# ST. JOHN.

The fourth Gospel was written by the Apostle John (John 21, 24). has been questioned on critical grounds, but on the same grounds and with equal scholarship, the early date and Johanean authorship have been maintained.

Date. The date of John's Gospel falls between A.D. 85 and 90. Probably the

latter.

This is indicated both in the Prologue (1. 1-14), and in the last verse of the Gospel proper (20. 31), and is: The incarnation of the eternal Word, and Son of God, Himself God, in Jesus the Christ, (1) to reveal God in the terms of a human life; (2) that as many as believe on Him as "the Christ, the Son of God" (20. 31) may have eternal life. The prominent words are, "believed" and "life."

The book is in seven natural divisions: I. Prologue: The eternal Word incarnate in Jesus the Christ, 1. 1-14. II. The witness of John the Baptist, 1. 15-34. III. The public ministry of Christ, 1. 35-12. 50. IV. The private ministry of Christ to His own, 13. 1-17. 26. V. The sacrifice of Christ, 18. 1-19. 42. VI. The manifestation of Christ in resurrection, 20, 1-31. VII. Epilogue: Christ the Master of life and service, 21, 1-25,

a Rev.19.13.

b John 17.5.

c Heb.1.8,13;

(Mt.7.14:

Rev.22.19.) f Or, appre-

of it.

kind.

Lk.3.2,3

Acts 19.4.

4.8) = man

l i.e. He came

things, and his own peo-

ple received him not.

(Gen.3.20;

Heb.11.39.)

o Flesh. John 3.6. (John 1. 13; Jude 23.) p 1 Tim.3.16.

unto his own

hended; lit.

1 John 5.20.

The events recorded in this book cover a period of 7 years.

### CHAPTER 1.

The deity of Jesus Christ. (Cf. Heb. 1. 5-13.)

IN the beginning was the <sup>1</sup>aWord, <sup>1</sup> John <sup>3</sup> and the Word was with <sup>b</sup>God d Eph.3.9. and the Word was with bGod, e Life (eterand the Word was God.

2 The same was in the beginning with God.

### His pre-incarnation work. (Cf. Heb. 1. 2.)

dAll things were made by him; g Mal.3.1; and without him was not any thing h John 3.26,36. made that was made.

4 In him was elife; and the life 1 Isa. 49.6. k kosmos (Mt.

was the light of men.

5 And the light shineth in darkness; and the darkness fcomprehended it not.

### Ministry of John Baptist. (See vs. 29-34. Cf. Mt. 3. 1-17; Mk. m Or, author-1. 1-11; Lk. 3. 1-23.) ity. n Faith.

6 There was a gman sent from God, whose name was John.

7 The same came for a hwitness, to bear witness of the Light, that all men through him might believe.

8 He was not that Light, but

was sent to bear witness of that A.D. 26. Light.

> Jesus Christ the true Light. (Cf. John 8. 12; 9. 5; 12. 46.)

9 That was the true Light, which lighteth every man that cometh into nal). John 3. 15,16,36. the kworld.

10 He was in the kworld, and the world was made by him, and the world knew him not. laid not hold

The two classes: sons and unbelievers. (Cf. 1 John 3. 1, 2; 5. 11, 12.)

11 He came unto his own, and his

own received him not.

12 But as many as received him, to them gave he mpower to become the sons of God, even to them that "believe on his name:

13 Which were born, not of blood, nor of the will of the offesh, nor of the will of man, but of God.

John The incarnation. (Cf. Mt. 1. 18-23: 3.15, 16, 18, 36. Lk. 1. 30-35; Rom. 1. 2, 4.)

> 14 And the DWord was made flesh, and dwelt among us, (and we beheld his glory, the glory as of the only begotten of the Father,) full of grace and truth.

1 Gr. Logos (Aram. Memra, used in the Targums, or Heb. paraphrases, for God). The Greek term means, (1) a thought or concept; (2) the expression or utterance of that thought. As a designation of Christ, therefore, Logos is peculiarly felicitous because, (1) in Him are embodied all the treasures of the divine wisdom, the collective "thought" of God (1 Cor. 1. 24; Eph. 3. 11; Col. 2. 2, 3); and, (2) He is, from eternity, but especially in His incarnation, the utterance or expression of the Person, and "thought" of Deity (John 1. 3-5, 9, 14-18; 14. 9-11; Col. 2. 9). In the Being, Person, and work of Christ, Deity is told out.

The witness of John Baptist. (Cf. Mt. 3. 1-17; Mk. 1. 1-11; Lk. 3. 1-18.)

15 John bare awitness of him, and cried, saying. This was he of whom I spake, He that cometh after me is preferred before me: for he was before me.

16 And of his fulness have all we

received, and <sup>1</sup>grace for grace.

17 For the <sup>b</sup>law was given by Moses, but 'grace and truth came by Jesus Christ.

18 No man hath 2seen God at any time; the only begotten Son, which is in the bosom of the Father, he hath declared him.

19 And this is the record of John. when the Jews sent priests and f Deut.18.15. Levites from Jerusalem to ask him,

Who art thou? 20 And he confessed, and denied h Jehovah. not; but confessed, I am not the

21 And they asked him, What then? Art thou Elias? And he saith, I am not. Art thou that fprophet? And he answered, No.

22 Then said they unto him, Who art thou? that we may give an answer to them that sent us. savest thou of thyself?

23 gHe said. I am the voice of one crying in the wilderness, Make straight the way of the hLord, as said the iprophet Esaias.

24 And they which were sent were of the Pharisees.

25 And they asked him, and said

A.D. 26.

a vs.6-8,15; Mal.3.1.

b Law (of Moses). John 7.19. (Ex.19. 1; Gal.3. 1-29.)

c Grace (in salvation) (Rom.3,24.)

d Lit. led him forth, i.e. lation. John 14.9.

e Lk.3.15.

g Mt.3,3.

Isa.40.3.

i Isa.40.3. j Bethany.

k Sacrifice (of Christ). John 6.33-35. (Gen. 4.4; Heb.10. 18.)

l Sin. Rom.3. 23, note.

m Holy Spirit. John 3.5,6 8,34. (Mt.1. 18; Acts 2.4.)

unto him, Why baptizest thou then, if thou be not that Christ, nor Elias, neither that prophet?

26 John answered them, saying, I baptize with water: but there standeth one among you, whom ye know

27 He it is, who coming after me is preferred before me, whose shoe's latchet I am not worthy to unloose.

28 These things were done in Bethabara beyond Jordan, where John was baptizing.

29 The next day John seeth Jesus coming unto him, and saith, Behold the kLamb of God, which taketh away the Isin of the world.

30 This is he of whom I said. After me cometh a man which is preferred before me: for he was before me.

31 And I knew him not: but that he should be made manifest to Israel, therefore am I come baptizing with water.

32 And John bare record, saying, I saw the "Spirit descending from heaven like a dove, and it abode upon him.

33 And I knew him not: but he that sent me to baptize with water, the same said unto me, Upon whom thou shalt see the Spirit descending, and remaining on him, the same is he which baptizeth with the Holy Ghost.

34 And I saw, and bare record that this is the Son of God.

<sup>1</sup> Grace. Summary: (1) Grace is "the kindness and love of God our Saviour toward man . . . not by works of righteousness which we have done" (Tit. 3. 4, 5). It is, therefore, constantly set in contrast to law, under which God demands righteousness from man, as, under grace, he gives righteousness to man (Rom. 3. 21, 22; 8. 4; Phil. 3. 9). Law is connected with Moses and works; grace with Christ and faith (John 1. 17; Rom. 10. 4-10). Law blesses the good; grace saves the bad (Ex. 19. 5; Eph. 2. 1-9). Law demands that blessings be earned; grace is a free gift (Deut. 28. 1-6; Eph. 2. 8; Rom. 4. 4, 5).

(2) As a dispensation, grace begins with the death and resurrection of Christ (Rom. 3. 24-26; 4. 24, 25). The point of testing is no longer legal obedience as the condition of salvation, but acceptance or rejection of Christ, with good works as a fruit of salvation (John 1. 12, 13; 3. 36; Mt. 21. 37; 22. 42; John 15. 22, 25; Heb. 1. 2; 1 John 5. 10–12). The *immediate result* of this testing was the rejection of Christ by the Jews, and His crucifixion by Jew and Gentile (Acts 4. 27). The predicted end of the testing of man under grace is the apostasy of the professing church (see Apostasy," 2 Tim. 3. 1-8, note), and the resultant apocalyptic judgments.

(3) Grace has a twofold manifestation: in salvation (Rom. 3. 24, refs.), and in the walk and service of the saved (Rom. 6. 15, refs.). See, for the other six dispensations: Innocence, Gen. 1. 28; Conscience, Gen. 3. 23; Human Government,

Gen. 8. 21; *Promise*, Gen. 12. 1; *Law*, Ex. 19. 8; *Kingdom*, Eph. 1. 10.

<sup>2</sup> Cf. Gen. 32. 30; Ex. 24. 10; 33. 18; Jud. 6. 22; 13. 22; Rev. 22. 4. The divine essence, God, in His own triune Person, no human being in the flesh has seen. But God, veiled in angelic form, and especially as incarnate in Jesus Christ, has been seen of men (Gen. 18. 2, 22; John 14. 8, 9).

# The public ministry of Jesus Christ (John 1. 35-12. 50).

35 Again the next day after John stood, and two of his disciples;

36 And looking upon Jesus as he walked, he saith, Behold the Lamb of God!

37 And the two disciples heard him speak, and athey followed

Jesus.

38 Then Jesus turned, and saw a Cf.Mk.1 them following, and saith unto them, What seek ye? They said unto him, Rabbi, (which is to say, b The call to being interpreted, Master,) where dwellest thou?

39 He saith unto them, bCome and see. They came and saw where he dwelt, and abode with him that day: for it was about other

tenth hour.

40 One of the two which heard d Or, the John speak, and followed him, was Andrew, Simon Peter's brother.

41 He first findeth his own brother Simon, and saith unto him, We have found the Messias, which is, being interpreted, dthe Christ. h Psa.139.1.

42 And he brought him to Jesus. And when Jesus beheld him, he said, Thou art Simon the son of Jona: thou shalt be called Cephas. which is by interpretation. A stone.

43 The day following Jesus would go forth into Galilee, and findeth Philip, and saith unto him, Follow

44 Now Philip was of Bethsaida, the city of Andrew and Peter.

45 Philip findeth Nathanael, and n Lk.2.49. saith unto him, We have found him, of whom Moses in the law, and the prophets, did write, Jesus b Mt.15.2;

of Nazareth, the son of Joseph.
46 And Nathanael said unto him, q One firkin Can there any good thing come out of Nazareth? Philip saith unto him,

Come and see.

47 Jesus saw Nathanael coming to him, and saith of him, Behold an Israelite indeed, in whom is no

guile!

48 Nathanael saith unto him. Whence knowest thou me? Jesus answered and said unto him, Before that Philip called thee, when thou wast under the fig tree, I haw thee.

49 Nathanael answered and saith unto him, Rabbi, ithou art the Son of God; thou art the jKing of

Israel.

50 Jesus answered and said unto him, Because I said unto thee, I saw thee under the fig tree, believ-

A.D. 30.

16-20; Lk.5.

discipleship. Cf.Mt.4.18-

service.

c That was

two hours

anointed.

f Deut.18.15.

i John 5.17.

j Mt.21.4,5;

27.11.

k Heb.1.4.

l Heb.13.4.

m John 19.26;

note.

20.13.

o Isa.30.18.

Lk.11.39.

r Miracles

s Ex.12.14.

about 9 gals.

(N.T.). vs.

1-10; John 4.

46-54. (Mt-8. 2,3; Acts 28. 8,9.)

g Rom.2.28.29.

PIL 24 27

before night.

est thou? thou shalt see greater things than these.

51 And he saith unto him, Verily, verily, I say unto you, Hereafter ye shall see heaven open, and the kangels of God ascending and descending upon the Son of man.

### CHAPTER 2.

### The marriage at Cana: the first miracle.

AND the third day there was a marriage in Cana of Galilee: and the mother of Jesus was there: 2 And both Jesus was called, and his disciples, to the marriage. 22, the call to

3 And when they wanted wine. the mother of Jesus saith unto him.

They have no wine.

4 Jesus saith unto her, mWoman, what have I to "do with thee? mine hour is not yet come.

5 His mother saith unto the servants. Whatsoever he saith unto

you, do it.

6 And there were set there six waterpots of stone, after the manner of the purifying of the Jews, containing two or three qfirkins apiece.

7 Jesus saith unto them, Fill the waterpots with water. And they

filled them up to the brim. 8 And he saith unto them, Draw out now, and bear unto the governor

of the feast. And they bare it. 9 When the ruler of the feast had tasted the water that was rmade wine, and knew not whence it was: (but the servants which drew the water knew;) the governor of the feast called the bridegroom,

10 And saith unto him, Every man at the beginning doth set forth good wine; and when men have well drunk, then that which is worse: but thou hast kept the good

wine until now.

11 This beginning of miracles did Jesus in Cana of Galilee, and manifested forth his glory; and his disciples believed on him.

12 After this he went down to Capernaum, he, and his mother, and his brethren, and his disciples: and they continued there not many days.

The first passover (vs. 13, 23; cf. John 6. 4; 11. 55): first purification of the temple. (Cf. Mt. 21. 12, 13; Mk. 11. 15-17; Lk. 19. 45, 46.)

13 And the Jews' spassover was

1116

at hand, and aJesus went up to Jerusalem,

bfound in the temple 14 And those that sold doxen and sheep and doves, and the changers of emoney sitting:

itting:
15 And when he had made a John 5.1;
6.4; 11.55.
6.4; 11.55. scourge of small cords, he drove b Mt.21.12; them all out of the temple, and the sheep, and the oxen; and poured out the changers' money, and overc Rev.11.2. d Lev.22.19. threw the tables;

16 And said unto them that sold Ex.30.12. doves, Take these things hence; g John 6.30; make not my Father's house an

house of merchandise.

17 And his disciples remembered that it was written, The fzeal of thine house hath eaten me up.

18 Then answered the Jews and said unto him, What gsign shewest thou unto us, seeing that thou doest these things?

19 Jesus answered and said unto k 1 Sam.16.7; them, <sup>h</sup>Destroy this temple, and in three days I will raise it up.

20 Then said the Jews, Forty and macts 10.38. six years was this temple in building, and wilt thou rear it up in three days?

21 But he spake of the itemple of

his body.

22 When therefore he was jrisen p Ezk.36.25; from the dead, his disciples remembered that he had said this unto Tit.3.5,6; 1 Pet.3.21. q Flesh. John 6.63. (John them; and they believed the scripture, and the word which Jesus had said.

23 Now when he was in Jerusalem at the passover, in the feast day, many believed in his name, when they saw the miracles which he did.

24 But Jesus did not commit himself unto them, because he knew all u 1

25 And needed not that any should testify of man: for he knew w Inspiration. what was in man.

#### CHAPTER 3.

Jesus and Nicodemus: the new birth. (Cf. v. 3, note.)

THERE was a man of the Pharisees, named lNicodemus, a ruler of the Jews:

The same came to Jesus by

A.D. 30.

Mk.11.15;

Lk.19.45.

Mt.12.38;

i Eph.2.21,22;

tion. vs.19-23; John 5. 25-29. (Job 19.25; 1 Cor. 15.52.)

21.23.

h Mt.26.61; 27.40.

Col.2.9.

j Resurrec

Rev.2.23. John 7.

Gal.6.15; Eph.2.10; Tit.3.5; Jas.1.18;

Pet.1.23.

Mk.16.16;

Acts 2.38;

o Or, from

above.

1.13;

Jude 23.)

r Rom.9.15,18.

the teacher

Tim.3.16;

John 5.7.

John 5.46,47. (Ex.4.15;

Rev.22.19.)

4.8) = man-

kind.

y Isa.9.6.

v See Mt.8.

20, note.

t vs.3,5,8; Heb.5.11,12.

night, and said unto him, Rabbi, we know that thou art a teacher come from God: for no man can do these miracles that thou doest, except mGod be with him. 3 Jesus answered and said unto

him, Verily, verily, I say unto thee, "Except a man be born again, he cannot see the kingdom of God.

4 Nicodemus saith unto him. How can a man be born when he is old? can he enter the second time into his mother's womb, and be born?

5 Jesus answered, Verily, verily, I say unto thee, Except a man be born of pwater and of the Spirit, he cannot enter into the kingdom of

6 That which is born of the flesh is qflesh; and that which is born of

the Spirit is spirit.

7 Marvel not that I said unto

thee, Ye must be born again.
8 The wind bloweth where it listeth, and thou hearest the sound thereof, but canst not tell whence it cometh, and whither it goeth: 'so is every one that is born of the Spirit.

9 Nicodemus answered and said unto him, How can these things

be?

10 Jesus answered and said unto him, Art thou sa master of Israel, and knowest not these things?

11 Verily, verily, I say unto thee, We speak that we do know, and testify that we have seen; and ye receive not our witness.

12 If I have told you tearthly s Lit. Art thou things, and ye believe not, how of Israel, etc. shall ye believe, if I tell you of

"heavenly things?

13 And no man hath ascended up to heaven, but he that came down from heaven, even the 'Son of man which is in heaven.

14 And was Moses lifted up the serpent in the wilderness, even so x kosmos (Mt. must the Son of man be lifted

up:

That whosoever believeth in 15 him should not perish, but have eternal life.

16 For God so loved the "world. that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth in

1 Regeneration: (1) The necessity of the new birth grows out of the incapacity of the natural man to "see" or "enter into" the kingdom of God. However gifted, moral, or refined, the natural man is absolutely blind to spiritual truth, and impotent to enter the kingdom; for he can neither obey, understand, nor please God (John 3. 3, 5, 6; Psa. 51. 5; Jer. 17. 9; Mk. 7. 21-23; 1 Cor. 2. 14; Rom. 8. 7. 8; Eph. 2. 3. See Mt. 6. 33, note). (2) The new birth is not a reformation of him should not <sup>1</sup>perish, but have everlasting life.

17 For God sent not his Son into the aworld to bcondemn the world; a kosmos but that the world through him might be esaved.

18 dHe that believeth on him is b Or, judge, and so in vs. not condemned: but he that believeth not is condemned already, because he hath not believed in the name of the only begotten Son of c Rom.1.16, God.

19 And this is the condemnation. that light is come into the aworld, and men loved darkness rather than light, because their deeds were f Psa.119.105; evil.

20 For every one that doeth evil g John 15.4,5; hateth the light, neither cometh to the light, lest his deeds should be

ereproved.

21 But he that fdoeth truth cometh to the light, that his deeds how. 19,9,14 may be made manifest, that they are gwrought in God.

### Last testimony of John Baptist.

22 After these things came Jesus and his disciples into the land of Judæa; and there he tarried with them, and hbaptized.

23 And John also was baptizing in Ænon near to Salim, because there was much water there: and they icame, and were baptized.

24 For John jwas not yet cast

into prison.
25 Then there arose a question between some of John's disciples and the Jews about kpurifying.

26 And they came unto John, and said unto him, Rabbi, he that was with thee beyond Jordan, to whom thou barest witness, behold, the same baptizeth, and all men come to him.

27 John answered and said, A man can receive nothing, except it

be given him from heaven.

28 Ye yourselves bear me witness, that I said, I am not the Christ, but that mI am sent before him.

29 He that hath the bride is the w Gen.33.19. "bridegroom: but the friend of the bridegroom, which standeth and

A.D. 30.

(Mt.4.8) = mankind.

18,19; cf. John 15. 22-24.

d John 6.40,47; Rom.8.1.

e Or. discovered.

139.23.

h John 4.2. i Mt.3.5.6. j Mt.14.3.

Heb.9.9,14; 1 Pet.3.21.

l Rom.12.5,8; 1 Cor.3.6; Heb.5.4;

1 Pet.4.10.11. m Mal.3.1.

n Bride (of Christ). Rom.7.4. (John 3.29 Rev.19.6-8.)

o Isa.9.7. p John 15.15.

q Isa.55.4,11; 1 John 5.10. r John 7.16.

s Holy Spirit. vs.5,6,8,34; John 4.23,24. (Mt.1.18:

Acts 2.4.) t Faith vs. 15,16,18,36; John 5.24,44. (Gen.3.20; Heb.11.39.)

u Life (Eternal). vs.15, 16,36; John 4.14,36. (Mt.7.14:

v Gal.3.10: 1 Thes. 1.10.

Rev.22.19.)

heareth him, rejoiceth greatly because of the bridegroom's voice: this my joy therefore is fulfilled.

30 He must increase, but I must decrease.

# Declarative statement concerning Jesus Christ.

31 He that cometh from above is above all: he that is of the earth is earthly, and speaketh of the earth: he that cometh from heaven is above all.

32 And what phe hath seen and heard, that he testifieth; and no man receiveth his testimony.

33 He that hath received his testimony hath quest to his seal that God is true.

34 For 'he whom God hath sent speaketh the words of God: for God giveth not the Spirit by mea-

sure unto him.
35 The Father loveth the Son, and hath given all things into his

hand.

36 He that believeth on the Son whath everlasting life: and he that believeth not the Son shall not see life: but the vwrath of God abideth on him.

# CHAPTER 4.

# Jesus departs into Galilee.

HEN therefore the Lord knew how the Pharisees had heard that Jesus made and baptized more disciples than John,

2 (Though Jesus himself baptized

not, but his disciples,)
3 He left Judæa, and departed again into Galilee.

4 And he must needs go through

Samaria.

5 Then cometh he to a city of Samaria, which is called Sychar, near to the parcel of ground that Jacob wgave to his son Joseph.

# Jesus and the Samaritan woman.

6 Now Jacob's well was there. Jesus therefore, being wearied with his journey, sat thus on the well: and it was about the sixth hour.

the old nature (Rom. 6. 6, note), but a creative act of the Holy Spirit (John 3. 5; 1. 12, 13; 2 Cor. 5. 17; Eph. 2. 10; 4. 24). (3) The condition of the new birth is faith in Christ crucified (John 3. 14, 15; 1. 12, 13; Gal. 3. 24). (4) Through the new birth the believer becomes a partaker of the divine nature and of the life of Christ Himself (Gal. 2. 20; Eph. 2. 10; 4. 24; Col. 1. 27; 1 Pet. 1. 23-25; 2 Pet. 1. 4; 1 John 5, 10-12).

<sup>1</sup> Gr. apollumi, trans. "marred," Mk. 2. 22; "lost," Mt. 10. 6; 15. 24; 18. 11; Lk. 15. 4, 6, 32. In no N.T. instance does it signify cessation of existence or of

consciousness. It is the condition of every non-believer.

7 There cometh a woman of Samaria to draw water: Jesus saith unto her, Give me to drink.

8 (For his disciples were gone away unto the city to buy meat.

9 Then saith the woman of Samaria unto him, How is it that thou, being a Jew, askest drink of me, which am a woman of Samaria? for the Jews have no adealings with the Samaritans.

10 Jesus answered and said unto her, If thou knewest the gift of God, and who it is that saith to d Life thee, Give me to drink; thou wouldest have asked of him, and he have given thee living would

water.

11 The woman saith unto him, Sir, thou hast nothing to draw with, and the well is deep: from whence then hast thou that living water?

12 Art thou greater than our father Jacob, which gave us the well, and drank thereof himself, and his children, and his cattle?

13 Jesus answered and said unto Whosoever drinketh of this

bwater shall thirst again:

### The indwelling Spirit. (Cf. John 7. 37–39.)

14 But whosoever drinketh of the water that I shall give him shall never thirst; but the water that I shall give him shall be in him a well of water springing up into k Cf. John 1. deverlasting life.

15 The woman esaith unto him, Sir, give me this water, that I thirst not, neither come hither to draw.

16 Jesus saith unto her, Go, call thy husband, and come hither.

17 The woman answered and said. I have no husband. Jesus said unto her, Thou hast well said, I have no husband:

18 For thou hast had five husbands; and he whom thou now hast p complete. is not thy husband: in that saidst

thou truly.

19 The woman saith unto him, Sir, I perceive that thou art a prophet.

20 Our fathers worshipped in this mountain; and ye say, that in gJerusalem is the place where men ought to worship.

21 Jesus saith unto her, Woman, believe me, the hour cometh, when ye shall neither in this mountain, nor yet at Jerusalem, worship the

Father.

22 Ye worship ye know not what: we know what we worship: for hsalvation is of the Jews.

A.D. 30.

b Christ (as Stone). vs. 13,14; John 7. 37-39. (Ex. 17.6; 1 Pet. 2.8.)

c Or, become.

(eternal). vs.14.36: John 5.24-40. (Mt.7.14; Rev.22.19.)

e Bible prayers. John 4, 49. (Mt.6.9; Rev.22.20.)

Gen.12.6,7; 33.18; Jud. 9.7.

g Deut.12.5; 1 Ki.9.3.

h Rom.1.16, note.

i Or, real.

j That the Holy Spirit is meant is clear from v.

18, note.

l Holy Spirit. John 6.63. (Mt.1.18; Acts 2.4.)

m Deut.18.15.

n that he was talking with a woman.

o Psa.40.8.

Cf. John 17.4.

q Rom.6.22.

r 1 Cor.3.5.9: 1 Thes.2.19.

s Mic.6.15.

t Jer.44.4; 1 Pet.1.12.

23 But the hour cometh, and now is, when the itrue worshippers shall worship the Father in jspirit and in truth: for the Father seeketh such to worship him.

24 kGod is a Spirit: and they that worship him must worship

him in spirit and in truth.

25 The woman saith unto him. I know that Messias cometh, which is called Christ: when he is come, he will mtell us all things.

26 Jesus saith unto her, I that

speak unto thee am he.

27 And upon this came his disciples, and marvelled "that he talked with the woman: yet no man said, What seekest thou? or, Why talkest thou with her?

28 The woman then left her waterpot, and went her way into the city, and saith to the men.

29 Come, see a man, which told me all things that ever I did: is not

this the Christ?

30 Then they went out of the

city, and came unto him.
31 In the mean while his disciples prayed him, saying, Master, eat. 32 But he said unto them, I have meat to eat that ye know not of.

33 Therefore said the disciples one to another. Hath any man

brought him ought to eat? 34 Jesus saith unto them, My meat is to do the owill of him that sent me, and to pfinish his work.

35 Say not ye, There are yet four months, and then cometh harvest? behold, I say unto you, Lift up your eyes, and look on the fields; for they are white already to harvest.

36 And he that reapeth receiveth wages, and gathereth qfruit unto life eternal: that 'both he that soweth and he that reapeth may rejoice together.

37 And herein is that saying true. One soweth, and another reapeth. 38 I sent you to reap that whereon ye bestowed no labour: tother men

laboured, and ye are entered into their labours.

39 And many of the Samaritans of that city believed on him for the saying of the woman, which testified, He told me all that ever I did.

# Jesus and the Samaritans.

40 So when the Samaritans were come unto him, they besought him that he would tarry with them: and he abode there two days.

41 And many more believed be-

cause of his own word;

42 And said unto the woman, Now we believe, not because of thy saying: for we have heard him our- a Rom.1.16, selves, and know that this is indeed the Christ, the aSaviour of the b kosmos bworld.

43 Now after two days he deand parted thence, went into c Mt.13.57;

Galilee.

44 For Jesus himself testified. that a prophet hath no honour in d John 2.13.23.

his own country.

45 Then when he was come into Galilee, the Galilæans received him, f John 2.1.11. having deen all the things that he did at Jerusalem at the feast: for they also went unto the feast.

### The nobleman's son healed.

46 So Jesus came again into Cana Galilee, where he fmade the water wine. And there was a certain gnobleman, whose son was sick at Capernaum.

47 When he heard that Jesus was come out of Judæa into Galilee, he went unto him, and besought him that he would come down, and heal his son: for he was at the point

of death.

48 Then said Jesus unto him, Except ye see signs and wonders, ye will not believe.

The nobleman hsaith unto him. Sir, come down ere my child die.

50 Jesus saith unto him, 'Go thy way; thy son liveth. And the man believed the word that Jesus had spoken unto him, and he went his way.

51 And as he was now going down, his servants met him, and o Psa.142.3. told him, saying, Thy son liveth.

52 Then enquired he of them the hour when he began to amend. And they said unto him, Yesterday at the seventh hour the fever left

53 So the father knew that it was ' at the same hour, in the which Jesus said unto him, Thy son liveth: and himself believed, and his whole house

This is again the second mira- u Psa.2.2. cle that Jesus did, when he was v Gr. patera come out of Judæa into Galilee.

### CHAPTER 5.

The feast (Pentecost?): the pool of Bethesda, and healing.

FTER this there was a kfeast of A the Jews; and Jesus went up to Jerusalem.

2 Now there is at Jerusalem by

A.D. 30.

(Mt.4.8) =

Mk.6.4: Lk.4.24.

e Deut.16.16.

g Or, courtier, or, ruler.

h Bible prayers (N.T.). John 11.41. 42. (Mt.6.9; Rev.22.20.)

i Mt.8.13; Mk. 7.29,30.

j Miracles (N.T.). vs. 46-54; John 5.1-9. (Mt. 8.2,3; Acts 28.8,9.)

k John 2.13; Lev.23.2; Deut.16.16.

l Oτ, gate. Neh.3.1: 12.39.

m The Sinai MS. omits "for the moving of the water." and all of v. 4.

n Heb.1.4, note.

p v.40.

q Miracles (N.T.).vs.1-9; John 6.5-14. (Mt.8.2,3; Acts 28.8,9.)

Jer.17.21; Mt.12.2.

s Lk.4.30. t Sin. Rom.3. 23, note.

idion, his own Father. The Jews understood perfectly that Jesus was claiming to be God. Cf. John 10.33.

w John 10.30, 33; Phil.2.6. the sheep *market* a pool, which is the Hebrew called in tongue Bethesda, having five porches.

3 In these lay a great multitude of impotent folk, of blind, halt, withered. mwaiting for the moving of the water.

4 For an "angel went down at a certain season into the pool, and troubled the water: whosoever then first after the troubling of the water stepped in was made whole of whatsoever disease he had.

5 And a certain man was there, which had an infirmity thirty and

eight years.

6 When Jesus saw him lie, oand knew that he had been now a long time in that case, he saith unto him, \*Wilt thou be made whole?
7 The impotent man answered

him, Sir, I have no man, when the water is troubled, to put me into the pool: but while I am coming, another steppeth down before me.

8 Jesus saith unto him, Rise, take

up thy bed, and walk.

9 And immediately the man was made qwhole, and took up his bed, and walked: and on the same day was the sabbath.

10 The Jews therefore said unto him that was cured, It is the 'sabbath day: it is not lawful for thee

to carry thy bed.

11 He answered them. He that made me whole, the same said unto me, Take up thy bed, and walk.

Then asked they him, What 12 man is that which said unto thee, Take up thy bed, and walk?

13 And he that was healed wist not who it was: for Jesus had sconveyed himself away, a multitude being in that place.

14 Afterward Jesus findeth him in the temple, and said unto him, Behold, thou art made whole: tsin no more, lest a worse thing come unto thee.

15 The man departed, and told the Jews that it was Jesus, which

had made him whole.

16 And therefore did the Jews persecute Jesus, and sought to uslay him, because he had done these things on the sabbath day.

17 But Jesus answered them, My Father worketh hitherto, and I

work.

18 Therefore the Jews sought the more to "kill him, because he not only had broken the sabbath, but said also that God was bhis Father. wmaking himself equal with God.

19 Then answered Jesus and said unto them, Verily, verily, I say unto you, The Son can do nothing of himself, but what he seeth the Father ado: for what things soever a Lit.doing. he doeth, these also doeth the Son b Mt.3.17. likewise.

20 bFor the Father loveth the d John 11.25; Son, and sheweth him all things that himself doeth: and he will shew him greater works than these,

that ye may marvel.

21 For cas the Father raiseth up the dead, and quickeneth them; deven f Life (eterso the Son quickeneth whom he will.

22 For the Father judgeth no man, but hath committed all ejudg-

ment unto the Son:

23 That all *men* should honour gludgments (the seven). the Son, even as they honour the Father. He that honoureth not the Son honoureth not the Father which hath sent him.

24 Verily, verily, I say unto you, He that heareth my word, and believeth on him that sent me, fhath everlasting life, and shall not come i v.28; Eph. into geondemnation; but is passed

from hdeath unto life.
25 Verily, verily, I say unto you, The hour is coming, and now is, when the 'dead shall hear the voice of the Son of God: and they that hear shall live.

26 For <sup>j</sup>as the Father hath life in mile. condem-

himself; so ha thhe given to the Son to have klite in himself;

27 And hath given him authority to execute judgment also, because he is the Son of man.

### The two resurrections. (See v. 29, marg.)

28 Marvel not at this: for the hour is coming, in the which all that are in the graves shall hear his voice,

29 And shall come forth; they that have done good, unto the resurrection of life; and they that have done evil, unto the resurrection of mdamnation.

30 I can of mine own self do nothing: as I hear, I ejudge: and my judgment is just; because I seek not mine own will, but the will of the Father which hath sent me.

31 If I bear 1 witness of myself,

my witness is not true.

There is nanother that bear-

A.D. 31.

c 1 Ki.17.21: Rom.8.11.

e Day of judgment. 22,27,30; Acts 17.31, (Mt.10.15; Rev.20.11.)

nal). vs.24-40; John 6. 27-68. (Mt. 7.14: Rev. 22.19.)

John 19.16-(2 Sam. 7.14; Rev. 22.12.) h Death (spir-

itual). Eph. 4.18,19. (Gen.2.17; Eph.2.5.)

2.1. j Psa.36.9. k John 1.4; 14. 6; 1Cor.15.45. l Resurrec-

tion. vs.25-29; John 6.39,40. (Job 19.25;

nation. n v.37; Acts 10.43. o Rom.1.16, note. D Mt.5.16;

Phil.2.15,16. q complete. Cf. John 1. 18, note. s Or, Ye

search. t The Beast 2 Thes.2.3-8. (Dan.7.8; Rev.19.20.) u i.e. hope. v Inspiration.

vs.46,47; John 6.31 32,45,49,63. (Ex.4.15; Rev.22.19.)

w Faith. vs. 24,44,46; John 6.29,35, 47. (Gen.3. 20; Heb.11

39.)

eth witness of me; and I know that the witness which he witnesseth of me is true.

# The fourfold witness to Jesus: (1) John Baptist.

33 Ye sent unto John, and he bare witness unto the truth.

34 But I receive not testimony from man: but these things I say, that ye might be osaved.

35 He was a burning and a shining plight: and ye were willing for a season to rejoice in his light.

# (2) The works.

36 But I have greater witness than that of John: for the works which the Father hath given me to ofinish, the same works that I do, bear witness of me, that the Father hath sent me.

# (3) The Father (Mt. 3. 17).

37 And the Father himself, which hath sent me, hath borne witness of me. Ye have neither heard his voice at any time, nor 'seen his

38 And ye have not his word abiding in you: for whom he hath

sent, him ye believe not.

# (4) The Scriptures. (Cf. Lk. 24. 27, 44-46,)

39 Search the scriptures; for in them ye think ye have eternal life: and they are they which testify of

40 And ye will not come to me,

that ye might have flife.

41 I receive not honour from men. 42 But I know you, that ye have not the love of God in you.

43 I am come in my Father's name, and ye receive me not: if tanother shall come in his own name, him ye will receive.

44 How can ye believe, which receive honour one of another, and seek not the honour that cometh

from God only?

45 Do not think that I will accuse you to the Father: there is one that accuseth you, even Moses, in whom ye "trust.

46 For had ye believed Moses, ye would have believed me: "for he wrote wof me.

<sup>1</sup> Cf. John 8. 14. In John 5. 31 our Lord, defending His Messianic claims before Jews who denied those claims, accepts the biblical rule of evidence, which required "two witnesses" (John 8. 17; Num. 35. 30; Deut. 17. 6). A paraphrase of verse 31 would be: "If I bear witness of myself [ye will say] my witness is not true."

47 But if ye believe not his writings, how shall ve believe my words?

### CHAPTER 6.

Feeding the five thousand (Mt. 14. 13-21; Mk. 6. 32-44; Lk. 9. 10-17).

AFTER these things Jesus went over the sea of Galilee, which is the sea of Tiberias.

2 And a great multitude followed him, because they saw his miracles b Num.11. which he did on them that were diseased.

3 And Jesus went up into a mountain, and there he sat with his

disciples.

4 And the apassover, a feast of

the Jews, was nigh.

5 When Jesus then lifted up his eyes, and saw a great company come unto him, he saith unto Philip, Whence shall we buy bread, that these may eat?

6 And this he said to prove him: for he himself knew what he would

7 Philip answered him, bTwo hundred pennyworth of bread is not sufficient for them, that every one of them may take a little.

8 One of his disciples, Andrew, Simon Peter's brother, saith unto

him

There is a lad here, which hath five barley loaves, and two small fishes: but what are they among so

10 And Jesus said, Make the men sit down. Now there was much m Isa.55.2; grass in the place. So the men sat down, in number about five thousand.

11 And Jesus took the loaves; and n vs.54,58; when he had given thanks, he distributed to the disciples, and the o Mt.8.20, disciples to them that were set down; and likewise of the fishes as much as they would.

12 When they were filled, he said q Psa.2.7; unto his disciples, Gather up the fragments that remain, that noth-

ing be lost.

Therefore they gathered them together, and filled twelve baskets with the fragments of the five barley loaves, which remained over and above unto them that had eaten.

14 Then those men, when they had seen the dmiracle that Jesus did, said. This is of a truth ethat prophet that should come into the fworld.

A.D. 31.

a Cf.John 2.13; 11.55.

c 1 Sam.9.13: Mt.26.26: 1 Cor.10.31; 1 Tim.4.4,5.

d Miracles (N.T.). vs.5-14,16-21; John 9.1-7. (Mt.8.2,3; Acts 28.8,9.)

e Gen.49.10: Deut.18. 15,18.

f kosmos(Mt.4.8) = mankind.

g John 18.36.

h Mt.14.23; Mk.6.47.

i One furlong

j Isa.43.1,2.

l boats.

Mt.6.19,34; Phil.2.13; Col.3.1,2.

Jer.15.16.

note.

p Eph.2.8,9.

Isa.42.1; Acts 2.22; 2 Pet.1.17. Jesus walks upon the sea (Mt.14. 22-36; Mk. 6. 45-56).

15 When Jesus therefore perceived that they would come and take him by force, to make him a gking, he departed again into a mountain himself alone.

16 hAnd when even was now come, his disciples went down unto

the sea.

17 And entered into a ship, and went over the sea toward Capernaum. And it was now dark, and Jesus was not come to them.

18 And the sea arose by reason of

a great wind that blew.

19 So when they had rowed about five and twenty or thirty 'furlongs, they see Jesus walking on the sea, and drawing nigh unto the ship: and they were afraid.

20 But he saith unto them, JIt is

I: be not afraid.

21 Then they willingly received him into the ship: and immediately the ship was at the land whither they went.

#### The great discourse on the bread of life.

22 The day following, when the people which stood on the other side of the sea saw that there was none other boat there, save that one whereinto his disciples were entered, and that Jesus went not with his disciples into the boat, but that his disciples were gone away

23 (Howbeit there came other boats from Tiberias nigh unto kthe place where they did eat bread, after that the Lord had given thanks:)

24 When the people therefore saw that Jesus was not there, neither his disciples, they also took ishipping, and came to Capernaum. seeking for Jesus.

25 And when they had found him on the other side of the sea, they said unto him, Rabbi, when camest

thou hither?

26 Jesus answered them and said, Verily, verily, I say unto you, Ye seek me, not because ye saw the miracles, but because ye did eat of the loaves, and were filled.

27 mLabour not for the meat which perisheth, but for "that meat which endureth unto everlasting life, which the Son of man shall pgive unto you: qfor him hath God the Father sealed.

28 Then said they unto him, What

shall we do, that we might work the works of God?

29 Jesus answered and said unto them. This is the work of God, that ve abelieve on him whom he hath

30 They said therefore unto him, What bsign shewest thou then, that we may see, and believe thee? what

dost thou work?

31 Our fathers did eat manna in b Mt.12.38. the desert; cas it is written, He conspiration. gave them dbread from heaven to eat.

32 Then Jesus said unto them. Verily, verily, I say unto you, Moses gave you not that bread from heaven; but emy Father giveth you the true bread from heaven.

33 For the bread of God fis he which cometh down from heaven, and griveth life unto the hworld.

34 Then said they unto him, Lord, evermore give us this bread.

35 And Jesus said unto them, I am the bread of life: he that cometh to me shall never hunger; and the that abelieveth on me shall never h thirst.

36 But I said unto you. That jve also have seen me, and believe not.

37 kAll that the Father giveth me shall come to me; and him that cometh to me I will in no wise cast

38 For I came down from heaven. not to do mine own will, mbut the

will of him that sent me.

39 And this is the Father's will which hath sent me, that of all o Resurrecwhich he hath given me I should lose nothing, but should raise it up again at the last day.

40 And this is the will of him that sent me, "that every one which seeth the Son, and believeth on him, may have everlasting life: and I will oraise him up at the last day.

41 The Jews then murmured at him, because he said, I am the bread Isa.54.13. which came down from heaven.

42 And they said, PIs not this v vs.33,35; Jesus, the son of Joseph, whose father and mother we know? how is it then that he saith, I came down from heaven?

43 Jesus therefore answered and said unto them, Murmur not among y v.40.

yourselves.

44 No man can quome to me, except the Father which hath sent me 'draw him: and I will raise him up at the last day.

45 It is written in the prophets, And they shall be all taught of A.D. 31.

a Faith. vs.29, 35,47; John 7.38,39. (Gen.3.20;

Heb.11.39.) vs.31,32,45, 49,63; John 7.

(Ex.4.15; Rev.22.19.) d Psa.78.24. e John 3.13,16. f vs.48,58.

g Sacrifice (of Christ). John 12.24. (Gen.4.4; Heb.10.18.) h kosmos

(Mt.4.8) =mankind. John 5.40; Isa.55.1,2; Rev. 7.16. John 10.26. v.45; John 17.2.

l Isa.1.18; 55.1,7; Mt.11.28; Lk.23.42,43; 1 Tim.1.15;

Heb.4.15,16; 7.25; Rev.22.17. m John 4.34; 5.30; 6.38; Psa.40.7,8;

Mt.26.39. vs.47,54; John 3.15,16. tion.vs.39,40; John 11.11-

14,23-25,42-44. (Job 19. 25; 1 Cor.15. 52.)

b Mt.13.55. v.37 r Eph.2.8,9; Phil.1.29; 2.12,13.

t Lk.10,22. u v.40. Gal.2.20;

Col.3.3,4 w John 3.16; Lk.19.10. x kosmos (Mt.4.8) =mankind.

<sup>5</sup>God. Every man therefore that hath heard, and hath learned of the Father, cometh unto me.

46 Not that any man hath seen the Father, save he which is of <sup>1</sup>God, he hath seen the Father. 47 Verily, verily, I say unto <sup>2</sup>you,

He that believeth on me hath everlasting life.

48 I vam that bread of life.

49 Your fathers did eat manna in the wilderness, and are dead.

50 This is the bread which cometh down from heaven, that a man may eat thereof, and not die.

51 I am the living bread which came down from heaven: if any man eat of this bread, he shall live for ever: and the bread that I will give is my flesh, which I will give for the wlife of the xworld.

52 The Jews therefore among themselves, saying, How can this man give us his flesh to

eat?

53 Then Jesus said unto them, Verily, verily, I say unto you, Except ye eat the flesh of the Son of man, and drink his blood, ye have no life in you.

54 yWhoso eateth my flesh, and drinketh my blood, hath eternal life; and I will raise him up at the

last day.

55 For my flesh is meat indeed, and my blood is drink indeed.

56 He that eateth my flesh, and drinketh my blood, dwelleth in me, and I in him.

57 As the living Father hath sent me, and I live by the Father: so he that eateth me, even he shall live by me.

58 This is that bread which came down from heaven: not as your fathers did eat manna, and are dead: he that eateth of this bread shall live for ever.

59 These things said he in the synagogue, as he taught in Caper-

naum.

Discipleship tested by doctrine. (Cf. Mt. 8. 19-22; 10. 36.)

60 Many therefore of his disciples, when they had heard this. said. This is an hard saying; who can hear it?

61 When Jesus knew in himself that his disciples murmured at it, he said unto them, Doth this offend

you

62 What and if ye shall see the Son of man zascend up where he was before?

63 It is the aspirit that quickeneth; the bflesh profiteth nothing: the words that I speak unto you, they are spirit, and they are life.

64 But there are some of you that believe not. For Jesus knew from the beginning who they were that believed not, and who should betray him.

65 And he said, Therefore said I unto you, that no man can come unto me, except it were given unto d Life (eter-

him of my Father.

66 From that time many of his disciples went back, and walked no more with him.

Peter's confession of faith. (Cf. Mt. 16. 13-20; Mk. 8. 27-30; Lk. 9. 18-21.)

Then said Jesus unto the twelve, Will ye also go away?

68 Then Simon Peter answered him, Lord, to whom shall we go? thou hast the words of deternal life. 69 And ewe believe and are sure

that thou art that Christ, the Son

of the living God.

70 Jesus answered them. Have not I chosen you twelve, and one of

you is a fdevil?

71 He spake of Judas Iscariot the son of Simon: for he it was that should betray him, being one of the twelve.

### CHAPTER 7.

Jesus urged to go to the feast of kosmos= tabernacles. (Cf. Lk. 9. 51-62.)

FTER things Jesus these walked in Galilee: for he would not walk in Jewry, because the Jews sought to kill him.

2 Now the Jews' gfeast of taber-

nacles was at hand.

3 His brethren therefore said unto him, Depart hence, and go into Judæa, that thy disciples also may see the works that thou doest.

4 For there is no man that doeth any thing in secret, and he himself q Law (of seeketh to be known openly. thou do these things, shew thyself to the hworld.

5 For ineither did his brethren r demon. Mt.

believe in him.

6 Then Jesus said unto them, 5 Gen. 17.10. jMy time is not yet come: but your time is alway ready.

7 The kworld cannot hate you; but me it hateth, because I testify of it, that the works thereof are evil.

8 Go ye up unto this feast: I go

A.D. 32.

a Holy Spirit. John 7.39. (Mt.1.18; Acts 2.4.)

b Flesh. John 8.15. (John 1.13; Jude 23.)

c 1 John 2.19.

nal). vs.27-68; John 8.12. (Mt.7.14; Rev.22.19.)

e Or, we have come to understand that thou art the Holy One of God.

f Gr. diabolos, adversary, usually trans. Satan. Cf. Rev.20.10. note; John 13.27.

g Lev.23.34: Neh.8.14,18.

h kosmos (Mt.4.8) =mankind.

i vs.3-5: Psa.69.8.

i John 17.1; Lk.9.51.

world-system. John 8.23. John 7.7; Rev.13.3.)

l John 9.16.

m John 9.22.

n Deut.18.15, 18.19.

o willeth to do.

p John 8.50; Phil.2.3,8.

Moses) Acts 13.39. (Ex.19.1; Gal.3.1-29.)

7.22, note.

t Inspiration. vs.21-23; John 8.40,47, 56. (Ex.4.15; Rev.22.19.)

u 1 John 3.7, note.

not up yet unto this feast; for my time is not yet full come.

9 When he had said these words unto them, he abode still in Galilee.

# Final departure from Galilee.

10 But when his brethren were gone up, then went he also up unto the feast, not openly, but as it were in secret.

11 Then the Jews sought him at

the feast, and said, Where is he?
12 And lthere was much murmuring among the people concerning him: for some said, He is a good man: others said, Nay; but he debelieved and ceiveth the people.

> 13 Howbeit no man spake openly of him for mfear of the Jews.

> Jesus at the feast of tabernacles.

14 Now about the midst of the feast Jesus went up into the temple, and taught.

And the Jews marvelled, saying, How knoweth this man letters,

having never learned?

16 Jesus answered them, and said, My doctrine is not mine, but <sup>n</sup>his that sent me.

17 If any man owill do his will, he shall know of the doctrine, whether it be of God, or whether I speak of myself.

18 He pthat speaketh of himself seeketh his own glory: but he that seeketh his glory that sent him, the same is true, and no unrighteousness is in him.

19 Did not Mosesgiveyouthe glaw. and yet none of you keepeth the law? Why go ye about to kill me?

20 The people answered and said, Thou hast a 'devil: who goeth about to kill thee?

21 Jesus answered and said unto them, I have done one work, and ye all marvel.

22 Moses therefore gave unto you circumcision; (not because it is of Moses, but of the fathers;) and ye on the sabbath day circumcise a man.

23 If a man on the sabbath day receive circumcision, that the law of Moses should not be broken; are ye angry at me, because I have made a man every whit whole on the sabbath day?

24 Judge not according to the appearance, but judge urighteous

judgment.

25 Then said some of them of Jerusalem, Is not this he, whom they seek to kill?

26 But, lo, he speaketh boldly, and they say nothing unto him. aDo the rulers know indeed that this is the very Christ?

27 bHowbeit we know this man whence he is: but when Christ cometh, no man knoweth whence

he is.

28 Then cried Jesus in the temple a v.48; as he taught, saying, Ye both know me, and ye know whence I am: and b Mt.13.55. I am not come of myself, but he c John 6.38; that sent me is true, whom ye know not.

29 But I know him: for I am from d Jas.1.1.

him, and he hath sent me.

30 Then they sought to take him: but no man laid hands on him, be- f Christ (as cause his hour was not yet come.

31 And many of the people believed on him, and said, When Christ cometh, will he do more Christ cometh, will he do man g Faith. vs. nath done?

30 The Pharisees heard that the g Faith. vs. 38,39; John 32.21. (Gen. 3.20; Heb.

people murmured such things concerning him; and the Pharisees and the chief priests sent officers to h Holy Spirit.

take him.

33 Then said Jesus unto them, Yet a little while am I with you, and then I go unto him that sent me.

34 Ye shall seek me, and shall not find me: and where I am, thither

ye cannot come.

35 Then said the Jews among themselves, Whither will he go, that we shall not find him? will he k John 4.42; go unto the dispersed among the Gentiles, and teach the Gentiles?

36 What manner of saying is this that he said, Ye shall seek me, and shall not find me: and where I am, thither ye cannot come?

The great prophecy concerning the Holy Spirit for power (Acts 2. 2-4. Cf. John 4. 14).

37 In the elast day, that great day of the feast, Jesus stood and cried, saying, If any man fthirst, let him

come unto me, and drink.

38 He that believeth on me, as the scripture hath said, out of his belly shall flow rivers of living

water.

A.D. 32.

John 12.42.

Ex.23.21.

e Lev.23.36.

Stone). vs.

37-39; Psa.

118.22.

11.39.)

John 14.17, 26. (Mt.1. 18; Acts 2.4.) See Acts 2.4,

Summary.

i John 13.31; 17.5; Acts

j John 6.14;

Deut.18.

l v.52; John

m Psa.132.11;

Jer.23.5.

n Mic.5.2:

Lk.2.4.

o Lk.4.22.

p John 3.2

15,18.

6.69.

1.46.

3.13.

(Ex.17.6;

1 Pet.2.8.)

39 (But this spake he of the hSpirit, which they that believe on him should receive: for the Holy Ghost was not yet given; because

that Jesus was not yet iglorified.) The people divided in opinion,

40 Many of the people therefore, when they heard this saying, said, Of a truth this is the Prophet.
41 Others said, This is kthe Christ.

But some said, Shall Christ come

out of Galilee?

42 Hath not the scripture said. mThat Christ cometh of the seed of David, and out of the town of "Bethlehem, where David was?

43 So there was a division among

the people because of him.

44 And some of them would have taken him; but no man laid hands on him.

45 Then came the officers to the chief priests and Pharisees; and they said unto them. Why have ye not brought him?

46 The officers answered, oNever man spake like this man.

47 Then answered them the Pharisees, Are ye also deceived?

48 Have any of the rulers or of the Pharisees believed on him? 49 But this people who knoweth

not the law are cursed.

50 Nicodemus saith unto them, (phe that came to Jesus by night, being one of them,)

51 Doth our law judge any man, before it hear him, and know what

he doeth?

52 They answered and said unto him, Art thou also of Galilee? Search, and look: for out of Galilee ariseth no prophet.

53 And every man went unto his

own house.

### CHAPTER 8.

The woman taken in adultery.

TESUS went unto the mount of

Olives.

<sup>2</sup> And early in the morning he came again into the temple, and all the people came unto him; and he sat down, and taught them.

3 And the scribes and Pharisees

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> John 8. 1-11 is not found in some of the most ancient manuscripts. Augustine declares that it was stricken from many copies of the sacred story because of a prudish fear that it might teach immorality! But the immediate context (vs. 12-46), beginning with Christ's declaration, "I am the light of the world," seems clearly to have its occasion in the conviction wrought in the hearts of the Pharisees as recorded in verse 9; as, also, it explains the peculiar virulence of the Pharisee's words (v. 41).

brought unto him a woman taken in adultery; and when they had set her in the midst,

4 They say unto him, Master, this woman was taken in adultery,

in the very act.

5 Now a Moses in the law commanded us, that such should be stoned: but what sayest thou?

6 This they said, tempting him, that they bmight have to accuse him. But Jesus stooped down, and with his finger wrote on the ground. as though he heard them not.

7 So when they continued asking him, he lifted up himself, and said unto them, He that is without sin g Isa.9.2; among you, dlet him first cast a

stone at her.

8 And again he stooped down, h kosmos

and wrote on the ground.

9 And they which heard it, being convicted by their own conscience, i Life (eterwent out one by one, beginning at the eldest, even unto the last: and Jesus was left alone, and the woman standing in the midst.

10 When Jesus had lifted up him- j Cf. John 5. self, and saw none but the woman, he said unto her, Woman, where k Flesh. are those thine accusers? hath no

man econdemned thee?

11 She said, No man, Lord, And Jesus said unto her, Neither do I condemn thee: go, and fsin no m John 17.25. more.

Discourse after the feast: Jesus the light of the world. John 1. 9.)

12 Then spake Jesus again unto them, saying, gI am the light of the hworld: he that followeth me shall p Death (the not walk in darkness, but shall have the light of ilife.

13 The Pharisees therefore said unto him, Thou bearest record of thyself; thy record is not true.

14 Jesus answered and said unto them. Though I bear record of myself, yet my record is true: for I know whence I came, and whither r kosmos I go; but ye cannot tell whence I come, and whither I go.

15 Ye judge after the kflesh; I Mt.8.20,

judge no man.

16 And yet if I judge, my judg- 1 Deut. 18.15, ment is true: for I am not alone, but I and the Father that sent me. u Rom.8.15,17.

17 It is also written in your law, that the testimony of two men is true.

18 I am one that bear witness of myself, and the Father that sent me beareth witness of me.

A.D. 32.

a Lev.20.10; Deut.22.22.

b John 18.31.

c Sin. Rom. 3.23, note.

d Mt.7.1,5. e Lk.12.14.

f John 5.14.

Mal.4.2; 2 Tim.1.10.

(Mt.4.8) =mankind.

nal). John 10. 10,28. (Mt.7. 14; Rev.22.

Rom.7.5-25. (John 1.13; Jude 23.)

l Deut.19.15.

n John 14.7,9.

(Cf. o kosmos = world-system. John 12.25, 31. (John 7.7; Rev.13.3.)

> second). vs. 21,24; Rev. 2.11. (John 8.21,24;

Rev.21.8.)

q Faith. John10.26. (Gen.3.20; Heb. 11.39.)

(Mt.4.8) =mankind.

note.

18,19.

19 Then said they unto him, Where is thy Father? Jesus answered, "Ye neither know me, nor my Father: "if ye had known me, ye should have known my Father also.

20 These words spake Jesus in the treasury, as he taught in the tem-ple: and no man laid hands on him; for his hour was not yet come.

21 Then said Jesus again unto them, I go my way, and ye shall seek me, and shall die in your csins: whither I go, ye cannot come.

22 Then said the Jews, Will he kill himself? because he saith. Whither I go, ye cannot come.

23 And he said unto them, Ye are from beneath; I am from above: ye are of this world; I am not of this oworld.

24 I said therefore unto you, that ye shall pdie in your csins: for if ye believe not that I am he, ye shall die in your sins.

25 Then said they unto him, Who art thou? And Jesus saith unto them, Even the same that I said unto you from the beginning.

26 I have many things to say and to judge of you: but he that sent me is true; and I speak to the 'world those things which I have heard of him

27 They understood not that he spake to them of the Father.

28 Then said Jesus unto them, When ye have lifted up the Son of man, then shall ye know that I am he, and that 'I do nothing of myself: but as my Father hath taught me, I speak these things.

29 And he that sent me is with me: the Father hath not left me alone; for I do always those things

that please him.

30 As he spake these words, many believed on him.

31 Then said Jesus to those Jews which believed on him, If ye continue in my word, then are ye my disciples indeed;

32 And ye shall know the truth. and the truth shall make you free. 33 They answered him, We be

Abraham's seed, and were never in bondage to any man: how sayest thou, Ye shall be made free?

34 Jesus answered them, Verily, verily, I say unto you, Whosoever committeth sin is the servant of sin.

35 And the servant abideth not in the house for ever: but the Son-"abideth ever.

36 If the Son therefore shall make you free, ye shall be free indeed.

37 I know that ye are 1 Abraham's seed; but ye seek to kill me, because my word hath no place in you.

38 aI speak that which I have a John 14, 10, 24. seen with my Father: and ye do b Inspiration. that which ye have seen with your

39 They answered and said unto Gal.4.4. him, Abraham is our father. Jesus saith unto them, If ye were Abra-ediabolos. ham's children, ye would do the works of Abraham.

40 But now ye seek to kill me, a man that hath told you the truth, @ Ezk. 28.12-17; bwhich I have heard of God: this

did not Abraham.

41 Ye do the deeds of your father. Then said they to him, We be not 12 Thes. 2.11,12. born of fornication; we have one j Sin. Rom. 3.23,

Father, even God.

42 Jesus said unto them, If God were your Father, ye would love me: for I proceeded forth and came from God; neither came I of myself, but the sent me.

43 dWhy do ye not understand my speech? even because ye cannot

hear my word.

44 Ye are of your father othe of John 5.24; 11.26; fdevil, and the lusts of your father ye will do. He was a murderer from the beginning, and gabode not in the truth, because there is no truth in him. When he wy 50 tohn 4.12: is no truth in him. When he speaketh a lie, he speaketh of his 41; 16.14; 17.1; own: for he is a hliar, and the father of it.

45 And because iI tell you the wv.29; John 15.10.

truth, ye believe me not.

46 Which of you convinceth me

\* Lk.10.24. of jsin? And if I say the truth, why

do ve not believe me?

o ye not believe life.

47 He that is of God kheareth a John 10.31,39;
therefore hear 11.8. God's words: ye therefore hear them not, because ye are not of b Lk.4.30. God.

48 Then answered the Jews, and said unto him, Say we not well that sign in the said unto him, Say we not well that thou art a Samaritan, and mhast a ndevil?

49 Jesus answered, I have not a devil; obut I honour my Father, h John 1.5.9; 3.19; 8.12; 12.35,46.

and ye do dishonour me.

50 And I pseek not mine own glory: there is one that seeketh

and judgeth.
51 Verily, verily, I say unto you,

A.D. 32.

vs.40,47,56; John 12.48. (Ex. 4.15; Rev.22.19.)

d John 7.17: 1 Cor.

20.10, note. f Satan. John 13. 2.27. (Gen.3.1; Rev.20.10.) 1 John 3.8:

h Gen. 3.4.13: 2 Cor.11. Rev.12.9.

note. k John 6.37,44; 10. 26; 1 John 4.6. l John 4.9:

Lk.10.33 mv.52; John 7.20; 10.20.

n demon. 22, note. o John 5.41; 12.28. p v.54; John 7.18; Phil.2.6.8.

Acts 3.13. v v.19; John 7.28,

z Ex.3.14; Isa.43. 13; John 17.5,24;

e John 4.34; 5.19,

36; 11.9; 12.35; 17.4. f John 11.9.10. g kosmos (Mt.4. 8) = mankind.

i Mk.7.33; 8.23.

qIf a man keep my saying, he shall never see death.

52 Then said the Jews unto him. Now we know that thou hast a <sup>n</sup>devil. <sup>r</sup>Abraham is dead, and the prophets; and thou sayest, If a man keep my saying, he shall never taste of death.

53 Art thou sgreater than our father Abraham, which is dead? and the prophets are dead: whom

makest thou thyself?

54 Jesus answered, If I honour myself, my honour is nothing: "it is my Father that honoureth me; of whom ye say, that he is your God:

55 Yet "ye have not known him; but I know him: and if I should say, I know him not, I shall be a liar like unto you: but I know him. and wkeep his saving.

56 Your father Abraham \*rejoiced to see my day: and he saw it, and

was glad.
57 Then said the Jews unto him, Thou art not yet fifty years old, and hast thou seen Abraham?

58 Jesus said unto them, Verily, verily, I say unto you, Before Abra-

ham was, <sup>z</sup>I am.

59 Then atook they up stones to cast at him: but Jesus hid himself. and went out of the temple, bgoing through the midst of them, and so passed by.

#### CHAPTER 9.

The man born blind is healed.

ND as Jesus passed by, he saw AND as Jesus passed 23, a man which was blind from his birth.

2 And his disciples asked him. saying, Master, who did isin, this man, or his parents, that he was born blind?

3 Jesus answered, Neither hath this man isinned, nor his parents: but dthat the works of God should be made manifest in him.

4 eI must work the works of him that sent me, while it is fday: the night cometh, when no man can

work.

5 As long as I am in the gworld, I am hthe light of the world.

6 When he had thus spoken, the spat on the ground, and made clay of the spittle, and he anointed the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Cf. v. 39. The contrast, "I know that ye are Abraham's seed"—"If ye were Abraham's children," is that between the natural and the spiritual posterity of Abraham. The Israelitish people and Ishmaelites are the former; all who are "of like precious faith with Abraham," whether Jews or Gentiles, are the latter (Rom. 9. 6-8; Gal. 3. 6-14. See "Abrahamic Covenant," Gen. 15. 18, note).

eves of the blind man with the

clay, And said unto him, Go, wash in a Neh.3.15. the apool of Siloam, (which is by b 2 Ki.5.14. bHe went his interpretation, Sent.)

came seeing. 8 The neighbours therefore, and they which before had seen him that he was blind, said, Is not this

he that sat and begged?

9 Some said, This is he: others said, He is like him: but he said, I

am he.

10 Therefore said they unto him, dHow were thine eyes opened?

11 He answered and said. A man that is called Jesus made clay, and anointed mine eyes, and said unto me, Go to the pool of Siloam, and wash: and I went and washed, and I received sight.

12 Then said they unto him, Where is he? He said, I know not. 13 They brought to the Pharisees

him that aforetime was blind. 14 And it was the esabbath day when Jesus made the clay, and

opened his eyes.

15 Then again the Pharisees also asked him how he had received his sight. He said unto them, He put n John 5.45-47; clay upon mine eyes, and I washed, and do see.

16 Therefore said some of the Pharisees, This man is not of God, because he keepeth not the sabbath p John 3.10. day. Others said, How can a man q Job 27.9; 35. that is a gsinner do such miracles? And there was a hdivision among them.

17 They say unto the blind man again, What sayest thou of him, that he hath opened thine eyes? He

said, iHe is a prophet.

18 But the Jews did not believe concerning him, that he had been blind, and received his sight, until they called the parents of him that had received his sight.

19 And they asked them, saying, Is this your son, who ye say was born blind? how then doth he now 10 Mt.14.33; 16.

see?

20 His parents answered them and said, We know that this is our w John 4.26. son, and that he was born blind:

21 But by what means he now seeth, we know not; or who hath opened his eyes, we know not: he is of age; ask him: he shall speak for himself.

22 These words spake his parents, because they feared the Jews: for a Rom.2.19. the Jews had agreed already, that

A.D. 32.

way therefore, and washed, and a Miracles (N.T.). vs. 1-7; John 11. 43,44. (Mt.8. 2,3; Acts 28. 8,9.)

d John 3.4.

e John 5.9.

f v.33; John

g Sin. Rom. 3.23, note.

h John 7. 12,43; 10.19.

i John 4.19; 6.14.

j John 7.13; 12.42; 19.38; Acts 5.13.

k v.34; John 16.2.

l Josh.7.19; 1 Sam.6.5.

Acts 13.27.

o John 7-27, 28; 8.14.

12; Psa.18.

41; 34.15; 66. 18; Prov.15. 29; 28.9; Mic. 3.4; Zech.7. 13; Acts 19. 13-16.

ri.e. ages.

John 5.19, 14.10,11.

t v.2; Psa.51. 5; Lk.18. 11,12.

и v.22.

6; Mk.1.1; John 10.36; 1 John 5.13.

x John 14.9; 20.16,17,28.

y kosmos (Mt.4.8) =mankind.

z Mt.13.13; Acts 6.51-53.

if any man did confess that he was Christ, khe should be put out of the

synagogue.
23 Therefore said his parents, He

is of age; ask him.

24 Then again called they the man that was blind, and said unto him. Give God the praise: we mknow that this man is a gsinner.

25 He answered and said, Whether he be a gsinner or no, I know not: one thing I know, that, whereas I

was blind, now I see.

26 Then said they to him again, What did he to thee? how opened

he thine eyes?

27 He answered them. I have told you already, and ye did not hear: wherefore would ye hear it again? will ye also be his disciples?

28 Then they reviled him, and said. Thou art his disciple: but we

are "Moses' disciples.

29 We know that God spake unto Moses: as for this fellow, we know

not from owhence he is.

30 The man answered and said unto them, bWhy herein is a marvellous thing, that ye know not from whence he is, and yet he hath opened mine eyes.

31 Now we know that God heareth not gsinners: but if any man be a worshipper of God, and doeth

his will, him he heareth.

32 Since the 'world began was it not heard that any man opened the eyes of one that was born blind.

33 If this man were not of God, he

could do snothing.

34 They answered and said unto him, Thou wast altogether born in gsins, and dost thou teach us? And they "cast him out.

35 Jesus heard that they had cast him out; and when he had found him, he said unto him, Dost thou believe on the 'Son of God?

36 He answered and said, Who is he, Lord, that I might believe on

him?

37 And Jesus said unto him, Thou hast both seen him, and wit is he that talketh with thee.

38 And he said, Lord, I believe.

And he xworshipped him.

39 And Jesus said, For judgment I am come into this "world, "that they which see not might see; and that they which see might be made blind.

40 And some of the Pharisees which were with him heard these words, and said unto him, aAre we

blind also?

41 Jesus said unto them, alf ye were blind, ye should have no bsin: but now ye say, We see; therefore your sin remaineth.

### CHAPTER 10.

Discourse on the Good Shep-d 1sa.42.1-4; Mt.3.13-17. herd. (Cf. Psa. 23.; Heb. 13. 20; 1 Pet. 5. 4.)

VERILY, verily, I say unto you. door into the sheepfold, but climb-lohn 17.19; Col.2.11-15. He that entereth not by the 9 John 9.34-38; a 'thief and a robber.

2 But he that entereth in by the door is the shepherd of the sheep.

3 To him dthe porter openeth; and the sheep chear his voice: and he calleth his own sheep by fname, and gleadeth them out.

4 And when he putteth forth his own sheep, he goeth before them, n Isa. 40.11; Ezk. and the sheep follow him: for they

know his voice.

5 And a 'stranger will they not follow, but will flee from him: for they know not the voice of strang-

6 This parable spake Jesus unto them: but they junderstood not what things they were which he spake unto them.

7 Then said Jesus unto them again, Verily, verily, I say unto you, II am the door of the sheep.

8 All that ever came before me (Gen. 49, 24; are thieves and robbers: but the sheep did not hear them.

9 I am the door: by me if any man enter in, he shall be ksayed, Mt. 26.53; and shall go in and out, and find pasture.

10 The thief cometh not, but for 2 John 14.31; 17.4. to steal, and to kill, and to destroy: John 9.16. I am come that they might have <sup>2</sup> demon. Mt. 7.22, note. life, and that they might have it a is demonized. more mabundantly.

11 I am the "good shepherd: the "Fatth. John II. 25,26. (Gen.3. 20; Heb.II.39.)

sheep.

12 But he that is an hireling, and not the shepherd, whose own the vs.14,15. sheep are not, seeth the wolf coming, and leaveth the sheep, and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  and  $\rho$  are  $\rho$  fleeth: and the wolf catcheth them, and scattereth the sheep.

A.D. 32.

a John 15,22,24. b Sin. Rom.3.23, c v.8.

e v.27; John 6.44. f Ex.28.9,10,21;

John 20, 16,

i vs.12,13; Gal.1.8; 2 Cor.11.13-15-

j John 8.43. k Rom. 1.16, note. l Life (eternal). vs.10,28; John 11.25. (Mt.7.14; Rev.22.19.)

m John 6,33: 7.37-39 34.11-13,22-25; Heb.13.20: 1 Pet.2.25; 5.4.

v.27; Nah.1.7; John 6.64; 2 Tim.2.19. p v.4; 2 Tim.1.12.

vs.17,18; John 15. 13; 1 John 3.16. i.e. not of the Jewish fold, but Gentiles. See v.4. refs.;

Isa.56.8; John 17.20; Acts 15.7-9. s flock. John 11. 52; Eph 2.13-16; 3.1-6; Col.3. 10.11.

Isa.40.11 Ezk.34.23.

<sup>u</sup> John 5.20; Eph. 5.2; Phil.2.9. w John 2.19;

Heb. 10.5-9.

b Mt.21.23-27. d John 6.44; 8.47; 1 John 4.6.

13 The hireling fleeth, because he is an hireling, and careth not for the sheep.

14 I am the good shepherd, and oknow my sheep, and pam known

of mine.

15 As the Father knoweth me, even so know I the Father: and qI lay down my life for the sheep.

16 And 'other sheer I have, which are not of this fold: them also I must bring, and they shall hear my voice; and there shall be one sfold, and tone shepherd.

17 Therefore doth my "Father love me, because I lay down my life, that I might take it again.

18 No man taketh it from me. but I lay it down of vmyself. I have wpower to lay it down, and I have power to take it again. \*This commandment have I received of my Father.

19 There was a <sup>9</sup>division therefore again among the Jews for

these sayings.

20 And many of them said, He hath a zdevil, and is mad; why hear ye him?

21 Others said, These are not the words of him that ahath a devil. Can a zdevil open the eyes of the blind?

### Jesus asserts his deity. (Cf. John 14. 9; 20. 28, 29.)

22 And it was at Jerusalem the feast of the dedication, and it was winter.

23 And Jesus walked in the tem-

ple in Solomon's porch.
24 Then came the Jews round about him, and said unto him, How long dost thou make us to doubt? If thou be the Christ, tell us bplainly.

25 Jesus answered them, I told you, and ye believed not: the works that I do in my Father's name, they bear witness of me.

26 But ye believed not, because ye are not of my sheep, as I said

unto you. 27 My sheep hear my voice, and eI know them, and they follow

me:

28 And I give unto them leternal life; and they shall never per-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The shepherd work of our Lord has three aspects: (1) As the "Good" Shepherd He gives His life for the sheep (John 10, 11), and is, therefore, "the door" by which "if any man enter in he shall be saved" (John 10, 9). This answers to Psa. 22. (2) He is the "Great" Shepherd, "brought again from the dead" (Heb. 13, 20), to care for and make perfect the sheep. This answers to Psa. 23. (3) He is the "Chief" Shepherd who is coming in glory to give crowns of reward to the faithful shepherds (1 Pet. 5. 4). This answers to Psa. 24.

ish, aneither shall any man bpluck

them out of my hand.

29 My Father, which gave them me, is greater than all; and no man is able to pluck them cout of my a Or, in no Father's hand.

30 I and my Father dare one. 31 Then the Jews took up stones b John 6.39;

again to estone him.

32 Jesus answered them, Many good works have I shewed you from my Father; for which of those

works do ye stone me?

The Jews answered him, say- d John 15.19; ing. For a good work we stone thee not; but for fblasphemy; and because that thou, being a man, makest thyself God.

34 Jesus answered them, Is it not 34 Jesus answered them, is it not  $g P_{sa.82.6.}$  written in your law, I said,  $g Y_{sa.82.6.}$  which will have a said,  $g Y_{sa.82.6.}$ 

gods?

35 If he called them gods, unto Sanctify, whom the word of God came, and the scripture hcannot be broken;

36 Say ye of him, whom the Father hath isanctified, and sent into the jworld, Thou blasphemest; because I said, I am the Son of God? 37 If I do not the works of my k John 14.10;

Father, believe me not.

38 But if I do, though ye believe not me, believe the works: that ye may know, and believe, that the Father is kin me, and I in him.

39 Therefore they sought again 39, 24,50 to take him: but he lescaped out of mMt.26.7;

their hand,

Jesus goes to the place where he was baptized. (Cf. Mt. 3. p.v.11; Mt.9. 24; John 9.3. q Mt.15.23;

40 And went away again beyond Jordan into the place where John r John 10.31. at first baptized; and there he s John 7.30; 9.4. abode.

41 And many resorted unto him, and said, John did no miracle: but all things that John spake of this man were true.

42 And many believed on him w Death (phy-

there.

#### CHAPTER 11.

# The raising of Lazarus.

OW a certain man was sick, 2 One furlong named Lazarus, of Bethany, the town of mMary and her sister Martha.

2 ("It was that Mary which anointed the Lord with ointment, and wiped his feet with her hair. whose brother Lazarus was sick.) 3 Therefore his sisters osent unto A.D. 33.

wise ever perish. John 6.37.

Rom.8.35-39; 1 Pet.1.5. c Assurance vs.10,14,28, 29; John 11. 26. (Isa.32. 17; Jude 1.)

17.21-24. vs.31,39; Psa.2.2; John 8.59. f Mt.9.3; John 19.7.

Acts 13.29. holy (persons) (N.T.). John 17.11 17,19. (Mt. 4.5; Rev.

22.11.) j kosmos (Mt.4.8) =mankind. 17.22,23. l Or, went forth out of

their hand. Lk.4.30; John 8.59. m Lk.10.38, 39; 24.50.

Mk.14.3; John 12.3. o Lk.7.3; John 4.46,47.

Lk.18.7 John 10.40.

t John 12.35. u Mt. 9.24; 27 52; Acts 7.60; 1 Cor.15.51. v 1 Thes.4.13-

sical). vs.11-14: Rom.5. 12-14. (Gen.3 19; Heb.9.27.) x John 9.3; 2 Cor.12.9,10.

y John 14.5; 20.24-29.  $= \frac{1}{8}$  of a mile.

a vs.31,33,45. b John 9.31.

him, saying, Lord, behold, he whom thou lovest is sick.

4 When Jesus heard that, he said, This sickness is pnot unto death, but for the glory of God, that the Son of God might be glorified thereby.

5 Now Jesus loved Martha, and

her sister, and Lazarus.

When he had heard therefore that he was sick, he qabode two days still in the same place where he was.

7 Then after that saith he to his disciples, Let us go into Judæa

again.

8 His disciples say unto him, Master, the Jews of late sought to 'stone thee; and goest thou thither again?

9 Jesus answered, Are there not twelve hours in the day? If any man walk in the day, he stumbleth not, sbecause he seeth the light of this world.

10 But 'if a man walk in the night, he stumbleth, because there is no

light in him.

11 These things said he: and after that he saith unto them, Our friend Lazarus "sleepeth; but I go, that I may vawake him out of sleep.

12 Then said his disciples, Lord, if he sleep, he shall do well.

13 Howbeit Jesus spake of his death: but they thought that he had spoken of taking of rest in

sleep.
14 Then said Jesus unto them

plainly, Lazarus is wdead.

15 And I am \*glad for your sakes that I was not there, to the intent ye may believe; nevertheless let us go unto him.

16 Then said Thomas, which is called Didymus, unto his fellowdisciples, Let us also go, that we may die with him.

17 Then when Jesus came, he found that he had lain in the grave four days already.

18 Now Bethany was nigh unto Jerusalem, about fifteen zfurlongs off:

19 And many of the Jews came to Martha and Mary, to acomfort them concerning their brother.

20 Then Martha, as soon as she heard that Jesus was coming, went and met him: but Mary sat still in the house.

Then said Martha unto Jesus, Lord, if thou hadst been here, my brother had not died.

22 But I know, that even now, whatsoever thou bwilt ask of God. God will give it thee.

23 Jesus saith unto her, Thy

brother shall rise again.

24 Martha saith unto him, I know that he shall rise again in the aresurrection at the last day.

25 Jesus said unto her. bI am the resurrection, and the dife: he that dbelieveth in me, though he were dead, yet shall he live:

26 And whosoever liveth and believeth in me gshall hnever die. Be-

lievest thou this?

27 She saith unto him, Yea, Lord: the Son of God, which should come of John 17.11. (Isa. 32.17; Jude 1.)

ato the world.

28 And when she had so said, she

A.L. the "second death," Cf.

death," Cf. went her way, and called Mary her sister secretly, saying, The Master is come, and calleth for thee.

29 As soon as she heard that, she j kosmos (Mt.4. arose quickly, and came unto him. 30 Now Jesus was not yet come

where Martha met him.

31 The Jews then which were 7 John 9.6,7. with her in the house, and com- o Mt.27.60,66. forted her, when they saw Mary, P. Contra, Acts 13. that she rose up hastily and went qv.4; John 17.4. out, followed her, saying, She goeth r Bible prayers (N.T.). John 12. unto the grave to weep there.

32 Then when Mary was come where Jesus was, and saw him, she 8 v.22; John 8.29. fell down at his feet, saying unto unto Mt.8.8; John 5. him, kLord, if thou hadst been here,

my brother had not died.

33 When Jesus therefore saw her lweeping, and the Jews also weeping which came with her, he groaned in the spirit, and was troubled.

34 And said, Where have ye laid him? They said unto him, Lord,

come and see.

Jesus mwept. 35

Then said the Jews, Behold

how he loved him!

And some of them said, Could a John 5.15. not this man, which nopened the bys.47-53; Psa.2. 2; Mt.26.3. eyes of the blind, have caused that John 3.19; 12.19; even this man should not have died?

# Jesus at the grave of Lazarus.

38 Jesus therefore again groaning in himself cometh to the grave. It f Mt. 26.3. was a cave, and a ostone lay upon it. olan 18

39 Jesus said, Take ye away the h Num. 27.21. Martha, the sister of him Isa.49.6; 1 John stone. that was dead, saith unto him, Lord, Psa. 22.27; John by this time phe stinketh: for he hath been dead four days.

40 Jesus saith unto her, Said I not k John 7.1. unto thee, that, if thou wouldest believe, thou shouldest see the qglory

of God?

A.D. 33.

Acts 23.8. b John 5.21; 6.39, 40; Rev.1.18. c Life (eternal), John 12.25,50. (Mt.7.14; Rev.22. 19.)

d Faith. vs.25,26; John 14.1. (Gen. 3.20; Heb.11.39.) even though he die, shall live

again.

Rev.2.11; 20.6. i Mt.16.16; John 6. 68.69

8) · mankind. k v.21. l Acts 8.2. into the town, but was in that place mLk.19.41; Heb.4.

27,28. (Mt.6.9; Rev.22.20.)

v Resurrection. vs.11-14,23-25, 42-44; Lk.24.1-7. (Job 19.25; 1 Cor.15.52.)

w Miracles (N.T.). vs.38-44; John 20.19. Mt.8.2,3; Acts 28.8.9.) z John 20.5-7; cf. Gal.4.10.

y Rom.8.2; Acts 18.25, 26; Gal.5.1.

z John 8.30,31; Acts 9.42

Acts 4.16. d John 6.15; 18. 36,37.

e Acts 16.13,14; 21.28.

John 18.14.

10.16; Rom.1.16; 16.26; Eph.2.

41 Then they took away the stone from the place where the dead was laid. And Jesus lifted up his eyes, and 'said, Father, I thank thee that thou hast heard me.
42 And I knew that sthou hearest

me always: but because of the people which stand by I said it, that they may believe that thou hast

sent me.

43 And when he thus had spoken, he "cried with a loud voice, Lazarus, come forth.

44 And the that was dead wcame forth, bound hand and foot with graveclothes: and his face was bound about with a napkin. Jesus saith unto them. Loose him, and let him go.

The friends of Mary of Bethany are converted. (Cf. Lk. 10. 38-42; John 12. 1–7.)

45 Then many of the Jews which came to Mary, and had seen the things which Jesus did, zbelieved on him.

46 But some of them went their ways to the Pharisees, and atold them what things Jesus had done.

### The Pharisees plot to put Jesus to death.

47 Then gathered the chief priests and the Pharisees a bcouncil, and said, What do we? for this man doeth many miracles.

48 If we let him thus alone, dall men will believe on him: and the <sup>e</sup>Romans shall come and take away

both our place and nation.

49 And one of them, Caiaphas, being the high priest that same year, said unto them, Ye know nothing at all,

50 Nor consider that it is expedient for us, that gone man should die for the people, and that the

whole nation perish not.

51 And this spake he not of himself: but being high priest that year, he hprophesied that Jesus should die for that nation;

52 And inot for that nation only, but that also he should <sup>J</sup>gather together in one the children of God that were scattered abroad.

53 Then from that day forth they took counsel together for to put him

to death.

54 Jesus therefore walked kno more openly among the Jews; but went thence unto a country near to the wilderness, into a city called St. JOHN.

Ephraim, and there continued with

his disciples.

55 And the Jews' apassover was nigh at hand: and many went out of the country up to Jerusalem before the passover, to bpurify them- a Cf. John 2.13; 6.4. selves.

56 Then sought they for Jesus. and spake among themselves, as John 7.11. they stood in the temple, What d Mt. 26.14-16; John 18.2,3. think ye, that he will not come to John 11.1.

the feast?

57 Now both the chief priests and the Pharisees had given a com- 9 Mk.5.43 mandment, that, if any man knew hLk.7.37,38; John 11.2. that dthey might take him.

#### CHAPTER 12.

The supper at Bethany (Mt. 26. 6-13: Mk. 14. 3-9. Cf. Lk. 7. 37, 38).

HEN Jesus six days before the passover came to Bethany. where Lazarus was which had been dead, whom he raised from the dead.

There they made him a supper; and Martha served: but Lazarus & Song 4.16. was one of them that gsat at the & See note on Mt.26.7.

table with him.

m Mt.26.8. 3 hThen took iMary a jpound of n John 6.70,71; ointment of spikenard, very costly, and anointed the kfeet of Jesus, and ov.35; Mk.14.7. wiped his feet with her hair: and pv.12; Mk.12.37. the house was filled with the odour q John 9.34; 15.20. of the ointment. 8 See Mt.21.1,

Then saith one of his disciples, <sup>m</sup>Judas Iscariot, Simon's son, which Psa.118.25,26.

should betray him.

5 Why was not this ointment sold o Mt. 21.7. for three hundred pence, and given w Zech.9.99 to the poor?

6 This he said, not that he cared Lk.18.34 for the poor; but because he was a "thief, and had the bag, and bare vv.11; Lk.19.37. what was put therein.

7 Then said Jesus, Let her alone: against the day of my burying hath a John 11.47,48.

she kept this.

8 For the poor always ye have with you; but ome ye have not

always.

9 pMuch people of the Jews there- d John 13.32; 17.1. fore knew that he was there: and 6 Mt. 8.20, note. they came not for Jesus' sake only, but that they might see Lazarus also, whom he had raised from the dead.

A.D. 33.

b Num.9.10-13;

f Lk.10.40,41; cf. Mt.11.29,30.

Lk.15.23,24.

As Martha stands for

service, and Lazarus for communion, so

Mary shows us the worship of a grateful heart. Others before her had come

to His feet to have their need met: she came

her name.

13, 29.

note.

u Jehovah

Psa.118.26.

Mt.21.1-7.

John 2.22;

<sup>2</sup> kosmos (Mt.4.8)=

mankind.

b Psa.72.9-11;

c John 1.43,44; 14.8-11.

Mk.7.26; John 10.16; Acts 10.34,35.

13.7; 14.26.

Isa.29.13; John 18.28.

10 But the chief priests consulted that they might put <sup>q</sup>Lazarus also to death: 11 Because that by reason of him

many of the Jews went away, and believed on Jesus.

The triumphal entry (Mt. 21. 4-9; Mk. 11. 7-10; Lk. 19. 35-38).

12 On the next day much people that were come to the feast, swhen they heard that Jesus was coming to Jerusalem.

13 Took branches of palm trees, and went forth to meet him, and cried, 'Hosanna: Blessed is the King of Israel that cometh in the

name of the "Lord.

14 "And Jesus, when he had found a young ass, sat thereon; as wit is

written. 15 Fear not, daughter of Sion: behold, thy King cometh, sitting on

an ass's colt.

16 These things \*understood not to give Him His due. Though all the evangelists his disciples at the first: but when record her act, John alone gives Jesus was glorified, then remembered they that these things were written of him, and that they had done these things unto him.

17 The people therefore that was with him when he called Lazarus out of his grave, and raised him

from the dead, bare record. 18 For this cause the people also met him, for that they heard that he had done this miracle.

19 The Pharisees therefore said among themselves. Perceive ve how ye prevail nothing? behold, the zworld is agone after him.

# Certain Greeks would see Jesus.

20 And there were certain bGreeks among them that came up to worship at the feast:

The same came therefore to Philip, which was of Bethsaida of Galilee, and desired him, saying,

Sir, we would see Jesus.
22 Philip cometh and telleth Andrew: and again Andrew and Philip tell Jesus.

#### Jesus' answer.

23 And Jesus lanswered them, saying, dThe hour is come, that the eSon of man should be glorified. 24 Verily, verily, I say unto you,

<sup>1</sup> He does not receive these Gentiles. A Christ in the flesh, King of the Jews. could be no proper object of faith to the Gentiles, though the Jews should have believed on Him as such. For Gentiles the corn of wheat must fall into the ground and die; Christ must be lifted up on the cross and believed in as a sacrifice for sin, as Seed of Abraham, not David (vs. 24, 32; Gal. 3. 7-14; Eph. 2. 11-13).

1132

<sup>1</sup>Except a corn of wheat fall into the ground and die, it abideth alone: but if it adie, it bringeth forth bmuch fruit.

25 He that loveth his life shall lose it; and he that hateth his life in this dworld shall keep it unto life

eternal.

26 If any man serve me, let him follow me; and fwhere I am, there shall also my servant be: if any man serve me, him will my Father ghonour.

27 Now is my soul troubled; and what shall I say? hFather, save me from this hour: but for this cause

came I unto this hour.

28 Father, <sup>j</sup>glorify thy name. kThen came there a voice from Lk.22.53; heaven, saying, I have both glori-

29 The people therefore, that stood by, and heard *it*, said that it thundered: others said, An langel spake to him.

| Storing It again. | Sk. (2.42; 1) | Mt. (3.17; 1) | Mt

30 Jesus answered and said, <sup>m</sup>This voice came not because of me, but for your sakes.

31 Now is the <sup>2</sup>judgment of this <sup>9</sup> John 7.33. dworld: now shall the prince of this world be cast out.

his world be cast out.

32 And I, if I be diffed up from John 1.47-53.

13. And I, if I be diffed up from John 1.47-53. the earth, will draw all men unto me.

33 This he said, signifying what # Isa.6.10. death he should die.

34 The people answered him, We a las. 6.1. ave heard out of the law that b Mr. 9.37; John 5.24. have heard out of the law that <sup>p</sup>Christ abideth for ever: and how sayest thou, The Son of man must John 14.9. dvs. 35, 36; both 14.9. dvs. 35, 36; s.12. sayest thou, The Son of man must be lifted up? who is this Son of man?

35 Then Jesus said unto them, qYet a little while is the light with you. Walk while ye have the light, lest darkness come upon you: for he that walketh in darkness know-

eth not whither he goeth.

A.D. 33.

a Sacrifice (of Christ). John 19.34. (Gen. 4.4; Heb.10.18.) Gen.2.18. Mt.10 39; 16.25;

Mk.8.35; Lk.9.24; 17.33. d kosmos = world-system.

John 14.17,19, 22,27,30. (John 7.17; Rev.13.3.) Mt.16.24; John 13.36-38. John 14.3; 17.24.

John 14.21,23; 16.
27; 2 Tim.4.7,8.

27; 2 11m.4.7,8 h Bible prayers (N.T.). John 17. (Mt.6.9; Rev.22.20.) John 18.37.

Heb.2.14.

o John 3.14; 8.28; Rom. 5.8. Psa. 72.17; 102. 23-27; Isa. 9.7.

1 John 2.11. Lk. 16.8

Isa.53.1. w Isa. 53.1; Rom. 10. 16. y Psa.69.23. i.e. should turn.

« kosmos (Mt

4.8) = mankind. f John 5.45; 8.15,26. g John 3.17. h Inspiration. John 13.18. (Ex. 4.15; Rev.22.19.)

36 While ye have light, believe in the light, that ye may be sthe children of light. These things spake Jesus, and departed, and 'did hide himself from them.

37 But "though he had done so many miracles before them, yet

they believed not on him: 38 That the saying of Esaias the prophet might be fulfilled, which he spake, 'Lord, wwho hath believed our report? and to whom hath the arm of the Lord been revealed?

39 Therefore they could not believe, because that \*Esaias said

again,

40 He hath blinded their eyes, and hardened their heart; that they should not see with their eyes, nor understand with their heart, and zbe converted, and I should heal them.

41 aThese things said Esaias, when he saw his glory, and spake of him,

42 Nevertheless among the chief rulers also many believed on him; but because of the Pharisees they did not confess him, lest they should be put out of the synagogue:

43 For they loved the praise of men more than the praise of God. 44 Jesus cried and said. He that believeth on me, believeth not on

me, but on bhim that sent me. 45 And the that seeth me seeth

him that sent me.

46 dI am come a light into the eworld, that whosoever believeth on me should not abide in darkness.

47 And if any man hear my words, and believe not, JI judge him not: for gI came not to judge the world,

but to save the world.

48 He that rejecteth me, and receiveth not my words, hath one that judgeth him: hthe word that I have spoken, the same shall judge him in the last day.

Chapters 12.-17. are a progression according to the order of approach to God in the tabernacle types: Chapter 12., in which Christ speaks of His death, answers to the brazen altar of burnt-offering, type of the cross. Passing from the altar toward the holy of holies, the laver is next reached (Ex. 30. 17-21), answering to Chapter 13. With his associate priests, now purified, the High Priest approaches and enters the holy place, in the high communion of Chapters 14.–16. Entering alone the holy of holies (17. 1), the High Priest intercedes. (Cf. Heb. 7. 24–28.) That intercession is not for the salvation, but the keeping and blessing of those for whom He prays. His death (assumed as accomplished, 17. 4) has saved them.

The Seven Judgments. (1) Of Jesus Christ as bearing the believer's sins. The sins of believers have been judged in the person of Jesus Christ "lifted up" on the cross. The result was death for Christ, and justification for the believer, who can never again be put in jeopardy (John 5. 24; Rom. 5. 9; 8. 1; 2 Cor. 5. 21; Gal. 3. 13; Heb. 9. 26–28; 10. 10, 14–17; 1 Pet. 2. 24; 3. 18). See other judgments, 1 Cor. 11. 31, note; 2 Cor. 5. 10, note; Mt. 25. 32, note; Ezek. 20. 37, note; Jude 6,

note; Rev. 20. 12, note.

49 For all have not spoken of myself; but the Father which sent me, he gave me a commandment, what I should say, and what I should speak.

50 And I know thathis commandment is blife everlasting: whatsoever I speak therefore, even as the Father said unto me, so I speak.

### CHAPTER 13.

The last passover. (Cf. Mt. 26. 7-30; Mk. 14. 17-26; Lk. 22. 14-39.)

NOW before the feast of the gGr, and during passover, when Jesus knew hadiabolos. that his chour was come that he should depart out of this dworld 1 John 5.20-23; 17.2. unto the Father, having loved his John 8.42; 16.28. own which were in the world, he Lk.22.27; Phil.2. eloved them funto the end.

Jesus washes the disciples' feet. n See Mt.3.14.

2 And gsupper being ended, the hdevil having now put into the PEX TO 17-21. heart of Judas Iscariot, Simon's son, to betray him;

Jesus knowing that the Father had igiven all things into his hands, and that he was scome from God,

kand went to God;

4 He riseth from supper, and laid aside his garments; and took a t John 6.64.

towel, and girded himself.

5 Afterthathe poureth mwaterinto a bason, and began to wash the dis- PROM. 12.10; Gal. ciples' feet, and to wipe them with the towel wherewith he was girded. 5; 1 Pet.2.21; 1 John 2.6.

6 Then cometh he to Simon Peter: z John 15.20. and Peter saith unto him, Lord, y Jas. 1.25.

"dost thou wash my feet?

7 Jesus answered and said unto John 14.10. (Ex. 4.15; Rev. 22.19.) him, What I do thou oknowest not a Psa.41.9. now; but thou shalt know hereafter. 6 Mt. 11.3.

8 Peter saith unto him, Thou 2 Cor. 5.20. shalt never wash my feet. Jesus an- d Mt.26.21; Mk.14. swered him, If I pwash thee not, Psa,41.9. thou hast quo part with me.

9 Simon Peter saith unto him, Lord, not my feet only, but also

my hands and my head.

A.D. 33.

a John 8.38; 14.10,

b Life (eternal). vs.25,50; John 14. 6. (Mt.7.14; Rev.22.19.)

c John 7.8; 12.23; 17.1. di.e. earth. e v.34; John 10.11, 28-30; Rom.8.

35-39. f Or, to the uttermost.

20.10, note.

m Eph.5.26.

o vs.12,36; John 12. 16; Heb.12.11.

<sup>q</sup> Gen.35.2,3; Eph.4.30; 1 John 2.1,2.

Lit. bathed. The Gr. word signifies a complete ablution. 'Wash' is another word.

1 Cor.1.30; 6.11; 1 John 3.9.

<sup>24</sup> Mt.23.8,10; Lk.6. 46; Eph.6.9.

1 John 2.6.

10 Jesus saith to him, He that is 'washed 2needeth not save to wash his feet, but is clean severy whit: and ye are clean, but not all.

11 For the knew who should betray him; therefore said he, Ye are

not all clean.

12 So after he had washed their feet, and had taken his garments. and was set down again, he said unto them, Know ye what I have done to you?

13 "Ye call me Master and Lord: and ye say well; for so I am.

14 If I then, your Lord and Master, have washed your feet; "ye also ought to wash one another's feet.

15 For I whave given you an example, that ye should do as I have

done to you.

16 Verily, verily, I say unto you, The servant is not greater than his lord; neither he that is sent greater than he that sent him.

17 yIf ye know these things,

happy are ye if ye do them. 18 I speak not of you all: I know whom I have chosen: but that the zscripture may be fulfilled, aHe that eateth bread with me hath lifted

up his heel against me. 19 Now I tell you before it come,

that, when it is come to pass, ye

may believe that I am he.
20 Verily, verily, I say unto you, He that receiveth whomsoever I send receiveth me; and the that receiveth me receiveth him that

Jesus foretells his betrayal (Mt. 26. 20-25; Mk. 14. 17-21; Lk. 22. 21, 22).

21 dWhen Jesus had thus said, he was troubled in spirit, and testified, and said, Verily, verily, I say unto you, that cone of you shall betray

22 Then the disciples looked one on another, doubting of whom he

spake.

sent me.

23 Now there was leaning on

<sup>1</sup> For order of events during the night of the last passover, see Mt. 26. 20, note. <sup>2</sup> The underlying imagery is of an oriental returning from the public baths to his house. His feet would contract defilement and require cleansing, but not his body. So the believer is cleansed as before the law from all sin "once for all" (Heb. 10, 1-12), but needs ever to bring his daily sins to the Father in confession, that he may abide in unbroken fellowship with the Father and with the Son (1 John 1. 1-10). The blood of Christ answers forever to all the law could say as to the believer's guilt, but he needs constant cleansing from the defilement of sin. Eph. 5. 25-27; 1 John 5. 6. Typically, the order of approach to the presence of God was, first, the brazen altar of sacrifice, and then the laver of cleansing (Ex. 40. 6, 7). See, also, the order in Ex. 30. 17-21. Christ cannot have communion with a defiled saint, but He can and will cleanse him.

Jesus' bosom aone of his disciples.

whom Jesus loved.

24 Simon Peter therefore beckoned to him, that he should ask who it should be of whom he spake.

25 He then lying on Jesus' breast saith unto him, Lord, who is it?

26 Jesus answered, He it is, to whom I shall give a sop, when I b Satan. vs.2, have dipped it. And when he had dipped the sop, he gave it to Judas Iscariot, the son of Simon.

27 And after the sop bSatan entered into him. Then said Jesus unto him, That thou doest, do d John 7.34;

quickly.

28 Now no man at the table knew e Law (of for what intent he spake this unto

29 For some of them thought, because Judas had the bag, that Jesus had said unto him, Buy those things that we have need of against the feast; or, that he should give g Mt.26.33; Mk.14.29; Lt. 23.23; Lt. 23.23;

30 He then having received the sop went immediately out: and it h v.27; Isa.

was night.

31 Therefore, when he was gone i Faith. John out, Jesus said, Now is the Son of man glorified, and God is glorified in him.

32 If God be glorified in him, God j Christ (Secshall also glorify him in himself, and shall straightway glorify him.

33 Little children, yet a little while I am with you. Ye shall seek while I am with you. It shall see me: and das I said unto the Jews, Whither I go, ye cannot come; so now I say to you.

Life (eternal). John 17.2,3. (Mt.7.14; 12.3).

34 A enew commandment I give unto you, That ye love one another; as I have loved you, that ye also

love one another.

35 By this shall all men know that ye are my disciples, if ye have love one to another.

Jesus foretells Peter's denial (Mt. 26. 33-35; Mk. 14. 29-31; Lk. 22. 33, 34).

36 Simon Peter said unto him, Jesus Lord, whither goest thou? answered him, Whither I go, thou p John 5.36; canst not follow me now; fbut thou shalt follow me afterwards.

37 Peter said unto him, Lord, why cannot I follow thee now? I will glay down my life for thy sake

38 Jesus answered him,

A.D. 33.

a John 21. 20,24.

27; Acts 5.3. (Gen.3.1 Rev.20.10.)

c Mt.8.20. note.

Christ). John 14.15, 21,23. (Gal. 6.2; 2 John 5.)

f John 21.18; 2 Pet.1.14.

Lk.22.33.

43.1.2.

16.9. (Gen. 3.20; Heb. 11.39.)

ond Advent). vs.2,3; Rom. 11.25,26. (Deut.30.3; Acts 1.9-11.)

Rev.22.19.)

l Col.1.15.

m v.20; John 10.38; 17. 21,23.

n Inspiration. John 15.27. (Ex.4.15; Rev. 22.19.)

o John 5.19; 7.16; 8.28; 12.49.

10.38; Acts 2.22.

thou lay down thy life for my sake? Verily, verily, I say unto thee. The cock shall not crow, till thou hast denied me thrice.

CHAPTER 14.

Spoken in the passover chamber: Jesus foretells his coming for his own. (Cf.1 Thes.4, 14-17.)

ET not your heart be troubled: ye believe in God, be-

lieve also in me.

2 In my Father's house are many mansions: if it were not so. I would have told you. I go to prepare a place for you.

3 And if I go and prepare a place for you, JI will come again, and receive lyou unto myself; that where I am, there ye may be also.

4 And whither I go ye know, and

the way ye know.

5 Thomas saith unto him, Lord, we know not whither thou goest; and how can we know the way?

6 Jesus saith unto him, I am the way, the truth, and the klife: no man cometh unto the Father, but by me.

Jesus and the Father are one.

7 If ye had known me, ye should have known my Father also: and from henceforth ye know him, and have seen him.

8 Philip saith unto him, Lord. shew us the Father, and it sufficeth

us.

9 Jesus saith unto him, Have I been so long time with you, and yet hast thou not known me, Philip? the that hath seen me hath seen the Father; and how sayest thou then. Shew us the Father?

10 Believest thou not that mI am in the Father, and the Father in me? the "words that I speak unto you oI speak not of myself: but the Father that dwelleth in me, he

doeth the works.

11 Believe me that I am in the Father, and the Father in me: or else believe me for the pvery

works' sake.

12 Verily, verily, I say unto you, He that believeth on me, the works that I do shall he do also; and greater works than these shall he do; because I go unto my Father.

<sup>1</sup> This promise of a second advent of Christ is to be distinguished from His return in glory to the earth; it is the first intimation in Scripture of "the day of Christ" (1 Cor. 1. 8, note). Here He comes for His saints (1 Thes. 4. 14-17), there (e.g. Mt. 24. 29, 30) He comes to judge the nations, etc.

# The new promise and privilege in prayer.

13 And whatsoever ye shall ask in amy name, that will I do, that a John 15.16; 16. the Father may be bglorified in the b John 13.31; 15.9. Son.

14 If ye shall ask any thing in my

name, I will do it.

15 'If ye love me, keep my com- Advocacy. mandments.

# The promise of the Spirit.

16 dAnd I will pray the Father, and he shall give you another 1eComforter, that he may abide

with you for ever

17 Even the Spirit of truth; whom the gworld hcannot receive. because it seeth him not, neither j Or, orphans. knoweth him: but ye know him; for k Rom.5.10: 2 Cor. in you.

18 I will not leave you jcomfort- mvs.15,23;

less: I will come to you.

19 Yet a little while, and the "John 7.4; 2 Cor. 3.18; Heb.2.9. 8world seeth me no more; but ye Law (of Christ).

19 Yet a little wille, see but ye Law (of Christ).

10 Law (of Christ).

11 Yet a little wille, ye shall see but ye. Law (of Christ).

12 Law (of Christ).

13 Yet a little wille, ye shall see but ye of Christ. live also.

20 At that day we shall know that p Cf. vs. 15.21. I am in my Father, and ye in me, Gal. 5.6; Jas. 2.14-17.

and I in you.

21 "He that hath my commandments, and keepeth them, he it is that loveth me: and he that loveth me shall be loved of my Father, and I will love him, and will mani- u Cf. Mt. 10.34, fest myself to him.

22 Judas saith unto him, not Iscariot, Lord, how is it that thou wv.1. wilt manifest thyself unto us, and \*kosmos (Mt. 4.8) = mankind.

not unto the gworld?

23 Jesus answered and said unto him, oIf a man plove me, he will keep my words: and my Father will love him, and we will come unto him, and make our abode with him.

24 He that gloveth me not keep-

24 He that gloveth me not keepeth not my sayings: and the 'word b Lev. 13.6; which ye hear is not mine, but the

Father's which sent me.

25 These things have I spoken unto you, being yet present with you.

A.D. 33.

vs.21-23; John 15. 10; 1 John 5.3. d See Lk.11.13,

John 16.7. (John 14.16,26; 1 John 2.1,2.) f John 15.26; 16.13; Rom. 8.15,26; 1 John 4.6.

g kosmos world-system. John 15. system. John 15. 18,19. (John 7.7; Rev. 13.3.)

h 1 Cor.2.14. i John 7.37; 1 Cor. 6.19; 2 Cor.6.16; 1 John 3.24.

l v.10; John 10.38. 1 John 2.5.

6.2; 2 John 5.)

r Deut. 18. 15. \* Holy Spirit. vs.17,26; John 15.26. (Mt.1.18; Acts 2.4.)

t John 2.22.

v John 16.33; Col. 3, 15.

ν John 10.18;

Phil.2.8. "True" in contrast with Israel. Isa.5.1-7.

Eph.5.26. vs.5-7; John

17.23; Eph.3.17; 1 John 2.28.

26 But the Comforter, which is the 5Holy Ghost, whom the Father will send in my name, he shall teach you all things, and bring all things to your remembrance, whatsoever I have said unto you.

# The bequest of peace.

27 "Peace I leave with you, "my peace I give unto you: not as the gworld giveth, give I unto you. Let not your heart be wtroubled, neither let it be afraid.

28 Ye have heard how I said unto you, I go away, and come again unto you. If ye loved me, ye would rejoice, because I said, I go unto the Father: for my Father is

greater than I.

29 And now I have told you before it come to pass, that, when it is come to pass, ye might believe.

30 Hereafter I will not talk much with you: for the prince of this world cometh, and hath nothing in me

31 But that the \*world may know that I love the Father; and vas the Father gave me commandment, even so I do. Arise, let us go hence.

### CHAPTER 15.

Spoken on the way to the garden: the vine and branches.

AM the ztrue vine, and my Father is the husbandman.

2 Every branch in me that beareth not fruit he taketh away: and every branch that abeareth fruit. he 2purgeth it, that it may bring forth more fruit.

3 Now ye are bclean through the word which I have spoken unto

4 3cAbide in me, and I in you. As the branch cannot bear fruit of itself, except it abide in the vine; no more can ye, except ye abide in me,

5 I am the vine, ye are the branches: He that abideth in me, and I in him, the same bringeth

1 Gr. Parakletos, "one called alongside to help." Translated "advocate," 1 John 2. 1. Christ is the believer's Paraclete with the Father when he sins: the Holy Spirit the believer's indwelling Paraclete to help his ignorance and infirmity, (See "Holy Spirit," N.T. doctrine, and to make intercession (Rom. 8. 26, 27). Mt. 1. 18; Acts 2. 4.)

Three conditions of the fruitful life: Cleansing, vs. 2, 3; John 13. 10, note;

abiding, v. 4, note; obedience, vs. 10, 12. (See "Law of Christ," Gal. 6. 2; 2 John

5, note.)

3 To abide in Christ is, on the one hand, to have no known sin unjudged and unconfessed, no interest into which He is not brought, no life which He cannot share. forth much afruit: for bwithout me

ye can do nothing.

6 If a man abide not in me, he is cast forth 'as a branch, and is withered; and men gather them, and cast them into the fire, and

they are burned.
7 If ye abide in me, and dmy words b Phil.1.11; abide in you, ye snan ash .... you. d John 14.13; will, and it shall be done unto you. d John 14.13; Col.3.16;

that ye bear 1much fruit; so shall ye be my disciples.

9 As the Father hath cloved me, so have I loved you: continue ye in

my love.

10 If fye keep my commandments. ye shall abide in my love; even as I have kept my Father's commandments, and abide in his love.

11 These things have I spoken unto you, that my joy might remain , Law (of Christ). vs. in you, and that your joy might be full.

12 gThis is my commandment, That ye love one another, as I have

loved you.

13 Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life & Separation. for his friends.

14 Ye are my friends, if ye do whatsoever I command you.

#### The new intimacy.

15 2Henceforth I call you not servants; for the servant knoweth not what his lord doeth: but I have "kosmos (Mt. 4.8) = man-kind. I have heard of my Father I o Sin. Rom.3. have made known unto you.

16 Ye have not hehosen me, but I 23, note. have chosen you, and ordained you, a Holy Spirit. that ye should go and bring forth fruit, and that your fruit should remain: that whatsoever ye shall ask r Inspiration. of the Father in imy name, he may

give it you.

17 These things I jcommand you,

that ye love one another.

The believer and the world.

18 If the kworld hate you, ye know

A.D. 33.

a The fruit. Gal.5.22,23.

c v.2; Mt.25.30. 1 John 2.14.

e John 5.20; 10. 14,15; 17.26. f John 14.21,

g John 13.34 h Election (personal). Acts 9.15. (Deut.7.6: 1 Pet.1.2.) i John 14.13; 16.23,24

12,17; Rom.5. 5. (Gal.6.2: 2 John 5.)
k kosmos = world-system. John 16.11

33. (John 7.7; Rev.13.3.) John 17.6, 14-16. (Gen. 12.1; 2 Cor. 6.14-17.)

m Election (corporate). Rom.8.33. (Deut. 7.6: 1 Pet.1.2.

(Mt.1.18;

John 16.12. 13. (Ex.4.15; Rev.22.19.)

that it hated me before it hated

19 If ye were of the world, the kworld would love his own: but because ye are not of the kworld, but I have mchosen you out of the mworld, therefore the world hateth you.

20 Remember the word that I said unto you, The servant is not greater than his lord. If they have persecuted me, they will also persecute you; if they have kept my saying, they will keep your's also.

21 But all these things will they do unto you for my name's sake, because they know not him that sent

22 If I had not come and spoken unto them, they had not had osin: but now they have no cloke for their sin.

23 He that hateth me hateth my

Father also.

24 If I had not done among them the works which none other man did, they had not had osin: but now have they both seen and hated both me and my Father.

25 But this cometh to pass, that the word might be fulfilled that is written in their law, They

hated me pwithout a cause.

The believer and the Spirit. 26 But when the Comforter is come, whom I will send unto you from the Father, even the Spirit of truth, which proceedeth from the

Father, he shall testify of me: 27 And ye also shall bear witness. because ye have been with me from the beginning.

#### CHAPTER 16.

The disciples warned of persecutions. (Cf. Mt. 24. 9, 10; Lk. 21. 16-19.)

HESE things have I spoken unto you, that ye should not be offended.

They shall put you out of the synagogues: yea, the time cometh,

On the other hand, the abiding one takes all burdens to Him, and draws all wisdom, life and strength from Him. It is not unceasing consciousness of these things, and of Him, but that nothing is allowed in the life which separates from Him.

"Fellowship," 1 John 1, 3; "Communion," 1 Cor. 10. 16.

1 Three degrees in fruit-bearing: "Fruit," v. 2; "more fruit," v. 2. l.c.; "much fruit," vs. 5, 8. As we bear "much fruit" the Father is glorified in us. The minor moralities and graces of Christianity are often imitated, but never the ninefold "fruit" of Gal. 5. 22, 23. Where such fruit is the Father is glorified. The Pharisees were moral and intensely "religious," but not one of them could say with Christ, "I have glorified thee on the earth" (John 17. 4).

<sup>2</sup> Progressive intimacy in John: Servants, John 13. 13; Friends, John 15. 15;

Brethren, John 20. 17.

that whosoever killeth you will think that he doeth God service.

3 And these things will they do unto you, because they have not known the Father, nor me.

4 But these things have I told you, that when the time shall come, a Advocacy. ve may remember that I told you of them. And these things I said not unto you at the beginning, because I was with you.

5 But now I go my way to him that sent me: and none of you ask-

eth me, Whither goest thou?
6 But because I have said these things unto you, sorrow hath filled your heart.

### Threefold work of the Spirit toward the world.

7 Nevertheless I tell you the truth; It is expedient for you that I go away: for if I go not away, athe Comforter will not come unto you; but if I depart, I will send him unto f Holy Spirit.

John 20.22. you.

8 And when he is come, he will reprove the bworld of sin, and of righteousness, and of judgment:

9 Of sin, because they dbelieve not on me;

10 Of righteousness, because I go to my Father, and ye see me no more

11 Of judgment, because the prince of this eworld is judged.

### New truth to be revealed by the Spirit.

12 I have yet many things to say unto you, but ye cannot bear them now.

13 Howbeit when he, the Spirit of truth, is come, he will guide you m 1 Pet.1.8. into all truth: for he shall not speak n Mt.7.7,8; gof himself: hbut whatsoever he shall hear, that shall he speak: and he will shew you things to come.

14 He shall glorify me: for he o John 14. shall receive of mine, and shall

shew it unto you.

15 All things that the Father hath are mine: therefore said I, that he shall take of mine, and shall shew it unto you.

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1 John 2.1,2. (John 14.16, 26; 1 John 2. 1,2.)

b kosmos (Mt. 4.8) = mankind.

c Sin. Rom. 3.23, note.

d Faith. John 20.31. (Gen. 3.20; Heb.11. 39.)

e kosmos = world-system. John 17. 14. (John 7.7; Rev.13.3.)

(Mt.1.18; Acts 2.4.)

g from himself. Cf.next clause.

h Inspiration. John 17.8,17, 20. (Ex.4.15; Rev.22.19.)

i John 14.19.

i Lk.24.17.

k kosmos (Mt.4.8) =mankind.

l John 20.20; Lk.24.41.

Jas.4.2,3 John 3.22; 5.14.

Jesus speaks of his death, resurrection, and second advent.

16 A little while, and ye shall not see me: and again, a little while, and ye shall see me, because I go to the Father.

17 Then said some of his disciples among themselves, What is this that he saith unto us. A little while. and ye shall not see me: and again, a little while, and ye shall see me: and, Because I go to the Father?

18 They said therefore, What is this that he saith, A little while? we cannot tell what he saith.

19 Now Jesus knew that they were desirous to ask him, and said unto them, Do ye enquire among yourselves of that I said, A ilittle while, and ye shall not see me: and again, a little while, and ye shall see me?

20 Verily, verily, I say unto you, That ye shall weep and lament, but the bworld shall rejoice: and ye shall be sorrowful, but your sorrow

shall be turned into joy.

21 A woman when she is in travail hath sorrow, because her hour is come: but as soon as she is delivered of the child, she remembereth no more the anguish, for joy that a man is born into the kworld.

22 And ye now therefore have sorrow: but I will see you again, and lyour heart shall rejoice, and your mjoy no man taketh from you.

23 And in that day ye shall ask Verily, verily, I say me nothing. unto you, Whatsoever ye shall ask the Father in my name, he will give it you.

24 Hitherto have ye asked nothing in my name: "ask, and ye shall receive, that your joy may be full.

25 These things have I spoken unto you in proverbs: but the time cometh, when I shall no more speak unto you in proverbs, but I shall shew you plainly of the Father.

26 At that day ye shall ask in my name: and I say not unto you, that I will pray the Father for you:

27 For the Father himself loveth

1 Christ's pre-authentication of the New Testament: (1) He expressly declared that He would leave "many things" unrevealed (v. 12). (2) He promised that this revelation should be completed ("all things") after the Spirit should come, and that such additional revelation should include new prophecies (v. 13). chose certain persons to receive such additional revelations, and to be His witnesses to them (Mt. 28. 19; John 15. 27; 16. 13; Acts 1. 8; 9. 15-17). (4) He gave to their words when speaking for Him in the Spirit precisely the same authority as His own (Mt. 10. 14, 15; Lk. 10. 16; John 13. 20; 17. 20; see e.g., 1 Cor. 14. 37, and "Inspiration," Ex. 4. 15; Rev. 22. 19).

1138

you, because ye have loved me, and have believed that I came out from God.

28 I came forth from the Father, and am come into the aworld: again. I leave the world, and go to the a kosmos (Mt. Father.

29 His disciples said unto him. b Zech.13.7: Lo, now speakest thou plainly, and

speakest no proverb.

30 Now are we sure that thou knowest all things, and needest not that any man should ask thee: by Rev.1 this we believe that thou camest d Bible forth from God.

31 Jesus answered them, Do ye

now believe?

32 bBehold, the hour cometh, yea, is now come, that ye shall be scattered, every man to his own, and shall leave me alone: and yet I am not alone, because the Father is with me.

33 These things I have spoken unto you, that in me ye might have h John 1.1,2; peace. In the world ye shall have tribulation: but be of good cheer; I have overcome the world.

### CHAPTER 17.

# The prayer of intercession.

HESE words spake Jesus, and lifted up his eyes to heaven, and dsaid, Father, the hour is come; glorify thy Son, that thy Son also m Psa. 119.42 may glorify thee:

2 As thou hast given him power over all flesh, that he should 2 give n kosmos = eternal elife to as many as thou

hast <sup>3</sup>given him.

3 And this is elife eternal, that they might know fthee the only Separation. true God, and Jesus Christ, whom thou hast sent.

4 I have glorified thee on the earth: gI have finished the work which thou gavest me to do.

5 And now, O Father, glorify thou me with thine own self with the A.D. 33.

4.8) = man-

Mt.26.31.

world-sys-

tem. John 17.14,16. (John 7.7;

Rev.13.3.)

prayers (N.T.). Acts 1.24,25.

(Mt.6.9:

e Life (eter-

(Mt.7.14;

Rev.22.20.)

nal). vs.2,. John 20.31. vs.2.3:

Rev.22.19.)

Jer.9.23,24.

g John 19.30; Dan.9.24.

Phil.2.6;

Heb.1.3,10.

i.e. earth.

i Inspiration.

vs.8,17,20; Acts 1.8,16.

(Ex.4.15; Rev.22.19.)

k Deut.18.15.

l Assurance. Acts 13.38,

39. (Isa.32.

17; Jude 1.)

50,161; Mk.

16.15; Acts

world-sys-

tem. John 18. 36. (John 7.

7; Rev.13.3.)

vs.4,14-16;

Rom.12.2.

(Gen.12.1;

17.)

2 Cor.6.14-

4.29.

18,19.

c kosmos =

kind.

glory which hI had with thee before the iworld was.

6 I have manifested thy name unto the men which thou gavest me out of the aworld: thine they were. and thou gavest them me; and they have kept thy word.

7 Now they have known that all things whatsoever thou hast given

me are of thee.

8 For I have given unto them the jwords which thou gavest me; and they have received them, and have known surely that I came out from thee, and they have believed that kthou didst send me.

9 I pray for them: I pray not for the 'world, but for them which thou hast given me; for they are thine.

10 And all mine are thine, and thine are mine; and I am glorified in them.

11 And now I am no more in the aworld, but these are in the world, and I come to thee. Holy Father, keep through thine own name those whom thou hast given me, that they may be one, as we are.

12 While I was with them in the aworld, I kept them in thy name: those that thou gavest me I have kept, and none of them is lost, but the son of perdition; that the scripture might be fulfilled.

13 And now come I to thee; and these things I speak in the aworld, that they might have my joy fulfilled in themselves.

14 I have given them mthy word; and the "world hath hated them. because they are not of the world. even as I am not of the world.

15 I pray not that thou shouldest take them out of the aworld, but that thou shouldest keep them from the evil.

16 They are onot of the nworld,

even as I am not of the world. 17 Sanctify them through thy

truth: thy word is truth.

<sup>1</sup> Seven petitions: (1) That Jesus may be glorified as the Son who has glorified the Father (v. 1; Phil. 2. 9-11); (2) for restoration to the eternal glory (v. 5); (3) for the safety of believers from (a) the world (v. 11), (b) the evil one (v. 15); (4) for the sanctification of believers (v. 17); (5) for the spiritual unity of believers (v. 21); (6) that the world may believe (v. 21); (7) that believers may be with Him in heaven to behold and share His glory (v. 24).

<sup>2</sup> Christ's gifts to those whom the Father gave Him: Eternal life (v. 2); the Father's name (vs. 6, 26; John 20. 17); the Father's words (vs. 8, 14); His own joy

(v. 13); His own glory (v. 22).

<sup>3</sup> Seven times Jesus speaks of believers as given to Him by the Father (vs. 2, 6 [twice], 9, 11, 12, 24). Jesus Christ is God's love-gift to the world (John 3. 16), and believers are the Father's love-gift to Jesus Christ. It is Christ who commits the believer to the Father for safe-keeping, so that the believer's security rests upon the Father's faithfulness to His Son Jesus Christ.

18 As thou hast sent me into the aworld, even so have I also sent them into the world.

19 And for their sakes I banctify myself, that they also might be sanctified through the truth.

20 Neither pray I for these alone, but for them also which shall believe on me through their word:

21 That they all may be one; cas a kosmos thou, Father, art in me, and I in thee, that they also may be one in us: that the aworld may believe b Sanctify, that thou hast sent me.

22 And the dglory which thou gavest me I have given them; that they may be one, even as we are

23 I in them, and thou in me, that they may be made eperfect in one; and that the aworld may know that d 2 Cor.3.18. thou hast sent me, and hast loved them, as thou hast loved me.

24 Father, I will that they also,

whom thou hast given me, fbe with f1 Thes.4.17. me where I am; that they may be- gi.e. earth. hold my glory, which thou hast given me: for thou lovedst me be- h Ex.34.5,7. fore the foundation of the gworld.

25 O righteous Father, the aworld hath not known thee: but I have j Mt. 26.47; Mk. 14.43 known thee, and these have known

that thou hast sent me.

26 And I have declared unto them k John 13.1,3; thy hname, and will declare it: that the love wherewith thou hast loved me may be in them, and I in l Psa,41.9. them.

#### CHAPTER 18.

Jesus arrives at Gethsemane. (Cf. Mt. 26. 36; Mk. 14. 32.)

VHEN Jesus had spoken these words, he went forth with p John 11.49, his disciples over the brook Cedron. where was a garden, into the which he entered, and his disciples.

The betrayal and arrest (Mt. 26. 47-56; Mk. 14. 43-50; Lk.

2 And Judas also, which betrayed him, knew the place: for Jesus ofttimes resorted thither with his disciples.

3 Judas then, having received a band of men and officers from the chief priests and Pharisees, cometh thither with lanterns and torches

and weapons. 4 Jesus therefore, knowing all things that should come upon him, went forth, and said unto them, Whom seek ye?

A.D. 33.

(Mt.4.8) =mankind.

holy (persons). vs.11, 17,19; Acts 3. 21. (Mt.4.5; Rev.22.11.)

c Rom.12.5; Eph.4.1,6.

i Eph.3.16,19.

Mk.14.43; Lk.22.47.

Acts 20.22; Heb.12.2.

m Isa.53.6; Eph.5.25.

n John 17.12; 1 Cor.10.13.

o Lk.3.2.

50; Lk.24. 46,47.

q Mt.26.58; Mk.14.54: Lk.22.54.

r Prov.29.25; Mt.10.28; 2 Tim.2.12.

5 They answered him, Jesus of Nazareth. Jesus saith unto them, I am he. And Judas also, which betrayed him, stood with them.

6 As soon then as he had said unto them, I am he, they went backward, and fell to the ground.

7 Then asked he them again, Whom seek ye? And they said, Jesus of Nazareth.

8 Jesus answered, I have told you that I am he: if therefore ye mseek me, let these go their way:

9 That the saying might be fulfilled, which he "spake, Of them which thou gavest me have I lost none.

10 Then Simon Peter having a sword drew it, and smote the high priest's servant, and cut off his right ear. The servant's name was Malchus.

11 Then said Jesus unto Peter, Put up thy sword into the sheath: the cup which my Father hath given me, shall I not drink it?

Jesus brought before the high priest (Mt. 26. 57-68; Mk. 14. 53-65; Lk. 22. 66-71).

12 Then the band and the captain and officers of the Jews took Jesus, and bound him,

13 And led him away to OAnnas first; for he was father in law to Caiaphas, which was the high priest that same year.

14 Now Caiaphas was he, which gave pcounsel to the Jews, that it was expedient that one man should die for the people.

Peter's denial (also vs. 25-27) (Mt. 26, 69-75; Mk. 14, 66-72; Lk. 22. 54-62).

15 And <sup>q</sup>Simon Peter followed Jesus, and so did another disciple: that disciple was known unto the high priest, and went in with Jesus into the palace of the high priest.

16 But Peter stood at the door without. Then went out that other disciple, which was known unto the high priest, and spake unto her that kept the door, and brought in Peter.

17 Then saith the damsel that kept the door unto Peter, Art not thou also one of this man's disciples? He saith, I am 'not.

18 And the servants and officers stood there, who had made a fire of coals; for it was cold: and they warmed themselves: and Peter stood with them, and warmed himself.

### (Jesus before the high priest, continued.)

19 aThe high priest then asked Jesus of his disciples, and of his

doctrine.

20 Jesus answered him, I spake openly to the bworld; I ever taught in the synagogue, and in the temple, whither the Jews always resort: and in secret have I said nothing.

21 Why askest thou me? ask them which heard me, what I have said a For order of unto them: behold, they know what

I said.

22 And when he had thus spoken, one of the officers which stood by struck Jesus with the palm of his b kosmos (Mt. hand, saying, Answerest thou the high priest so?

23 Jesus answered him, If I have c 1 Pet.2.19,23. spoken evil, bear witness of the evil: but if well, why smitest thou

me?

24 Now Annas had sent him bound unto Caiaphas the high priest.

25 And Simon Peter stood and warmed himself. They said therefore unto him, Art not thou also one f Mt.23.23; of his disciples? He denied it, and said, I am not.

26 One of the servants of the high priest, being his kinsman whose ear Peter cut off, saith, Did not I see thee in the garden with him?

27 Peter then denied again: and dimmediately the cock crew.

Jesus brought before Pilate (Mt. 27. 1-14; Mk. 15. 1-5; Lk. 23. 1-7, 13, 16).

28 eThen led they Jesus from Caia- j kosmos = phas unto the hall of judgment: and it was early; and they themselves went not into the judgment hall, flest they should be defiled; but that they might eat the passover.

29 Pilate then went out unto l Isa.53.9; them, and said, What accusation 1 Pet.2.2

bring ye against this man?

30 They answered and said unto him. If he were not a malefactor, we would not have delivered him up " Mt.27.28.

unto thee.

31 Then said Pilate unto them, Take ye him, and judge him accord- p John 1.29. ing to your law. The Jews therefore said unto him, It is not lawful for us to put any man to death:

32 That the saying of Jesus might be fulfilled, which he gspake, signifying what death he should die.

33 Then Pilate entered into the judgment hall again, and called Jesus, and said unto him, Art thou the King of the Jews?

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events on the day of the crucifixion see Mt.26.57, note.

4.8) = mankind.

d John 13.38; Mt.26.34; Mk.14.68; Lk.22.60,61.

e Mt.27.2; Mk.15.1; Lk.23.1.

Acts 10.28.

g John 19.7; Lev 24 Mt.20.19; Rev.13.10.

h 1 Tim.6.13.

i Psa.45.3,6; Isa.9.6,7; Dan.2.44: Zech.9.9: Rom.14.17; Col.1.13.

world-system. 1 Cor.1. 20. (John 7.7; Rev.13.3.)

k Isa.55.4.

1 Pet.2.22.

m Mt.27,26; Mk.15,15.

o John 18.38.

34 Jesus answered him, Sayest thou this thing of thyself, or did others tell it thee of me?

35 Pilate answered, Am I a Jew? Thine own nation and the chief priests have delivered thee unto me: what hast thou done?

36 hJesus answered, My kingdom is not of this jworld: if my kingdom were of this world, then would my servants fight, that I should not be delivered to the Jews: but now is my kingdom not from hence.

37 Pilate therefore said unto him, Art thou a king then? Jesus answered, Thou sayest that I am a king. To this end was I born, and for this cause came I into the bworld, that I should bear kwitness unto the truth. Every one that is of the truth heareth my voice.

38 Pilate saith unto him, What is truth? And when he had said this. he went out again unto the Jews. and saith unto them, I find in him

no fault at all.

Jesus condemned: Barabbas released (Mt. 27. 15-26; Mk. 15. 6-15; Lk. 23. 18-25).

39 But ye have a custom, that I should release unto you one at the passover: will ye therefore that I release unto you the King of the Jews?

40 Then cried they all again, saying, Not this man, but Barabbas. Now Barabbas was a robber.

#### CHAPTER 19.

Jesus crowned with thorns (Mt. 27. 27-30; Mk. 15. 16-20).

**THEN** \*\*Pilate therefore took Jesus, and scourged him.

2 And the soldiers platted a crown of thorns, and put it on his head, and they put on him a "purple robe, 3 And said, Hail, King of the Jews! and they smote him with their hands.

### Pilate brings Jesus before the multitude.

4 Pilate therefore went forth again, and saith unto them, Behold, I bring him forth to you, that ye may know othat I find no fault in him.

5 Then came Jesus forth, wearing the crown of thorns, and the purple robe. And Pilate saith unto them,

Dehold the man!

6 When the chief priests therefore and officers saw him, they cried out. saying, Crucify him, crucify him.

Pilate saith unto them, Take ye him, and crucify him: for I find no fault in him.

The Jews answered him, aWe have a law, and by our law he ought to die, because he made himself the c John 7.30; Son of God.

8 When Pilate therefore heard that saying, he was the more afraid; d John 18.3,28;

9 And went again into the judgment hall, and saith unto Jesus, Whence art thou? bBut Jesus gave him no answer.

10 Then saith Pilate unto him. Speakest thou not unto me? knowest thou not that I have power to crucify thee, and have power to h Cf.Mk.15.

release thee?

11 Jesus answered, 'Thou couldest have no power at all against me, except it were given thee from j For order of above: dtherefore he that delivered me unto thee hath the greater sin.

12 And from thenceforth Pilate sought to release him: but the Jews k Num.15.36; cried out, saying, If thou let this man go, thou art not Cæsar's friend: fwhosoever maketh himself a king speaketh against Cæsar.

13 gWhen Pilate therefore heard that saying, he brought Jesus forth, and sat down in the judgment seat in a place that is called the Pavement, but in the Hebrew, Gabbatha. n Psa.22.18.

The final rejection of the King o Lk.5.36; by the Jewish authorities and people.

14 And it was the preparation of the passover, and about the hsixth hour: and he saith unto the Jews,

Behold your King!

15 But they cried out, Away with him, away with him, crucify him. Pilate saith unto them, Shall I crucify your King? The chief priests answered, iWe have no king but u Psa.69.21. Cæsar.

The crucifixion of Jesus Christ (Mt. 27. 33-54; Mk. 15. 22-39; Lk. 23. 33-47).

16 jThen delivered he him therefore unto them to be crucified. And w See Mt.27. they took Jesus, and led him away.

17 And he bearing his cross k went k delivered up forth into a place called the place his spirit. of a skull, which is called in the Hebrew Golgotha:

18 Where they crucified him, and z Ex.12.16; two other with him, mon either side one, and Jesus in the midst.

19 And Pilate wrote a title, and put it on the cross. And the writ-

A.D. 33.

a Lev. 24.16.

b Isa 53.7. Lk.22.53; Acts 4.27,28.

Mk.14.44.

e Sin. Rom.3. 23, note.

f Lk.23.2.

g Prov.29.25; Acts 4.19.

25, note.

i Hos.3.4.

events, see Mt.27.33. note.

Heb.13.12.

l Judgments (the seven). vs.16-18; Acts 17.31 (2 Sam. 7.14: Rev.22.12.)

m Isa,53.12.

2 Cor.5.17. → Psa.22.18.

q Mt.27.55; Mk.15.40; Lk.23.49.

r John 18.15.

s John 2.4; 21.15-17.

t vs.24.36.37.

v It is the Victor's cry John 4.34; 17.4; Rom. 10.4; Gal.3. 13; Heb.10. 5-10.

50, note.

John 16.20.

ing was, JESUS OF NAZARETH THE KING OF THE JEWS.

20 This title then read many of the Jews: for the place where Jesus was crucified was nigh to the city: and it was written in Hebrew, and

Greek, and Latin.
21 Then said the chief priests of the Jews to Pilate, Write not, The King of the Jews; but that he said,

I am King of the Jews. 22 Pilate answered, What I have

written I have written.

23 Then the soldiers, when they had crucified Jesus, "took his garments, and made four parts, to every soldier a part; and also his coat: now the coat was without seam, woven from the top throughout.

24 They said therefore among themselves, Let us not rend it, but cast lots for it, whose it shall be: that the scripture might be fulfilled. which saith, They parted my raiment among them, and for my ves-These ture they did cast lots. things therefore the soldiers did.

25 qNow there stood by the cross his mother, and Jesus mother's sister, Mary the wife of Cleophas, and Mary Magdalene.

26 When Jesus therefore saw his mother, and the 'disciple standing by, whom he loved, he saith unto his mother, Woman, sbehold thy son!

27 Then saith he to the disciple, Behold thy mother! And from that hour that disciple took her unto his own home.

28 After this, Jesus knowing that all things were now accomplished, that the scripture might be fulfilled, saith, I thirst.

29 Now there was set a vessel full of "vinegar: and they filled a spunge with vinegar, and put it upon hyssop, and put it to his mouth.

30 When Jesus therefore had received the vinegar, he said, "It is finished: and he bowed his head. wand \*gave up the ghost.

# "Not a bone of him broken."

31 The Jews therefore, because it was the gpreparation, that the bodies should not remain upon the cross on the sabbath day, (for that sabbath day was an zhigh day,) besought Pilate that atheir might be broken, and that they might be taken away.

32 Then came the soldiers, and brake the legs of the first, and of the other which was crucified with

33 But when they came to Jesus, a John 10.18. and saw that he was adead already, b John 20.25-

they brake not his legs:

34 But one of the soldiers with a Sacrifice (of spear bpierced his side, and forthwith

came there out dblood and water. 35 And he that saw it bare record, and his record is true: and he knoweth that he saith true,

that ye might believe. 36 For these things were done, that the scripture should be fulfilled.

eA bone of him shall not be broken. 37 And again another scripture saith, fThey shall look on him whom they pierced.

The entombment (Mt. 27. 57-60: Mk. 15. 43-47; Lk. 23. 50-56).

38 And after this Joseph of Arimathæa, being a disciple of Jesus, but generally for fear of the Jews, besought Pilate that he had Pilate away the body of Jesus: and Pilate 4 John 11.44;

He came there20.7; Acts 5. fore, and took the body of Jesus.

39 And there came also hNicodemus, which at the first came to Jesus by night, and brought a mixture of imyrrh and aloes, about an

hundred pound weight.

40 Then took they the body of Jesus, and wound it in klinen clothes with the spices, as the manner of the Jews is to bury.

41 Now in the place where he was crucified there was a garden; and in the garden a new sepulchre, wherein was Inever man yet laid.

42 There laid they Jesus therefore because of the "Jews' preparation day; for the sepulchre was nigh at s John 11.44. hand.

CHAPTER 20.

The resurrection of Jesus Christ (Mt. 28. 1-10; Mk. 16. 1-14; Lk. 24. 1-43).

THE first day of the week cometh <sup>n</sup>Mary Magdalene early, when it was yet dark, unto the sepulchre, and seeth the stone taken away from the sepulchre.

2 Then she runneth, and cometh to Simon Peter, and to the oother disciple, whom Jesus loved, and saith unto them, They have ptaken

A.D. 33.

Christ). Acts 20.28. (Gen. 4.4; Heb.10. 18.)

d 1 John 1.7; 5.6,8; Tit.3. 5; Eph.5.26.

e Ex.12,46; Num.9.12; Psa.34.20.

f Zech.12.10: Rev.1.7. g John 7.13;

12.42. h John 3.2;

7.50. i Psa.45.8; Song 4.14.

j Ex.16.16,

l Isa.53.9; Mk.11.2.

m v.31.

n For order of events on the resurrection day, see Mt. 28. 1, note.

o John 13.23; 19.26; 21.7, 20,24,

p vs.11-13; Lk.24.21.

q John 21.20.

r John 21.7.

t Psa.16.10; Lk.24.24-26; Acts 2.25,31;

13.34,35. и Cf. John 21.3.

v v.13.

w Lk.24.4.

x Lk.24.16; John 21.4.

y John 1.38; 18.4.

2 John 10.3.

detain me.

away the Lord out of the sepulchre, and we know not where they have laid him.

3 Peter therefore went forth, and that other disciple, and came to

the sepulchre.

4 So they ran both together: and the qother disciple did outrun Peter. and came first to the sepulchre.

5 And he stooping down, and looking in, saw the linen clothes

lying; yet went he not in.

6 Then cometh Simon Peter following him, and went into the sepulchre, and seeth the linen clothes lie,

7 And the snapkin, that was about his head, not lying with the linen clothes, but wrapped together

in a place by itself.

8 Then went in also that other disciple, which came first to the sepulchre, and he saw, and believed.

9 For as yet they knew not the scripture, that he must rise again

from the dead.

10 Then the disciples "went away again unto their own home.

> Jesus appears to Mary Magdalene.

11 But Mary stood without at the sepulchre "weeping: and as she wept, she stooped down, and looked into the sepulchre,

12 And seeth wtwo angels in white sitting, the one at the head, and the other at the feet, where the

body of Jesus had lain.

13 And they say unto her, Woman, why weepest thou? She saith unto them, Because they have taken away my Lord, and I know not where they have laid him.

14 And when she had thus said, she turned herself back, and saw Jesus standing, and \*knew not that

it was Jesus.

15 Jesus saith unto her, Woman, why weepest thou? ywhom seekest thou? She, supposing him to be the gardener, saith unto him, Sir, if thou have borne him hence, tell me where thou hast laid him, and I will take him away.

16 Jesus saithunto her, Mary. She turned herself, and saith unto him. Rabboni; which is to say, Master.

17 Jesus saith unto her, <sup>1a</sup>Touch

1 Cf. Mt. 28. 9, "and they came and held him by the feet." A contradiction has been supposed. Three views are held: (1) That Jesus speaks to Mary as the High Priest fulfilling the day of atonement (Lev. 16). Having accomplished the sacrifice, He was on His way to present the sacred blood in heaven, and that, between the meeting with Mary in the garden and the meeting of Mt. 28. 9, He had

me not; for I am not yet ascended to my Father: but go to my brethren, and say unto them, I ascend unto 'my Father, and dyour Father; and to my God, and your God.

18 Mary Magdalene came and

told the disciples that she had seen a Lk.24.51; the Lord, and that he had spoken b Heb.2.11. these things unto her.

Jesus appears to the disciples: d Gal.4.6. Thomas not present (Lk. 24. 36-49).

19 Then the same day at evening, & Miracles being the first day of the week, when the doors were shut where the disciples were assembled for fear of the Jews, came Jesus and strong fear of the midst, and saith unto i Lk.24.40; them, hPeace be unto you.

20 And when he had so said, he Mt.28.18-20; shewed unto them his hands and John 17.18. ishewed unto them his hands and ishewed unto them nis hands and local ships side. iThen were the disciples the Gen.2.7; 1 Cor.15.45. glad, when they saw the Lord.

21 Then said Jesus to them again, Peace be unto you: kas my Father hath sent me, even so send I you.

22 And when he had said this, he breathed on them, and saith unto John 11.16. them, Receive ye the "Holy Ghost: p

23 Whose soever "sins ye remit, q v.19. they are remitted unto them; and r whose soever sins ve retain, they are retained.

# Jesus appears to the disciples: Thomas present.

24 But Thomas, one of the Life (etertwelve, called oDidymus, was not

with them when Jesus came.
25 The other disciples therefore v John 6.1. said unto him. We have seen the w John 1.45; Lord. But he said unto them, Except I shall see in his hands the Num.9.1 print of the nails, and put my fin- y Lk.5.3-7. ger into the print of the nails, and thrust my hand into his side, I will not believe.

26 And after eight days again his disciples were within, and Thomas A.D. 33.

Heb.4.14,15. c John 17.11; Eph.1.3. e Mt.28.10;

Lk.24.10. f John 19.38; Acts 12.12-17. (N.T.). John 21.6. (Mt.8.2,3; Acts 28.8,9.)

Col.1.20.

Acts 1.2,5, 8,16. (Mt.1. 18; Acts 2.4.) n Mt.16.19; 18.18. John 4.48. John 1.1,49; 9.35-38; Phil.

2.10,11. Rom.4.18-20; 2 Cor.5.7. t Faith. Acts 3.16. (Gen.3. 20; Heb. 11.39.) nal). Acts 2. 28. (Mt.7.14;

Num.9.17-23.

Rev.22.19.)

with them: then came Jesus, the doors being shut, and stood in the midst, and said, Peace be unto you.

27 Then saith he to Thomas, Reach hither thy finger, and behold my hands; and reach hither thy hand, and thrust it into my side: and be not faithless, but believing. 28 And Thomas answered and said unto him, 'My 'Lord and my

God. 29 Jesus saith unto him. Thomas. because thou hast seen me, thou hast believed: sblessed are they that have not seen, and yet have believed.

Conclusion: why John's Gospel was written.

30 And many other signs truly did Jesus in the presence of his disciples, which are not written in this book:

31 But these are written, that ve m Holy Spirit. might believe that Jesus is the Christ, the Son of God; and that believing ye might have "life through his name.

### CHAPTER 21.

Epilogue: "If I will." The risen Christ is Master of our service.

AFTER these things Jesus shewed himself again to the disciples at the vsea of Tiberias; and on this wise shewed he himself.

2 There were together Simon Peter, and Thomas called Didymus, and wNathanael of Cana in Galilee, and the sons of Zebedee, and two other of his disciples.

### (1) Service in self-will, under human leadership.

3 Simon Peter saith unto them, \*I go a fishing. They say unto him, We also go with thee. They went forth, and entered into a ship immediately; and that night they caught ynothing.

so ascended and returned: a view grossly materialistic. (2) That Mary Magdalene, knowing as yet only Christ after the flesh (2 Cor. 5. 15-17), and having found her Beloved, sought only to hold Him so; while He, about to assume a new relation to His disciples in ascension, gently teaches Mary that now she must not seek to hold Him to the earth, but rather become His messenger of the new joy. (3) That He merely meant: "Do not detain me now; I am not yet ascended; you will see me again; run rather to my brethren," etc.

1 The deity of Jesus Christ is declared in Scripture: (1) In the intimations and explicit predictions of the O.T. (a) The theophanies intimate the appearance of God in human form, and His ministry thus to man (Gen. 16. 7-13; 18. 2-23. especially v. 17; 32. 28 with Hos. 12. 3-5; Ex. 3. 2-14). (b) The Messiah is expressly declared to be the Son of God (Psa. 2. 2-9), and God (Psa. 45. 6. 7 with Heb. 1. 8, 9; Psa. 110. 1 with Mt. 22, 44; Acts 2, 34 and Heb. 1, 13; Psa. 110, 4 with Heb. 5, 6; 6, 20; 7, 17-21;

4 But when the morning was now come, Jesus stood on the shore: but the disciples aknew not that it was Jesus.

# (2) Service in self-will tested: a John 20.14. the barren result.

5 Then Jesus saith unto them. Children, have ye any meat? They answered him, No.

### (3) Christ-directed service, and & John 13.37; the result.

6 And he said unto them, bCast the net on the right side of the ship, h and ve shall find. They cast therefore, and now they were not able to draw it for the multitude of fishes.

7 Therefore that disciple whom Jesus loved saith unto Peter, It is m Lit. breakthe dLord. Now when Simon Peter heard that it was the Lord, he girt his fisher's coat unto him, (for he was naked,) and did ecast himself

into the sea.

8 And the other disciples came in a little ship; (for they were not far from land, but as it were two hundred fcubits,) dragging the net with fishes.

9 As soon then as they were come

A.D. 33.

John 9.7.
c Miracles (N.T.). Acts 3.1-10. (Mt.8. 2,3; Acts 28. 8,9.) d Lk.24.30,31. 20.6.

f One cubit = about 18 in. John 18.18. Contra, Lk. 5.6. i John 6.10. J Lit. break

your fast.

k Lk.24.30,31. l John 20. 19,26. fasted. n Gr. agapas, deeply love; love (John 14.

21) and of that love which the law demands (Lk.10.27).

to land, they saw a gfire of coals there, and fish laid thereon, and bread.

10 Jesus saith unto them, Bring of the fish which ye have now caught.

11 Simon Peter went up, and drew the net to land full of great fishes, an hundred and fifty and three: and for all there were so many, yet hwas not the net broken.

### (4) The Master enough for the need of his servants. (Cf. Lk. 22. 35; Phil. 4. 19.)

12 Jesus saith unto them, iCome and jdine. And none of the disciples durst ask him, Who art thou? knowing that it was the Lord.

13 Jesus then cometh, and ktaketh bread, and giveth them, and fish

likewise.

14 This is now the third time that Jesus shewed himself to his disused of divine ciples, after that he was risen from the dead.

> (5) The only acceptable motive (Cf. 2 Cor. 5. 14; in service. Rev. 2. 4, 5.)

15 So when they had mdined, Jesus saith to Simon Peter, Simon, son of Jonas, "lovest thou me more than

and Zech. 6. 13). (c) His virgin birth was foretold as the means through which God could be "Immanuel," God with us (Isa. 7, 13, 14 with Mt. 1. 22, 23). (d) The Messiah is expressly invested with the divine names (Isa. 9. 6. 7). (e) In a prophecy of His death He is called Jehovah's "fellow" (Zech. 13. 7 with Mt. 26. 31). (f) His eternal being is declared (Mic. 5. 2 with Mt. 2. 6; John 7. 42).

(2) Christ Himself affirmed His deity. (a) He applied to Himself the Jehovistic I AM. (The pronoun "he" is not in the Greek; cf. John 8. 24; John 8. 56-58. The Jews correctly understood this to be our Lord's claim to full deity [v. 59]. See, also, John 10. 33; 18. 4-6, where, also, "he" is not in the original.) (b) He claimed to be the Adonai of the O.T. (Mt. 22. 42-45. See Gen. 15. 2, note). (c) He asto be the Adonal of the U.I. (Mt. 22. 42-45. See Gen. 15. 2, note). (c) He asserted His identity with the Father (Mt. 28. 19; Mk. 14. 62; John 10. 30; that the Jews so understood Him is shown by vs. 31, 32; John 14. 8, 9; 17. 5). (d) He exercised the chief prerogative of God (Mk. 2. 5-7; Lk. 7. 48-50). (e) He asserted omnipresence (Mt. 18. 20; John 3. 13); omniscience (John 11. 11-14, when Jesus was fifty miles away; Mk. 11. 6-8); omnipotence (Mt. 28. 18; Lk. 7. 14; John 5. 21-23; 6. 19); mastery over nature, and creative power (Lk. 9. 16, 17; John 2. 9; 10. 28). (f) He received and approved human worship (Mt. 14. 33; 28. 9; John 20.

(3) The N.T. writers ascribe divine titles to Christ (John 1. 1; 20. 28; Acts 20. 28; Rom. 1. 4; 9. 5; 2 Thes. 1. 12; 1 Tim. 3. 16; Tit. 2. 13; Heb. 1. 8; 1 John

(4) The N.T. writers ascribe divine perfections and attributes to Christ (e.g. Mt. 11. 28; 18. 20; 28. 20; John 1. 2; 2. 23-25; 3. 13; 5. 17; 21. 17; Heb. 1. 3, 11, 12 with Heb. 13. 8; Rev. 1. 8, 17, 18; 2. 23; 11. 17; 22. 13).

(5) The N.T. writers ascribe divine works to Christ (John 1. 3, 10; Col. 1.

16, 17; Heb. 1. 3). (6) The N.T. writers teach that supreme worship should be paid to Christ (Acts 7. 59, 60; 1 Cor. 1. 2; 2 Cor. 13. 14; Phil. 2. 9, 10; Heb. 1. 6; Rev. 1. 5, 6;

(7) The holiness and resurrection of Christ prove His deity (John 8. 46;

Rom. 1. 4).

He saith unto him, Yea, Lord; thou knowest that I alove He saith unto him, bFeed my lambs.

16 He saith to him again the fond. It is a lesser degree of second time, Simon, son of Jonas, love than agapas. Plovest thou me? He saith unto by Pet.5.2. him, Yea, Lord; thou knowest that I alove thee. He saith unto him, defeed my sheep.

17 He saith unto him the third and of that love and of that love the saith unto him the saith unto

17 He saith unto him the third time, Simon, son of Jonas, clovest thou me? Peter was fgrieved be-d tend; 1 Pet.5. cause he said unto him the third time, Lovest thou me? said unto him, Lord, thou knowest all things; thou knowest that I alove f John 13.38. thee. Jesus saith unto him, gFeed gv.15; John 10.9. my sheep.

(6) The Master appoints the Mt.4.19; 16.24. time and manner of the ser- k John 13.23. vant's death.

18 Verily, verily, I say unto thee, MJohn 14.3; 1 Thes. 1, 10; 5,23. When thou wast young, thou gird- n Cor.15.51; edst thyself, and walkedst whither hthou wouldest: but when thou shalt be old, thou shalt stretch forth shalt be old, thou shalt stretch for the shall gird thy hands, and another shall gird thy hands, and carry thee whither thou 2 cor.3.3 with Eph.1.22,23.

19 This spake he, signifying iby what death he should glorify God.

A.D. 33.

a Gr. phileo, am

which the law demands (Lk.10.

And he Our Lord here word, phileis.

h vs. 3.7. i 2 Pet.1.14.

l Rom. 4.14; Gal.2.7-9.

And when he had spoken this, he saith unto him, Follow me.

(7) If the Lord returns the servants will not die. (Cf. 1 Cor. 15. 51, 52; 1 Thes. 4. 14-18.)

Then Peter, turning about, seeth the kdisciple whom Jesus loved following: which also leaned on his breast at supper, and said, Lord, which is he that betraveth thee?

21 Peter seeing him saith to Jesus, Lord, and lwhat shall this man do? 22 Jesus saith unto him, If I will that he tarry mtill I come, what is that to thee? follow thou me.

23 Then went this saying abroad among the brethren, that that disciple "should not die: yet Jesus said not unto him, He shall not die; but, If I will that he tarry till I come, what is that to thee?

24 This is the disciple which otestifieth of these things, and wrote these things: and we know that his

testimony is true.

25 And there are also pmany other things which Jesus did, the which, if they should be written every one, I suppose that even the qworld itself recould not contain the books that should be written. Amen.