29, 37. 7 murmur lodge, or put up. Cp. 2. 7. Mark 14. 14. a sinner=a sinful man. sinner. Gr. has stood = took his stand. See note on 18. 11. propose to give (present tense). Referring to a present Assuming the actual fact, no doubt being thrown ontaken by false accusation. Gr. sukophantee informing of a breach of the law which forbade the old Athenian law); but for this there is no authon accuser. Our Eng. word "sycophant" means a tog had something to do with figs, but nobody knows vofa sheep-stealer (Ex. 22. 1). 9 This day=T guotation marks. Contrast 23. 43, where there is row of a sheep stealer (Ex. 22. 1). Ap. 6, for the house is proposed to the law word is the steader in the steader in the steader is the steader in the system of the law word is the steader in the steader informing the actual fact, no body knows vofa sheep steader (Ex. 22. 1). 9 This day=T is by Fig. Metonymy (of Subject), Ap. 6, for the house is the steader in the steader is the steader is the steader is the steader in the steader is the steader in the</li></ul>	2 and Matt. 9. 9.3 sought = was (busy) seeking.ho He was. Not what kind of a person, but which oneI.for. $apo.$ Ap. 104. iv.press=crowd.v. 11-, 44.little=small.stature. Gr. $h\bar{c}likia.$ aving run forward before, he.into=on to. Gr. $epi$ Not the same word as "sycamine" in 17. 6, or with our.was to pass, &c.=was about to pass through by5 to=upto.Gr. $epi.$ Ap. 104. ix. 3.He looked.unto. Gr. $pros.$ Ap. 104. ix. 3.Je orgal mandate.at=in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. Notred = began to murmur aloud.to be guest=towith. Gr. para.Ap. 104. xii. 2.a man that ismartolos.Cp. Ap. 128. I. i. ii. 1. 2.B And=But.Lord.Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 3. A. a.I give: i.e. I nowtvow, not to a past habit.poor. Ap. 127. 1.of, dc.for phile (prohibited, in time of dearth, by anrity.Whatever its origin, it came to mean a maliciousady.The word sukophantēs (sūkon, a fig; phaino, to show)what.fourfold.hat this day, the Gr. hoti placing what was said withinoutfold.a son.hat this day, the Gr. hoti placing what was said withinoutfold.a son.a son.The 1611 edition of the A.V. readsmecdochē (of Genus), Ap. 6, for a descendant.10 the

	<b>19.</b> 11. LU	KE.	<b>19.</b> 21.
A² a.d. 29	11 And as they heard these things, He °added and spake a parable, ° because He was nigh to Jerusalem, and because they thought ° that ° the kingdom of God ° should ° immediately ° appear.	11 added and spake=went on to speak. because=on account of (Gr. dia. Ap. 104. fact] that. Not the same word as in v. 44. that. Gr. hoti, same as "because" in vv. 3, the kingdom of God. See Ap. 114	
B <sup>2</sup> C F	12 He said therefore, °"A certain °nobleman went °into a °far country	the kingdom of God. See Ap. 114. should = was about to. immediately = at the very moment. See 1	. 64.
G		appear = be manifested. Ap. 106. I. ii.	
DН	13 And he called °his ten °servants, and delivered them ten °pounds,	<b>19. 12–27</b> (B <sup>2</sup> , p. 1490). EVENT. PAI (THE NOBLEMAN.) (Extended Alterna B <sup>2</sup>   C   F   12–. Nobleman. Departure.	
J	and said <sup>5</sup> unto them, ° · Occupy ° till I come.'	G   -12. His object purposed. D   H   13 Servants. Commis	sioned.
ЕК	14 But his °citizens ° hated him,	$\begin{bmatrix} J & -13. & \text{Their duty.} \\ E & K & 14 & \text{Citizens.} \end{bmatrix}$	Hatrod
$\mathbf{L}$	and sent °a message after him, saying, 'We ° will 3 not have this man to reign ° over us.'	$C \mid F \mid 15$ Nobleman. Return.	
C F	15 And $^{\rm o}it$ came to pass, that $^{\rm o}when$ he was returned,	$G \mid -15$ His object attained. $D \mid H \mid -15$ . Servants. Summo	
G	having received the <sup>12</sup> kingdom,	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	
DH	then he ° commanded these servants to be called	$L \mid -27$ . Their ex	recution.
	unto him, to whom he had given the money, that he might °know how much every man °had gained by trading.	<b>12</b> A certain nobleman. This parable to Luke. The point of it was that Herod and his son Archelaus (Ap. 109) had actually	the Great gone from
$J \ \mathbb{M}^1$	16 Then came the first, saying, °. Lord, thy <sup>13</sup> pound °hath gained ten <sup>13</sup> pounds.'	Jericho (where the parable was spoken; a the latter had just rebuilt his palace. Jose $xvii. 13. \S 1$ to Rome to receive the sover	phus, Ant.
N1	<sup>17</sup> And he said unto him, Well, thou good <sup>13</sup> servant: <sup>3</sup> because thou hast been faithful <sup>o</sup> in a very little, <sup>o</sup> have thou <sup>o</sup> authority over ten <sup>o</sup> cities. <sup>3</sup>	Josephus, Ant. xiv. 14. § 3, 4; xvii. 9. § 4). H pas (Ap. 109) subsequently did the same thing Ant. xviii. 7. § 2). nobleman = a ma(Ap. 123. 1) high born. ( Elsewhere only in Acta 17. 11. 1 Cor. 1 sc	(Josephus,
M²	18 And the second came, saying, <sup>16</sup> Lord, thy <sup>13</sup> pound hath ° gained five <sup>13</sup> pounds.'	Elsewhere only in Acts 17. 11. 1 Cor. 1. 26. into=unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. As in not in $vv. 4$ , 23. far = d	istant.
$\mathbb{N}^2$	19 And he said ° likewise to him, ° Be thou also over five 17 cities.'	a kingdom = his sovereignty, or sovereign 13 his ten servants = ten servants of his. servants = bond-servants.	power.
M3	20 And °another came, saying, <sup>16</sup> · Lord, <sup>2</sup> be- hold, here is thy <sup>13</sup> pound, which I °have kept laid up <sup>17</sup> in a °napkin :	pounds. Gr. mna. See Ap. 51. II. 4 (2). did thus actually leave money in trust with ants, Philippus being in charge of his pecunic Not the same parable as that of the Talents i	h his serv- ary affairs.
N³ f	21 For I feared thee, <sup>3</sup> because thou art an <sup>o</sup> austere <sup>o</sup> man: <sup>o</sup> thou takest up that thou layedst <sup>3</sup> not down, and reapest that thou didst <sup>3</sup> not sow.'	14-30, which was uttered later, on the second the last Passover. See Ap. 156. V. Occupy = Engage in business, or use (a where one's business is done). From the I pare, and French occuper. Gr. pragmateuo only here. Cp. Judg. 16. 11. Ps. 107. 23 (P.	day before s a house Latin occu- mai. Occ.
		14 citizens, or subjects.hated=uslly done in the case of Archelaus (Josephus, $A$ at of the cruelties of Archelaus and the Herods $12.1.$ over.Gr. $epi$ .Ap. 104. viii) his coming back.commutation	ed to hate. nt. xvii. 11. generally. 15 it came manded=
		RECKONING. (Repeated Alternation.)	
	N <sup>1</sup>   17. Commo M <sup>2</sup>   18. Second Ser N <sup>2</sup>   19. Rewar M <sup>3</sup>   20. Another Se		
		le. 19 likewise to him = to this one also.	helaus had n to which Be=
		E AND PUNISHMENT. (Alternation.)	
	f   24, 25. The	'he nobleman's retort. e servant's punishment.	
	$ g ^{26}$ . The <b>21 austere.</b> Gr. <i>austēros</i> = dry, then hard and han Ap. 123. 1. thou takest up, &c. Typical in		a <b>nthrō</b> pos.

	19. 22. LU	KE. 19. 39.
g a.d. 29	22 And he saith unto him, °'Out of thine own mouth will I judge thee, thou °wicked <sup>13</sup> servant. °Thou °knewest that 3 was an <sup>21</sup> austere <sup>21</sup> man, taking up that I laid <sup>3</sup> not down, and reaping that I did <sup>3</sup> not sow: 23 Wherefore then gavest <sup>3</sup> not thou my money 'into the °bank, that at my coming 3 might have required mine own °with °usury?'	<ul> <li>22 Out of. Gk. ek. Ap. 104. vii.</li> <li>wicked. Gr. poneros. Ap. 128. III. 1.</li> <li>Thou knewest. Or, Didst thou know, &amp;c.?</li> <li>knewest. Gr. oida. Ap. 132. I. i.</li> <li>23 bank=table, of the exchangers.</li> <li>with. Gr. sun. Ap. 104. xvi. usury=interest.</li> <li>24 Take from him, &amp;c. Cp. Matt. 21. 43.</li> <li>from=away from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv.</li> <li>26 For I say, &amp;c. This is the Lord's own applica-</li> </ul>
ſ	24 And he said unto them that stood by, $^{\circ}$ Take $^{\circ}$ from him the $^{13}$ pound, and give <i>it</i> to him that hath ten $^{13}$ pounds.' 25 (And they said unto him, $^{16}$ Lord, he hath ten $^{13}$ pounds.')	tion. not. Gr. mā. Ap. 105. II. <b>27</b> But=But as for. would not=were unwilling. Ap. 102. 1. slay them=cut them down. Gr. katasphazō. Occ. only here.
g	26 ° For I say unto you, That unto every one which hath shall be given; and $^{24}$ from him that hath ° not, even that he hath shall be taken away $^{24}$ from him.	<ul> <li>28 went before = went on.</li> <li>ascending. See note on 10. 30, 31.</li> <li>to = unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.</li> <li>29 And, &amp;c. This is the second entry, which was not unexpected as the former was (Matt. 21. 1, &amp;c.),</li> </ul>
EK	27 ° But those mine enemies, which ° would <sup>26</sup> not that I should reign <sup>14</sup> over them,	but pre-arranged (John 12, 12, 13). See Ap. 153 and 156. Bethphage. See note on Matt. 21. 1.
L	bring hither, and ° slay them before me.'"	Bethany. Now el 'Azeriyek = The place of Lazarus. See Ap. 156. Bethany was the starting-point of this
A <sup>3</sup>	28 And when He had thus spoken, He °went before, °ascending up °to Jerusalem. 29 °And <sup>15</sup> it came to pass, when He was come nigh <sup>28</sup> to °Bethphage and °Bethany, ° at the mount called <i>the mount</i> of Olives,	<ul> <li>second entry. See John 12.1, 12; Mark 11. 1, whereas in Matt. 21. 1 the Lord was at Bethphage. See note there.</li> <li><b>1929-35</b> (B<sup>3</sup>, p. 1490). EVENT. MISSION OF THE TWO DISCIPLES.</li> </ul>
<b>B<sup>\$</sup> O</b> P	°He sent two of His disciples,	(Extended Alternation and Introversion.)
Q	30 Saying, °"Go ye <sup>12</sup> into the village ° over against you; <sup>17</sup> in the which at your entering	$\begin{bmatrix} B^3 &   & P \\   & -29. \end{bmatrix}$ Two disciples sent. $\begin{bmatrix} Q &   & 30 \end{bmatrix}$ Ye shall find. $\begin{bmatrix} R &   & -30 \end{bmatrix}$ Loose him.
R	ye shall find a °colt tied, ° whereon yet never $^{21}$ man sat :	S   T   -30. And bring him. U   h   31-, If any object. i   -31. "The Lord hath
ST	loose him, and bring him hither.	need", &c.
Uh	31 And °if °any man ask you, 'Why do ye loose him?' thus shall ye say unto him,	$\left \begin{array}{c c} O & P & 32 \text{ Two disciples go.} \\ Q & -32. \text{ They find as was said.} \\ R & 33 \text{ They loose the colt.} \end{array}\right $
i	<sup>3</sup> 'Because 'the Lord hath need of him.'"	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c }\hline S & U & h & -33. \\ \hline & i & 34. \\ \hline & & \text{The Lord hath} \end{array}$
0 P	32 And they that were sent went their way,	need", &c.
Q	and found even as He had said unto them.	7   35. They bring him. -29 He sent two. As before (Matt. 21. 1).
R	33 And as they were loosing the colt,	<b>30</b> Go = Withdraw. Not go forward, as in Matt. 21. 2. over against. Gr. katenanti, down and opposite.
SUh	° the owners thereof said <sup>5</sup> unto them, "Why loose ye the <sup>30</sup> colt?"	colt. On the former entry, two animals were sent for. Luke is not "less circumstantial", but more so.
i	34 And they said, <sup>31</sup> "The Lord hath need of him."	where $on = on$ (Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3) which. <b>31</b> if, &c. The condition probable. Ap. 118. 1. b. any man = any one.
T	35 And they ° brought him ° to $s$ Jesus: and they cast ° their garments ° upon the colt, and they ° set $s$ Jesus thereon.	the Lord. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 2. A. a. <b>33</b> the owners. Gr. <i>kurioi</i> . See Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 4. A. <b>35</b> brought = led. to. Gr. <i>pros.</i> Ap. 104. xv. 3.
A4	36 And as He went, they ° spread their clothes <sup>17</sup> in the way. 37 And when He was come nigh, even now ° at ° the ° descent of the mount of Olives,	their = their own. upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. set. Gr. epibibazō. Only here, 10. 34, and Acts 23. 24. <b>36</b> spread = were strewing under. Gr. hupoströn- numi. Occ. only here.
<b>B4 V</b> 1	the whole multitude of the disciples began to rejoice and praise °God with a loud voice ° for all the ° mighty works that they had <sup>s</sup> seen ; 38 °Saying, "Blessed be the King That cometh <sup>17</sup> in °the name of °the LORD: peace <sup>17</sup> in ° heaven, and glory <sup>17</sup> in the highest."	<ul> <li>37 at=to. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 2.</li> <li>the descent. The second sight of the city after the first, owing to a dip in the route.</li> <li>descent. Gr. katabasis. Occ. only here.</li> <li>1937-44 (B<sup>4</sup>, p. 1490). EVENTS. PROGRESS. (Division.)</li> </ul>
₹2	39 And some of the °Pharisees ° from among the multitude said <sup>5</sup> unto Him, ° " Master, re- buke Thy disciples."	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
	<b>38 Saying,</b> &c. Quoted from Ps. 118. 26. Jehovah. See Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 1. A. a. he <b>39 Pharisees</b> . Ap. 120 II. 1. from among = fi	the name. See note on Ps. 20. 1. the LORD = aven. Sing. without Art. See note on Matt. 6. 9, 10.

**19**. 40.

20. 2.

<b>▲. D.</b> 29	40 And He answered and said unto them, "I tell you that, <sup>31</sup> if these should hold their peace, the stones would immediately cry out."	<b>19.</b> 41-44 (V <sup>3</sup> , p. 1492). JERUSALEM. COM- MISERATION. ( <i>Introversion.</i> ) V <sup>3</sup>   j   41, 42 "If thou hadst known".	
V³ j	41 And when He was °come near, He °beheld the city, and °wept °over it, 42 °Saying, °" If thou °hadst <sup>15</sup> known, even thou, at least <sup>17</sup> in this thy °day,	k   -42 Jerusalem's day of grace.         1   -42. Consequence. Now hidden.         k   43, 44 Jerusalem's day of recompense.         j   -44. "Thou knewest not".         41 come near. Marking the progress.	
k	the things ° which belong unto thy peace!	beheldard=looking on. Ap. 133. I. 1. wept=wept aloud. Gr. klaio=to wail. Not dakruo	
1	but now they are hid <sup>24</sup> from thine eyes.	= to shed silent tears, as in John 11. 35. over. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 2.	
k	43 For °the days shall come <sup>35</sup> upon thee, that thine enemies shall cast a °trench about thee, and compass thee round, and keep thee in on every side, 44 And shall °lay thee even with the ground, and thy °children °within thee; and they shall not leave <sup>17</sup> in thee °one stone upon another;	42 Saying, &c. Peculiar to Luke. If thou, &c. Assuming it as an actual fact. Ap. 118. 2. a. Not the same as in vv. 8, 31, 40. hadst known. Put by Fig. Metonymy (of Cause), Ap. 6, for heeding. See note on Isa. 1. 3. day. Put by Fig. Metonymy (of Adjunct), Ap. 6, for the events taking place in it. which belong unto = for (Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3) thy peace. For these see Isa. 48. 18 and Ps. 122. Note	
j	° because thou $^{15}$ knewest <sup>s</sup> not the <sup>°</sup> time of thy <sup>°</sup> visitation."	the Fig. Aposiopēsis (Ap. 6), denoting that the blessed- ness involved in this knowledge was overwhelmed by	
A5	45 And He went <sup>12</sup> into °the temple,	the thought of the tribulation which was to come on account of their ignorance of it.	
B₂	and began °to cast out them that sold °therein, and them that bought; 46 Saying unto them, °"It is written, 'My house is the house of prayer: but ye have made it °a ° den of °thieves.'"	43 the days = days. trench = rampart. Gr. charax. Occurs only here. Cp. Isa. 29. 3, 4; 37. 33. 44 lay = level (and dash). Cp. Sept., Ps. 137. 9. Hos. 10. 14. children. Ap. 108. i. within. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. $mathbf{within}$ and $mathbf{$	
$\mathbf{A}^{6}$	47 And He °taught °daily in 45 the temple.	one stone, &c. = stone upon (Gr. epi. Ap.104. ix. 2) stone. becausa = the reason for (anti. Ap. 104. ii) which things	
$\mathbb{B}^6$	But the °chief priests and the scribes and the chief of the people sought to destroy Him, 48 And could <sup>3</sup> not find what they might do: for all the people were °very attentive to hear Him.	[is that]. time-season. visitation. As stated in 1. 68 and 78. <b>45</b> the temple = the temple courts. Gr. hieron. See Matt. 23. 16. to cast out, &c. This is a repetition of the Lord's act in Matt. 21. 12, but the same as in Mark 11. 15, which has supplementary details. See Ap. 156.	
A7	20 And °it came to pass, <i>that</i> °on one of °those days, as He °taught the people °in °the temple, and °preached the gospel,	therein = in (Gr. en). <b>46</b> It is written=It standeth written. Quoted from Isa. 56. 7 and Jer. 7. 11. See Ap. 107. II. 4. a den of thieves=a robbers' cave.	
B <sup>7</sup> WX <sup>1</sup> m <sup>1</sup>	the chief priests and the scribes °came upon Him ° with the elders, 2 And spake °unto Him, saying, "Tell us, °by °wbat °authority doest Thou these things?	den = cave. Gr. spēlaion. Occ. six times : here; Matt. 21. 13. Mark 11. 17. John 11. 38 (cave), Heb. 11. 38, and Rev. 6. 15. thieves=robbers, or brigands. As in John 10. 1, 8; 18. 40 and 2 Cor 11. 26, and should be so rendered in	
	Image: Matt. 21. 13; 26. 55; 27. 38, 44, &c. Not kleptēs = a         thief.       47 taught = was (or continued) teaching.         daily = day by day : i.e. on each of these last         six days.       Cp. 20. 1. See Ap. 156.         chief priests = high priests.       48 very attentive to hear         Him = hanging on Him, listening.		
	<b>20.</b> 1 it came to pass. A Hebraism. See note on 2.1. on. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. those days. Those last six days. See Ap. 156. taught=was teaching. in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. the temple=the temple courts. See note on Matt. 23. 16. preached the gorpel=announced the glad tidings. Gr. euaggelizõ. Ap. 121. 4. Almost peculiar to Luke and Paul. Luke uses it twenty-five times and Paul twenty-four.		
	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	EVENTS. CONFUTATION. (Introversions.) emies. First attack. Authority. Parable against them. nemies. Second attack. Tribute money. nemies. Third attack. Resurrection. Dilemma for them. nemies. Disciples warned against them.	
	X <sup>1</sup>   m <sup>1</sup>   -1,2. Enemies. G n <sup>1</sup>   3,4. The Lord m <sup>2</sup>   5,6. Enemies. R n <sup>2</sup>   7. The Lord's m <sup>3</sup>   8. Enemies. Ans	Question unanswered. swer declined.	
	-1 came upon. Implying suddenness and hostility. See Acts 4.1; 6.12; 23.27. Cp. Mark 11.27. with Gr. sun. Ap. 104. xvi. Not as in v. 5. 2 unto. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. by. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. what=what kind of; i.e. as Priest, Scribe, Prophet, Rabbi or what? authority Gr. exousia. Ap. 172. 5. v. 2 in religious matters; v. 22 in civil matters; v. 33 in domestic matters.		

**20.** 2.

а.д. 29	or Who is He that gave Thee this °authority?"	3 3 will also = I also will. thing: or question. Gr. logos=word. See note on Mark 9. 32. 4 baptism. Ap. 115. II, i, 2.
n¹	3 And He answered and said <sup>2</sup> unto them, "3 will also ask you one °thing; and answer Me: 4 The °baptism of John, was it ° from ° heaven, or °of ° men?"	<ul> <li>Mark 9. 32.</li> <li>from. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii.</li> <li>heaven. Sing. See note on Matt. 6. 9, 10.</li> <li>of=from, as above. men. Gr. anthrōpos. Ap. 123. 1.</li> <li>5 reasoned. Gr. sullogizomai. Occurs only here.</li> <li>It implies close deliberation with one another.</li> </ul>
m²	5 And they °reasoned ° with themselves, say- ing, ° "If we shall say, ''From 'heaven;' He will say, 'Why then ° believed ye Him °not?' 6 But and <sup>6</sup> if we say, ''Of 'men;' all the people ° will stone us: for °they be persuaded that John was a prophet."	<ul> <li>with=among. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3.</li> <li>If, &amp;c. Expresses a contingency. Ap. 118. 1. b. believed. Ap. 150. I. 1. ii.</li> <li>not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. As in vv. 26, 38; not as in v. 7.</li> <li>6 will stone us = will stone us to death. Gr. kata-lithazō. Occurs only here.</li> <li>they be persuaded = it [the people] has been firmly</li> </ul>
n²	7 And they answered, that they $^{\circ}$ could not tell whence <i>it was</i> .	convinced. Implying long settled conviction. Gr. peithō. Ap. 150. I. 2. 7 could not tell=did not know. Ap. 132. I. i.
m <sup>3</sup>	8 And ° Jesus said unto them, ° " Neither tell $\Im$ you <sup>2</sup> by <sup>2</sup> what <sup>2</sup> authority I do these things."	not. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II. 8 Jesus. Ap. 98. X. Neither. Gr. oude.
Y 01	9 °Then began He to speak °to °the people this parable; "A certain $4$ man planted a °vine- yard, and °let it forth to °husbandmen, and °went into a °far country for a long time.	<ul> <li>20. 9-18 (Y, p. 1493). PARABLE AGAINST ENEMIES. (Repeated Alternation.)</li> <li>Y 0<sup>1</sup> 9. Proprietor of Vineyard. Action. p<sup>1</sup> 10-15 Husbandmen. Conduct.</li> </ul>
p <sup>1</sup>	<ul> <li>10 And °at the season he sent a °servant °to the husbandmen, that they should give him °of the fruit of the °vineyard: but the husbandmen ° beat him, and sent him away empty.</li> <li>11 And °again he sent °another <sup>10</sup> servant: and they <sup>10</sup> beat him also, and entreated him shamefully, and sent him away empty.</li> <li>12 And <sup>11</sup>again he sent °a third: and they °wounded him also, and °cast him out.</li> <li>13 Then said °the lord of the vineyard, ° What shall I do? I will send my °beloved son: °it may be they will °reverence him when they °see him.'</li> <li>14 But when the husbandmen <sup>13</sup>saw him, they °reasoned °among themselves, saying, 'This is the heir: come, let us kill him, that the inheritance may °be ours.'</li> <li>15 So they cast him °out of the vineyard, and killed him.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>o<sup>2</sup>   -16. Proprietor of Vineyard. Question. p<sup>2</sup>   16. Husbandmen. Destruction. o<sup>3</sup>   17, 18. Proprietor (the Lord). Application.</li> <li><b>9</b> Then began, &amp;c. See Matt. 21. 34, 46 and Mark 12. 1-12. See notes there. to. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. the people. But still in the hearing of the rulers. vineyard. See Isa. 5. 1-7. Jer. 2. 21. Ezek. 15. 1-6. let it forth. See note on Matt. 21. 33. husbandmen: i. e. Israel. went far country = left the country. See note on Matt. 21. 33.</li> <li>10 at. Gr. en; but all the texts omit. servant = bond-servant. of = from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. beat. This is supplementary, not contradictory to Matthew and Mark.</li> <li>11 again he sent = he sent yet. Gr. "added to send". A Hebraism (19. 11. Acts 12. 3. Cp. Gen. 4. 2). another = a different. Gr. heteros. Ap. 124. 2.</li> <li>12 a. The 1611 edition of the A.V. reads "the".</li> </ul>
0 <sup>2</sup>	What therefore shall <sup>13</sup> the lord of the vine- yard do unto them?	wounded. Gr. traumatizo. Occurs only here and Acts 19, 16. Cp. 10, 34. cast him out. See 13. 33, 34 and Neh. 9. 26. 1 Kings
$\mathbf{p_s}$	16 °He shall come and destroy these hus- bandmen, and shall give the vineyard to °others." And when they heard <i>it</i> , °they said, °"God forbid."	22. 24-27, 2 Chron. 24. 19-22. Acts 7. 52. 1 Thess. 2. 16. Heb. 11. 36, 37. 13 the lord. Gr. ho Kurios. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 4. A. What shall I do ? Cp. Gen. 1. 26; 6. 7. beloved. Gr. agapētos. Ap. 135. III.
03	17 And He <sup>°</sup> beheld them, and said, "What is this then that <sup>°</sup> is written, <sup>°</sup> The stone which the builders rejected, the same is <sup>°</sup> become the head of the corner '? 18 Whosoever shall fall upon that stone shall be <sup>°</sup> broken; but on whomsoever it shall fall, it will <sup>°</sup> grind him to powder."	it may be =surely. Gr. isos. Occurs only here; and only once in O.T. where it is Sept. for Heb. 'ak (1 Sam. 25. 21). reverence. See note on Matt. 21. 37. see. Ap. 133. I. i. 14 reasoned. Not the same word as in v. s. among. Same as "with" (v. 5). be = become. 15 out of = outside. Cp. Heb. 13. 12, 13. John 19. 27. 16 He shall come = [Some answered] he, &c. Cp. Matt. 21. 41.
X <sup>2</sup> q <sup>1</sup>	19 °And the chief priests and the scribes ° the same hour sought to lay hands ° on Him; and they feared the people: for they ° perceived that He had spoken this parable ° against them.	others = others (of the same kind); i.e. a new Israel, not a different Gentile nation, which would be heteros. Ap. 124. 2. they said: i.e. others who heard it said. God forbid = May it never be! Gr. mē genoito. Heb. chalilah = the opposite of "Amen" (Gen. 44. 7, 17. Josh.
	in Romans. See Ap. 143. Ap. 104. vi. <b>17</b> beheld=looked fixedly. Gr. er <b>The stone</b> , &c. Quoted from Ps. 1 <b>18</b> broken=broken to pieces.	
	<b>20. 19-26</b> [For S	tructure see next page].
	<b>19</b> And, &c. Cp. Matt. 22. 15-22. Mark 12. 13-17. See Ap. 156. on. Gr. <i>epi</i> . Ap. 104. ix. 3. Not the same as in v. 23. against. Gr. <i>pros</i> .	the same = in (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) the same. perceived = got to know. Gr. ginōskō. Ap. 132. I. ii.

	<b>20.</b> 20. LU	KE. 20. 37.
a.d. 29	20 And they ° watched $Him$ , and sent forth ° spies, which should ° feign themselves ° just men, that they might take hold of His ° words, ° that so they might deliver Him unto the ° power and <sup>2</sup> authority of ° the governor.	<b>20. 19-26</b> (X <sup>2</sup> , p. 1493). ENEMIES. SECOND ATTACK. TRIBUTE MONEY. ( <i>Repeated Alternation.</i> ) $X^2   q^1   19, 20$ . Conspiracy made. $r^1   21, 22$ . Their question. $q^2   23$ . Conspiracy perceived. $r^2   24$ . The Lord's question.
r <sup>1</sup>	21 And they °asked Him, saying, °"Master, °we know that Thou sayest and teachest rightly, °neither °acceptest Thou the person of any, but teachest the way of °God °truly: 22 Is it lawful for us to give °tribute unto Cæsar, or °no?"	q <sup>3</sup> 25, 26. Conspiracy silenced. <b>20</b> watched. See on 17. 20. Cp. 6. 7; 14. 1; Mark 3. 2. spies=secret agents. Gr. enkathetos=liers in wait. Josh. 8. 14. Job 31. 9. Occurs only here in N.T. feign. Gr. hupokrinomai. Ap. 122. 9. Occurs only here in N.T.
$d_{3}$	23 But He ° perceived their ° craftiness, and said $^2$ unto them, "Why tempt ye Me?	just = righteous : i. e., here, honest. words=discourse. Gr. pl. of <i>logos</i> . See note on Mark 9. 32.
r²	24 °Shew me a °penny. °Whose image and superscription hath it?" They answered and said, "Cæsar's."	that so=to (Gr. eis. Ap. 101. vi) the end that. power=rule. The Roman power. Gr. archē. Ap. 172. 6. the governor. Pilate. He alone had the rule as to life and death. So that it was the Lord's life they had
đ <sub>2</sub>	25 And He said unto them, "Render there- fore unto Cæsar the things which be Cæsar's, and unto <sup>21</sup> God the things which be <sup>21</sup> God's." 26 And they could <sup>5</sup> not take hold of His <sup>°</sup> words before the people: and they marvelled <sup>°</sup> at His answer, and held their peace.	God. Gr. theos. Ap. 98. I. i. 1.
W X3 A	27 ° Then came to <i>Him</i> certain of the ° Sad- ducees, which ° deny that there is any ° resur- rection; and <sup>20</sup> they <sup>21</sup> asked Him,	truly = with (Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 1) truth. 22 tribute. Gr. phoros = anything brought. Here the poll-tax, which was disputed by scrupulous legal- ists. Only here, 23. 2, and Rom. 13. 6, 7.
B s	28 Saying, <sup>21</sup> "Master, °Moses °wrote unto us, <sup>5</sup> If any man's brother die, having a wife, and he die °without children, that his brother should take his wife, and °raise up seed unto his brother.	no. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. 23 perceived = discerned. Gr. katanoeō. Not the same word as in v. 19. craftiness=cunning. Gr. panourgia. Used only by Luke (here), and Paul (1 Cor. 3. 19. 2 Cor. 4. 2; 11. 3. Eph. 4. 14).
t	29 There were therefore seven brethren: and the first took a wife, and died without <sup>12</sup> children. 30 And the second took her to wife, and be died <sup>28</sup> childless. 31 And the third took her; and in like manner the seven also: and they left <sup>22</sup> no °children, and died.	<ul> <li>24 Shew = Exhibit. Not the same word as in v. 37. penny. Gr. denarius. Ap. 51. I. 4. Whose image, &amp;c.? See note on Matt. 22. 20.</li> <li>26 words. Gr. rhēma. See note on Mark 9. 32.</li> <li>at. Gr. epi. Ap. 194. ix. 2.</li> <li>20. 27-40 (X<sup>3</sup>, p. 1493). ENEMIES. THIRD ATTACK. RESURRECTION.</li> </ul>
u	32 Last of all ° the woman died also. 33 Therefore <sup>1</sup> in the <sup>27</sup> resurrection whose wife of them ° is she? for seven had her ° to wife.''	t   29-31. Hypothetical case.
Bs t	34 And <sup>8</sup> Jesus answering said unto them, "The <sup>°</sup> children of this <sup>°</sup> world marry, and <sup>°</sup> are given in marriage: 35 But they which shall be accounted worthy to <sup>°</sup> obtain that <sup>34</sup> world, and the <sup>27</sup> resurrection <sup>4</sup> from <sup>°</sup> the dead, neither marry, nor <sup>34</sup> are given in marriage: 36 <sup>°</sup> Neither can they die any more: for they are <sup>°</sup> equal unto the angels; and are the <sup>34</sup> chil- dren of <sup>21</sup> God, being the <sup>34</sup> children of the <sup>27</sup> resurrection.	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
u	37 ° Now that ° the dead are ° raised, even ° Moses ° shewed ° at the bush, when he calleth ° the LORD the <sup>21</sup> God of Abraham, ° and the <sup>21</sup> God of Isaac, ° and the <sup>21</sup> God of Jacob.	<b>33</b> is=becomes. to wife=as wife.
	are raised Gr. egeirō. Ap. 178. I. 4. Mon question (v. 28). shewed=disclosed. Gr. Occurs only here, John II. 57. Acts 23, 30. 1 Cor. Ap. 104. ix. 1). Referring to one of the Sections Ezek. 1, "the Chariot". Cp. Rom. 11. 2, "Elijah". Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 1. B. b. and. Note the	and v. 35. <b>35</b> obtain = attain to. the dead = urrection. No Art. See Ap. 139. 3. <b>36</b> Neither, &c. = or deaths. 1 Cor. 15. 52. Rev. 21. 4. equal unto the <b>7</b> Now = But. the dead = corpses. See Ap. 139. 1. ses shewed. Moses cited because his testimony was in $m\ddot{c}nu\ddot{o}$ , originally to disclose something before unknown. 10. 28. at the bush = [in the Scripture] on (Gr. epi. known by that name. See on 2 Sam. 1. 18, "the Bow";

	20. 38.	LUKE. 21. 5
<b>a. d.</b> 29	<b>38</b> For He is <sup>5</sup> not a <sup>21</sup> God of °the dead, 1 of °the living : for all °live ° unto Him."	the living=living [people].
A	<b>39</b> Then certain of the scribes answers said, <sup>21</sup> "Master, Thou hast well said." <b>40</b> And after that they durst °not ask H any question at all.	im ("by them"; 2 Cor. 12. 20, "by you"; Rom. 10. 20, "o (=by) them"; 2 Pet. 3. 14, "of (=by) Him"; 1 Tim. 3. 16 "of (=by) angels".
Υv	41 ° And He said <sup>2</sup> unto them, "How s they that ° Christ is ° David's son?	
w	42 And °David himself saith <sup>1</sup> in °the bo of Psalms, °'The LORD said unto my °Lo 'Sit Thou °on My right hand, 43 Till I °make Thine enemies °Thy fo stool."	rd, $Y   v   41$ . The Lord's question. "How?" w   42.43. The Scripture.
w	44 °David therefore calleth Him °Lord,	41 And He said, &c. Cp. Matt. 22. 41-46, and
v	how is He then his son?"	Mark 12. 35-37. Christ = the Messiah. Ap. 98. IX.
X4	45 Then ° in the audience of all the people said unto His disciples, 46° "Beware <sup>10</sup> of the scribes, which ° desired walk <sup>1</sup> in long robes, and love ° greetings the markets, and ° the highest seats <sup>1</sup> in to ° synagogues, and the ° chief rooms ° at feas 47 Which ° devour widows' houses, and a ° shew make long prayers: the same shareceive greater ° damnation."	<ul> <li>David's son. See Ap. 98. XVIII.</li> <li>42 David himself saith, &amp;c. Considering that the Lord spoke only what the Father gave Him to speak (Deut. 18. 18, 19. John 7. 16; 8. 28; 12. 49; 14. 10, 24</li> <li>17. 8, 14), it is perilously near blasphemy for a modern critic to say: "nothing can be more mischievous or more irreverent than to drag in the name of our Lord support a particular view of Biblical criticism." The Lord's name is not "dragged in". It is He Who declares in the name of Jehoval that "David himself wrote these words "in the book of the second second</li></ul>
A٩	21 °And He °looked up,	Psalms". It is the denial of this that must "undermine faith in Christ".
B <sup>8</sup> C x	and °saw the rich men casting th gifts °into °the treasury.	eir the book, &c. Quoted from Ps. 110. 1. The LORD = Jehovah. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 1. A. a.
У	2 And He saw °also a certain °poor wid casting in thither two °mites.	$\begin{array}{c c} \text{Lord} = \text{Heb. Adonai. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 2. A. a.} \\ \text{on. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii.} \\ \textbf{43} \text{ make} = \text{set.} \end{array}$
D	3 And He said, "Of a truth I say unto you, the this poor widow hath cast in °more than they a	
<b>C</b> x	4 For all these have °of their abundance c in °unto the °offerings of °God :	
у	but the "of her "penury hath cast in all " "living that she had."	<b>46</b> Beware = Beware [and keep] from, &c.
<b>A</b> <sup>9</sup>	5 And as some spake ° of ° the temple,	desire. Gr. thelo. Ap. 102. 1. greetings = salutations. Cp. 11. 43. See note on
<b>B</b> <sup>9</sup> E	how it was adorned with goodly stones a °gifts, He said,	nd Matt. 23. 7. the highest = first, front, or chief. synagogues. Ap. 120. I.
	at = in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. 47 devou judgment, or condemnation. Ap. 177. 6. Cp. 1	chief rooms = best seats, or couches. See 14. 7. $\mathbf{r}$ = swallow up. $\mathbf{shew}$ = pretext. $\mathbf{damnation}$ =0. 14.
	$B^{8} \begin{bmatrix} C & x &   & -1, \\ y &   & 2, \\ B \end{bmatrix}$ 1 And He looked up, &c. The Lord was st not the same as that spoken later on the Moun back and speaks of what shall happen "before a Ap. 133. I. 1. saw. Gr. eidon. Ap. 133. I. 1. on Matt. 24. 1 and Mark 12. 41. Cp. John 8. 20. poor. Gr. penichros=one who works for daily I. 8. 3 more. As a matter of proportion. as in v. 1. offerings=gifts. Put by Fig. God. See Ap. 98. I. i. 1. penury=lack, $B^{9} \begin{bmatrix} E &   & -5. \text{ Remark } 0 \\ F &   & 6. \text{ The Lon} \\ F &   & 6. \text{ The Lon} \\ F &   & 8-36. \text{ The } 0 \end{bmatrix}$	Poor widow. } Herracts. s. Declaration of the Lord. Rich men. A. Poor widow. } His words. Il in the Temple, showing that this prophetic discourse in t of Olives. They are similar to v. 11, when the Lord goe ll these things ". See Ap. 155. looked up. Gr. anablepi into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. the treasury. See not 2 also a certain poor widow = a certain poor widow also bread. Occurs only here. mites. Gr. lepta. See Ap. 51 4 of = out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. unto. Gr. eis Metonymy (of Adjunct), Ap. 6, for the chest containing them or want. living=livelihood. Gr. bios. Ap. 170. 2. T. PROPHETIC DISCOURSE. (Alternation.) of some, re Temple. d's answer. Its destruction. some. "When?", "What Sign?" Lord's answer.
	dedicated gifts. Gr. pl. of anathēma. Occurs	

	<b>21.</b> 6. LU	IKE.	<b>21.</b> 21.
F <b>A. D. 2</b> 9	6 "As for these things which ye ° behold, the days will come, ° in the which there shall not be left ° one stone upon another, that shall ° not be thrown down."	in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii.	Gr. <i>epi</i> . Ap. Ap. 105. I,
E	7 And °they asked Him, saying, °"Master, but °when shall these things be? and °what °sign <i>will there be</i> when these things °shall come to pass?"	Apostles. See Ap. 155. Master=Teacher. See Ap. 98. XIV. v. 1 when what? Note the two question the three on the later occasion. See Ap.	ns here, and 155.
<b>F</b> G	8 °And He said, °" Take heed that ye be ° not ° deceived: ° for many shall come °in My name, saying, '3 am <i>Christ</i> ,' and the °time ° draweth near: go ye ° not therefore after them.		ake place?
H J <sup>1</sup> K <sup>1</sup>	9 But when ye shall hear of wars and ° com- motions, ° be <sup>8</sup> not terrified :	H   9-28. Prophecy. H   29-33. Illustration (Fig-tree).	
$\Gamma_{I}$	for these things must ° first come to pass; but ° the end is ° not ° by and by."	<ul> <li>  G   34-36. Warning.</li> <li>8 And He said, &amp;c. See Ap. 155.</li> <li>Take heed. Gr. blepö. Ap. 133. I. 5.</li> </ul>	
<b>J</b> <sup>2</sup> K <sup>2</sup>	10 °Then said He unto them, °" Nation shall rise °against nation, and kingdom °against kingdom: 11 And great earthquakes shall be °in divers places, and °famines, and pestilences; and °fearful sights and great °signs shall there be °from °heaven.	not. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II. deceived == misled. for many, &c. This was speedily fulfi the first sign as to "when" (v. 7). Cp. "the last hour."	
$\Gamma_s$	out. for. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. a t Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. meditate. Cp. 12. <b>15</b> a mouth and wisdom. Note the Fig. Hend put by Fig. Metonymy (of Adjunct), Ap. 6, for whs to gainsay, &c. See Acts 4. 14; 6. 10. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. and. Note the Fig. Poly Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vi. <b>17</b> of = by. Gr. Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 2. <b>18</b> not = by no m Matt. 10. 30. <b>19</b> patience = patient endu only here, and 18. 12. Matt. 10. 9. Acts 1. 18; 8. 110. III. 2. <b>20</b> Jerusalem. This is vine p of this in Matthew or Mark. See Ap. 155. get to know. Ap. 132. I. ii. is nigh = has fields. thereinto=into (Gr. eis. Ap. 104.	<b>21.</b> 9-28 (H, above). PROPHE (Repeated Alternation.) H $\begin{bmatrix} J^1 \\ J^1 \\ I^2 \end{bmatrix}$ [8-, The first things. $I^2 \end{bmatrix}$ [-9, Time. End not yet (t $J^2 \end{bmatrix}$ [X <sup>2</sup> ] 10, 11. The last things. Tribu $L^2 \end{bmatrix}$ 12-24. Time. Before these I $J^3 \end{bmatrix}$ [X <sup>3</sup> ] 25-27. The last things. Great I (Details of vv. 10, 11.) $I^3 \end{bmatrix}$ 28. Time. Israel's redemp 9 commotions=unrest. Occurs only 1 Cor, 14. 33. 2 Cor. 6. 5; 12. 20. Jas. 3. 16. be not terrified = be not scared. Gr. pu only here and 24. 37. first. See the Structure K <sup>1</sup> , above. the end. Gr. to telos. Not the suntleis 24. 3 and 14. by and by=immediately. As in Matti yet", Mark 13. 7. Cp. 17. 7. Matt. 14. 31. See Ap. 155. 10 Then said He, &c. Matt. 24. 7, 8. Nation, &c. Quoted from Isa. 19. 2. against. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. 11 in divers. Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 2. famines, and pestilences. Gr. limoi kat Paronomasia (Ap. 6), for emphasis, like E and deaths". fearful sights=things that fill with fea phobëtron. Occurs only here, but in Sepi In medical language = objects imagined by signs. Gr. sēmeion. Ap. 176. 3. from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. heaven. Sing. No Art. See note on M ere, instead of continuing, as in Matt. 5 Ap. 104. xiv. on=upon. Gr. epi. A up to. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. 13 betimony. Cp. Phil. 1. 28. 2 Thess. 1. 5. 11. Matt. 10, 19, 20. answer. Cp iadys (Ap. 6)=a mouth, yea, a wise mouth. t is spoken by it. Cp. Ex. 4. 11, 12. Jer. 1. 16 betrayed = delivered up. bymdeton (Ap. 6), for emphasis. of=1 hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. for=on eans. Gf. ou mē. Ap. 105. III. hap. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. drawn near. 21 it=her.	hen). hlation. ast (vv. 10, 11). Tribulation. tion nigh. here, and toeō. Occurs a. Cp. Matt. 24. 6, "not Mark 6. 25. Mark 13. s. <i>i loimoi.</i> Fig. ng. "dearths r. Gr. pl. of t. Isa. 19. 17. 7 the sick. Matt. 6. 9, 10. 24. 8, 9, and .p. 104. ix. 3. turn = turn 14 in. . 1 Pet. 3. 15. Mouth, too, s. Isa. 6. 7. . Gr. hupo. from among. account of. tir, &c. Cp. ess. Occurs = lives. Ap.

The Companion Bible

	<b>21.</b> 22. LU	<b>KE. 21.</b> 34.
A.D. 29	<ul> <li>22 For these be the days of °vengeance, that °all things which °are written may be °fulfilled.</li> <li>28 But woe unto them that are with child, and to them that give suck, <sup>6</sup> in those days! for there shall be great distress °in the °land, and °wrath °upon this people.</li> <li>24 °And they shall fall by the °edge of the sword, °and shall be °led away captive <sup>1</sup> into all nations: °and Jerusalem shall be °trodden down <sup>17</sup> of the °Gentiles, °until °the times of the °Gentiles be <sup>22</sup>fulfilled.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>22 vengeance. Quoted from Hos. 9. 7. See Dan. 9.</li> <li>26, 27; and Josephus, Bell. Jud. v. 10.</li> <li>all things which are written. These and no more nor less. As in Acts 3. 21.</li> <li>are written = have been, and stand written.</li> <li>fulfilled. As in v. 24. Not the same word as in v. 32.</li> <li>23 in = upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 1.</li> <li>land. Gr. gē. Ap. 129. 4.</li> <li>wrath. See 1 Thess. 2. 16.</li> <li>upon = among. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. But all the texts read "to".</li> <li>24 And. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton (Ap. 6), for emphasis. edge=mouth (Gen. 34. 26 m.).</li> </ul>
J <sup>s</sup> K <sup>s</sup> a	25 ° And there shall be signs 6 in the sun, ° and in the moon, and in the stars; and ° upon the ° earth distress of nations, ° with perplexity; ° the sea and the waves roaring;	led away captive. Josephus speaks of 1,100,000 slain and 97,000 taken away to Egyptian mines and elsewhere ( <i>Bell. 1ud.</i> vi. 9). trodden down. Not the future tense of the verb ( $pate\bar{o}$ ), but the future of the verb "to be", with the
b	26 °Men's hearts ° failing them ° for fear, and for °looking after those things which are coming on the °earth:	Pass. Part. of $pate\bar{o} = shall$ be and remain trodden down, in a way that it had never been before. The reference is to the Mohammedan possession since A. D. 636 in succession to the "fourth" or Roman possession. See note on Dan. 2. 40.
ь	for °the powers of °heaven °shall be shaken.	Gentiles=nations, as in preceding clause.
a	27 And then shall they <sup>°</sup> see <sup>°</sup> the Son of man coming <sup>°</sup> in a cloud <sup>°</sup> with power and great glory.	until, &c. So that a day is coming when the nations will cease to tread it down, and it will be possessed by its rightful owner—Israel. the times: i.e. the times of the Gentile possession of
$\mathbf{L}^{\mathbf{s}}$	28 And when these things begin to come to pass, then °look up, and lift up your heads; ° for your °redemption draweth nigh."	Jerusalem. <b>21. 25-27</b> (K <sup>3</sup> , p. 1497). THE LAST THINGS. (Introversion.)
ΗM	29 And He spake to them a parable; ""Be- hold the fig tree, and all the trees;	K <sup>3</sup>   a   25. Signs. In Heaven and Earth. b   26 Earth.
Nс	30 When they ° now ° shoot forth,	$\begin{vmatrix} b \\ -26. \end{vmatrix}$ Heaven. $a \mid 27.$ Signification.
d	° ye see and <sup>20</sup> know ° of your own selves that summer is ° now nigh at hand.	25 And. Note the Fig. Polysyndeton (Ap. 6), for emphasis.
N c	31 °So likewise $p_{\ell}$ , when ye <sup>1</sup> see these things °come to pass,	And there shall be, &c. The Lord here passes over the intervening present dispensation, and takes up the yet future time of the end, enlarged on later in Matt.
đ	<sup>20</sup> know ye that °the kingdom of ${}^{4}$ God is nigh at hand.	24. 29-31. Mark 13. 24-27. upon. Gr. $epi$ . Ap. 104. ix. 1. earth. Gr. $g\bar{e}$ . Ap. 129. 4. Not the same as in
М	32 °Verily I say unto you, °This generation shall <sup>18</sup> not pass away, °till all be fulfilled. 33 °Heaven and <sup>25</sup> earth °shall pass away: but My °words shall <sup>18</sup> not pass away.	v. 26; but the same as "land" in v. 23. with. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. the sea, &c. Cp. Ps. 46. 3. Isa. 5. 30. Rev. 17. 15. 26 Men's. Gr. anthropos. Ap. 123. 1.
G	34 And take heed to yourselves, lest at any time your °hearts be °overcharged <sup>25</sup> with	failing = fainting. Gr. apopsuchō. Occurs only here. Luke used three compounds of the simple verb ( <i>psuchō</i> , Matt. 24. 12), all peculiar to him : e.g. "cool", 16. 24; "gave up the ghost", Acts 5. 5, 10; 12. 23.
	Ap. 133. III. 3. earth=the inhabited earth Ap. 172. 1. Probably refers to the angelic world the heavens. See note on Matt. 6. 9, 10. sha Heb. 12. 26, 27. <b>27</b> see. Gr. opsomai. Ap	er=expectation. Gr. prosdokia, from the verb prosdokeō. h. Gr. oikoumenē. Ap. 129. 3. the powers, &c. rulers. See notes on Dan. 10. 13. heaven == all be shaken. Cp. Matt. 11. 7. Luke 6. 38. Acts 4. 31.
	$H \mid M \mid 29$ . Sign. Fig tree a $N \mid c \mid 30$ Shooting $d \mid -30$ . Infere $N \mid c \mid 31$ Events. $d \mid -31$ . Infere	
	29 Behold = Look ye. Ap. 133. I. 1. Fig. Asterism sprout. ye see and know = seeing (Gr. 132. I. ii. of = from [experience]. Gr. apo. come = coming. the kingdom of God. S This generation. See note on Matt. 11. 16. come to pass. (Not the same word as "fulfilled" in 2. 38; 3. 19-26, "all that the prophets had spoken" w shall pass away. Cp. Ps. 102. 26. Isa, 51. 6. 2 Per note on Mark 9. 32. Cp. Isa. 40. 8. 34 hea whole person. overcharged = weighed dow	aos. Ap. 6. <b>30</b> now=already.shoot forth = $blep\bar{o}$ . Ap. 183. I. 5) ye get to know.Gr. ginõskō. Ap.Ap. 104. iv. <b>31</b> So likewise pt = so ye also.ee Ap. 114. <b>32</b> Verily.see note on Matt. 5. 18.till all be fulfilled = till (Gr. $e\bar{o}s$ an) all may possiblyv. 24.)Had the nation repented at Peter's call, in Actsrould have come to pass. <b>33</b> Heaven = the heaven.t. 3. 7, 10.words = utterances.Gr. pl. of logos.Seerts. Put by Fig. Synecdochē (of the Part), Ap. 6, for then. Gr. barunō.Only here.Cp. 9. 32. 2 Cor. 5. 4.
	14	98

	<b>21.</b> 34. LU	KE. <b>22</b> . 11.
a. d. 29	<sup>°</sup> surfeiting, and <sup>°</sup> drunkenness, and <sup>°</sup> cares <sup>°</sup> of this life, and so that day <sup>°</sup> come <sup>°</sup> upon you <sup>°</sup> unawares. 35 For <sup>°</sup> as a snare shall it come <sup>12</sup> on all them that dwell <sup>12</sup> on the face of the whole <sup>25</sup> earth. 36 <sup>°</sup> Watch ye therefore, <sup>°</sup> and pray <sup>°</sup> always, that ye may be accounted worthy to escape all these things that <sup>°</sup> shall come to pass, and to <sup>°</sup> stand before <sup>27</sup> the Son of man."	cares. See note on Matt. 6. 25, "drunkenness" of to- day; "cares" for to-morrow. of this life. Gr. biotikos=of or belonging to bios. Ap. 170. 2. come=should come.
A <sup>10</sup>	37°And in the day time He was teaching <sup>6</sup> in the temple; and at night He went out, and °abode ° in the mount that is called <i>the mount</i> of Olives. 38 And all the people °came early in the morning ° to Him <sup>6</sup> in the <sup>5</sup> temple, for to hear Him.	<ul> <li>upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3.</li> <li>unawares = suddenly. Gr. oiphnidios. Occurs only here, and 1 Thess. 5. 3.</li> <li>35 as a snare. Cp. Ecc. 9. 12. Isa. 24. 17.</li> <li>36 Watch. See on Mark 13. 33.</li> <li>and pray = praying.</li> <li>always = in (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii) every season.</li> <li>shall come to pass = are about to come to pass.</li> <li>stand. See Ps. 1. 5. Mal. 3. 2.</li> </ul>
B10 O1.6	22 °Now the feast of unleavened bread over.	<b>37</b> And in the day time = by day. A parenthetic statement referring to His custom during these last six days. See Ap. 156. abode = used to lodge.
f	2 And the chief priests and scribes $^{\circ}$ sought how they might $^{\circ}$ kill Him; $^{\circ}$ for they feared the people.	in = into: i.e. into its protecting shelter. Occurs only here, and Matt. 21. 17. <b>38</b> came early in the morning. Gr. <i>orthrizo</i> . Occurs only here. Supply the Relative <i>Ellipsis</i> thus:
ſ	<ul> <li>3 Then entered °Satan °into °Judas surnamed Iscariot, being of the number °of °the twelve.</li> <li>4 And he °went his way, and communed with the chief priests and °captains, how he might ° betray Him unto them.</li> <li>5 And they were °glad, and °covenanted to give him money.</li> <li>6 And °he promised, and ² sought °opportunity to betray Him unto them °in the absence of °the multitude.</li> </ul>	"[rising] early in the morning, came". to. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. <b>22.</b> 1-38 (B <sup>10</sup> , p. 1490). EVENT. THE LAST PASSOVER. (Division.) B <sup>10</sup> $O^1$   1-7. The Feast. Nigh. $O^2$ s-13. The Feast. Prepared. $O^3$   14-20. The Feast. Partaken of. $O^4$   21-38. The Feast. Events following. <b>22.</b> 1-7 (O <sup>1</sup> , above). THE FEAST. NIGH. (Introversion.) $O^1$   e   1. The Feast nigh.
e	7 Then ° came ° the day of unleavened bread, when the ° passover must be killed.	f   2. Conspiracy of chief priests and scribes. f   3-6. Subornation of Judas.
<b>0</b> <sup>2</sup> g	8 And He sent Peter and John, saying, "Go and prepare us the <sup>7</sup> passover, that we may ° eat."	<ul> <li>  e   7. The Feast arrived.</li> <li>1 Now, &amp;c. Cp. Matt. 26. 17-19. Mark 14. 12-16. drew=was drawing.</li> <li>passover. Aramaic, pascha. Ap. 94. III. 3.</li> </ul>
h	9 And they said unto Him, "Where "wilt Thou that we prepare?"	2 sought = were seeking. Contemporaneously with the Feast. kill Him=get rid of, or make away with Him. Gr.
h	10 And He said unto them, "" Behold, when ye are entered <sup>3</sup> into the city, there shall a "man meet you, bearing a pitcher of water; follow him <sup>3</sup> into the house where he entereth in. 11 And ye shall say unto the "goodman of the house, "'The Master saith unto thee, 'Where is the guestchamber, where I shall eat the "passover "with My disciples?''	<ul> <li>anaireō = take up and carry off.</li> <li>for, &amp;c. Therefore their aim was to take Him secretly, and evade a public trial.</li> <li>3 Satan. See note on Matt. 4. 10.</li> <li>into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.</li> <li>Judas the twelve. See Ap. 141.</li> <li>of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii.</li> <li>4 went his way and = having gone away.</li> </ul>
	their difficulty. covenanted = agreed. 16. 1, 9, 33. opportunity. Implying the di Occurs only here, and v. 35. the multitude tion had not yet been made. See Ap. 156. passover. Put by Fig. Metonymy (of Adjunct), Ap	6 he promised. For his part. See notes on Prov. fficulty. in the absence of = without. Gr. ater. = a crowd. 7 came = came near; for the prepara- the day. The 15th of Nisan. This was only the 10th.
	$\begin{array}{c c} O^2 & g & s. & Comman \\ h & g. & Their \\ h & 10-12. & Hi \\ g & 13. & Obedien. \\ \textbf{8 eat = eat [it]: not the Lamb, but the Feast = \\ 10 & Behold, & Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6. & man \\ \end{array}$	question. "Where?" 5 answer. 2e. Made ready. the Chagīgah. <b>9</b> wilt. Gr. thelō. Ap. 102. 1. 1. Gr. anthrōpos. Ap. 123. 1. An unusual sight. They
	"pitcher". 11 goodman = the master	nd women carrying pitchers, but not a man carrying a of the house. Ap. 98. XIV. iii. The Master= Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1.

	<b>22.</b> 12. LU	JKE.	<b>22</b> . 29.
а.д. 29	12 And °he shall shew you °a large upper room °furnished: there make ready."	12 be=that one. a large, &c. Probably the same root and 2. 1.	om of Acts 1. 13
g	13 And they went, and found ° as He had said unto them: and they made ready the <sup>7</sup> passover.	furnished =strewed with divans and 13 as =even as.	
O <sup>3</sup> P <sup>1</sup> i <sup>1</sup>	14 °And when the hour ° was come, He ° sat down, and the twelve ° apostles ° with Him. 15 And He said ° unto them, ° "With desire I have desired to eat ° this 7 passover <sup>11</sup> with you before I suffer :	$\begin{array}{c c} O^{3} & P^{1} & i^{1} & 14, 15. \\ O^{3} & k^{1} & 16. \\ P^{2} & i^{2} & 17. \\ P^{2} & k^{2} & 18. \\ \end{array}$	
k¹	16 For I say unto you, I will °not any more eat °thereof, until ° it be fulfilled °in ° the king- dom of God."	$P^3$ $i^3$ $  19-$ . The Bread.	
<b>P</b> <sup>2</sup> i <sup>2</sup>	17 And He took the $^{\circ}$ cup, and gave thanks, and said, "Take this, and divide <i>it</i> among yourselves:	, 14 And when, &c. Cp. Matt. 26. 20 was come = had come to pass : i. e. h sat down (Gr. $anapipt\bar{o}$ ) = reclined.	o. Mark 14. 17. and arrived.
<b>k</b> <sup>2</sup>	18 For I say unto you, I will <sup>16</sup> not drink ° of ° the fruit of the vine, until <sup>16</sup> the kingdom of God ° shall come."	f with. Gr. sun. Ap. 104. xvi. Not t in vv. 11, -15, 21, 28, 33, 49, 52, 53, 59; bu	the same word as
<b>P</b> <sup>3</sup> i <sup>3</sup>	19 °And He took °bread, and °gave thanks, and brake <i>it</i> , and gave unto them, saying,	With desire I have desired = I have	earnestlydesired.
k <sup>3</sup>	°" This is My body which ° is given ° for you : this do ° in remembrance of Me."	Fig. Polyptoton (Ap. 6). See note on G this passover. Not the eating of th <i>Chagigah</i> or feast which preceded it ==	he Lamb, but the
<b>P</b> <sup>4</sup> i <sup>4</sup>	20 Likewise °also the <sup>17</sup> cup °after supper, saying,		Ap. 105. III.
k4	"This cup <i>is</i> the °new °testament <sup>16</sup> in My blood, which is shed °for you.		Which it would
O4 Q	21 But, <sup>10</sup> behold, the hand of him that ° be- trayeth Me <i>is</i> with Me ° on the table. 22 And truly °the Son of man goeth, ° as it ° was determined: but woe unto that <sup>10</sup> man ° by whom He is betrayed!" 23 And they began to enquire ° among them- selves, which ° of them it was that ° should do this thing.	<ul> <li>the kingdom of God. See Ap. 114.</li> <li>17 cup. Put by Fig. Metonymy (of the for the wine in it.</li> <li>18 of = from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. the fruit = the produce : i. e. the wine karpos = fruit).</li> </ul>	ne Subject), Ap. 6,
R		<ul> <li>and not cut.</li> <li>gave thanks. Gr. eucharisteō.</li> <li>This is My body. See Ap. 159.</li> <li>is given = is being given.</li> <li>for = on your behalf. Gr. huper. Ap in = for. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.</li> <li>in remembrance, &amp;c. = for My mem</li> <li>20 also the cup = the cup also.</li> <li>after. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. vi. 2.</li> <li>new. Gr. kainē. See Matt. 9. 16, 17.</li> <li>testament = covenant. Gr. diathēki</li> <li>Heb 9. 14-23. Blood has nothing to do or "testament", but it has with a cove for. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.</li> <li>22. 21-38 (O<sup>4</sup>, p. 1499). THE FEA</li> <li>FOLLOWING. (Alternation of the cup and the cup and the cup and the cup also.</li> </ul>	p. 104. xvii. 1. norial. <i>ē</i> . See notes on do with a ''will" enant. AST. EVENTS tion.) (JUDAS.) ment anticipated. <i>PETER.</i> ) n anticipated. <i>Me</i> up. The first <i>KVI.</i> <b>as</b> = <b>a Acts 2.</b> 23 ; 3. 18; <b>should do</b> =
	authority. Gr. exousiazo. Cp. Ap. 172. 5.	The among. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. 2. tercise lordship = lord it. Gr. $kurieu\bar{o}$ . tercise lordship = lord it.	greatest= exercise 26 not. Gr.

	<b>22.</b> 30.	LUKE.	<b>22.</b> 47.
A. D. 29	30 That ye may eat and drink ° at My <sup>16</sup> in My kingdom, and sit <sup>21</sup> on thrones jud the twelve tribes of Israel."	lging 31 the Lord. See Ap. 98. VI. Simon, Simon. The sixth e	xample of this Fig.
Q	31 And °the Lord said, °"Simon, Simon, hold, °Satan °hath desired to have °you, he may °sift you as wheat : 32 But 3 have ° prayed ° for ° thee, that faith fail °not : and °when thou art conve ° strengthen thy brethren." 33 And he said unto Him, °"Lord, I ready to go <sup>11</sup> with Thee, both <sup>3</sup> into pr and ° to death." 34 And He said, "I tell thee, ° Peter, cock shall <sup>16</sup> not ° crow °this day, before thou shalt thrice deny that thou ° knowest	thathath desired = hath demanded. only here in N.T. It means to ob° thyyou. Plural. sift. Gr. siniazō = to sift (as wh corn. Occurs only here. The Lo rid of the chaff. Cp. Matt. 3. 12. 32 prayed. Gr. deomai. Ap. 15 word as in vv. 40, 41, 44, 46. for = concerning. Gr. peri. Ap thee. Simon. thy faith. not. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II. when thou, & c. = thcu, when th	Gr. exaiteð. Occurs otain by asking. eat), to get rid of the rd "winnows" to get 1 Pet. 5. 8, 9. 34. I. 5. Not the same b. 104. xiii. 1. Not Simon himself.
<i>R</i> 1	35 And He said unto them, ""When I you without purse, "and "scrip, "and si lacked ye any thing?" And they said, " thing."	hoes, 33 Lord. Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 3. A "No- to=into. Gr. eis, as "into" pri 34 Peter. The Lord addresse	 son. Ap.104.vi. d him as such, only
m	36 Then said He unto them, ""But now that hath a purse, let him take $it$ , and like $his$ <sup>35</sup> scrip: and he that hath "no sword him sell his garment, and buy "one.	the cock = a cock. See Ap. 160. crow. See Ap. 173, and note on this day=to-day. Gr. sēmeron.	n Mark 16. 7. Matt. 26. 34.
Z	37 For I say unto you, that this that written must yet be accomplished <sup>16</sup> in 'And He was reckoned °among the transg ors:' for the things °concerning Me hav end."	Me, ress- $R$ <b>22. 35-38</b> (R, p. 1500). KING ANTICIPATED. (All re anR $1$ 35. Time past. Proclamation.	DOM. REJECTION ternation.) connected with the
m	38 And they said, <sup>33</sup> "Lord, <sup>10</sup> behold, here two swords." And He said unto them, " enough."		rold directions.
DS	39 And He came out, and went, °as He wont, <sup>33</sup> to the mount of Olives; and His ciples also followed Him. 40 And when He was <sup>30</sup> at °the place, He unto them, °" Pray that ye enter <sup>32</sup> not <sup>33</sup> temptation."	° dis- scrip. See note on Matt. 10. 10. <b>36</b> But now, &c. Showing when the kingdom was being p	n (Ap. 6). that precepts given roclaimed, no longer ted.
т	41 And °.5e ° was withdrawn ° from them a a stone's cast,	about one= a sword. 37 is written=standeth written among=with. Gr. meta. Ap. 1	
υ	and kneeled down, and <sup>40</sup> prayed, 42 Saying, "Father, <sup>°</sup> if <sup>°</sup> Thou be will remove this cup <sup>41</sup> from Me: nevertheless My <sup>°</sup> will, but Thine, be done."	<sup>32</sup> not (Introversion. D   S   39, 40. Prayer. Disciples (	THE AGONY. ) exhorted to.
v	43 And there °appeared °an angel unto <sup>41</sup> from °heaven, °strengthening Him.	V   43. Angelic minis	s Father. trant.
U	44 And ° being <sup>16</sup> in ° an agony He <sup>40</sup> pr ° more earnestly : and His sweat ° was were great drops of blood falling down ° t ° ground.	as it $ S _{46}$ Praver. Disciples exh	to. orted to. ing to (Gr. kata. Ap.
Т	45 And when He rose up <sup>41</sup> from prayer was come ° to His disciples, He found sleeping ° for sorrow,	them Pray. Gr. proseuchomai. Ap. 1 word as in v. 32. 41	34. I. 2. Not the same be=He Himself.
S	46 And said unto them, "Why sleep ye? and <sup>40</sup> pray, lest ye enter <sup>3</sup> into temptation	from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv.	
<b>C</b> W'XAC	47 And while He °yet spake, <sup>10</sup> beho	<b>bld a</b> $\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	e intention. Cp. Ap.
	was=became. to=upon. Gr. epi. Ap. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. for=from. Gr.	Verses 43, 44 are omitted or marked 4. V, note. <b>43</b> appeared. Ap. 7 heaven. Sing., without the A here, and Acts 9. 19. <b>44</b> being = bei <i>gönia</i> . Occurs only here. more ea 104. ix. 3. ground = earth. Gr. gē. A apo. Ap. 104. iv.	106. I. vi. an rt. See Matt. 6. 9, 10. coming. Implying in- rnestly. Only here.
	Verses 47-53. Cp. Matt. 26. 47-56. Mark 1	2 [For Structure see next page]. 4. 43-52. 47 yet spake = was y	vet speaking.

	22. 47. LU	KE. 2	<b>22</b> . 61.
a.d.29	°multitude, and he that was called Judas, one of the twelve, °went before them, and drew near unto °Jesus to kiss Him.	SUFFERING. (Division.) $C \mid W^1 \mid 22.47-23.49$ . Death, and Events leading	
D	48 But <sup>47</sup> Jesus said unto him, "Judas, <sup>°</sup> be- trayest thou <sup>22</sup> the Son of man with a kiss?"	W <sup>2</sup> 23. 50–56. Burial. W <sup>3</sup> 24. 1–12. Resurrection.	
E n	49 When they which were °about Him °saw what °would follow, they said unto Him, <sup>33</sup> "Lord, shall we smite ° with the sword?"	22. 47–23. 49 (W <sup>1</sup> , above). DEATH, EVENTS LEADING UP TO IT. (Introver W <sup>1</sup> X   22. 47-65. Conspiracy. Effected. Y   22. 66–23. 23. Led away to trial.	AND rsion.)
0	50 And one <sup>3</sup> of them smote <sup>°</sup> the servant of the high priest, and cut off his right ear.	Z   23. 24, 25. Pilate's sentence. Y   25. 26-32. Led away to death. X   23. 33-49. Conspiracy. Completed.	
E n	51 And <sup>47</sup> Jesus answered and said, "Suffer ye thus far." And He touched his ear,	<b>22. 47-65</b> (X, above). CONSPIRAC EFFECTED. (Alternation.)	У.
0	and ° healed him.	X A 47-54 Judas. Treachery and arrest.	
D	52 Then <sup>47</sup> Jesus said <sup>15</sup> unto the °chief priests, and <sup>4</sup> captains of the °temple, and the elders, which were come °to Him, "Be ye come out,	B   $-54$ In the high priest's house. A   $-54$ -62. Peter. Denials. B   $63$ - $65$ . In the high priest's house.	
	as °against °a thief, <sup>11</sup> with swords and staves? 53 When I was daily <sup>11</sup> with you <sup>16</sup> in the <sup>52</sup> temple, ye stretched forth °no hands <sup>52</sup> against Me: but this is ° your hour, and the power of darkness."	<b>22.</b> 47-54- (A, above). JUDAS. TREAC         AND ARREST. (Introversion and Alternat         A       C   47. Betrayal.         D   48. The Lord. Remonstrance to the H         E       n   49. Interposition by Disciples.         o   60. Ear smitten.	<i>tion</i> .) Betrayer.
C	54 Then ° took they Him,	$\begin{bmatrix} E & n & 51 \text{ Interposition by the Lord.} \\ o & -51. \text{ Ear healed.} \end{bmatrix}$	,
В	and led <i>Him</i> , and brought Him <sup>3</sup> into the high priest's house.	$\begin{bmatrix} D & 1 & 52, 53. \\ C & 54 & Arrested. \end{bmatrix}$	-
4 F <sup>1</sup> p <sup>1</sup>	And Peter ° followed afar off. 55 And when they had °kindled a fire <sup>27</sup> in the midst of the °hall, and were set down to- gether, Peter sat down <sup>27</sup> among them.	<ul> <li>multitude = crowd. went = was go</li> <li>Jesus. See Ap. 98. X.</li> <li>48 betrayest thou = deliverest thou up.</li> <li>49 about = around. Gr. peri. Ap. 104. xiii</li> <li>saw. Gr. eidon. Ap. 133. I. i.</li> </ul>	
$\mathbf{q}^{1}$	56 But °a certain maid ° beheld him as he sat ° by the °fire, and °earnestly looked upon him, and said, ° " This man was also <sup>14</sup> with Him."	would follow = was about to happen. with. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. <b>50</b> the servant. The well-known servant (John 18, 10).	Malchus
$\mathbf{p^2}$	57 And he denied Him, saying, "Woman, I <sup>34</sup> know Him <sup>26</sup> not."	51 healed him. Added by Luke. See on 6 52 chief priests. The heads of the two courses.	
q²	58 And <sup>20</sup> after a little while ° another <sup>49</sup> saw him, and said, ° "Thou art also <sup>3</sup> of them."	temple. Gr. hieron. See note on Matt. 23. to = against. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. against. Same as "to", above.	16.
<b>p</b> <sup>s</sup>	And Peter said, <sup>10</sup> " Man, I am <sup>26</sup> not."	a thief=a brigand, or robber. See note of	on Matt.
d <sub>3</sub>	59 And about the space of one hour after °another confidently affirmed, saying, °"Of a truth this <i>fellow</i> also was <sup>11</sup> with Him: for he is a Galilæan."	pour hour, &c. = pour hour [and the hour authority (Ap. 172. 5) of darkness. See Eph. 6. 1. 13; and cp. Heb. 2. 14.	of] the
<b>p</b> <sup>4</sup>	60 And Peter said, <sup>10</sup> "Man, I <sup>34</sup> know <sup>26</sup> not what thou sayest."	<b>22.</b> -54-62 (A, above). PETER. DENI	IALS.
<b>F</b> <sup>2</sup> <b>r</b>	And ° immediately, while he ° yet spake, <sup>34</sup> the cock crew.	$ \begin{array}{c} (Division.) \\ A \mid F^1 \mid -54-60 \text{ Peter's Fall.} \\ F^2 \mid -60-62. \text{ Peter's Repentance.} \end{array} $	
s	61 And <sup>31</sup> the Lord turned, ° and ° looked upon Peter.	<b>22.</b> -54-60- (F <sup>1</sup> , above). PETER'S FA (Repeated Alternation.)	ALL.
r	And Peter remembered the °word of <sup>31</sup> the Lord, how He had said unto him,	$\begin{bmatrix} F^1 & p^1 & -54, 55. \\ q^1 & 56. \\ p^2 & 57. \\ Peter's denial. \end{bmatrix}$	
\$	"Before <sup>34</sup> the cock crow, thou shalt deny Me thrice."		
	Verses 54-60. Cp. 26. 57-75. Mark 14. 53-72. lighted. Gr. <i>haptō</i> . Only in Luke 8. 16; 11. 33; 1 See Ap. 160. beheld = saw, as in v. 49. Ap. 130. 1. earnestly looked. Ap. 133. I <b>58</b> another = different one. Gr. <i>heteros</i> . Ap. 124. 2 a certain other (Gr. <i>allos</i> . Ap. 124. 1). See Ap. 16	5. 8.       hall=court.       56 a certai         by=at.       Gr. pros.       Ap. 104. xv. 3.       fir         II. 6.       This man was also=This one at the second	e=light. also was. tother=
	<b>22.</b> -60-62 [For 60 immediately = on the spot. Gr. parachrēma.	Structure see next page]. See 1. 64. <b>yet</b> spake=was yet speaking.	Ap 160
	61 and looked. He was bound; and to speak ale		d upon.

**22.** 62.

## LUKE.

3		
<b>▲.</b> D. 29	62 And Peter went °out, and wept bitterly.	<b>22.</b> -60-62 (F <sup>2</sup> , p. 1502). PETER'S REPENTANCE. (Alternation.)
В	63 And °the men that held <sup>47</sup> Jesus °mocked Him, °and smote <i>Him</i> . 64 And when they had °blindfolded Him, they struck Him on °the face, and °asked Him, saying, "Prophesy, who is it that smote Thee?" 65 And many °other things blasphemously °spake they °against Him.	F <sup>2</sup>   r   -60. Event. A cock crowing. s   61 The Lord's look. r   -61 Event. A cock crowing. s   -61, 62. The Lord's word. 62 out = outside. 63 the men. Gr. pl. of $an\bar{e}r$ . Ap. 123. 2. Not the same word as in v. 10. mocked = were mocking. Gr. empaizō. Cp. 18. 32.
¥ G1	66 And as soon as it $^{\circ}$ was day, $^{\circ}$ the elders of the people $^{\circ}$ and the chief priests and the scribes came together, and led Him $^{\circ}$ into their $^{\circ}$ council, saying,	and smote = smiting. <b>64</b> blindfolded=covered. Gr. perikaluptō. Only here; Mark 14. 65. Heb. 9. 4. the face. Still covered. asked=kept asking. Ap. 134. I. 3.
Hı	67 ° "Art Thou ° the Christ? tell us." And He said unto them, ° "If I tell you, ye will <sup>16</sup> not ° believe: 68 And <sup>67</sup> if °I also ask you, ye will <sup>16</sup> not answer Me, nor let <i>Me</i> go. 69 ° Hereafter shall <sup>21</sup> the Son of man °sit ° on the right hand of the ° power of ° God." 70 Then said they all, "Art Thou then °the Son of <sup>69</sup> God?" And He said <sup>15</sup> unto them, ° " De say that J am." 71 And they said, ° " What need we any further witness? for we ourselves ° have heard <sup>18</sup> of His own mouth."	65 other=different. Ap. 124. 2. spake = said. against=to. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. 22. 66—23. 23 (Y, p. 1502). LED AWAY TO TRIALS. (Repeated Alternation.) Y $G^1$   22. 66. Led before the Sanhedrin. $H^1$   22. 67-71. Examination. $G^2$   23. 1. Led before Pilate. $H^2$   23. 2-6. Examination. $G^3$   23. 7. Sent to Herod. $H^3$   23. 8-11 Examination. $G^4$   2311, 12. Sent back to Pilate. $H^4$   23. 13-23. Compromise proposed. 66 was = became.
G²	23 And the whole °multitude of them arose, and led Him °unto Pilate.	the elders=the assembly of the elders, as in Acts 22. 5. and, &c. Read "both chief priests and scribes".
H2	2 And they began to accuse Him, saying, ""We found this <i>fellow</i> °perverting the nation, and forbidding to give tribute to Cæsar, saying that He Himself is °Christ a King." 3 And Pilate °asked Him, saying, "Art Thou °the King of the Jews?" And He answered him and said, "Thou sayest <i>it.</i> " 4 Then said Pilate °to the chief priests and to the °people, °"I find no fault °in this "Man." 5 And they °were the more fierce, saying, "He °stirreth up the people, teaching °through- out all Jewry, beginning ° from °Galilee to this place." 6 When Pilate heard °of <sup>5</sup> Galilee, he asked ° whether the <sup>4</sup> Man were a Galilæan.	<ul> <li>believe. Ap. 150. I. 1. i.</li> <li>68 I also ask you = I ask [you] also.</li> <li>69 Hereafter - From (Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv) henceforth, as in 1. 48; 5. 10. John 1. 51.</li> <li>sit = be seated.</li> <li>on = at. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii.</li> <li>power. Gr. dunamis. Ap. 172. 1.</li> <li>God. Ap. 98. I. i. 1.</li> <li>70 the Son of God. Ap. 98. XV.</li> <li>Ye say, &amp;c. A Hebraism, denoting a strong affirmation.</li> </ul>
G3	7 And as soon as he °knew that He °belonged unto Herod's °jurisdiction, he °sent Him 4 to Herod, who himself also was ° at Jerusalem at °that time.	<ul> <li>71 What need, &amp;c. = Why have we still need of testimony?</li> <li>have heard = heard.</li> <li>23. 1 multitude. Gr. plēthos = number (not ochlos or p</li></ul>
H <sup>3</sup> t	<ul> <li>70, &amp;c. 4 to. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3.</li> <li>Cp. Matt. 27. 4. in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii.</li> <li>the more fierce = kept insisting. Gr. epischuō. O</li> <li>Gr. anaseiō. Stronger than "pervert" in v. 2. Oc.</li> <li>Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 1. from. Gr. apo. A</li> <li>Galilee = Galilee [mentioned]. whether = if.</li> <li>Ap. 132. I. 2. belonged unto=was of.</li> <li>Ap. 172. 5. sent. Gr. anapempō. Ap. 174.</li> <li>Acts 25. 21. at = in Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii.</li> <li>23. 8-11 [For St</li> <li>8 saw. Gr. eidon. Ap. 133. I. i. Jesus. Ap.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>j perverting = agitating. Not the same word as in v. 14. Cp. 9. 41.</li> <li>uestioned. the King. Pilate using the Art., as ayest. A Hebraism for a strong affirmation. Cp. 22. people = crowds. I find no fault, &amp;c. Man. Gr. anthrōpos. Ap. 123. 1. 5 were ccurs only here in N.T. stirreth up = instigates.</li> <li>curs only here, and Mark 15. 11. throughout.</li> <li>Ap. 104. iv. Galilee. See Ap. 169. 6 of Ap. 118. 2. a. 7 knew = got to know. Gr. ginōskō.</li> <li>Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. jurisdiction = authority.</li> <li>5, only here; vv. 11, 15; Philem. 12; and (acc. to texts) that time = those days: i. e. of the Feast.</li> <li>98. X. desirous = wishing. Gr. thelō. Ap. 102. 1.</li> </ul>
	of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. because he had h	eard = on account of (Gr. dia. Ap. 104. v. 2) his hearing.

23. 8.

а.р. 29	many things °of Him; and he °hoped to have seen some ° miracle °done ° by Him.	<b>23.</b> 8-11- (H <sup>3</sup> , p. 1503). EXAMINATION BEFORE HEROD. (Introversion.)
u	9 Then he °questioned with Him 4in many °words;	H <sup>3</sup>   t   8. Herod. Curiosity. u   9 Questioning by Herod. v   -9. The Lord. Silence.
v	but Se answered him nothing.	$u \mid 10$ . Accusation of chief priests and scribes.
น	10 And the chief priests and scribes <sup>o</sup> stood and <sup>o</sup> vehemently accused Him.	t  11 Herod. Carelessness. of=concerning. Gr. <i>peri</i> . Ap. 104. xiii. 1. hoped=was hoping (all that long time).
t	11 And Herod ° with his men of war ° set Him at nought, and ° mocked $Him$ , and arrayed Him in a ° gorgeous robe,	miracle=sign. See Ap. 176. 3. done=accomplished. by. Gr. hupo. Ap. 104. xviii. 1. 9 questioned. Gr. erōtaō. Ap. 134. 3.
G4	and 'sent Him again to Pilate. 12 And the same day Pilate and Herod were made friends 'together: for before they were 'at enmity 'between themselves.	words. Pl. of logos. See note on Mark 9. 32. 10 stood = had stood. vehemently. Gr. eutonös. Occurs only here, and Acts 18. 28. 11 with. Gr. sun. Ap. 104. xvi. set Him at nought=treated Him with contempt.
H <sup>₄</sup> w <sup>1</sup>	13° And Pilate, when he had called together the chief priests and the rulers and the people, 14 Said ° unto them, "Ye have brought this <sup>4</sup> Man unto me, as One That ° perverteth the people: and, ° behold, 3, having ° examined <i>Him</i> before you, have found no fault <sup>4</sup> in this <sup>4</sup> Man touching those things whereof ye accuse Him: 15°No, nor yet Herod: for I <sup>7</sup> sent you <sup>4</sup> to him; and, °lo, nothing worthy of death ° is done ° unto Him. 16°I will therefore ° chastise Him, and release <i>Him.</i> "	mocked. See 22. 63. gorgeous = resplendent. Cp. Acts 10. 30. Rev. 15. 6, 12 were made = became. together = with (Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1) one another. between = with reference to. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. 23. 13-23 (H <sup>4</sup> , p. 1503). COMPROMISE PROPOSED. (Repeated Alternation.) H <sup>4</sup> w <sup>1</sup>   13-17. Pilate's first appeal. "No fault", vv. 4, 14. x <sup>1</sup>   18, 19. Demand for the Lord's death (first). w <sup>2</sup>   20. Pilate's second appeal. x <sup>2</sup>   21. Demand for the Lord's death (second). w <sup>3</sup>   22. Pilate's third appeal. "No cause of death". x <sup>3</sup>   23. Demand for the Lord's death (third).
	17 (For of necessity he must release one unto them $^{\circ}$ at $^{\circ}$ the feast.)	Verses 13-25. Cp. Matt. 27. 15-26. Mark 15. 6-15. 14 unto. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3.
x <sup>1</sup>	18 And they cried out °all at once, saying, "Away with this <i>Man</i> , and release unto us "Barabbas:" 19 (Who °for a certain °sedition °made 4 in the city, and for °murder, °was cast ° into prison.)	<ul> <li>perverteth = turneth away. Gr. apostrephō. Not the same word as in v. 2.</li> <li>behold. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6.</li> <li>examined. Gr. anakrinō. Ap. 122. 2.</li> <li>15 No, nor yet = nor even.</li> <li>lo. Fig. Asterismos. Ap. 6.</li> <li>is done = has been done. Cp, v. 41.</li> </ul>
w²	20 Pilate therefore, ° willing to release <sup>8</sup> Jesus, ° spake again to them.	unto Him: i.e. by Him. <b>16</b> I will, &c. Probably with his own hands (cp. v. 22. Matt. 27. 26. Mark 15. 15) instead of crucifying
<b>X</b> <sup>2</sup>	<b>21</b> But they ° cried, saying, "Crucify <i>Him</i> , crucify Him."	Him; with the view of releasing Him. chastise. Cp. Isa. 53. 5. 17 at. Gr. kata. Ap. 104. x. 2.
w <sup>3</sup>	22 And he °said <sup>14</sup> unto them the third time, "Why, what °evil hath $\mathfrak{H}_{\ell}$ done? I have found no cause of death 4 in Him: I will therefore chastise Him, and let <i>Him</i> go."	the=a. Most texts omit this verse. <b>18</b> all at once=all together, or in a mass. Gr. pamplēthei. Occurs only here. Barabbas. Aramaic (Ap. 94. III. 3) = son of a (dis- tinguished) father. ORIGEN (A. D. 186-253) read "Jesus,
x3	23 And they ° were instant with loud voices, ° requiring that He might be crucified. And the voices of them and of the chief priests ° pre- vailed.	Barabbas" in Matt. 27. 17, the choice lying between two of the same name. <b>19</b> for = on account of. Gr. <i>dia</i> . Ap. 104. v. 3. sedition = insurrection. made = which had taken place.
Z	24 And Pilate °gave sentence that °it should be as they required. 25 And he released unto them him that <sup>19</sup> for sedition and <sup>19</sup> murder <sup>19</sup> was cast <sup>19</sup> into prison, whom they °had desired; but he delivered <sup>8</sup> Jesus to their °will.	<ul> <li>murder. Cp. Acts 3. 14. was=had been.</li> <li>into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.</li> <li>20 willing=wishing. Gr. thelö. Ap. 102. 1.</li> <li>spake to=addressed. Gr. prosphöneö. Cp. Acts</li> <li>21. 40; 22. 2.</li> <li>21 cried=kept shouting. Gr. epiphöneö.</li> <li>22 said=spake. evil. Gr. kakos. Ap. 128. III. 2.</li> </ul>
Уy	loo o b a stati ta stati ca stati co mono instant mono numera (in initatimati	
	requiring. Ap. 134. 4. prevailed = had power to bear down (Pilate's remonstrance). 24 gave sen- tence = pronounced sentence. Gr. epikrinö. Ap. 122. 6. Occurs only here. it, &c. = their request should be carried out. 25 had desired. Same word as "require" in v. 23. will = desire. Gr. thelēma. Cp. Ap. 102. 2. 23. 26-32 (Y, p. 1502). LED AWAY TO DEATH. (Alternation.) $Y \mid y \mid 26$ . The Lord. Led away. $z \mid 27$ . Others. Following. $y \mid 28-31$ . The Lord. Final warning.	
1		s. Led with Him.

26 And as, &c. Cp. Matt. 27. 31-84. Mark 15. 20 -23. laid hold upon. Cp. Acts 16. 19; 17. 19; 18. 17; 21. 30-33.

A. D. 29	hold upon one Simon, a Cyrenian, coming °out of °the country, and on him they laid °the cross, that he might bear <i>it</i> after <sup>8</sup> Jesus.	out of. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. the country = a field. the cross. See Ap. 162, 27 And there, &c.: vv. 27-32, peculiar to Luke.
z	27 °And there followed Him a great ° com- pany of people, and of women, which also ° bewailed and lamented Him.	company = multitude. bewailed and lamented = were beating their breasts and lamenting. 28 Daughters, &c. Not therefore the women from
y	28 But <sup>8</sup> Jesus turning <sup>14</sup> unto them said, <sup>°</sup> " Daughters of Jerusalem, weep <sup>°</sup> not <sup>°</sup> for Me, but weep <sup>°</sup> for yourselves, and <sup>°</sup> for your <sup>°</sup> chil- dren. 29 For, <sup>14</sup> behold, the days are coming, <sup>4</sup> in the which they shall say, <sup>°</sup> 'Blessed <i>are</i> the barren, and the wombs that <sup>°</sup> never bare, and the paps which <sup>°</sup> never gave suck.' 30 Then shall they begin to say to the mountains, <sup>'</sup> Fall <sup>°</sup> on us; <sup>′</sup> and to the <sup>°</sup> hills, <sup>'</sup> Cover us.' 31 For <sup>°</sup> if they <sup>°</sup> do these things <sup>4</sup> in <sup>°</sup> a green tree, what <sup>°</sup> shall be done <sup>4</sup> in <sup>°</sup> the dry?"	<ul> <li>Galilee of vv. 49, 55. not. Gr. mē. Ap. 105. II. for = on, or over. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. children. Gr. pl. of teknon. Ap. 108. I.</li> <li>29 Blessed=Happy. See note on Matt. 5. s, and cp. 11. 27. Hos. 9. 12-16. never bare = did not (Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I) bear.</li> <li>30 on. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. hills. Gr. pl. of bounos. Occurs only here and in 3. 5.</li> <li>31 if they do. Assuming the case. Ap. 118. 2. a. do = are doing. a green tree = the living wood : i. e. the Lord. shall be done= must happen. the dry = the dry [wood]: i. e. the nation.</li> <li>32 also two other = others also, two. other = different ones. Gr. pl. of heteros. Ap. 124. 2.</li> </ul>
2	32 And there were °also two °other, °male- factors, °led <sup>11</sup> with Him to be put to death.	malefactors=evildoers. Gr. kakourgoi. Not lēstai= brigands, as in Matt. 27. 38. See Ap. 164. led with Him. The brigands were brought later.
Хja	33 And when they were come <sup>4</sup> to the place, which is called °Calvary, there they °crucified Him,	<b>23.</b> 33-49 (X, p. 1502). CONSPIRACY COM- PLETED. (Alternation and Introversion.)
b	and the $^{32}$ malefactors, one $^{\circ}$ on the right hand, $^{\circ}$ and the other $^{\circ}$ on the $^{\circ}$ left.	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Кс	34 Then said <sup>°</sup> Jesus, <sup>°</sup> "Father, <sup>°</sup> forgive them; for they <sup>°</sup> know <sup>°</sup> not what they <sup>°</sup> do."	Kc34The Lord's prayer.d $-34-38$ .Spectators.Jb $39-43$ .The two malefactors.Crucified.
d	And they parted His raiment, and cast lots. 35 And the people stood ° beholding. And the rulers also with them ° derided <i>Him</i> , say- ing, "He saved °others; let Him save Himself, <sup>31</sup> if ° free be ° Christ, the chosen of ° God." 36 And the soldiers also <sup>11</sup> mocked Him, °com- ing to Him, and ° offering Him vinegar, 37 And saying, <sup>31</sup> "If 2 frou be the king of the Jews, save Thyself." 38 And a °superscription also was written °over Him in letters of Greek, and Latin, and Hebrew, °THIS IS THE KING OF THE JEWS.	<ul> <li>a ! 44, 45. Crucifixion. Accompanying events. K   c   46. The Lord's cry. d   47-49. Spectators.</li> <li>33 to. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. Calvary is the Greek for the Heb. Golgotha = a skull. Now called "a hill". But see Conder's Jerusalem, p. 80. crucified. See Ap. 162. on = at. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. and the other = and one. left. Gr. aristēros. Only here, Matt. 6. 3. 2 Cor. 6. 7. Not the same word as in Matt. 27. 38. 34 Father. See Ap. 98. III. forgive them. The last of eight recorded occasions of prayer in Luke. See note on 3. 21, and cp. Matt. 27. 46 for the last "seven words" on the cross. Cp. Isa. 53. 12. know. Gr. oida. Ap. 132. I.i.</li> </ul>
Jb	39 And one of the <sup>32</sup> malefactors which were hanged °railed on Him, saying, <sup>31</sup> " If Thou be °Christ, °save Thyself and us." 40 But the <sup>s2</sup> other answering rebuked him, saying, "Dost not thou fear <sup>35</sup> God, seeing thou art <sup>4</sup> in the same ° condemnation ? 41 And the indeed justly; for we °receive the due reward of °our deeds: but this Man ° hath done nothing amiss." 42 And he said unto <sup>8</sup> Jesus, ° "Lord, remember me when Thou ° comest ° into Thy kingdom." 43 And <sup>8</sup> Jesus said unto him, "Verily °I say unto thee, ° To day shalt thou be ° with Me <sup>4</sup> in ° paradise."	not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. do=are doing. Cp. Acts 3. 17. 1 Cor. 2. 8. <b>35</b> beholding=looking on, or gazing at. Gr. theoreo. Ap. 133. I. 11. Not the same word as in v. 29. derided=were mocking: i.e. turning up their noses at Him. Same word as in 16. 14. Cp. Pss. 2. 4; 22. 7; 35. 16 (LXX). others. Gr. allos. Ap. 124. 1. Not the same word as in $vv.$ 32, 40. Christ=the Messiah. Ap. 98. IX. God. Ap. 98. I. i. 1. <b>36</b> coming=coming up close. offering, &c. See note on Matt. 27. 33 and 48. <b>38</b> superscription. Not the same word as in Matthew and John. See Ap. 163. over. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 2.
a	44 ° And it was about the °sixth hour, and Christ. The Lewis Codex of the Syr. Gospels recently found at Mount Sinai reads "Saviour", not Messiah. save Thyself and us. This reads (in the same Codex), "save Thyself alive this day, and us also". 40 condemnation. Ap.177.6. 41 receive = are receiving. our deeds = what we did. hath done = did. 42 Lord. Most Texts omit this, but not the Syr. which reads "my Lord". Ap.98. VI. i. a. 3. A. comest = shalt have come. into = in (Gr. en), but some texts with Syr. read "into": i.e. into possession of. 43 I say unto thee, To day = "I say unto thee to day". To day. Connect this with "I say", to emphasize the solemity of the occasion; not with "shalt thou be". See the Hebraism in note on Deut. 4. 26. As to the punctuation, see Ap. 94. V. i. 3; and as to the whole clause, see Ap. 173. with. Gr. meta. Ap. 104. xi. 1. Not the same word as in vv. 11, 32, 35. paradise = the paradise : i.e. the one well known to Scripture. See note on Ecc. 2. 5. 44 Verses 44-46. Cp. Matt. 27. 45-50; Mark 15. 33-37. sixth hour: i.e. noon. See Ap. 165.	

	<b>23.</b> 44. LU	KE. <b>2</b>	4. 2.
a.d. 29	there ° was a darkness ° over all ° the <b>earth</b> until the °ninth hour. 45 And the sun was darkened, and ° the veil of ° the Temple was rent <sup>4</sup> in the midst.	was = came to be. over. Gr. $epi$ . Ap. 104. the earth = the land. Gr. $gi$ . Ap. 129. 4. ninth hour: i.e. 3 p.m. See Ap. 165. 45 the veil. See Lev. 4. 6. Matt. 27. 51. the member of the veil. See Lev. 4. 6. Matt. 27. 51.	
K c	46 And when <sup>8</sup> Jesus had cried with a loud voice, He said, <sup>84</sup> "Father, <sup>19</sup> into Thy hands I °commend My °spirit:" and having said thus, He °gave up the ghost.	the Temple = the Naos. See note on Matt. 23. <b>46</b> commend = commit, or entrust. Cp. Ps. 31. s 7. 59. 1 Pet. 2. 23. spirit. Gr. pneuma. Ap. 101. II. 6. Cp. 8. 55. gave up the ghost = expired, or breathed (His <b>47</b> Now, &c. Cp. Matt. 27. 51-56. Mark 15. s	5. Ac <b>ts</b> last).
đ	47 °Now when the centurion saw what °was done, he glorified <sup>35</sup> God, saying, "Certainly this was a righteous 'Man." 48 And all the °people that came together <sup>33</sup> to that sight, <sup>35</sup> beholding the things which °were done, °smote their breasts, and °returned. 49 °And all °His acquaintance, and the women that °followed Him <sup>5</sup> from °Galilee, °stood afar off, °beholding these things.	<ul> <li>was done = took place.</li> <li>48 people = crowds. were done = took place.</li> <li>smote, &amp;c. = beating returned. The women "s returned. Gr. hupostrepho = turned back. It hirty-two times in Luke and Acts, and only three elsewhere in N.T.</li> <li>49 And = But. Marking the contrast betwee people and the women.</li> <li>His acquaintance = those who knew (Ap. 18).</li> <li>Him. followed = followed with the second s</li></ul>	lace. stood". Occurs e times en the 2. I. ii)
W <sup>2</sup> L N	50 And, <sup>14</sup> behold, <i>there was</i> a ° man named °Joseph, a ° counsellor; <i>and he was</i> a good ° man, and a just: 51 (The same had <sup>34</sup> not ° consented to the ° counsel and deed of them;) <i>he was</i> ° of Arima- thæa, a city of the Jews: who ° also himself waited for ° the kingdom of <sup>35</sup> God. 52 This <i>man</i> went unto Pilate, and ° begged the body of <sup>8</sup> Jesus.	Galilee. See Ap. 169.stood = continued standing. The crowds turnedbeholding = looking on. Gr. horaō. Ap. 133. <b>23.</b> 50-56 (W <sup>2</sup> , p. 1502). BURIAL. (Alternation and Introversion.)W <sup>2</sup> LN50-52. Joseph.Oef-53. The body honoured. ffst. Time. The high Sa drew on.	I. 8.
O e	53 And he took it down, and wrapped it in $^{\circ}$ linen,	$\begin{bmatrix} L & N & 55 \\ 0 & f & -55 \\ e & 56 \\ \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} L & 0 & -55 \\ -55 & -55 \\ -56 - & -56 \end{bmatrix}$	oured.
f	and laid it <sup>4</sup> in a <sup>°</sup> sepulchre that was <sup>°</sup> hewn in stone, wherein <sup>°</sup> never man <sup>°</sup> before was laid.	$M \mid -56. \text{ Time. The high Sa} \mid Rest.$	ıbbath.
M	54 And that day was °the preparation, and °the sabbath drew on.	<b>50</b> man. Gr. anër. Ap. 123. 2. Joseph. One of two secret disciples who burn Lord: Nicodemus being the other (see John 3.	
L N	55 And the women also, which $^\circ came$ with Him $^\circ from  {}^5 Galilee,  {}^\circ followed after,$	7. 50; 19. 39). The Eleven had no part in it. counsellor. A member of the Sanhedrin. 51 consented = voted with. Gr. sunkatat	tithēmi.
0f	and ° beheld the $53$ sepulchre, and how His body was laid.	Occurs only here. counsel. Gr. boulē. Ap. of - from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. also himself=himself also.	.102.4.
· e	56 And they $^{\rm 48}$ returned, and $^{\circ}$ prepared spices and ointments;	the kingdom of God. See Ap. 114. 52 begged = asked. Gr. aiteo. Same word a	ıs "re-
М	and $^{\circ}$ rested the sabbath day according to the commandment.	quire", v. 23, and "desire", v. 25. Ap. 184. I. 4. 53 linen. Showing he was a rich man. Cp 27. 57. Mark 14. 51; 15. 46. sepulchre = to hewn in stone = hewn in a rock. Gr. laxeutos.	omb.
W3 P	24 °Now upon °the first day of the week, °very early in the morning, they came °unto the °sepulchre, bringing the spices which they had prepared, and certain others ° with them.	only here. never before. Gr. ouk oudepō oudeis. 54 the preparation. See Ap. 156. the sabbath. The high sabbath. See Ap. 156 55 came = were come with. Only here and Acts from = out of. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii. followed after. Gr. sunakoloutheō. Only here and	s 16.17. d Mark
Q	2 And °they found the stone rolled away °from the sepulchre. onlyhere, and in 14. 4. Acts 11. 18; 21. 14; and 1 Thess.	<b>56</b> prepared, &c. These had to be bought (Mar between the two sabbaths. See Ap. 156. rested. Gr. $h\bar{e}suchaz\bar{o} = to$ rest from labour.	rk 16. 1) Occu <b>rs</b>
			rt., 100.
	W <sup>3</sup>   P   1. The women. Q   2-4 Perplexi R   g   -4-6. Th h   7, 8. T P   9, 10 Women. Q   10. Perplexit R   h   11. Th   g   12. The	he Lord not there. The Lord's words not believed. Return to the Apostles. y reported. he women's words not believed. Lord not there.	
	dawn. Cp. John 20. 1. unto = upon. Gr. epi.	early in the morning. Gr. orthros bathus, lit. a Ap. 104. ix. 3. sepulchre = tomb. the question they had asked (Mark 16. s). f	

	<b>24.</b> 3.	LU	KE.	<b>24.</b> 18.
а.д. 29	3 And they entered in, and found body of °the Lord °Jesus. 4 °And it came to pass, °as they w perplexed °thereabout,		<b>3</b> not. Gr. ou. Ap. 105. I. the Lord Jesus. See Ap. 98. V first occurrence of this full express in this connexion. It is the pre- occurrences in the Epistles.	ion. Rightly found
Rg	<sup>°</sup> behold, two <sup>°</sup> men stood by them <sup>°</sup> i <sup>°</sup> garments: <sup>5</sup> And <sup>°</sup> as they were afraid, a down <i>their</i> faces <sup>°</sup> to the earth, they them, "Why seek ye <sup>°</sup> the living <sup>°</sup> au dead? <sup>6</sup> He is <sup>°</sup> not here, but is <sup>°</sup> risen: <sup>°</sup> how He spake unto you when He w <sup>°</sup> Galilee,	nd bowed said °unto mong °the remember	Jesus. Ap. 98. X. <b>4</b> And it came to pass. A Hebr as, &c. = in (Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii thereabout = concerning this. Gr behold. Gr. idou. Ap. 133. I. 2. F men. Gr. pl. of anër. Ap. 123. 2. as in v7. in. Gr. en. Ap. 104. viii. Not the vv. 12, 47. shining = flashing as lightning. ( in 17. 24. garments = splendid	) their being, &c. . peri. Ap. 104. xiii, 1. ig. Asterismos. Ap.6. Not the same word the same word as in Occurs only here, and
h	7 Saying, °'The Son of man mu livered ° into the hands of ° sinful ° n crucified, and the third day rise again 8 And they remembered <b>His</b> ° word	nen, and be	<b>5</b> as they were, &c. = becoming to. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. unto. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. the living = the living One.	filled with fear.
Р	<ul> <li>9 And returned <sup>2</sup> from the sepul told all these things unto the eleverall the rest.</li> <li>10 It was <sup>o</sup>Mary Magdalene, and Jo Mary the mother of James, <sup>o</sup>and oth that were <sup>1</sup> with them,</li> </ul>	en, and to Danna, and	6 risen. Ap. 178. 4. remember. The true messenger His words. Cp. v. s. 7 The Son of man. See Ap. 98 into. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi.	See Ap. 139. 4. • of the Lord recalls Galilee. Ap. 169. • XVI.
Q	which told these things <sup>5</sup> unto the ag	postles.	sinful, sinners. Gr. hamartolos. men. Gr. pl. of anthropos. Ap.	
R h	11 And their <sup>8</sup> words seemed <sup>°</sup> to the tales, and they <sup>°</sup> believed them not.	m °as °idle	8 words. Gr. pl. of rhēma. See 10 Mary. See Ap. 100.	note on Mark 9. 32.
g	12 Then arose Peter, °and ran sepulchre; and stooping down, he ° linen clothes °laid by themselves, parted, wondering °in himself at t was come to pass.	beheld the and °de-	and, &c. = and the rest (Ap. 124. 11 to them = in their sight. idle tales = silly nonsense. Gr. here. A medical term for delirium believed not = disbelieved. Gr. 12 and ran. Note the six this "arose", "ran", "stooped", "be	as = like. lēros. Occurs only n. apisteō. ngs Peter did here,
S <sup>1</sup> T U	13 And, <sup>4</sup> behold, two <sup>°</sup> of <sup>°</sup> them <sup>°</sup> v same day <sup>5</sup> to a village called <sup>°</sup> Emma was <sup>2</sup> from Jerusalem <i>about</i> threes longs.	aus, which	"wondered"; and the one thing lieved". beheld. Gr. bl. laid by themselves. Important Matt. 28. 12-15.	he did not do, "be- epō. Ap. 133. I. 5. t evidence in view of
v	14 And they °talked together ° of things which had happened. 15 'And it came to pass, that, ° communed together and reasoned, 'J self ° drew near, and ° went with the	while they esus Him-	departed, &c. = went away to (Gr. his own [house] wondering. <b>24.</b> 13-49 ( $B$ , p. 1427). THI ( <i>Division</i> .) $B \begin{vmatrix} S^1 \\ S^2 \end{vmatrix}$ 13-32. Journey to Emmau 33-49. Return to Jerusalei	E SUCCESSORS.
w	16 But their eyes were holden should "not "know Him.	that they	<b>24.</b> 13-32 (S <sup>1</sup> , above). JOURN (Extended Alternat	EY TO EMMAUS. ion.)
X Y	17 And He said <sup>5</sup> unto them, "Wh of °communications <i>are</i> these tha one °to another, as ye walk, °and a	t ye°have	S1         T         U         13. The village.         Journ           V         14, 15. On the way th           W         16. Their eyes how           X         17-27. The Lo	hither. Olden.
Z	18 And the one <sup>13</sup> of them, whose °Cleopas, answering said <sup>5</sup> unto H $\mathfrak{X}(hou$ ° only a stranger <sup>4</sup> in Jerusalem, <sup>3</sup> not ° known the things which ar pass ° there <sup>4</sup> in these days?"	Him, "Art °and hast		ouse. ened. 3 disappearance.
	<b>Emmaus.</b> Now Khan el Khamasch, eig (Finn). furlongs. See Ap. 51. II Ap. 104. xv. 3) one another. Same as 4 <b>15</b> while, &c. = in (Gr. en) their comm walking. <b>16</b> not. Gr. mē. Ap. 1	f. 1. (2). 'communed" uning, &c.	h-west of Jerusalem (Conder), or Url 14 talked together = were conve	as, seven miles south ersing with (Gr. pros. peri. Ap. 104. xiii. 1, near. went=was
	<b>24. 17-27</b> (X, abo	ve). THE L	ORD'S INSTRUCTION. (Alternati	0 <b>n.</b> )
	Z   19- Y   19-	8. Answer of . Question of -19-27. Answ	the Lord. "What things?" er of Cleopas.	o. Only here in N.T.
	to. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. and "walk", and reads on : " and they stoo III. 3. An abbreviation of Cleopatros.	are sad. Acc d still, sad in Not the sar	cording to TTr. WH R (not the Syr.) countenance". <b>18 Cleopas.</b> A	the question ends at ramaic. See Ap. 94. ly a and hast=

В

	<b>24.</b> 19. L	UKE.	<b>24.</b> 37.
Y a. d. 29	19 And He said unto them, ""What things?	Concerning Gr mari An 104 wiji 1	?
<b>A.</b> D. 23 Z	And they said unto Him, ° "Concerning SJesu of Nazareth, Which was °a prophet might <sup>4</sup> in deed and ° word before God and all th people:	<b>y</b> word. Gr. <i>logos.</i> See note on Mark 9. 32.	
	20 And how the chief priests and our ruler delivered Him <sup>5</sup> to <sup>°</sup> be condemned to death, and have crucified Him.	should have redeemed = was about to re	
	21 But 100 ° trusted that it had been He Whic ° should have redeemed Israel: and ° beside a ° this, to day is ° the third day ° since ° thes things were done. 22 Yea, and certain women also <sup>13</sup> of ou	<ul> <li>this=these things.</li> <li>the third day. See Ap. 148 and 166.</li> <li>since=from (Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv) the time</li> <li>22 at. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3.</li> <li>r seen Gr brava Ap. 133 1.8 wasaliya.</li> </ul>	
	company made us astonished, which wer early °at the sepulchre; 23 And when they found <sup>16</sup> not His body	e 24 to. Gr. epi, as above. saw. Gr. eidon. Ap. 133. I. 1. 7, 25 Then = And.	
	they came, saying, that they had °also °see a vision of angels, which said that He °wa alive.	<b>n</b> O fools = O dullards. Gr. $anoētos$ = without (not $aphron =$ without mind; or $asophos$ = wi dom); i.e. dull is your heart, and slow in bell bolieres Scales 45. 150 J or (iii)	thout wis-
	24 And certain of them which were <sup>1</sup> with u went ° to the sepulchre, and found <i>it</i> even so a the women had said: but Him they °sav <sup>3</sup> not." 25 ° Then St said <sup>5</sup> unto them, ° "O fools, an	s all = on all. Not some. The Jews believed phecies of the "glory", but not those of the "su and cast the Lord out, because they thought H good enough for the world. Many to-day do th	ufferings", He was not he reverse,
	slow of heart to °believe °all that the pro phets have spoken: 26 °Ought °not °Christ to have suffered thes	<ul> <li>Be Ought not, &amp;c ? Behoved it not ? not. Gr. ouchi. Ap. 105. I. a.</li> <li>Christ=the Messiah. Ap. 98. IX.</li> </ul>	
	things, ° and to enter 7 into His glory?" 27 And °beginning ° at ° Moses and ° all th prophets, He ° expounded unto them 4 in a the scriptures the things <sup>19</sup> concerning Himsel	repented. See Acts 3. 18-26, and cp. 1 Pet. 1	the nation . 11; 4.13; 1.3.
T U	28 And they drew nigh °unto the village whither they °went: and $\mathfrak{H} \mathfrak{e}$ °made as though He would have gone further.	e, 12. Lev. 16. Num. 21. 9. Deut. 18. 15. Nu	um. 24.17; 104. iv.
r	29 But they °constrained Him, saying, "Abid ° with us: for it is °toward evening, and the da ° is far spent." And He went in to tarry <sup>1</sup> with them.	e 50. 6; 53. 4, 5. Jer. 23. 5; 33. 14, 15. Ezek. 34 y 5. 2. Zech. 6. 12; 9. 9; 12. 10; 13. 7. Mal. h See also Heb. 1. 1. expounded=inte 28 unto. Gr. eis. Ap. 104. vi. went=w	4. 23. Mic. 3. 1; 4. 2. prpreted. were going.
	30 <sup>4</sup> And it came to pass, °as He ° sat at mea <sup>29-</sup> with them, He °took ° bread, and blessed <i>it</i> and °brake, and gave to them.		ded to go.
W	31 And their eyes were opened, and the ${}^{16}$ knew Him; and $\tilde{\mathfrak{H}}$ °vanished °out of the sight.	y and Acts 16. 15. with. Gr. meta. Ap. 10 r toward. Gr. pros. Ap. 104. xv. 3. is far spont = has declined. 30 as He sat. &c. = in (Gr. en) His sitting (	04. xi. 1.
X	32 And they said one $^{-17}$ to another, ° "Did <sup>26</sup> no our heart burn ° within us, while He ° talke with us ° by the way, and while He ° opened t us the scriptures ?"	<ul> <li>sat=reclined.</li> <li>took bread. He took the part of the host.</li> <li>bread=the bread.</li> <li>brake, &amp;c. See note on Matt. 14. 19.</li> </ul>	
$S^2 A$	33 And they rose up the same hour, an returned $6$ to Jerusalem, and found the elever $^{\circ}$ gathered together, and them that were $^{1}$ with them,	n out of their sight = from (Gr. apo. Ap. 104 32 Did not, &c. = was not our heart burnin within=in. Gr. en. talked = was	. iv) them. ng. talking.
В	34 ° Saying, °" The Lord ° is risen indeed, an ° hath appeared to Simon." 35 And they ° told what things were done 4 in the way, and how He ° was <sup>18</sup> known of ther 4 in ° breaking of bread.	<b>24. 33-49</b> (S <sup>2</sup> , p. 1507). RETURN TO JERI	
A		B 34, 35. The Lord. His doings. Re	
BCE		d <b>34 Saying:</b> i.e. the eleven and those w being the speakers. <b>The Lord.</b> Ap. 98. VI. i. a. 3. A. is risen = has risen. Gr. egeirō. Ap. 178. I.	4.
	<b>35</b> told = related. was known = became known. Ap. 132. I. ii. breaking, &c. = the breaking of the bread		
	<b>24.</b> -36-49 [For Structure see next page]. 37 seen. Gr. theöreö. Ap. 133. I. 11. spirit. Gr. pneuma. Ap. 101. II. 11.		
		spirit. (1. pheama. Ap. 101. 11, 11.	

	<b>24.</b> 38. LU	KE. 24. 53.	
F i a.d. 29	38 And He said unto them, "Why are ye troubled? and why do °thoughts arise <sup>4</sup> in your hearts?	<b>24.</b> -36-49 (B, p. 1508). THE LORD. HIS WORDS. (Alternation.) B C -36-43. Proof. As to the past.	
k	39 °Behold My hands and My feet, that it is 37 Myself: handle Me, and °see; for a <sup>37</sup> spirit hath <sup>3</sup> not flesh and bones, as ye <sup>37</sup> see Me	D   44-48. Instruction. C   49 Promise. As to the future. D   -49. Command. <b>24.</b> -36-43 (C, above). PROOF. AS TO THE	
	have." 40 And when He had thus spoken, He shewed them <i>His</i> hands and <i>His</i> feet.	PAST. (Alternations.) C   E   $-36$ , 37. Feelings. Terror and fright. F   i   38. Question. "Why?"	
E	41 And while they yet believed not ° for joy, and ° wondered,	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c } &   & k   & 39, 40. \end{array} $ The Lord's answer. $ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	
F i	He said unto them, "Have ye here °any °meat?"	$k \mid 42, 43.$ Their answer. <b>38</b> thoughts = reasonings.	
k	42 And they gave Him a piece of a ° broiled fish, and ° of an ° honeycomb. 43 And He took $it$ , and did eat before them.	<ul> <li>39 Behold. Gr. pl. of <i>ide</i>. Ap. 133. I. 3.</li> <li>see. Same as "behold".</li> <li>41 for = from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv.</li> <li>wondered = were wondering. any = anything.</li> </ul>	
D G I	44 And He said unto them, "These are the "words which I spake <sup>5</sup> unto you, while I was yet <sup>1</sup> with you,	meat = eatable. Gr. brösimos. Occurs only here. <b>42</b> broiled. Gr. optos. Occurs only here. of = from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv.	
m	that all things °must be fulfilled, which °were written $4$ in ° the Law of $27$ Moses, and <i>in</i> the Prophets, and <i>in</i> the Psalms, concerning °Me."	honeycomb. Common fare. Most texts omit from "and" to end of verse. 24. 44-48 (D, above). INSTRUCTION. (Alternation and Introversion.) D G   1   44 Words. Past.	
H	<b>45</b> Then <sup>o</sup> opened He their understanding, that they might understand the Scriptures,	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	
G m	46 And said unto them, "Thus it is "written, and thus it behoved $^{26}$ Christ to suffer, and to "rise "from "the dead" the third day:	$l \mid 1$ 47. Words. Present. $H \mid 18$ . The Scriptures testified. <b>44</b> words. Pl. of $log 08$ . See note on Mark 9. 32.	
2	47 And that <sup>°</sup> repentance and <sup>°</sup> remission of <sup>°</sup> sins should be <sup>°</sup> preached <sup>°</sup> in His name <sup>°</sup> among all <sup>°</sup> nations, <sup>°</sup> beginning <sup>°</sup> at Jerusalem.	vv. 26, 27. the Law, &c. These are the three great divisions of	
H	48 And $y_e$ are ° witnesses of these things.	the Hebrew Bible. See Ap. 1 and note on Matt. 5. 17. Me. Christ is the one great subject of the whole	
C	<b>49</b> And, 4 behold, $\Im$ ° send ° the promise of My Father ° upon you :		
D	but tarry $p_{\ell}$ <sup>4</sup> in the city of Jerusalem, until ye be endued with ° power <sup>46</sup> from on high."	2. 14. Cp. Ps. 119. 18. <b>48</b> rise. Ap. 178. I. 1. from=out from among. Gr. ek. Ap. 104. vii.	
J	50 And °He led them out °as far as <sup>5</sup> to °Bethany,	the dead. Ap. 139. 3. See note on Matt. 17. 9. the third day. See Ap. 148 and 156. <b>47</b> repentance. Ap. 111. II. 1.	
K n	and He lifted up His hands, and blessed them.	remission of sins. The new Covenant having been	
0	51 <sup>4</sup> And it came to pass, $^{\circ}$ while He blessed them,	made, this could now be proclaimed. Cp. 1. 17. Acts 2. 38; 3. 19; 10. 43; 13. 38, 39. Heb. 9. 22. sins. Gr. hamartia. Ap. 128. I. ii. 1.	
K o	He °was parted <sup>2</sup> from them, and carried up <sup>7</sup> into ° heaven.	preached = proclaimed. Ap. 121. 1. in = on (the strength, or foundation of). Gr. $epi$ . Ap. 104. ix. 2. <b>among</b> = to. Gr. $eis$ . Ap. 104. vi.	
n	52 And they ° worshipped Him,	nations=the nations.	
J	and returned <sup>5</sup> to Jerusalem <sup>29</sup> with great joy: 53 And were continually <sup>4</sup> in the <sup>°</sup> temple, praising and blessing <sup>19</sup> God. Amen.	beginning at Jerusalem. Cp. Isa. 2. 3. Mic. 4. 2. at=from. Gr. apo. Ap. 104. iv. Cp. Acts 1. 8. This was done by Peter (Acts 1-12). <b>48</b> witnesses=witness-bearers. Cp. Acts 1. 8; 2. 32	
	8. 15; 4. 33; 5. 30-32, &c. <b>49</b> send. Gr. apostellō, but TTr. A WH R read exapostellō, send out or forth. Ap. 174. 1. 2. the promise : i.e. the gift of pneuma hagion. According to Joel 2. 28 (Acts 2. 17, 18). See Isa. 44. 3. Ezek. 36. 26. upon. Gr. epi. Ap. 104. ix. 3. power from on high. This defines the meaning of pneuma hagion, which is synonymous with it. See Acts 1. 4, 5.		
	$\begin{array}{c c} A & J & 50 \ Led o \\ K & n & -50 . \\ & 0 & 51 \\ K & 0 & -5 \\ n & 52 \end{array}$	His blessing them. He is separated. 51. He is carried up. Their worship of Him.	
	<b>50</b> He led, &c. At the end of the forty days (Act or opposite to. Bethany. Now el'Azariyeh. parted=stood apart. heaven. Sing. having worshipped. Ap. 137. 1. <b>53</b> temp	<b>51</b> while: i.e. in (Gr. $en$ ) the act, &c. was See note on Matt. 6. 9, 10. <b>52</b> worshipped= ble=the Temple courts. See note on Matt. 23. 16. Not some. See Acts 1. 14; 2. 46; 3. 1; 5. 42. Luke ends his	